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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to fish and wildlife; amending s. 370.01,
3	F.S.; defining the term "commercial harvester"; amending
4	s. 370.021, F.S.; providing for base penalties; conforming
5	penalty provisions for commercial harvesters; providing
6	penalties for persons other than commercial harvesters;
7	conforming provisions relating to the spiny lobster;
8	amending s. 370.028, F.S.; conforming penalty provisions;
9	amending s. 370.061, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference;
10	amending ss. 370.063, 370.08, 370.081, 370.1105, 370.1121,
11	370.13, 370.135, 370.14, and 370.142, F.S.; conforming
12	penalty provisions for commercial harvesters; providing
13	penalties for persons other than commercial harvesters;
14	conforming provisions relating to the spiny lobster;
15	deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 372.562, F.S.;
16	conforming a provision providing an exemption from fees
17	and requirements; amending s. 372.57, F.S.; specifying
18	seasonal recreational activities for which a license or
19	permit is required; increasing fees for certain licenses
20	to conform; providing a fee for a crossbow season permit;
21	providing for crossbow season permits; providing penalties
22	for the production, possession, and use of fraudulent
23	fishing and hunting licenses; providing penalties for the
24	taking of game and fish with a suspended or revoked
25	license; conforming provisions relating to the spiny
26	lobster; amending s. 372.5704, F.S.; conforming penalty
27	provisions; amending ss. 372.571 and 372.573, F.S.;

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28 correcting cross-references; amending s. 372.5717, F.S.; authorizing the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 29 to defer the hunter safety education course requirement 30 for a specified time period and for a specified number of 31 32 times; providing for a special authorization and 33 conditions to hunt using a hunter safety education 34 deferral; deleting the mandatory minimum number of instructional hours for persons required to take the 35 hunter safety education course; providing an exemption for 36 37 the display of hunter safety education certificates; providing penalties; amending s. 372.83, F.S.; revising 38 39 the penalties for violations of rules, orders, and 40 regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 41 Commission; creating penalties for recreational violations of certain saltwater fishing regulations established in 42 ch. 370, F.S.; providing for court appearances in certain 43 circumstances; providing for Level One, Level Two, Level 44 Three, and Level Four offenses; providing for enhanced 45 46 penalties for multiple violations; providing for suspension and revocation of licenses and permits, 47 including exemptions from licensing and permit 48 requirements; defining the term "conviction" for purposes 49 of penalty provisions; creating s. 372.935, F.S.; 50 providing penalties for violations involving captive 51 wildlife and poisonous or venomous reptiles; specifying 52 53 violations that constitute noncriminal infractions or 54 second-degree misdemeanors; amending ss. 372.26, 372.265,

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55	372.661, 372.662, 372.667, 372.705, 372.988, 372.99022,
56	372.99, and 372.9903, F.S.; conforming penalty provisions;
57	amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; deleting certain Level One
58	offense designations; creating s. 372.831, F.S.; creating
59	the Wildlife Violators Compact; providing findings and
60	purposes; providing definitions; providing procedures for
61	states issuing citations for wildlife violations;
62	providing requirements for the home state of a violator;
63	providing for reciprocal recognition of a license
64	suspension; providing procedures for administering the
65	compact; providing for entry into and withdrawal from the
66	compact; providing for construction of the compact and for
67	severability; creating s. 372.8311, F.S.; providing for
68	enforcement of the compact by the Fish and Wildlife
69	Conservation Commission; providing that actions committed
70	or omitted by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation
71	Commission in enforcing the compact are subject to review
72	under ch. 120, F.S.; requiring that the Fish and Wildlife
73	Conservation Commission update the automated licensing
74	system by August 1, 2006; repealing s. 372.711, F.S.,
75	relating to noncriminal infractions; repealing s. 372.912,
76	F.S.; relating to poisonous or venomous reptile hunts;
77	providing an effective date.
78	
79	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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81 Section 1. Present subsections (5) through (28) of section 82 370.01, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6) through (29), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to 83 that section, to read: 84 370.01 Definitions.--In construing these statutes, where 85 86 the context does not clearly indicate otherwise, the word, 87 phrase, or term: (5) "Commercial harvester" means any person, firm, or 88 89 corporation that takes, harvests, or attempts to take or harvest saltwater products for sale or with intent to sell; that is 90 91 operating under or is required to operate under a license or 92 permit or authorization issued pursuant to this chapter; that is 93 using gear that is prohibited for use in the harvest of 94 recreational amounts of any saltwater product being taken or 95 harvested; or that is harvesting any saltwater product in an 96 amount that is at least two times the recreational bag limit for 97 the saltwater product being taken or harvested. Section 2. Subsections (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), and (12) 98 99 of section 370.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 100 370.021 Administration; rules, publications, records; 101 penalties; injunctions. --BASE PENALTIES.--Unless otherwise provided by law, any 102 (1) 103 person, firm, or corporation who violates is convicted for 104 violating any provision of this chapter, or any rule of the Fish 105 and Wildlife Conservation Commission relating to the 106 conservation of marine resources, shall be punished:

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(a) Upon a first conviction, by imprisonment for a period
of not more than 60 days or by a fine of not less than \$100 nor
more than \$500, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(b) On a second or subsequent conviction within 12 months, by imprisonment for not more than 6 months or by a fine of not less than \$250 nor more than \$1,000, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

115 Upon final disposition of any alleged offense for which a 116 citation for any violation of this chapter or the rules of the 117 commission has been issued, the court shall, within 10 days, 118 certify the disposition to the commission.

(2) MAJOR VIOLATIONS.--In addition to the penalties provided in paragraphs (1)(a) and (b), the court shall assess additional penalties against any <u>commercial harvester</u> person, firm, or corporation convicted of major violations as follows:

(a) For a violation involving more than 100 illegal blue
crabs, <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish, or stone crabs, an additional
penalty of \$10 for each illegal blue crab, <u>spiny lobster</u>
crawfish, stone crab, or part thereof.

(b) For a violation involving the taking or harvesting of
shrimp from a nursery or other prohibited area, or any two
violations within a 12-month period involving shrimping gear,
minimum size (count), or season, an additional penalty of \$10
for each pound of illegal shrimp or part thereof.

(c) For a violation involving the taking or harvesting ofoysters from nonapproved areas or the taking or possession of

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134 unculled oysters, an additional penalty of \$10 for each bushel 135 of illegal oysters. For a violation involving the taking or harvesting of 136 (d) clams from nonapproved areas, an additional penalty of \$100 for 137 each 500 count bag of illegal clams. 138 139 (e) For a violation involving the taking, harvesting, or possession of any of the following species, which are 140 endangered, threatened, or of special concern: 141 Shortnose sturgeon (Acipenser brevirostrum); 142 1. Atlantic sturgeon (Acipenser oxyrhynchus); 143 2. Common snook (Centropomus undecimalis); 144 3. 145 4. Atlantic loggerhead turtle (Caretta caretta caretta); 146 5. Atlantic green turtle (Chelonia mydas mydas); 147 6. Leatherback turtle (Dermochelys coriacea); Atlantic hawksbill turtle (Eretmochelys imbricata 148 7. 149 imbracata); Atlantic ridley turtle (Lepidochelys kempi); or 150 8. 151 9. West Indian manatee (Trichechus manatus latirostris), 152 153 an additional penalty of \$100 for each unit of marine life or 154 part thereof. For a second or subsequent conviction within 24 months 155 (f) 156 for any violation of the same law or rule involving the taking 157 or harvesting of more than 100 pounds of any finfish, an additional penalty of \$5 for each pound of illegal finfish. 158 159 For any violation involving the taking, harvesting, or (q) 160 possession of more than 1,000 pounds of any illegal finfish, an

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161 additional penalty equivalent to the wholesale value of the 162 illegal finfish.

(h) Permits issued to any <u>commercial harvester</u> person,
firm, or corporation by the commission to take or harvest
saltwater products, or any license issued pursuant to s. 370.06
or s. 370.07 may be suspended or revoked by the commission,
pursuant to the provisions and procedures of s. 120.60, for any
major violation prescribed in this subsection:

169

1. Upon a first conviction, for up to 30 calendar days.

170 2. Upon a second conviction which occurs within 12 months171 after a prior violation, for up to 90 calendar days.

3. Upon a third conviction which occurs within 24 monthsafter a prior conviction, for up to 180 calendar days.

1744. Upon a fourth conviction which occurs within 36 months175after a prior conviction, for a period of 6 months to 3 years.

(i) 176 Upon the arrest and conviction for a major violation involving stone crabs, the licenseholder must show just cause 177 why his or her license should not be suspended or revoked. For 178 179 the purposes of this paragraph, a "major violation" means a 180 major violation as prescribed for illegal stone crabs; any single violation involving possession of more than 25 stone 181 crabs during the closed season or possession of 25 or more 182 183 whole-bodied or egg-bearing stone crabs; any violation for trap molestation, trap robbing, or pulling traps at night; or any 184 combination of violations in any 3-consecutive-year period 185 186 wherein more than 75 illegal stone crabs in the aggregate are 187 involved.

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188 Upon the arrest and conviction for a major violation (j) 189 involving spiny lobster crawfish, the licenseholder must show just cause why his or her license should not be suspended or 190 revoked. For the purposes of this paragraph, a "major violation" 191 means a major violation as prescribed for illegal spiny lobster 192 193 crawfish; any single violation involving possession of more than 25 spiny lobster crawfish during the closed season or possession 194 195 of more than 25 wrung spiny lobster crawfish tails or more than 196 25 egg-bearing or stripped spiny lobster crawfish; any violation for trap molestation, trap robbing, or pulling traps at night; 197 or any combination of violations in any 3-consecutive-year 198 period wherein more than 75 illegal spiny lobster crawfish in 199 200 the aggregate are involved.

