2006

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to certificate of birth resulting in
3	stillbirth; amending s. 382.002, F.S.; providing
4	definitions; creating s. 382.0085, F.S.; requiring that
5	the person required to file the fetal death certificate
6	advise a parent of a stillborn child about the
7	availability of a certificate of birth resulting in
8	stillbirth; authorizing the parent to name the stillborn
9	child on a certificate; requiring a state file number for
10	the certificate; requiring the Department of Health to
11	prescribe the form and content of the certificate by rule;
12	prohibiting the Office of Vital Statistics within the
13	Department of Health from using a certificate of birth
14	resulting in stillbirth to calculate certain statistics;
15	authorizing a parent to request a certificate of birth
16	resulting in stillbirth without regard to the date on
17	which the certificate of fetal death was issued;
18	prohibiting certain persons from obtaining a certificate
19	of birth resulting in stillbirth; authorizing the Office
20	of Vital Statistics to charge a fee; requiring a
21	certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth to contain
22	certain information; requiring the department to adopt
23	rules; amending s. 382.0255, F.S.; authorizing the
24	department to collect fees for a search or retrieval of a
25	certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth; providing an
26	effective date.
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28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
I	Page 1 of 6

Page 1 of 6

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29 30 Section 1. Section 382.002, Florida Statutes, is amended 31 to read: 382.002 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term: 32 "Certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth" means a 33 (1) 34 certificate issued to record the birth of a stillborn child. 35 (2)(1) "Certification" or "certified" means a document 36 containing all or a part of the exact information contained on 37 the original vital record, and which, when issued by the State 38 Registrar, has the full force and effect of the original vital record. 39 40 (3)(2) "Dead body" means a human body or such parts of a human body from the condition of which it reasonably may be 41 42 concluded that death recently occurred. 43 (4) "Department" means the Department of Health. 44 (5)(4) "Dissolution of marriage" includes an annulment of 45 marriage. 46 (6)(5) "Fetal death" means death prior to the complete 47 expulsion or extraction of a product of human conception from 48 its mother if the 20th week of gestation has been reached and 49 the death is indicated by the fact that after such expulsion or extraction the fetus does not breathe or show any other evidence 50 of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical 51 52 cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles. 53 (7)(6) "Final disposition" means the burial, interment, 54 cremation, removal from the state, or other authorized 55 disposition of a dead body or a fetus as described in subsection 56 (6) (5). In the case of cremation, dispersion of ashes or Page 2 of 6

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57 cremation residue is considered to occur after final 58 disposition; the cremation itself is considered final 59 disposition.

60 (8)(7) "Funeral director" means a licensed funeral 61 director or direct disposer licensed pursuant to chapter 497 or 62 other person who first assumes custody of or effects the final 63 disposition of a dead body or a fetus as described in subsection 64 (6)(5).

65 (9)(8) "Legal age" means a person who is not a minor, or a
66 minor who has had the disability of nonage removed as provided
67 under chapter 743.

68 (10)(9) "Live birth" means the complete expulsion or 69 extraction of a product of human conception from its mother, 70 irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which, after such 71 expulsion, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as 72 beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, and 73 definite movement of the voluntary muscles, whether or not the 74 umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached.

75 <u>(11)(10)</u> "Medical examiner" means a person appointed 76 pursuant to chapter 406.

77 <u>(12)(11)</u> "Physician" means a person authorized to practice 78 medicine, osteopathic medicine, or chiropractic medicine 79 pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460.

80 <u>(13)(12)</u> "Registrant" means the child entered on a birth 81 certificate, the deceased entered on a death certificate, and 82 the husband or wife entered on a marriage or dissolution of 83 marriage record.

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(14) "Stillbirth" means an unintended, intrauterine fetal Page 3 of 6

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85 death after a gestational age of not less than 20 completed 86 weeks. (15)(13) "Vital records" or "records" means certificates 87 or reports of birth, death, fetal death, marriage, dissolution 88 89 of marriage, name change filed pursuant to s. 68.07, and data 90 related thereto. 91 (16)(14) "Vital statistics" means a system of registration, collection, preservation, amendment, and 92 93 certification of vital records, the collection of other reports 94 required by this act, and activities related thereto, including the tabulation, analysis, and publication of data obtained from 95 vital records. 96 Section 2. Section 382.0085, Florida Statutes, is created 97 98 to read: 99 382.0085 Stillbirth registration.--100 (1) The person who is required to file a fetal death 101 certificate under this chapter shall advise the parent of a 102 stillborn child: 103 That the parent may request the preparation of a (a) certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth; 104 105 That the parent may obtain a certificate of birth (b) resulting in stillbirth by contacting the Office of Vital 106 107 Statistics; and 108 (c) How the parent may contact the Office of Vital 109 Statistics to request a certificate of birth resulting in 110 stillbirth. 111 (2) To order a certificate of birth resulting in a 112 stillbirth, a parent may provide a name for a stillborn child,

Page 4 of 6

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the date of the event, and the county in which the event occurred on the request for a certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth. If a name does not appear on the fetal death certificate and the requesting parent does not wish to provide a name, the Office of Vital Statistics shall fill in the certificate with the name "baby boy" or "baby girl" and the last name of the parent. The name of the stillborn child provided on or later added by amendment to the certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth must be the same name as placed on the original or amended certificate of the fetal death report pursuant to s. 382.008. (3) A certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth must include the state file number of the corresponding certificate of fetal death. (4) By September 1, 2006, the department shall prescribe by rule the form and content of a certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth and shall specify the information necessary to prepare the certificate. (5) The Office of Vital Statistics may not use a certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth to calculate live birth statistics. (6) A parent may request that the Office of Vital Statistics issue a certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth regardless of the date on which the certificate of fetal death was issued. (7) A certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth may not be issued to any person other than a parent listed on the fetal death certificate. A refusal by the Office of Vital Statistics

Page 5 of 6

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141 to issue a certificate to a person who is not entitled to a 142 certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth constitutes final 143 agency action and is not subject to review under chapter 120. 144 (8) The Office of Vital Statistics may charge a fee for 145 the certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth pursuant to s. 146 382.0255. 147 (9) A certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth must contain the statement "This certificate is not proof of a live 148 149 birth." 150 (10) The department shall adopt rules to administer this 151 section. 152 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 153 382.0255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 154 382.0255 Fees.--The department is entitled to fees, as follows: 155 (1) 156 (a) Not less than \$3 or more than \$5 for the first calendar year of records searched or retrieved, including a 157 158 certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth, and a computer certification of the record, a photocopy or birth card if a 159 160 computer certification is not available, or, if a no record is 161 not located, a certified statement to that effect. An additional 162 fee of not less than \$3 or more than \$5 if a photocopy is 163 requested in place of or in addition to a computer certification. Additional fees of not less than \$1 or more than 164 165 \$2, up to a maximum total of \$50, shall be charged for additional calendar years of records searched or retrieved. 166 167 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

Page 6 of 6

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