## CHAMBER ACTION

The Criminal Justice Committee recommends the following:

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## Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Commission on Capital Cases; amending s. 27.7001, F.S.; providing legislative findings; amending s. 27.709, F.S.; authorizing the Commission on Capital Cases to sponsor continuing legal education programs devoted specifically to capital cases; amending s. 27.710, F.S.; specifying criteria that a private attorney must satisfy in order to be eligible to be appointed as counsel in a postconviction capital collateral proceeding; providing that a judge may appoint an attorney who does not meet the appointment criteria if exceptional circumstances exist; providing that an attorney may be removed from the capital collateral registry if the attorney does not meet the criteria; directing the executive director of the commission to remove an attorney from the registry if the attorney fails to timely file an executed contract; requiring a private attorney appointed by a court to represent a capital defendant to submit a report each quarter to the

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commission; requiring that the executive director remove an attorney from the registry if the attorney does not submit the report within a specified time; requiring that an attorney make reasonable efforts to assist the person under a sentence of death in finding an attorney under certain circumstances; amending s. 27.711, F.S.; requiring that costs incurred during pro bono representation of a capital defendant be paid to the attorney; providing that an attorney who is listed on the registry and representing at least one capital defendant is entitled to tuition and expenses for continuing legal education courses; providing that an attorney may represent no more than seven inmates in capital postconviction cases at any one time; requiring that, if a trial court judge intends to award attorney's fees in excess of those set by law, the judge must include written findings of fact specifically stating the extraordinary nature of the expenditures of the time, energy, and talents of the attorney in the case which are not ordinarily expended in other capital collateral cases; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 27.7001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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27.7001 Legislative intent and findings.--It is the intent of the Legislature to create part IV of this chapter, consisting of ss. 27.7001-27.711, inclusive, to provide for the collateral

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representation of any person convicted and sentenced to death in this state, so that collateral legal proceedings to challenge any Florida capital conviction and sentence may be commenced in a timely manner and so as to assure the people of this state that the judgments of its courts may be regarded with the finality to which they are entitled in the interests of justice. It is the further intent of the Legislature that collateral representation shall not include representation during retrials, resentencings, proceedings commenced under chapter 940, or civil litigation. The Legislature further finds that not all capital collateral cases are extraordinary or unusual.

- Section 2. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (2) of section 27.709, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 27.709 Commission on Capital Cases.--

66 (2)

- (d) The commission may sponsor programs of continuing legal education which are devoted specifically to capital cases and shall undertake any project recommended or approved by the commission members.
- Section 3. Section 27.710, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 27.710 Registry of attorneys applying to represent persons in postconviction capital collateral proceedings; certification of minimum requirements; appointment by trial court.--
- (1) The executive director of the Commission on Capital Cases shall compile and maintain a statewide registry of attorneys in private practice who have certified that they meet the  $\frac{1}{1}$  minimum requirements of  $\frac{1}{1}$  this section and  $\frac{1}{1}$  such that  $\frac{1}{1}$  who

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are available for appointment by the court under this section to represent persons convicted and sentenced to death in this state in postconviction collateral proceedings, and who have attended within the last year a continuing legal education program of at least 10 hours' duration devoted specifically to the defense of capital cases, if available. Continuing legal education programs meeting the requirements of this rule offered by The Florida Bar or another recognized provider and approved for continuing legal education credit by The Florida Bar shall satisfy this requirement. The failure to comply with this requirement may be cause for removal from the list until the requirement is fulfilled. To ensure that sufficient attorneys are available for appointment by the court, when the number of attorneys on the registry falls below 50, the executive director shall notify the chief judge of each circuit by letter and request the chief judge to promptly submit the names of at least three private attorneys who regularly practice criminal law in that circuit and who appear to meet the minimum requirements to represent persons in postconviction capital collateral proceedings. The executive director shall send an application to each attorney identified by the chief judge so that the attorney may register for appointment as counsel in postconviction capital collateral proceedings. As necessary, the executive director may also advertise in legal publications and other appropriate media for qualified attorneys interested in registering for appointment as counsel in postconviction capital collateral proceedings. Not later than September 1 of each year, and as necessary thereafter, the executive director shall provide to the Chief

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Justice of the Supreme Court, the chief judge and state attorney in each judicial circuit, and the Attorney General a current copy of its registry of attorneys who are available for appointment as counsel in postconviction capital collateral proceedings. The registry must be indexed by judicial circuit and must contain the requisite information submitted by the applicants in accordance with this section.