Upon the arrest and conviction for a major violation 201 (k) involving blue crabs, the licenseholder shall show just cause 202 why his or her saltwater products license should not be 203 204 suspended or revoked. This paragraph shall not apply to an individual fishing with no more than five traps. For the 205 206 purposes of this paragraph, a "major violation" means a major 207 violation as prescribed for illegal blue crabs, any single 208 violation wherein 50 or more illegal blue crabs are involved; any violation for trap molestation, trap robbing, or pulling 209 210 traps at night; or any combination of violations in any 3-211 consecutive-year period wherein more than 100 illegal blue crabs in the aggregate are involved. 212

(1) Upon the conviction for a major violation involvingfinfish, the licenseholder must show just cause why his or her

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215 saltwater products license should not be suspended or revoked.
216 For the purposes of this paragraph, a major violation is
217 prescribed for the taking and harvesting of illegal finfish, any
218 single violation involving the possession of more than 100
219 pounds of illegal finfish, or any combination of violations in
220 any 3-consecutive-year period wherein more than 200 pounds of
221 illegal finfish in the aggregate are involved.

For a violation involving the taking or harvesting of 222 (m) 223 any marine life species, as those species are defined by rule of the commission, the harvest of which is prohibited, or the 224 taking or harvesting of such a species out of season, or with an 225 illegal gear or chemical, or any violation involving the 226 227 possession of 25 or more individual specimens of marine life 228 species, or any combination of violations in any 3-year period 229 involving more than 70 such specimens in the aggregate, the suspension or revocation of the licenseholder's marine life 230 endorsement as provided in paragraph (h). 231

232

233 The penalty provisions of this subsection apply to commercial harvesters and wholesale and retail dealers as defined in s. 234 235 370.07. Any other person who commits a major violation under this subsection commits a Level Three violation under s. 372.83. 236 237 Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, no court may 238 suspend, defer, or withhold adjudication of quilt or imposition of sentence for any major violation prescribed in this 239 240 subsection. The proceeds from the penalties assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Marine Resources 241

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242 Conservation Trust Fund to be used for marine fisheries research 243 or into the commission's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as 244 provided in s. 372.107, as applicable.

245 (4) ADDITIONAL PENALTIES FOR MAJOR VIOLATIONS INVOLVING246 CERTAIN FINFISH.--

247 (a) It is a major violation <u>under</u> pursuant to this
248 section, <u>punishable as provided in paragraph (3)(b)</u>, for any
249 person to be in possession of any species of trout, snook, or
250 redfish which is three fish in excess of the recreational or
251 commercial daily bag limit.

(b) A commercial harvester who violates this subsection shall be punished as provided under paragraph (3)(b). Any other person who violates this subsection commits a Level Three violation under s. 372.83.

256 SALTWATER PRODUCTS; UNLICENSED SELLERS; ILLEGALLY (5) 257 HARVESTED PRODUCTS. -- In addition to other penalties authorized in this chapter, any violation of s. 370.06 or s. 370.07, or 258 259 rules of the commission implementing s. 370.06 or s. 370.07, 260 involving the purchase of saltwater products by a commercial 261 wholesale dealer, retail dealer, or restaurant facility for 262 public consumption from an unlicensed person, firm, or corporation, or the sale of saltwater products by an unlicensed 263 264 person, firm, or corporation or the purchase or sale of any 265 saltwater product known to be taken in violation of s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution, or rule or statute implementing the 266 267 provisions thereof, by a commercial wholesale dealer, retail 268 dealer, or restaurant facility, for public consumption, is a

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269 major violation, and the commission may assess the following 270 penalties:

(a) For a first violation, the commission may assess a
civil penalty of up to \$2,500 and may suspend the wholesale or
retail dealer's license privileges for up to 90 calendar days.

(b) For a second violation occurring within 12 months of a prior violation, the commission may assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 and may suspend the wholesale or retail dealer's license privileges for up to 180 calendar days.

(c) For a third or subsequent violation occurring within a
279 24-month period, the commission shall assess a civil penalty of
280 \$5,000 and shall suspend the wholesale or retail dealer's
281 license privileges for up to 24 months.

282

Any proceeds from the civil penalties assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and shall be used as follows: 40 percent for administration and processing purposes and 60 percent for law enforcement purposes.

PENALTIES FOR UNLICENSED SALE, PURCHASE, OR 288 (6) 289 HARVEST.--It is a major violation and punishable as provided in this subsection for any an unlicensed person, firm, or 290 291 corporation who is required to be licensed under this chapter as a commercial harvester or a wholesale or retail dealer to sell 292 293 or purchase any saltwater product or to harvest or attempt to 294 harvest any saltwater product with intent to sell the saltwater 295 product.

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(a) Any person, firm, or corporation who sells or
purchases any saltwater product without having purchased the
licenses required by this chapter for such sale is subject to
additional penalties as follows:

300 1. A first violation is a misdemeanor of the second
301 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

2. A second violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and such person may also be assessed a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 and is subject to a suspension of all license privileges under this chapter and chapter 372 for a period not exceeding 90 days.

307 3. A third violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree, 308 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a 309 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 6 months, and such 310 person may also be assessed a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 and 311 is subject to a suspension of all license privileges under this 312 chapter and chapter 372 for a period not exceeding 6 months.

313 4. A third violation within 1 year after a second 314 violation is a felony of the third degree, punishable as 315 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a mandatory minimum 316 term of imprisonment of 1 year, and such person shall be 317 assessed a civil penalty of \$5,000 and all license privileges 318 under this chapter and chapter 372 shall be permanently revoked.

5. A fourth or subsequent violation is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 1 year, and such person shall be assessed a civil penalty of

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323 \$5,000 and all license privileges under this chapter and chapter324 372 shall be permanently revoked.

Any person whose license privileges under this chapter 325 (b) have been permanently revoked and who thereafter sells or 326 purchases or who attempts to sell or purchase any saltwater 327 328 product commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a mandatory minimum 329 330 term of imprisonment of 1 year, and such person shall also be 331 assessed a civil penalty of \$5,000. All property involved in such offense shall be forfeited pursuant to s. 370.061. 332

(c) Any <u>commercial harvester or wholesale or retail dealer</u> person whose license privileges under this chapter are under suspension and who during such period of suspension sells or purchases or attempts to sell or purchase any saltwater product shall be assessed the following penalties:

338 1. A first violation, or a second violation occurring more 339 than 12 months after a first violation, is a first degree 340 misdemeanor, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 775.083, 341 and such <u>commercial harvester or wholesale or retail dealer</u> 342 person may be assessed a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 and an 343 additional suspension of all license privileges under this 344 chapter and chapter 372 for a period not exceeding 90 days.

2. A second violation occurring within 12 months of a first violation is a third degree felony, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 775.083, with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 1 year, and such <u>commercial harvester or</u> wholesale or retail dealer person may be assessed a civil

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350 penalty of up to \$5,000 and an additional suspension of all 351 license privileges under this chapter and chapter 372 for a 352 period not exceeding 180 days. All property involved in such 353 offense shall be forfeited pursuant to s. 370.061.

A third violation within 24 months of the second 354 3. 355 violation or subsequent violation is a third degree felony, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 775.083, with a 356 357 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 1 year, and such 358 commercial harvester or wholesale or retail dealer person shall be assessed a mandatory civil penalty of up to \$5,000 and an 359 360 additional suspension of all license privileges under this chapter and chapter 372 for a period not exceeding 24 months. 361 362 All property involved in such offense shall be forfeited 363 pursuant to s. 370.061.

(d) Any <u>commercial harvester</u> person who harvests or
attempts to harvest any saltwater product with intent to sell
the saltwater product without having purchased a saltwater
products license with the requisite endorsements is subject to
penalties as follows:

369 1. A first violation is a misdemeanor of the second
370 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

2. A second violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and such <u>commercial harvester</u> person may also be assessed a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 and is subject to a suspension of all license privileges under this chapter and chapter 372 for a period not exceeding 90 days.

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377 3. A third violation is a misdemeanor of the first degree, 378 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a 379 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 6 months, and such 380 <u>commercial harvester person</u> may also be assessed a civil penalty 381 of up to \$5,000 and is subject to a suspension of all license 382 privileges under this chapter and chapter 372 for a period not 383 exceeding 6 months.

4. A third violation within 1 year after a second violation is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 1 year, and such <u>commercial harvester</u> person shall also be assessed a civil penalty of \$5,000 and all license privileges under this chapter and chapter 372 shall be permanently revoked.

5. A fourth or subsequent violation is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 1 year, and such <u>commercial harvester</u> person shall also be assessed a mandatory civil penalty of \$5,000 and all license privileges under this chapter and chapter 372 shall be permanently revoked.

398

For purposes of this subsection, a violation means any judicialdisposition other than acquittal or dismissal.

401 (12) LICENSES AND ENTITIES SUBJECT TO PENALTIES.--For
402 purposes of imposing license or permit suspensions or
403 revocations authorized by this chapter, the license or permit

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404 under which the violation was committed is subject to suspension 405 or revocation by the commission. For purposes of assessing monetary civil or administrative penalties authorized by this 406 407 chapter, the commercial harvester person, firm, or corporation cited and subsequently receiving a judicial disposition of other 408 409 than dismissal or acquittal in a court of law is subject to the monetary penalty assessment by the commission. However, if the 410 license or permitholder of record is not the commercial 411 412 harvester person, firm, or corporation receiving the citation and judicial disposition, the license or permit may be suspended 413 414 or revoked only after the license or permitholder has been 415 notified by the commission that the license or permit has been 416 cited in a major violation and is now subject to suspension or 417 revocation should the license or permit be cited for subsequent major violations. 418

419 Section 3. Section 370.028, Florida Statutes, is amended 420 to read:

370.028 Enforcement of commission rules; penalties for
violation of rule.--Rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation
Commission shall be enforced by any law enforcement officer
certified pursuant to s. 943.13. Except as provided under s.
<u>372.83</u>, any person who violates or otherwise fails to comply
with any rule adopted by the commission shall be punished
pursuant to s. 370.021(1).

