By Senator Wise

5-1327-06 See HB 259

| 1 | A bill to be entitled |
|----|---|
| 2 | An act relating to red light violations; |
| 3 | creating s. 316.0065, F.S.; creating the "Mark |
| 4 | Wandall Traffic Safety Act"; providing for a |
| 5 | county or municipality to enforce a traffic |
| 6 | control signal steady red light indication |
| 7 | using a traffic control photographic system; |
| 8 | providing definitions; providing system |
| 9 | capability, design, and implementation |
| 10 | requirements; providing for citation of the |
| 11 | motor vehicle owner; providing for a civil fee; |
| 12 | providing for distribution of moneys collected; |
| 13 | requiring payment of a civil fee; providing for |
| 14 | exceptions; prohibiting dual enforcement; |
| 15 | providing for citation and enforcement; |
| 16 | providing for additional fees and costs of |
| 17 | collection; providing for distribution of such |
| 18 | fees and costs collected; providing procedures |
| 19 | and grounds for appeal of citation; providing |
| 20 | for admissibility of recorded images as |
| 21 | evidence of violation; amending s. 318.121, |
| 22 | F.S.; exempting local enforcement under the act |
| 23 | from certain civil traffic penalty |
| 24 | restrictions; amending s. 318.14, F.S.; |
| 25 | exempting local enforcement under the act from |
| 26 | certain traffic infraction enforcement |
| 27 | procedures; amending s. 322.264, F.S.; revising |
| 28 | the definition of the term "habitual traffic |
| 29 | offender" to include a certain number of |
| 30 | violations of traffic control signal steady red |
| 31 | light indication within a certain timeframe; |

1 reenacting ss. 322.27(5) and 322.34(1), (2), 2 (5), and (8)(a), F.S., relating to the 3 authority of the Department of Highway Safety 4 and Motor Vehicles to suspend or revoke a 5 driver license and driving while a driver 6 license is suspended, revoked, canceled, or 7 disqualified, for the purpose of incorporating 8 the amendment to s. 322.264, F.S., in 9 references thereto; providing for severability; 10 providing an effective date. 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 Section 1. Section 316.0065, Florida Statutes, is 14 created to read: 15 316.0065 Local enforcement of red light violations.--16 17 (1) SHORT TITLE. -- This section may be cited as the "Mark Wandall Traffic Safety Act." 18 (2) PURPOSE. -- It is the intent of the Legislature to 19 provide counties and municipalities the right to enact local 2.0 21 laws for the automated enforcement of violations of steady red light traffic signals within their jurisdictions. 22 23 (3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, except when the context otherwise requires, the term: 2.4 (a) "Citation" means the printed notice of a violation 2.5 that is recorded by a traffic control photographic system. 26 27 (b) "Traffic control photographic program" means the 2.8 selection, placement, utilization, and maintenance of a traffic control photographic system at an intersection 29 30 utilizing a steady red light traffic signal. 31

(c) "Traffic control photographic system" means a 2 device capable of recording a motor vehicle traveling through an intersection in violation of a traffic control signal 3 4 steady red light indication. 5 (4) GENERAL PROVISIONS.--6 (a) Notwithstanding s. 316.0745, each municipality and county has the right to establish a traffic control 7 8 photographic program within its jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of this section. 9 10 (b) The traffic control photographic system must be capable of recording at least two color digital images such 11 12 that the images record the rear of a motor vehicle, with at 13 least one of the images clearly recording the motor vehicle behind the stop bar on a steady red light traffic signal 14 during the time the light is red and at least one image 15 recording the motor vehicle entering the intersection in 16 violation of the steady red light traffic signal. 18 Additionally, at least one of the images must clearly identify the registration plate of the motor vehicle. 19 2.0 (c) The traffic control photographic system must be 21 designed and implemented so that it does not record a motor vehicle as violating a steady red light traffic signal unless 2.2 23 the red light traffic signal was preceded by a steady yellow light traffic signal that was displayed for a minimum of 3 2.4 seconds before such time as the signal became a steady red 2.5 light traffic signal. 26 (d) The traffic control photographic system must be 27 2.8 implemented so that it solely records images of motor vehicles violating the steady red light traffic signal. It shall not be 29 30 implemented in a manner to record images of general traffic