- (2) (a) To be eligible for court appointment as counsel in postconviction capital collateral proceedings, an attorney must certify on an application provided by the executive director that he or she is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and:
- 1. Is an active practitioner who has at least 5 years' experience in the practice of criminal law, is familiar with the production of evidence and the use of expert witnesses, including psychiatric and forensic evidence, and has demonstrated the proficiency necessary for representation in capital cases, including the investigation and presentation of mitigation evidence;
- 2. Has attended a minimum of 12 hours of continuing legal education programs within the previous 2 years which were devoted to the defense of capital cases and offered by The Florida Bar or another recognized provider of continuing legal education courses; and
- 3.a. Has tried at least nine state or federal jury trials to completion, two of which must have been capital cases and:
  - (I) Three of which must have been murder trials;

One of which must have been a murder trial and five 135 of which must have been other felony trials; or 136 137 (III) One of which must have included a postconviction 138 evidentiary hearing and five of which must have been other 139 felony trials; or 140 Has appealed one capital conviction and appealed: 141 At least three felony convictions, one of which must 142 have been a murder; 143 (II) At least three felony convictions and participated in 144 one capital postconviction evidentiary hearing; or (III) At least six felony convictions, two of which must 145 have been murders. 146 147 If the trial court finds that exceptional (b) circumstances exist requiring appointment of an attorney who 148 149 does not meet the criteria set forth in paragraph (a), the trial 150 court shall enter a written order specifying the exceptional 151 circumstances requiring appointment of the attorney and explicit 152 findings that the attorney chosen will provide competent 153 representation in accordance with the intent of this section. 154 (c) A failure to comply with any criterion set forth in 155 paragraph (a) may be cause to remove the attorney from the 156 registry until the criterion is satisfied. 157 (d) Satisfaction of the criterion may be proven by 158 submitting a written certification to the commission. The certification is complete upon submission of the application by 159 160 electronic mail without a signature satisfies the minimum

requirements for private counsel set forth in s. 27.704(2).

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An attorney who applies for registration and court appointment as counsel in postconviction capital collateral proceedings must certify that he or she is counsel of record in not more than four such proceedings and, if appointed to represent a person in postconviction capital collateral proceedings, shall continue the such representation under the terms and conditions set forth in s. 27.711 until the sentence is reversed, reduced, or carried out or unless permitted to withdraw from representation by the trial court. The court may not permit an attorney to withdraw from representation without a finding of sufficient good cause. The court may impose appropriate sanctions if it finds that an attorney has shown bad faith with respect to continuing to represent a defendant in a postconviction capital collateral proceeding. This section does not preclude the court from reassigning a case to a capital collateral regional counsel following discontinuation of representation if a conflict of interest no longer exists with respect to the case.

(4) (a) Each private attorney who is appointed by the court to represent a capital defendant must enter into a contract with the Chief Financial Officer. If the appointed attorney fails to execute the contract within 30 days after the date the contract is mailed to the attorney, the executive director of the Commission on Capital Cases shall notify the trial court and shall remove the attorney from the registry list. The Chief Financial Officer shall develop the form of the contract, function as contract manager, and enforce performance of the terms and conditions of the contract. By signing such contract,

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the attorney certifies that he or she intends to continue the representation under the terms and conditions set forth in the contract until the sentence is reversed, reduced, or carried out or until released by order of the trial court.

- (b) Each private attorney appointed by a court to represent a capital defendant shall submit a report each quarter to the commission in the format designated by the commission. If the attorney does not submit the report within 30 days after the end of the quarter, the executive director shall remove the attorney from the registry and the court may impose a fine or remove the attorney from the case.
- (5)(a) Upon the motion of the capital collateral regional counsel to withdraw under  $\frac{1}{2}$  pursuant to s. 924.056(1)(a); or
- (b) Upon notification by the state attorney or the Attorney General that:
- 1. Thirty days have elapsed since appointment of the capital collateral regional counsel and no entry of appearance has been filed under pursuant to s. 924.056; or
- 2. A person under sentence of death who was previously represented by private counsel is currently unrepresented in a postconviction capital collateral proceeding,

the executive director shall immediately notify the trial court that imposed the sentence of death that the court must immediately appoint an attorney, selected from the current registry, to represent the such person in collateral actions challenging the legality of the judgment and sentence in the appropriate state and federal courts. If the attorney appointed

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to represent a person under a sentence of death does not wish to continue representing the person in federal proceedings, the attorney must make reasonable efforts to assist the person in finding an attorney who meets the federal criteria to represent the person in any federal proceedings. The court shall have the authority to strike a notice of appearance filed by a Capital Collateral Regional Counsel, if the court finds the notice was not filed in good faith and may so notify the executive director that the client is no longer represented by the Office of Capital Collateral Regional Counsel. In making an assignment, the court shall give priority to attorneys whose experience and abilities in criminal law, especially in capital proceedings, are known by the court to be commensurate with the responsibility of representing a person sentenced to death. The trial court must issue an order of appointment which contains specific findings that the appointed counsel meets the statutory requirements and has the high ethical standards necessary to represent a person sentenced to death.