428 Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (5) of section 429 370.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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370.061 Confiscation, seizure, and forfeiture of propertyand products.--

432 (5) CONFISCATION AND SALE OF PERISHABLE SALTWATER433 PRODUCTS; PROCEDURE.--

(d) For purposes of confiscation under this subsection,
the term "saltwater products" has the meaning set out in <u>s.</u>
<u>370.01(27)</u> s. 370.01(26), except that the term does not include
saltwater products harvested under the authority of a
recreational license unless the amount of such harvested
products exceeds three times the applicable recreational bag
limit for trout, snook, or redfish.

441 Section 5. Section 370.063, Florida Statutes, is amended 442 to read:

370.063 Special recreational <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish
license.--There is created a special recreational <u>spiny lobster</u>
crawfish license, to be issued to qualified persons as provided
by this section for the recreational harvest of <u>spiny lobster</u>
crawfish (spiny lobster) beginning August 5, 1994.

(1) The special recreational <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish
license shall be available to any individual <u>spiny lobster</u>
crawfish trap number holder who also possesses a saltwater
products license during the 1993-1994 license year. A person
issued a special recreational <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish license may
not also possess a trap number.

(2) The special recreational <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish
license is required in order to harvest <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish
from state territorial waters in quantities in excess of the

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457 regular recreational bag limit but not in excess of a special 458 bag limit as established by the Marine Fisheries Commission for 459 these harvesters before the 1994-1995 license year. Such special 460 bag limit does not apply during the 2-day sport season 461 established by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

462 (3) The holder of a special recreational <u>spiny lobster</u>
463 crawfish license must also possess the recreational <u>spiny</u>
464 lobster crawfish permit required by s. 372.57(8)(d).

465 As a condition precedent to the issuance of a special (4)recreational spiny lobster crawfish license, the applicant must 466 467 agree to file quarterly reports with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission in such form as the commission requires, 468 469 detailing the amount of the licenseholder's spiny lobster 470 crawfish (spiny lobster) harvest in the previous quarter, including the harvest of other recreational harvesters aboard 471 472 the licenseholder's vessel.

The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall 473 (5) issue special recreational spiny lobster crawfish licenses. The 474 475 fee for each such license is \$100 per year. Each license issued 476 in any license year must be renewed by June 30 of each 477 subsequent year by the initial individual holder thereof. Noncompliance with the reporting requirement in subsection (4) 478 479 or with the special recreational bag limit established under 480 subsection (6) constitutes grounds for which the commission may refuse to renew the license for a subsequent license year. The 481 482 number of such licenses outstanding in any one license year may 483 not exceed the number issued for the 1994-1995 license year. A

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484 license is not transferable by any method. Licenses that are not 485 renewed expire and may be reissued by the commission in the 486 subsequent license year to new applicants otherwise qualified 487 under this section.

To promote conservation of the spiny lobster 488 (6) 489 (crawfish) resource, consistent with equitable distribution and availability of the resource, the commission shall establish a 490 491 spiny lobster management plan incorporating the special 492 recreational spiny lobster crawfish license, including, but not limited to, the establishment of a special recreational bag 493 494 limit for the holders of such license as required by subsection 495 (2). Such special recreational bag limit must not be less than 496 twice the higher of the daily recreational bag limits.

497 (7) The proceeds of the fees collected under this section
498 must be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust
499 Fund and used as follows:

(a) Thirty-five percent for research and the development
of reliable recreational catch statistics for the <u>spiny lobster</u>
crawfish (spiny lobster) fishery.

(b) Twenty percent for administration of this section.

504 (c) Forty-five percent to be used for enforcement of this505 section.

506 (8) Any person who violates this section commits a Level 507 One violation under s. 372.83.

508Section 6.Subsection (8) is added to section 370.08,509Florida Statutes, to read:

510 370.08 Fishers and equipment; regulation.--

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511	(8) PENALTIESA commercial harvester who violates this
512	section shall be punished under s. 370.021. Any other person who
513	violates this section commits a Level Two violation under s.
514	372.83.
515	Section 7. Subsection (6) is added to section 370.081,
516	Florida Statutes, to read:
517	370.081 Illegal importation or possession of nonindigenous
518	marine plants and animals; rules and regulations
519	(6) Any person who violates this section commits a Level
520	Three violation under s. 372.83.
521	Section 8. Subsection (4) is added to section 370.1105,
522	Florida Statutes, to read:
523	370.1105 Saltwater finfish; fishing traps regulated
524	(4) A commercial harvester who violates this section shall
525	be punished under s. 370.021. Any other person who violates this
526	section commits a Level Two violation under s. 372.83.
527	Section 9. Subsection (3) is added to section 370.1121,
528	Florida Statutes, to read:
529	370.1121 Bonefish; regulation
530	(3) A commercial harvester or wholesale or retail
531	saltwater products dealer who violates this section shall be
532	punished under s. 370.021. Any other person who violates this
533	section commits a Level Two violation under s. 372.83.
534	Section 10. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of
535	subsection (2) of section 370.13, Florida Statutes, are amended
536	to read:
537	370.13 Stone crab; regulation
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538 (2) PENALTIES.--For purposes of this subsection,
539 conviction is any disposition other than acquittal or dismissal,
540 regardless of whether the violation was adjudicated under any
541 state or federal law.
542 (a) It is unlawful to violate commission rules regulating

543 <u>stone crab trap certificates and trap tags. No person may use an</u> 544 <u>expired tag or a stone crab trap tag not issued by the</u> 545 <u>commission or possess or use a stone crab trap in or on state</u> 546 <u>waters or adjacent federal waters without having a trap tag</u> 547 required by the commission firmly attached thereto.

In addition to any other penalties provided in s.
In addition to any other penalties provided in s.
370.021, for any <u>commercial harvester who violates this</u>
<u>paragraph</u>, <u>person</u>, firm, or corporation who violates rule 68B13.010(2), Florida Administrative Code, or rule 68B-13.011(5),
(6), (7), (8), or (11), Florida Administrative Code, the
following administrative penalties apply.

554 <u>a.1.</u> For a first violation, the commission shall assess an 555 administrative penalty of up to \$1,000 and the stone crab 556 endorsement under which the violation was committed may be 557 suspended for the remainder of the current license year.

558 <u>b.2</u>. For a second violation that occurs within 24 months 559 of any previous such violation, the commission shall assess an administrative penalty of up to \$2,000 and the stone crab 561 endorsement under which the violation was committed may be 562 suspended for 12 calendar months.

563 <u>c.3.</u> For a third violation that occurs within 36 months of 564 any previous two such violations, the commission shall assess an

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administrative penalty of up to \$5,000 and the stone crab endorsement under which the violation was committed may be suspended for 24 calendar months.

568 <u>d.4.</u> A fourth violation that occurs within 48 months of 569 any three previous such violations, shall result in permanent 570 revocation of all of the violator's saltwater fishing 571 privileges, including having the commission proceed against the 572 endorsement holder's saltwater products license in accordance 573 with s. 370.021.

574 <u>2. Any other person who violates the provisions of this</u> 575 paragraph commits a Level Two violation under s. 372.83.

577 Any <u>commercial harvester</u> person assessed an administrative 578 penalty under this paragraph shall, within 30 calendar days 579 after notification, pay the administrative penalty to the 580 commission, or request an administrative hearing under ss. 581 120.569 and 120.57. The proceeds of all administrative 582 penalties collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in 583 the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund.

(b) It is unlawful for any <u>commercial harvester</u> person to remove the contents of another harvester's <u>stone crab</u> trap or take possession of such without the express written consent of the trap owner available for immediate inspection. Unauthorized possession of another's trap gear or removal of trap contents constitutes theft.

590 <u>1.</u> Any <u>commercial harvester</u> person convicted of theft of 591 or from a trap pursuant to this subsection or s. 370.1107 shall,

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in addition to the penalties specified in s. 370.021 and the provisions of this section, permanently lose all his or her saltwater fishing privileges, including saltwater products licenses, stone crab or incidental take endorsements, and all trap certificates allotted to <u>such commercial harvester</u> him or <u>her</u> by the commission. In such cases, trap certificates and endorsements are nontransferable.

599 2. In addition, any commercial harvester person, firm, or 600 corporation convicted of violating the prohibitions referenced in this paragraph shall also be assessed an administrative 601 penalty of up to \$5,000. Immediately upon receiving a citation 602 603 for a violation involving theft of or from a trap and until 604 adjudicated for such a violation, or, upon receipt of a judicial 605 disposition other than dismissal or acquittal on such a violation, the violator is prohibited from transferring any 606 stone crab or spiny lobster certificates. 607

6083. Any other person who violates the provisions of this609paragraph commits a Level Two violation under s. 372.83.

(c)<u>1.</u> It is unlawful to violate Any person, firm, or corporation convicted of violating commission rules that prohibit any of the following:, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 614 775.084.

615 <u>a.1.</u> The willful molestation of any stone crab trap, line,
616 or buoy that is the property of any licenseholder, without the
617 permission of that licenseholder.