conditions or activities occurring within the intersection or 2 surrounding areas. (5) OFFENSE AND CIVIL PENALTY. --3 4 (a) A violation of s. 316.075 by any motor vehicle entering an intersection while facing a steady red light 5 6 traffic signal may be cited as a violation under this section when the violation is recorded by a traffic control 8 photographic system. 9 (b) A violation cited under this section shall be 10 deemed a noncriminal, moving violation for which, in addition to the penalties and charges assessed under s. 318.18, a \$65 11 12 civil fee will be assessed against the motor vehicle owner. 13 (c) Notwithstanding s. 318.21, upon collection, \$60 of the fee assessed under paragraph (b) shall be remitted to the 14 Department of Revenue for deposit into the Department of 15 Health Administrative Trust Fund to be used for trauma 16 services and \$5 shall be retained by the enforcing 18 municipality or county. 19 (d) The owner of a motor vehicle cited under this 2.0 section shall be responsible for paying the civil fee for the 21 violation, except under the following circumstances: 22 The owner of a motor vehicle cited under this 23 section which was being operated without the permission of the owner shall not be responsible for paying the fee for the 2.4 violation. This exception only applies if the motor vehicle 2.5 owner signs and submits an affidavit to the enforcing 26 2.7 municipality or county, within 21 days after receipt of the 2.8 citation, which specifically provides that the operator of the motor vehicle was operating the motor vehicle without the 29 permission of the motor vehicle owner and lists the full legal 30

name, current address, and driver license number of the

31

31

operator of the motor vehicle and how the operator came into 2 possession of the motor vehicle, or the affidavit has attached thereto a stolen motor vehicle report that has been filed with 3 4 a law enforcement agency. 5 2. If the driver of a motor vehicle is issued a 6 citation by a law enforcement officer for violating a steady 7 red light traffic signal, the motor vehicle owner may not be 8 issued a separate citation pursuant to this section as a result of the traffic control photographic system recording 9 10 the same violation. (6) CITATION.--11 12 (a) The citation must be printed on a uniform citation 13 form that must provide the following: 1. The name and address of the motor vehicle owner. 14 The registration number of the motor vehicle 15 involved in the violation. 16 17 3. Citations of this section and the local law 18 violated. 19 4. The location of the intersection where the violation occurred. 2.0 21 5. The date and time of the violation. 22 A copy of the recorded image of the violation. 23 The amount of the fee and charges imposed and the date by which the fee and charges must be paid or appealed. 2.4 25 That a traffic infraction enforcement officer, as described in s. 316.640, has reviewed and observed the 26 27 recorded images evidencing the red light infraction and has 2.8 found reasonable and probable grounds to believe that an offense has been committed and can identify the license tag 29

number of the violating vehicle.

A clear statement of the time limit to file an 2 appeal and describing the procedure for appealing the 3 <u>citation.</u> 4 10. A clear statement describing the penalty for failing to pay the fee or appeal the citation. 5 6 (b) The citation shall be sent by regular first-class or certified mail to the address of the motor vehicle owner 8 that is listed with the department as the titled owner of the motor vehicle. If there is more than one motor vehicle owner, 9 10 the citation shall be sent to the first-named motor vehicle owner as listed with the department as the titled owner of the 11 12 motor vehicle. 13 (c) If the motor vehicle owner does not pay the fee, and the enforcing municipality or county is required to 14 personally serve the citation for signature and acceptance, in 15 addition to the \$65 civil fee under paragraph (5)(b) and the 16 penalties and charges under chapter 318, the motor vehicle 18 owner shall be responsible for paying an additional \$25 for the violation which shall be retained by the enforcing 19 municipality or county. 2.0 21 (d) Failure to pay the fee or file an appeal within 30 2.2 days after the motor vehicle owner signs and accepts the 23 citation shall result in the motor vehicle owner paying the costs and attorney's fees required to collect the fee in 2.4 addition to any other fees and charges. The collection process 2.5 under this paragraph shall be the same as used by the 26 2.7 enforcing municipality or county to collect a parking fine. If 2.8 the motor vehicle owner files an appeal and is unsuccessful, the motor vehicle owner shall be responsible for paying the 29 30 costs and attorney's fees required to collect the fee,

2.2

2.4

2.5

2.8

including costs of the appeal, in addition to any other fees and charges.