- (6) More than one attorney may not be appointed and compensated at any one time under s. 27.711 to represent a person in postconviction capital collateral proceedings. However, an attorney appointed under this section may designate another attorney to assist him or her if the designated attorney meets the qualifications of this section.
- Section 4. Subsections (3), (4), (7), and (9) of section 27.711, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (15) is added to that section, to read:

27.711 Terms and conditions of appointment of attorneys as counsel in postconviction capital collateral proceedings.--

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An attorney appointed to represent a capital defendant is entitled to payment of the fees set forth in this section only upon full performance by the attorney of the duties specified in this section and approval of payment by the trial court, and the submission of a payment request by the attorney, subject to the availability of sufficient funding specifically appropriated for this purpose. An attorney may not be compensated under this section for work performed by the attorney before July 1, 2003, while employed by the northern regional office of the capital collateral counsel. The Chief Financial Officer shall notify the executive director and the court if it appears that sufficient funding has not been specifically appropriated for this purpose to pay any fees which may be incurred. The attorney shall maintain appropriate documentation, including a current and detailed hourly accounting of time spent representing the capital defendant. The fee and payment schedule in this section is the exclusive means of compensating a court-appointed attorney who represents a capital defendant. When appropriate, a court-appointed attorney must seek further compensation from the Federal Government, as provided in 18 U.S.C. s. 3006A or other federal law, in habeas corpus litigation in the federal courts. An attorney appointed under s. 27.710, or appointed by the court to replace a capital collateral regional counsel staff attorney or capital collateral regional counsel contract attorney, who incurs costs for representing capital defendants on a pro bono basis shall be

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paid from registry funds by the Chief Financial Officer. These payments must be approved by the trial court before payment.

- (4) Upon approval by the trial court, an attorney appointed to represent a capital defendant under s. 27.710 is entitled to payment of the following fees by the Chief Financial Officer:
- (a) Regardless of the stage of postconviction capital collateral proceedings, the attorney is entitled to \$100 per hour, up to a maximum of \$2,500, after accepting appointment and filing a notice of appearance.
- (b) The attorney is entitled to \$100 per hour, up to a maximum of \$20,000, after timely filing in the trial court the capital defendant's complete original motion for postconviction relief under the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. The motion must raise all issues to be addressed by the trial court. However, an attorney is entitled to fees under this paragraph if the court schedules a hearing on a matter that makes the filing of the original motion for postconviction relief unnecessary or if the court otherwise disposes of the case.
- (c) The attorney is entitled to \$100 per hour, up to a maximum of \$20,000, after the <u>final hearing on trial court</u> issues a final order granting or denying the capital defendant's motion for postconviction relief.
- (d) The attorney is entitled to \$100 per hour, up to a maximum of \$20,000, after timely filing in the Supreme Court the capital defendant's brief or briefs that address the trial court's final order granting or denying the capital defendant's

motion for postconviction relief and the state petition for writ of habeas corpus.

- (e) The attorney is entitled to \$100 per hour, up to a maximum of \$10,000, after the trial court issues an order, following pursuant to a remand from the Supreme Court, which directs the trial court to hold further proceedings on the capital defendant's motion for postconviction relief.
- (f) The attorney is entitled to \$100 per hour, up to a maximum of \$4,000, after the appeal of the trial court's denial of the capital defendant's motion for postconviction relief and the capital defendant's state petition for writ of habeas corpus become final in the Supreme Court.
- (g) At the conclusion of the capital defendant's postconviction capital collateral proceedings in state court, the attorney is entitled to \$100 per hour, up to a maximum of \$2,500, for the preparation of the initial federal pleading after filing a petition for writ of certiorari in the Supreme Court of the United States.
- (h) If, at any time, a death warrant is issued, the attorney is entitled to \$100 per hour, up to a maximum of \$5,000. This payment shall be full compensation for attorney's fees and costs for representing the capital defendant throughout the proceedings before the state courts of Florida.

The hours billed by a contracting attorney under this subsection may include time devoted to representation of the defendant by another attorney who is qualified under s. 27.710 and who has

been designated by the contracting attorney to assist him or her.

- one capital defendant actively representing a capital defendant is entitled to a maximum of \$500 per fiscal year for tuition and expenses for continuing legal education that pertains to the representation of capital defendants, regardless of the total number of capital defendants the attorney is representing. Upon approval by the trial court, the attorney is entitled to payment by the Chief Financial Officer for expenses for such tuition and continuing legal education.
- (9) An attorney may not represent more than seven inmates five defendants in capital postconviction litigation at any one time. The seven-inmate-representation limit includes capital postconviction cases proceeding under contract with the capital collateral regional counsel, inmates represented pro bono, and inmates privately retaining the attorney. An attorney may not be appointed to additional capital postconviction cases until the attorney's representation total falls below the seven-case limit.
- (15) If a trial court judge intends to award attorney fees in excess of those outlined in this section, the judge must include written findings of fact that specifically state the extraordinary nature of the expenditures of the time, energy, and talents of the attorney in the case which are not ordinarily expended in other capital collateral cases.
  - Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

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