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618	<u>b.2. The bartering, trading, or sale, or conspiring or</u>
619	aiding in such barter, trade, or sale, or supplying, agreeing to
620	supply, aiding in supplying, or giving away stone crab trap tags
621	or certificates unless the action is duly authorized by the
622	commission as provided by commission rules.
623	<u>c.3. The making, altering, forging, counterfeiting, or</u>
624	reproducing of stone crab trap tags.
625	<u>d.</u> 4. Possession of forged, counterfeit, or imitation stone
626	crab trap tags.
627	e. 5. Engaging in the commercial harvest of stone crabs
628	during the time either of the endorsements is under suspension
629	or revocation.
630	2. Any commercial harvester who violates this paragraph
631	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
632	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
633	3. Any other person who violates this paragraph commits a
634	Level Four violation under s. 372.83.
635	
636	In addition, any <u>commercial harvester</u> person, firm, or
637	corporation convicted of violating this paragraph shall also be
638	assessed an administrative penalty of up to \$5,000, and the
639	incidental take endorsement and/or the stone crab endorsement
640	under which the violation was committed may be suspended for up
641	to 24 calendar months. Immediately upon receiving a citation
642	involving a violation of this paragraph and until adjudicated
643	for such a violation, or if convicted of such a violation, the
644	person, firm, or corporation committing the violation is

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645 prohibited from transferring any stone crab certificates or 646 endorsements.

647 (d) For any commercial harvester person, firm, or corporation convicted of fraudulently reporting the actual value 648 of transferred stone crab certificates, the commission may 649 650 automatically suspend or permanently revoke the seller's or the purchaser's stone crab endorsements. If the endorsement is 651 652 permanently revoked, the commission shall also permanently 653 deactivate the endorsement holder's stone crab certificate accounts. Whether an endorsement is suspended or revoked, the 654 655 commission may also levy a fine against the holder of the 656 endorsement of up to twice the appropriate surcharge to be paid based on the fair market value of the transferred certificates. 657

658 Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 370.135, Florida 659 Statutes, is amended to read:

660

370.135 Blue crab; regulation.--

(1) (a) No commercial harvester person, firm, or 661 corporation shall transport on the water, fish with or cause to 662 663 be fished with, set, or place any trap designed for taking blue 664 crabs unless such commercial harvester person, firm, or 665 corporation is the holder of a valid saltwater products license 666 issued pursuant to s. 370.06 and the trap has a current state 667 number permanently attached to the buoy. The trap number shall 668 be affixed in legible figures at least 1 inch high on each buoy used. The saltwater products license must be on board the boat, 669 670 and both the license and the crabs shall be subject to 671 inspection at all times. Only one trap number may be issued for

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each boat by the commission upon receipt of an application on
forms prescribed by it. This subsection shall not apply to an
individual fishing with no more than five traps.

(b) It is <u>unlawful</u> a felony of the third degree,
punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084,
for any person willfully to molest any <u>blue crab</u> traps, lines,
or buoys, as defined herein, belonging to another without the
express written consent of the trap owner.

A commercial harvester who violates this paragraph
 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
 <u>s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>

683 <u>2. Any other person who violates this paragraph commits a</u>
 684 <u>Level Four violation under s. 372.83.</u>

Any <u>commercial harvester</u> person receiving a judicial disposition other than dismissal or acquittal on a charge of willful molestation of a trap, in addition to the penalties specified in s. 370.021, shall lose all saltwater fishing privileges for a period of 24 calendar months.

691 (c)1. It is unlawful for any person to remove the contents 692 of or take possession of another harvester's <u>blue crab</u> trap 693 without the express written consent of the trap owner available 694 for immediate inspection. Unauthorized possession of another's 695 trap gear or removal of trap contents constitutes theft.

696 <u>a.</u> Any <u>commercial harvester</u> person receiving a judicial
697 disposition other than dismissal or acquittal on a charge of
698 theft of or from a trap pursuant to this section or s. 370.1107

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699 shall, in addition to the penalties specified in s. 370.021 and 700 the provisions of this section, permanently lose all his or her 701 saltwater fishing privileges, including any his or her saltwater products license and blue crab endorsement. In such cases 702 endorsements, landings history, and trap certificates are 703 704 nontransferable.

705 b. In addition, any commercial harvester person, firm, or 706 corporation receiving a judicial disposition other than 707 dismissal or acquittal for violating this subsection or s. 708 370.1107 shall also be assessed an administrative penalty of up 709 to \$5,000. Immediately upon receiving a citation for a violation involving theft of or from a trap and until adjudicated for such 710 711 a violation, or receiving a judicial disposition other than dismissal or acquittal for such a violation, the commercial 712 713 harvester person, firm, or corporation committing the violation 714 is prohibited from transferring any blue crab endorsements $_{7}$ 715 landings history, or trap certificates.

716 2. A commercial harvester who violates this paragraph 717 shall be punished under s. 370.021. Any other person who 718 violates this paragraph commits a Level Two violation under s. 719 372.83.

Section 12. Section 370.14, Florida Statutes, is amended 720 721 to read:

722 723 370.14 Spiny lobster Crawfish; regulation .--

It is the intent of the Legislature to maintain the (1)724 spiny lobster crawfish industry for the economy of the state and 725 to conserve the stocks supplying this industry. The provisions

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726 of this act regulating the taking of spiny lobster saltwater 727 crawfish are for the purposes of ensuring and maintaining the 728 highest possible production of spiny lobster saltwater crawfish. 729 (2)(a)1. Each commercial harvester person taking or attempting to take spiny lobster crawfish with a trap in 730 731 commercial quantities or for commercial purposes shall obtain and exhibit a spiny lobster crawfish trap number, as required by 732 733 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. The annual fee 734 for a spiny lobster crawfish trap number is \$125. This trap number may be issued by the commission upon the receipt of 735 736 application by the commercial harvester person when accompanied by the payment of the fee. The design of the applications and of 737 738 the trap number shall be determined by the commission. Any trap or device used in taking or attempting to take spiny lobster 739 740 crawfish, other than a trap with the trap number, shall be 741 seized and destroyed by the commission. The proceeds of the fees 742 imposed by this paragraph shall be deposited and used as provided in paragraph (b). The commission may adopt rules to 743 744 carry out the intent of this section.

745 2. Each <u>commercial harvester</u> person taking or attempting 746 to take <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish in commercial quantities or for 747 commercial purposes by any method, other than with a trap having 748 a <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish trap number issued by the commission, 749 must pay an annual fee of \$100.

(b) Twenty-five dollars of the \$125 fee for a <u>spiny</u>
<u>lobster</u> crawfish trap number required under subparagraph (a)1.
must be used only for trap retrieval as provided in s. 370.143.

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753 The remainder of the fees collected pursuant to paragraph (a)754 shall be deposited as follows:

Fifty percent of the fees collected shall be deposited
in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund for use in
enforcing the provisions of paragraph (a) through aerial and
other surveillance and trap retrieval.

759 2. Fifty percent of the fees collected shall be deposited760 as provided in s. 370.142(5).

(3) The <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish license must be on board the boat, and both the license and the harvested <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish shall be subject to inspection at all times. Only one license shall be issued for each boat. The <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish license number must be prominently displayed above the topmost portion of the boat so as to be easily and readily identified.

(4) (a) It is <u>unlawful</u> a felony of the third degree,
punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, for any
person willfully to molest any <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish traps,
lines, or buoys belonging to another without permission of the
licenseholder.

(b) A commercial harvester who violates this subsection
(commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
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777 (5) Any <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish licenseholder, upon selling
778 licensed <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish traps, shall furnish the
779 commission notice of such sale of all or part of his or her

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interest within 15 days thereof. Any holder of said license shall also notify the commission within 15 days if his or her address no longer conforms to the address appearing on the license and shall, as a part of such notification, furnish the commission with his or her new address.

(6) (a) By a special permit granted by the commission, a
Florida-licensed seafood dealer may lawfully import, process,
and package <u>spiny lobster</u> saltwater crawfish or uncooked tails
of the species Panulirus argus during the closed season.
However, <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish landed under special permit
shall not be sold in the state.

(b) The licensed seafood dealer importing any such <u>spiny</u> lobster crawfish under the permit shall, 12 hours prior to the time the seagoing vessel or airplane delivering such imported <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish enters the state, notify the commission as to the seagoing vessel's name or the airplane's registration number and its captain, location, and point of destination.

At the time the spiny lobster crawfish cargo is 797 (C) delivered to the permitholder's place of business, the spiny 798 799 lobster crawfish cargo shall be weighed and shall be available 800 for inspection by the commission. A signed receipt of such quantity in pounds shall be forwarded to the commission within 801 802 48 hours after shipment weigh-in completion. If requested by the 803 commission, the weigh-in process will be delayed up to 4 hours 804 to allow for a commission representative to be present during 805 the process.

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806 (d) Within 48 hours after shipment weigh-in completion, 807 the permitholder shall submit to the commission, on forms provided by the commission, a sworn report of the quantity in 808 809 pounds of the spiny lobster saltwater crawfish received, which report shall include the location of said spiny lobster crawfish 810 811 and a sworn statement that said spiny lobster crawfish were taken at least 50 miles from Florida's shoreline. The landing 812 of spiny lobster crawfish or spiny lobster crawfish tails from 813 814 which the eggs, swimmerettes, or pleopods have been removed; the falsification of information as to area from which spiny lobster 815 crawfish were obtained; or the failure to file the report called 816 for in this section shall be grounds to revoke the permit. 817

(e) Each permitholder shall keep throughout the period of
the closed season copies of the bill of sale or invoices
covering each transaction involving <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish
imported under this permit. Such invoices and bills shall be
kept available at all times for inspection by the commission.

(7) (a) A Florida-licensed seafood dealer may obtain a
special permit to import, process, and package uncooked tails of
<u>spiny lobster</u> saltwater crawfish upon the payment of the sum of
\$100 to the commission.

(b) A special permit must be obtained by any airplane or
seagoing vessel other than a common carrier used to transport
<u>spiny lobster</u> saltwater crawfish or <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish tails
for purchase by licensed seafood dealers for purposes as
provided herein upon the payment of \$50.