(e) Notwithstanding s. 318.21, the additional \$25 fee under paragraph (c) and all costs under paragraph (d) shall, upon collection, be retained by the enforcing municipality or county.

(7) APPEAL.--

(a) A notice of appeal must be filed within 21 days after the motor vehicle owner signs and accepts the citation, which day begins to run on the date of signature and acceptance. Failure to give notice of appeal within this time period shall constitute a waiver of the right to contest the citation.

(b) The motor vehicle owner receiving a citation may contest the citation on the following grounds:

1. At the time of the violation, the motor vehicle was being operated without the permission of the motor vehicle owner. This exception only applies if the motor vehicle owner signs and submits an affidavit to the enforcing municipality or county, within 21 days after receipt of the citation, which specifically provides that the operator of the motor vehicle was operating the motor vehicle without the permission of the motor vehicle owner and lists the full legal name, current address, and driver license number of the operator of the motor vehicle and how the operator came into possession of the motor vehicle, or the affidavit has attached thereto a stolen motor vehicle report that has been filed with a law enforcement agency;

2. The motor vehicle driver was issued a citation by a law enforcement officer, which was separate and distinct from

the citation issued under this section, for violating the 2 steady red light traffic signal; 3. The motor vehicle driver was required to violate 3 4 the steady red light traffic signal in order to comply with 5 other governing laws; 6 4. The motor vehicle driver was required to violate 7 the steady red light traffic signal in order to reasonably 8 protect the property or person of another; 9 5. The steady red light traffic signal was inoperable or malfunctioning; or 10 6. Any other reason the trier of fact deems 11 12 appropriate. 13 (c) Appeals shall be considered through the same process established by the enforcing municipality or county 14 for appealing parking citations. 15 (d) The recorded images of the violation shall be 16 17 admissible as evidence of the violation. 18 Section 2. Section 318.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 318.121 Preemption of additional fees, fines, 2.0 21 surcharges, and costs. -- Notwithstanding any general or special 22 law, or municipal or county ordinance, additional fees, fines, 23 surcharges, or costs other than the court costs and surcharges assessed under s. 318.18(11) and (13) may not be added to the 2.4 civil traffic penalties assessed in this chapter. This section 2.5 shall not apply to the fees and charges assessed by a county 26 27 or municipality under s. 316.0065 to enforce violations of a 2.8 traffic control signal steady red light indication. Section 3. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 318.14, 29 30 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; 2 procedures.--3 (1) Except as provided in ss. <u>316.0065</u>, 318.17, and 320.07(3)(c), any person cited for a violation of chapter 316, 4 s. 320.0605, s. 320.07(3)(a) or (b), s. 322.065, s. 322.15(1), 5 6 s. 322.16(2) or (3), s. 322.161(5), s. 322.19, or s. 7 1006.66(3) is charged with a noncriminal infraction and must 8 be cited for such an infraction and cited to appear before an official. If another person dies as a result of the 9 noncriminal infraction, the person cited may be required to 10 perform 120 community service hours under s. 316.027(4), in 11 12 addition to any other penalties. 13 (2) Except as provided in ss. 316.0065 and s. 316.1001(2), any person cited for an infraction under this 14 section must sign and accept a citation indicating a promise 15 to appear. The officer may indicate on the traffic citation 16 the time and location of the scheduled hearing and must 18 indicate the applicable civil penalty established in s. 318.18. 19 Section 4. Section 322.264, Florida Statutes, is 2.0 21 amended to read: 22 322.264 "Habitual traffic offender" defined.--A 23 "habitual traffic offender" is any person whose record, as maintained by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 2.4 Vehicles, shows that such person has accumulated the specified 25 26 number of convictions for offenses described in subsection (1) 27 or subsection (2) within a 5-year period or the specified 2.8 number of convictions for offenses described in subsection (3) within a 3-year period: 29 30 (1) Three or more convictions of any one or more of the following offenses arising out of separate acts:

(a) Voluntary or involuntary manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;

- (b) Any violation of s. 316.193, former s. 316.1931, or former s. 860.01;
- (c) Any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is used;
- (d) Driving a motor vehicle while his or her license
 is suspended or revoked;
- (e) Failing to stop and render aid as required under the laws of this state in the event of a motor vehicle crash resulting in the death or personal injury of another; or
- (f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while his or her privilege is disqualified.
- (2) Fifteen convictions for moving traffic offenses for which points may be assessed as set forth in s. 322.27, including those offenses in subsection (1).
- (3) Three convictions under s. 316.0065 or s. 316.075 for a violation of a traffic control signal steady red light indication.

192021

22

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

31

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

Any violation of any federal law, any law of another state or country, or any valid ordinance of a municipality or county of another state similar to a statutory prohibition specified in subsection (1), or subsection (2), or subsection (3) shall be counted as a violation of such prohibition. In computing the number of convictions, all convictions during the 5 years previous to July 1, 1972, will be used, provided at least one conviction occurs after that date. The fact that previous convictions may have resulted in suspension, revocation, or disqualification under another section does not exempt them

2.4

2.8

from being used for suspension or revocation under this section as a habitual offender.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 322.264, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (5) of section 322.27, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

322.27 Authority of department to suspend or revoke license.--

(5) The department shall revoke the license of any person designated a habitual offender, as set forth in s. 322.264, and such person shall not be eligible to be relicensed for a minimum of 5 years from the date of revocation, except as provided for in s. 322.271. Any person whose license is revoked may, by petition to the department, show cause why his or her license should not be revoked.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 322.264, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (1), (2), and (5) and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 322.34, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, or disqualified.--

- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), any person whose driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, or revoked, except a "habitual traffic offender" as defined in s. 322.264, who drives a vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked is guilty of a moving violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.
- (2) Any person whose driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, or revoked as provided

by law, except persons defined in s. 322.264, who, knowing of such cancellation, suspension, or revocation, drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked, upon:

- (a) A first conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) A second conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- 11 (c) A third or subsequent conviction is guilty of a 12 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 13 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

14 15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

3

4

5

7

8

9 10

The element of knowledge is satisfied if the person has been previously cited as provided in subsection (1); or the person admits to knowledge of the cancellation, suspension, or revocation; or the person received notice as provided in subsection (4). There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the knowledge requirement is satisfied if a judgment or order as provided in subsection (4) appears in the department's records for any case except for one involving a suspension by the department for failure to pay a traffic fine or for a financial responsibility violation.

(5) Any person whose driver's license has been revoked pursuant to s. 322.264 (habitual offender) and who drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license is revoked is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

3031

29

(8)(a) Upon the arrest of a person for the offense of 2 driving while the person's driver's license or driving 3 privilege is suspended or revoked, the arresting officer shall 4 determine: 5 1. Whether the person's driver's license is suspended 6 or revoked. 7 2. Whether the person's driver's license has remained 8 suspended or revoked since a conviction for the offense of driving with a suspended or revoked license. 9 10 3. Whether the suspension or revocation was made under s. 316.646 or s. 627.733, relating to failure to maintain 11 12 required security, or under s. 322.264, relating to habitual traffic offenders. 13 4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or 14 15 coowner of the vehicle. Section 7. If any provision of this act or its 16 17 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of 18 this act which can be given effect without the invalid 19 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of 2.0 21 this act are declared severable. 22 Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 23 law. 24 25 26 27 28 29