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832 (c) All special permits issued under this subsection are833 nontransferable.

834 (8) No common carrier or employee of said carrier may carry, knowingly receive for carriage, or permit the carriage of 835 any spiny lobster crawfish of the species Panulirus argus, 836 837 regardless of where taken, during the closed season, except of the species Panulirus argus lawfully imported from a foreign 838 country for reshipment outside of the territorial limits of the 839 840 state under United States Customs bond or in accordance with paragraph (7)(a). 841

842 Section 13. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 843 370.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

844

370.142 Spiny lobster trap certificate program.--

845 (2) TRANSFERABLE TRAP CERTIFICATES; TRAP TAGS; FEES;
846 PENALTIES.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall
847 establish a trap certificate program for the spiny lobster
848 fishery of this state and shall be responsible for its
849 administration and enforcement as follows:

850

(c) Prohibitions; penalties.--

851 It is unlawful for a person to possess or use a spiny 1. 852 lobster trap in or on state waters or adjacent federal waters 853 without having affixed thereto the trap tag required by this 854 section. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use any other gear or device designed to attract and enclose or 855 856 otherwise aid in the taking of spiny lobster by trapping that is 857 not a trap as defined by commission rule in rule 68B 24.006(2), Florida Administrative Code. 858

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2. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use spiny
lobster trap tags without having the necessary number of
certificates on record as required by this section.

3. It is unlawful for any person to willfully molest, take possession of, or remove the contents of another harvester's <u>spiny lobster</u> trap without the express written consent of the trap owner available for immediate inspection. Unauthorized possession of another's trap gear or removal of trap contents constitutes theft.

a. A commercial harvester who violates this subparagraph 868 shall be punished under ss. 370.021 and 370.14. Any commercial 869 870 harvester person receiving a judicial disposition other than 871 dismissal or acquittal on a charge of theft of or from a trap 872 pursuant to this subparagraph or s. 370.1107 shall, in addition to the penalties specified in ss. 370.021 and 370.14 and the 873 provisions of this section, permanently lose all his or her 874 saltwater fishing privileges, including his or her saltwater 875 876 products license, spiny lobster crawfish endorsement, and all 877 trap certificates allotted to him or her through this program. 878 In such cases, trap certificates and endorsements are nontransferable. 879

<u>b.</u> Any <u>commercial harvester</u> person receiving a judicial
disposition other than dismissal or acquittal on a charge of
willful molestation of a trap, in addition to the penalties
specified in ss. 370.021 and 370.14, shall lose all saltwater
fishing privileges for a period of 24 calendar months.

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885	<u>c.</u> In addition, any <u>commercial harvester</u> person, firm, or
886	corporation charged with violating this paragraph and receiving
887	a judicial disposition other than dismissal or acquittal for
888	violating this subparagraph or s. 370.1107 shall also be
889	assessed an administrative penalty of up to \$5,000.
890	
891	Immediately upon receiving a citation for a violation involving
892	theft of or from a trap, or molestation of a trap, and until
893	adjudicated for such a violation or, upon receipt of a judicial
894	disposition other than dismissal or acquittal of such a
895	violation, the person, firm, or corporation committing the
896	violation is prohibited from transferring any <u>spiny lobster</u>
897	crawfish trap certificates and endorsements.
898	4. In addition to any other penalties provided in s.
899	370.021, a commercial harvester , as defined by rule 68B
900	24.002(1), Florida Administrative Code, who violates the
901	provisions of this section, or <u>commission rules</u> the provisions
902	relating to <u>spiny lobster</u> traps of chapter 68B 24, Florida
903	Administrative Code, shall be punished as follows:
904	a. If the first violation is for violation of subparagraph
905	1. or subparagraph 2., the commission shall assess an additional
906	administrative civil penalty of up to \$1,000 and the <u>spiny</u>
907	lobster crawfish trap number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or
908	(6) may be suspended for the remainder of the current license
909	year. For all other first violations, the commission shall
910	assess an additional <u>administrative</u> civil penalty of up to \$500.

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911 b. For a second violation of subparagraph 1. or 912 subparagraph 2. which occurs within 24 months of any previous 913 such violation, the commission shall assess an additional 914 <u>administrative civil</u> penalty of up to \$2,000 and the <u>spiny</u> 915 <u>lobster crawfish</u> trap number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or 916 (6) may be suspended for the remainder of the current license 917 year.

For a third or subsequent violation of subparagraph 1., 918 с. 919 subparagraph 2., or subparagraph 3. which occurs within 36 months of any previous two such violations, the commission shall 920 921 assess an additional administrative civil penalty of up to \$5,000 and may suspend the spiny lobster crawfish trap number 922 923 issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (6) for a period of up to 24 months or may revoke the spiny lobster crawfish trap number and, 924 if revoking the spiny lobster crawfish trap number, may also 925 proceed against the licenseholder's saltwater products license 926 in accordance with the provisions of s. 370.021(2)(h). 927

d. Any person assessed an additional <u>administrative</u> civil
penalty pursuant to this section shall within 30 calendar days
after notification:

931 (I) Pay the <u>administrative</u> civil penalty to the 932 commission; or

933 (II) Request an administrative hearing pursuant to the
934 provisions of ss. 120.569 and 120.57 s. 120.60.

e. The commission shall suspend the <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish
trap number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or (6) for any

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937 person failing to comply with the provisions of sub-subparagraph938 d.

5.a. It is unlawful for any person to make, alter, forge,
counterfeit, or reproduce a spiny lobster trap tag or
certificate.

b. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly have in his
or her possession a forged, counterfeit, or imitation spiny
lobster trap tag or certificate.

945 c. It is unlawful for any person to barter, trade, sell, 946 supply, agree to supply, aid in supplying, or give away a spiny 947 lobster trap tag or certificate or to conspire to barter, trade, 948 sell, supply, aid in supplying, or give away a spiny lobster 949 trap tag or certificate unless such action is duly authorized by 950 the commission as provided in this chapter or in the rules of 951 the commission.

952 6.a. Any commercial harvester person who violates the provisions of subparagraph 5., or any commercial harvester 953 954 person who engages in the commercial harvest, trapping, or 955 possession of spiny lobster without a spiny lobster crawfish 956 trap number as required by s. 370.14(2) or (6) or during any 957 period while such spiny lobster crawfish trap number is under suspension or revocation, commits a felony of the third degree, 958 959 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

b. In addition to any penalty imposed pursuant to subsubparagraph a., the commission shall levy a fine of up to twice
the amount of the appropriate surcharge to be paid on the fair
market value of the transferred certificates, as provided in

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964 subparagraph (a)1., on any <u>commercial harvester</u> person who 965 violates the provisions of sub-subparagraph 5.c.

966 <u>c. Any other person who violates the provisions of</u>
967 subparagraph 5. commits a Level Four violation under s. 372.83.

Any certificates for which the annual certificate fee 968 7. 969 is not paid for a period of 3 years shall be considered 970 abandoned and shall revert to the commission. During any period 971 of trap reduction, any certificates reverting to the commission 972 shall become permanently unavailable and be considered in that 973 amount to be reduced during the next license-year period. 974 Otherwise, any certificates that revert to the commission are to 975 be reallotted in such manner as provided by the commission.

8. The proceeds of all civil penalties collected pursuant
to subparagraph 4. and all fines collected pursuant to subsubparagraph 6.b. shall be deposited into the Marine Resources
Conservation Trust Fund.

9809. All traps shall be removed from the water during any981 period of suspension or revocation.

982 <u>10. Except as otherwise provided, any person who violates</u>
983 this paragraph commits a Level Two violation under s. 372.83.

984 Section 14. Paragraph (q) is added to subsection (2) of 985 section 372.562, Florida Statutes, to read:

986 372.562 Recreational licenses and permits; exemptions from 987 fees and requirements.--

988 (2) A hunting, freshwater fishing, or saltwater fishing989 license or permit is not required for:

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990	(q) Any resident who holds a valid commercial fishing
991	license issued under s. 372.65(1)(a).
992	Section 15. Subsections (4), (8), (11), and (12) of
993	section 372.57, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections
994	(16) and (17) are added to that section, to read:
995	372.57 Recreational licenses, permits, and authorization
996	numbers; fees established
997	(4) RESIDENT HUNTING AND FISHING LICENSESThe licenses
998	and fees for residents participating in hunting and fishing
999	activities in this state are as follows:
1000	(a) Annual freshwater fishing license, \$12.
1001	(b) Annual saltwater fishing license, \$12.
1002	(c) Annual hunting license to take game, \$11.
1003	(d) Annual combination hunting and freshwater fishing
1004	license, \$22.
1005	(e) Annual combination freshwater fishing and saltwater
1006	fishing license, \$24.
1007	(f) Annual combination hunting, freshwater fishing, and
1008	saltwater fishing license, \$34.
1009	(g) Annual license to take fur-bearing animals, \$25.
1010	However, a resident with a valid hunting license or a no-cost
1011	license who is taking fur-bearing animals for noncommercial
1012	purposes using guns or dogs only, and not traps or other
1013	devices, is not required to purchase this license. Also, a
1014	resident 65 years of age or older is not required to purchase
1015	this license.

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1016 (h) Annual sportsman's license, \$71 \$66, except that an 1017 annual sportsman's license for a resident 64 years of age or older is \$12. A sportsman's license authorizes the person to 1018 whom it is issued to take game and freshwater fish, subject to 1019 the state and federal laws, rules, and regulations, including 1020 rules of the commission, in effect at the time of the taking. 1021 Other authorized activities include activities authorized by a 1022 management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun season permit, a 1023 1024 crossbow season permit, a turkey permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, and an archery season permit. 1025

Annual gold sportsman's license, \$87 \$82. The gold 1026 (i) 1027 sportsman's license authorizes the person to whom it is issued 1028 to take freshwater fish, saltwater fish, and game, subject to 1029 the state and federal laws, rules, and regulations, including 1030 rules of the commission, in effect at the time of taking. Other 1031 authorized activities include activities authorized by a management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun season permit, a 1032 crossbow season permit, a turkey permit, a Florida waterfowl 1033 1034 permit, an archery season permit, a snook permit, and a spiny 1035 lobster crawfish permit.

(j) Annual military gold sportsman's license, \$18.50. The
gold sportsman's license authorizes the person to whom it is
issued to take freshwater fish, saltwater fish, and game,
subject to the state and federal laws, rules, and regulations,
including rules of the commission, in effect at the time of
taking. Other authorized activities include activities
authorized by a management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun

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1043 season permit, a crossbow season permit, a turkey permit, a 1044 Florida waterfowl permit, an archery season permit, a snook permit, and a spiny lobster crawfish permit. Any resident who is 1045 an active or retired member of the United States Armed Forces, 1046 the United States Armed Forces Reserve, the National Guard, the 1047 1048 United States Coast Guard, or the United States Coast Guard Reserve is eligible to purchase the military gold sportsman's 1049 license upon submission of a current military identification 1050 1051 card.

1052 (8) SPECIFIED HUNTING, FISHING, AND RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY
1053 PERMITS.--In addition to any license required under this
1054 chapter, the following permits and fees for specified hunting,
1055 fishing, and recreational uses and activities are required:

(a) An annual Florida waterfowl permit for a resident or
nonresident to take wild ducks or geese within the state or its
coastal waters is \$3.

1059 (b)1. An annual Florida turkey permit for a resident to1060 take wild turkeys within the state is \$5.

1061 2. An annual Florida turkey permit for a nonresident to1062 take wild turkeys within the state is \$100.

1063 (c) An annual snook permit for a resident or nonresident
1064 to take or possess any snook from any waters of the state is \$2.
1065 Revenue generated from the sale of snook permits shall be used
1066 exclusively for programs to benefit the snook population.

(d) An annual <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish permit for a resident
or nonresident to take or possess any <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish for
recreational purposes from any waters of the state is \$2.

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1070 Revenue generated from the sale of <u>spiny lobster crawfish</u> 1071 permits shall be used exclusively for programs to benefit the 1072 <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish population. 1073 (e) A \$5 fee is imposed for each of the following permits:

1074 <u>1. An annual archery season permit for a resident or</u>
 1075 <u>nonresident to hunt within the state during any archery season</u>
 1076 <u>authorized by the commission.</u>

1077 <u>2. An annual crossbow season permit for a resident or</u> 1078 <u>nonresident to hunt within the state during any crossbow season</u> 1079 <u>authorized by the commission.</u>

1080 <u>3.</u> An annual muzzle-loading gun <u>season</u> permit for a 1081 resident or nonresident to hunt within the state <u>during any with</u> 1082 a muzzle-loading gun <u>season</u> is \$5. Hunting with a muzzle loading 1083 gun is limited to game seasons in which hunting with a modern 1084 firearm is not authorized by the commission.

1085 (f) An annual archery permit for a resident or nonresident 1086 to hunt within the state with a bow and arrow is \$5. Hunting 1087 with an archery permit is limited to those game seasons in which 1088 hunting with a firearm is not authorized by the commission.

1089 (f) - (g) A special use permit for a resident or nonresident 1090 to participate in limited entry hunting or fishing activities as authorized by commission rule shall not exceed \$100 per day or 1091 1092 \$250 per week. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 1093 chapter, there are no exclusions, exceptions, or exemptions from 1094 this permit fee. In addition to the permit fee, the commission 1095 may charge each special use permit applicant a nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$10. 1096

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1097 <u>(g) (h)</u>1. A management area permit for a resident or 1098 nonresident to hunt on, fish on, or otherwise use for outdoor 1099 recreational purposes land owned, leased, or managed by the 1100 commission, or by the state for the use and benefit of the 1101 commission, shall not exceed \$25 per year.

1102 2. Permit fees for short-term use of land that is owned, 1103 leased, or managed by the commission may be established by rule 1104 of the commission for activities on such lands. Such permits 1105 may be in lieu of, or in addition to, the annual management area 1106 permit authorized in subparagraph 1.

1107 3. Other than for hunting or fishing, the provisions of 1108 this paragraph shall not apply on any lands not owned by the 1109 commission, unless the commission has obtained the written 1110 consent of the owner or primary custodian of such lands.

(h) (i) A recreational user permit is required to hunt 1111 1112 on, fish on, or otherwise use for outdoor recreational purposes land leased by the commission from private nongovernmental 1113 owners, except for those lands located directly north of the 1114 1115 Apalachicola National Forest, east of the Ochlocknee River until 1116 the point the river meets the dam forming Lake Talquin, and south of the closest federal highway. The fee for a recreational 1117 user permit shall be based upon the economic compensation 1118 1119 desired by the landowner, game population levels, desired hunter density, and administrative costs. The permit fee shall be set 1120 by commission rule on a per-acre basis. The recreational user 1121 1122 permit fee, less administrative costs of up to \$25 per permit,

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1123 shall be remitted to the landowner as provided in the lease 1124 agreement for each area.

One minor dependent, 16 years of age or younger, may 1125 2. hunt under the supervision of the permittee and is exempt from 1126 the recreational user permit requirements. 1127 The spouse and 1128 dependent children of a permittee are exempt from the recreational user permit requirements when engaged in outdoor 1129 recreational activities other than hunting and when accompanied 1130 1131 by a permittee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, no other exclusions, exceptions, or exemptions from the 1132 recreational user permit fee are authorized. 1133

1134

(11) RESIDENT LIFETIME HUNTING LICENSES.--

(a) Lifetime hunting licenses are available to residentsonly, as follows, for:

Persons 4 years of age or younger, for a fee of \$200.
 Persons 5 years of age or older, but under 13 years of age, for a fee of \$350.

1140

3. Persons 13 years of age or older, for a fee of \$500.

(b) The following activities are authorized by the purchase of a lifetime hunting license:

1143 1. Taking, or attempting to take or possess, game
1144 consistent with the state and federal laws and regulations and
1145 rules of the commission in effect at the time of the taking.

1146 2. All activities authorized by a muzzle-loading gun 1147 <u>season</u> permit, <u>a crossbow season permit</u>, a turkey permit, an 1148 archery <u>season</u> permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, and a 1149 management area permit, excluding fishing.

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1150	(12) RESIDENT LIFETIME SPORTSMAN'S LICENSES
1151	(a) Lifetime sportsman's licenses are available to
1152	residents only, as follows, for:
1153	1. Persons 4 years of age or younger, for a fee of \$400.
1154	2. Persons 5 years of age or older, but under 13 years of
1155	age, for a fee of \$700.
1156	3. Persons 13 years of age or older, for a fee of \$1,000.
1157	(b) The following activities are authorized by the
1158	purchase of a lifetime sportsman's license:
1159	1. Taking, or attempting to take or possess, freshwater
1160	and saltwater fish, and game, consistent with the state and
1161	federal laws and regulations and rules of the commission in
1162	effect at the time of taking.
1163	2. All activities authorized by a management area permit,
1164	a muzzle-loading gun <u>season</u> permit, <u>a crossbow season permit,</u> a
1165	turkey permit, an archery <u>season</u> permit, a Florida waterfowl
1166	permit, a snook permit, and a <u>spiny lobster</u> crawfish permit.
1167	(16) PROHIBITED LICENSES OR PERMITSA person may not
1168	make, forge, counterfeit, or reproduce a license or permit
1169	required under this section, except for those persons authorized
1170	by the commission to make or reproduce such a license or permit.
1171	A person may not knowingly possess a forgery, counterfeit, or
1172	unauthorized reproduction of such a license or permit. A person
1173	who violates this subsection commits a Level Four violation
1174	under s. 372.83.
1175	(17) SUSPENDED OR REVOKED LICENSESA person may not take
1176	game, freshwater fish, saltwater fish, or fur-bearing animals
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1177	within this state if a license issued to such person as required
1178	under this section or a privilege granted to such person under
1179	s. 372.562 is suspended or revoked. A person who violates this
1180	subsection commits a Level Three violation under s. 372.83.
1181	Section 16. Subsection (5) of section 372.5704, Florida
1182	Statutes, is amended to read:
1183	372.5704 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission license
1184	program for tarpon; fees; penalties
1185	(5) Any individual including a taxidermist who possesses a
1186	tarpon which does not have a tag securely attached as required
1187	by this section commits a Level Two violation under s. 372.83
1188	shall be subject to penalties as prescribed in s. 370.021.
1189	Provided, however, a taxidermist may remove the tag during the
1190	process of mounting a tarpon. The removed tag shall remain with
1191	the fish during any subsequent storage or shipment.
1192	Section 17. Section 372.571, Florida Statutes, is amended
1193	to read:
1194	372.571 Expiration of licenses and permitsEach license
1195	or permit issued under this chapter must be dated when issued.
1196	Each license or permit issued under this chapter remains valid
1197	for 12 months after the date of issuance, except for a lifetime
1198	license issued pursuant to s. 372.57 which is valid from the
1199	date of issuance until the death of the individual to whom the
1200	license is issued unless otherwise revoked in accordance with s.
1201	372.99, or a 5-year license issued pursuant to s. 372.57 which
1202	is valid for 5 consecutive years from the date of purchase
1203	unless otherwise revoked in accordance with s. 372.99, or a
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1204 license issued pursuant to s. 372.57(5)(a), (b), (c), or (f) or 1205 (8)(f) (8)(g) or (g)(h)2., which is valid for the period 1206 specified on the license. A resident lifetime license or a 1207 resident 5-year license that has been purchased by a resident of 1208 this state and who subsequently resides in another state shall 1209 be honored for activities authorized by that license.

1210 Section 18. Section 372.5717, Florida Statutes, is amended 1211 to read:

1212

372.5717 Hunter safety course; requirements; penalty.--

1213 (1) This section may be cited as the Senator Joe Carlucci1214 Hunter Safety Act.

(2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person born
on or after June 1, 1975, may not be issued a license to take
wild animal life with the use of a firearm, gun, bow, or
crossbow in this state without having first successfully
completed a hunter safety course as provided in this section,
and without having in his or her personal possession a hunter
safety certification card, as provided in this section.

1222 (b) A person born on or after June 1, 1975, who has not 1223 successfully completed a hunter safety course may apply to the 1224 commission for a special authorization to hunt under supervision. The special authorization for supervised hunting 1225 1226 shall be designated on any license or permit required under this chapter for a person to take game or fur-bearing animals, and 1227 shall be valid for not more than 1 year. A special authorization 1228 1229 for supervised hunting may not be issued more than once to the person applying for such authorization. A person issued a 1230

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1231	license with a special authorization to hunt under supervision
1232	must hunt under the supervision of, and in the presence of, a
1233	person 21 years or age or older who is licensed to hunt pursuant
1234	to s. 372.57 or who is exempt from licensing requirements or
1235	eligible for a free license pursuant to s. 372.562.

(3) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall
institute and coordinate a statewide hunter safety course <u>that</u>
which must be offered in every county and consist of not less
than 12 hours nor more than 16 hours of instruction including,
but not limited to, instruction in the competent and safe
handling of firearms, conservation, and hunting ethics.

(4) The commission shall issue a permanent hunter safety
certification card to each person who successfully completes the
hunter safety course. The commission shall maintain records of
hunter safety certification cards issued and shall establish
procedures for replacing lost or destroyed cards.

(5) A hunter safety certification card issued by a
wildlife agency of another state, or any Canadian province,
which shows that the holder of the card has successfully
completed a hunter safety course approved by the commission is
an acceptable substitute for the hunter safety certification
card issued by the commission.

(6) All persons subject to the requirements of subsection (2) must have in their personal possession, proof of compliance with this section, while taking or attempting to take wildlife with the use of a firearm, gun, bow, or crossbow and must, unless the requirement to complete a hunter safety course is

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1258	deferred pursuant to this section, display a valid hunter safety
1259	certification card to county tax collectors or their subagents
1260	in order to purchase a Florida hunting license. After the
1261	issuance of <u>such</u> a license, the license itself shall serve as
1262	proof of compliance with this section. A holder of a lifetime
1263	license whose license does not indicate on the face of the
1264	license that a hunter safety course has been completed must have
1265	in his or her personal possession a hunter safety certification
1266	card, as provided by this section, while attempting to take wild
1267	animal life with the use of a firearm, gun, bow, or crossbow.
1268	(7) The hunter safety requirements of this section do not
1269	apply to persons for whom licenses are not required under s.
1270	372.562(2).
1271	(8) A person who violates this section <u>commits a Level One</u>
1272	violation under s. 372.83 shall be cited for a noncriminal
1273	infraction, punishable as provided in s. 372.711.
1274	Section 19. Section 372.573, Florida Statutes, is amended
1275	to read:
1276	372.573 Management area permit revenuesThe commission
1277	shall expend the revenue generated from the sale of the
1278	management area permit as provided for in <u>s. 372.57(8)(g)</u> s.
1279	372.57(8)(h) or that pro rata portion of any license that
1280	includes management area privileges as provided for in s.
1281	372.57(4)(h), (i), and (j) for the lease, management, and
1282	protection of lands for public hunting, fishing, and other
1283	outdoor recreation.

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1284	Section 20. Section 372.83, Florida Statutes, is amended
1285	to read:
1286	(Substantial rewording of section. See
1287	372.83, F.S., for present text.)
1288	372.83 Penalties and violations; civil penalties for
1289	noncriminal infractions; criminal penalties; suspension and
1290	forfeiture of licenses and permits
1291	(1)(a) LEVEL ONE VIOLATIONSA person commits a Level One
1292	violation if he or she violates any of the following provisions:
1293	1. Rules or orders of the commission relating to the
1294	filing of reports or other documents required to be filed by
1295	persons who hold recreational licenses and permits issued by the
1296	commission.
1297	2. Rules or orders of the commission relating to quota
1297 1298	2. Rules or orders of the commission relating to quota hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments,
	<u></u>
1298	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments,
1298 1299	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments, camping, alcoholic beverages, vehicles, and check stations
1298 1299 1300	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments, camping, alcoholic beverages, vehicles, and check stations within wildlife management areas or other areas managed by the
1298 1299 1300 1301	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments, camping, alcoholic beverages, vehicles, and check stations within wildlife management areas or other areas managed by the commission.
1298 1299 1300 1301 1302	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments, camping, alcoholic beverages, vehicles, and check stations within wildlife management areas or other areas managed by the commission. 3. Rules or orders of the commission relating to daily use
1298 1299 1300 1301 1302 1303	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments, camping, alcoholic beverages, vehicles, and check stations within wildlife management areas or other areas managed by the commission. 3. Rules or orders of the commission relating to daily use permits, alcoholic beverages, swimming, possession of firearms,
1298 1299 1300 1301 1302 1303 1304	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments, camping, alcoholic beverages, vehicles, and check stations within wildlife management areas or other areas managed by the commission. 3. Rules or orders of the commission relating to daily use permits, alcoholic beverages, swimming, possession of firearms, operation of vehicles, and watercraft speed within fish
1298 1299 1300 1301 1302 1303 1304 1305	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments, camping, alcoholic beverages, vehicles, and check stations within wildlife management areas or other areas managed by the commission. 3. Rules or orders of the commission relating to daily use permits, alcoholic beverages, swimming, possession of firearms, operation of vehicles, and watercraft speed within fish management areas managed by the commission.
1298 1299 1300 1301 1302 1303 1304 1305 1306	hunt permits, daily use permits, hunting zone assignments, camping, alcoholic beverages, vehicles, and check stations within wildlife management areas or other areas managed by the commission. 3. Rules or orders of the commission relating to daily use permits, alcoholic beverages, swimming, possession of firearms, operation of vehicles, and watercraft speed within fish management areas managed by the commission. 4. Rules or orders of the commission relating to vessel

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1310	6. Subsections (1) through (15) of s. 372.57, providing
1311	for recreational licenses to hunt, fish, and trap.
1312	7. Section 372.5717, providing hunter safety course
1313	requirements.
1314	8. Section 372.988, prohibiting deer hunting unless
1315	required clothing is worn.
1316	(b) A person who commits a Level One violation commits a
1317	noncriminal infraction and shall be cited to appear before the
1318	county court.
1319	(c)1. The civil penalty for committing a Level One
1320	violation involving the license and permit requirements of s.
1321	372.57 is \$50 plus the cost of the license or permit, unless
1322	subparagraph 2. applies.
1323	2. The civil penalty for committing a Level One violation
1324	involving the license and permit requirements of s. 372.57 is
1325	\$100 plus the cost of the license or permit, if the person cited
1326	has previously committed the same Level One violation within the
1327	preceding 36 months.
1328	(d)1. The civil penalty for any other Level One violation
1329	is \$50 unless subparagraph 2. applies.
1330	2. The civil penalty for any other Level One violation is
1331	\$100 if the person cited has previously committed the same Level
1332	One violation within the preceding 36 months.
1333	(e) A person cited for a Level One violation shall sign
1334	and accept a citation to appear before the county court. The
1335	issuing officer may indicate on the citation the time and

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1336	location of the scheduled hearing and shall indicate the
1337	applicable civil penalty.
1338	(f) A person cited for a Level One violation may pay the
1339	civil penalty by mail or in person within 30 days after receipt
1340	of the citation. If the civil penalty is paid, the person shall
1341	be deemed to have admitted committing the Level One violation
1342	and to have waived his or her right to a hearing before the
1343	county court. Such admission may not be used as evidence in any
1344	other proceedings except to determine the appropriate fine for
1345	any subsequent violations.
1346	(g) A person who refuses to accept a citation, who fails
1347	to pay the civil penalty for a Level One violation, or who fails
1348	to appear before a county court as required commits a
1349	misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
1350	775.082 or s. 775.083.
1351	(h) A person who elects to appear before the county court
1352	or who is required to appear before the county court shall be
1353	deemed to have waived the limitations on civil penalties
1354	provided under paragraphs (c) and (d). After a hearing, the
1355	county court shall determine if a Level One violation has been
1356	committed, and if so, may impose a civil penalty of not less
1357	than \$50 for a first-time violation, and not more than \$500 for
1358	subsequent violations. A person found guilty of committing a
1359	Level One violation may appeal that finding to the circuit
1360	court. The commission of a violation must be proved beyond a
1361	reasonable doubt.

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1362	(i) A person cited for violating the requirements of s.
1363	372.57 relating to personal possession of a license or permit
1364	may not be convicted if, prior to or at the time of a county
1365	court hearing, the person produces the required license or
1366	permit for verification by the hearing officer or the court
1367	clerk. The license or permit must have been valid at the time
1368	the person was cited. The clerk or hearing officer may assess a
1369	\$5 fee for costs under this paragraph.
1370	(2)(a) LEVEL TWO VIOLATIONSA person commits a Level Two
1371	violation if he or she violates any of the following provisions:
1372	1. Rules or orders of the commission relating to seasons
1373	or time periods for the taking of wildlife, freshwater fish, or
1374	saltwater fish.
1375	2. Rules or orders of the commission establishing bag,
1376	possession, or size limits or restricting methods of taking
1377	wildlife, freshwater fish, or saltwater fish.
1378	3. Rules or orders of the commission prohibiting access or
1379	otherwise relating to access to wildlife management areas or
1380	other areas managed by the commission.
1381	4. Rules or orders of the commission relating to the
1382	feeding of wildlife, freshwater fish, or saltwater fish.
1383	5. Rules or orders of the commission relating to landing
1384	requirements for freshwater fish or saltwater fish.
1385	6. Rules or orders of the commission relating to
1386	restricted hunting areas, critical wildlife areas, or bird
1387	sanctuaries.

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1388	7. Rules or orders of the commission relating to tagging
1389	requirements for game and fur-bearing animals.
1390	8. Rules or orders of the commission relating to the use
1391	of dogs for the taking of game.
1392	9. Rules or orders of the commission which are not
1393	otherwise classified.
1394	10. All prohibitions in chapter 370 which are not
1395	otherwise classified.
1396	11. Section 370.028, prohibiting the violation of or
1397	noncompliance with commission rules.
1398	12. Subsection 370.021(6) prohibiting the sale, purchase,
1399	harvest, or attempted harvest of any saltwater product with
1400	intent to sell.
1401	13. Section 370.08, prohibiting the obstruction of
1402	waterways with net gear.
1403	14. Section 370.1105, prohibiting the unlawful use of
1404	finfish traps.
1405	15. Section 370.1121, prohibiting the unlawful taking of
1406	bonefish.
1407	16. Paragraphs 370.13(2)(a) and (b), prohibiting the
1408	possession or use of stone crab traps without trap tags and
1409	theft of trap contents or gear.
1410	17. Paragraph 370.135(1)(c), prohibiting the theft of blue
1411	crab trap contents or trap gear.
1412	18. Paragraph 370.142 (2)(c), prohibiting the possession
1413	or use of spiny lobster traps without trap tags or certificates
1414	and theft of trap contents or trap gear.

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1415	19. Section 372.5704, prohibiting the possession of tarpon
1416	without purchasing a tarpon tag.
1417	20. Section 372.667, prohibiting the feeding or enticement
1418	of alligators or crocodiles.
1419	21. Section 372.705, prohibiting the intentional
1420	harassment of hunters, fishers, or trappers.
1421	(b)1. A person who commits a Level Two violation but who
1422	has not been convicted of a Level Two or higher violation within
1423	the past 3 years commits a misdemeanor of the second degree,
1424	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
1425	2. Unless the stricter penalties in subparagraph 3. or
1426	subparagraph 4. apply, a person who commits a Level Two
1427	violation within 3 years after a previous conviction for a Level
1428	Two or higher violation commits a misdemeanor of the first
1429	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with
1430	a minimum mandatory fine of \$250.
1431	3. Unless the stricter penalties in subparagraph 4. apply,
1432	<u>a person who commits a Level Two violation within 5 years after</u>
1433	two previous convictions for a Level Two or higher violation,
1434	commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
1435	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a minimum mandatory
1436	fine of \$500 and a suspension of any recreational license or
1437	permit issued under s. 372.57 for 1 year. Such suspension shall
1438	include the suspension of the privilege to obtain such license
1439	or permit and the suspension of the ability to exercise any
1440	privilege granted under any exemption in s. 372.562.

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1441	4. A person who commits a Level Two violation within 10
1442	years after three previous convictions for a Level Two or higher
1443	violation commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable
1444	as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a minimum
1445	mandatory fine of \$750 and a suspension of any recreational
1446	license or permit issued under s. 372.57 for 3 years. Such
1447	suspension shall include the suspension of the privilege to
1448	obtain such license or permit and the suspension of the ability
1449	to exercise any privilege granted under s. 372.562. If the
1450	recreational license or permit being suspended was an annual
1451	license or permit, any privileges under ss. 372.562 and 372.57
1452	may not be acquired for a 3-year period following the date of
1453	the violation.
1454	(3)(a) LEVEL THREE VIOLATIONSA person commits a Level
1455	Three violation if he or she violates any of the following
1456	provisions:
1457	1. Rules or orders of the commission prohibiting the sale
1458	of saltwater fish.
1459	2. Subsection 370.021(2), establishing major violations.
1460	3. Subsection 370.021(4), prohibiting the possession of
1461	certain finfish in excess of recreational daily bag limits.
1462	4. Section 370.081, prohibiting the illegal importation or
1463	possession of exotic marine plants or animals.
1464	5. Section 372.26, prohibiting the importation of
1465	freshwater fish.

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1466	6. Section 372.265, prohibiting the importation of
1467	nonindigenous species of the animal kingdom without a permit
1468	issued by the commission.
1469	7. Subsection 372.57(17), prohibiting the taking of game,
1470	freshwater fish, or saltwater fish while a required license is
1471	suspended or revoked.
1472	8. Section 372.662, prohibiting the illegal sale or
1473	possession of alligators.
1474	9. Subsections 372.99(1), (3), and (6), prohibiting the
1475	illegal taking and possession of deer and wild turkey.
1476	10. Section 372.9903, prohibiting the possession and
1477	transportation of commercial quantities of freshwater game fish.
1478	(b)1. A person who commits a Level Three violation but who
1479	has not been convicted of a Level Three or higher violation
1480	within the past 10 years, commits a misdemeanor of the first
1481	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
1482	2. A person who commits a Level Three violation within 10
1483	years after a previous conviction for a Level Three or higher
1484	violation, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable
1485	as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a minimum
1486	mandatory fine of \$750 and a suspension of any recreational
1487	license or permit issued under s. 372.57 for the remainder of
1488	the period for which the license or permit was issued up to 3
1489	years. Such suspension shall include the suspension of the
1490	privilege to obtain such license or permit and the ability to
1491	exercise any privilege granted under s. 372.562. If the
1492	recreational license or permit being suspended was an annual

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1493	license or permit, any privileges under ss. 372.562 and 372.57
1494	may not be acquired for a 3-year period following the date of
1495	the violation.
1496	3. A person who commits a violation of s. 372.57(17) shall
1497	receive a mandatory fine of \$1,000. Any privileges under ss.
1498	372.562 and 372.57 may not be acquired for a 5-year period
1499	following the date of the violation.
1500	(4)(a) LEVEL FOUR VIOLATIONSA person commits a Level
1501	Four violation if he or she violates any of the following
1502	provisions:
1503	1. Paragraph 370.13(2)(c), prohibiting criminal activities
1504	relating to the taking of stone crabs.
1505	2. Paragraph 370.135(1)(b), prohibiting the willful
1506	molestation of blue crab gear.
1507	3. Subsection 370.14(4), prohibiting the willful
1508	molestation of spiny lobster gear.
1509	4. Subparagraph 370.142(2)(c)5., prohibiting the unlawful
1510	reproduction, possession, sale, trade, or barter of spiny
1511	lobster trap tags or certificates.
1512	5. Subsection 372.57(16), prohibiting the making, forging,
1513	counterfeiting, or reproduction of a recreational license or
1514	possession of same without authorization from the commission.
1515	6. Subsection 372.99(5), prohibiting the sale of
1516	illegally-taken deer or wild turkey.
1517	7. Section 372.99022, prohibiting the molestation or theft
1518	of freshwater fishing gear.

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1519	(b) A person who commits a Level Four violation commits a
1520	felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082
1521	<u>or s. 775.083.</u>
1522	(5) VIOLATIONS OF CHAPTER Except as provided in this
1523	chapter:
1524	(a) A person who commits a violation of any provision of
1525	this chapter commits, for the first offense, a misdemeanor of
1526	the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
1527	775.083.
1528	(b) A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent
1529	violation of any provision of this chapter commits a misdemeanor
1530	of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
1531	775.083.
1532	(6) SUSPENSION OR FORFEITURE OF LICENSEThe court may
1533	order the suspension or forfeiture of any license or permit
1534	issued under this chapter to a person who is found guilty of
1535	committing a violation of this chapter.
1536	(7) CONVICTION DEFINED As used in this section, the term
1537	"conviction" means any judicial disposition other than acquittal
1538	or dismissal.
1539	Section 21. Section 372.935, Florida Statutes, is created
1540	to read:
1541	372.935 Captive wildlife; penalties for violations
1542	(1)(a) NONCRIMINAL INFRACTIONSA person commits a
1543	noncriminal infraction if he or she violates any of the
1544	following provisions:

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1545	1. Rules or orders of the commission requiring a no-cost
1546	permit to possess captive wildlife for personal use.
1547	2. Rules or orders of the commission requiring that
1548	persons who are licensed to possess captive wildlife file
1549	reports or other documents.
1550	(b) A person cited for committing a noncriminal infraction
1551	under this section shall be cited to appear before the county
1552	court. The civil penalty for a person found guilty of committing
1553	a noncriminal violation under this section is \$50, and the
1554	provisions of s. 372.83(1)(e)-(i) apply under this subsection.
1555	(2) MISDEMEANORSA person commits a misdemeanor of the
1556	second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
1557	775.083, for violating any of the following provisions:
1558	(a) Rules or orders of the commission which require the
1559	payment of a fee for a person to obtain a permit to possess
1560	captive wildlife.
1561	(b) Rules or orders of the commission which require the
1562	maintenance of records relating to captive wildlife.
1563	(c) Rules or orders of the commission relating to captive
1564	wildlife which are not specified in subsection (1).
1565	(d) Section 372.86, prohibiting the possession or
1566	exhibition of poisonous or venomous reptiles without a license
1567	or permit.
1568	(e) Section 372.88, prohibiting the exhibition of
1569	poisonous or venomous reptiles without posting a bond.

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1570	(f) Section 372.89, prohibiting the possession or
1571	exhibition of poisonous or venomous reptiles in an unsafe
1572	manner.
1573	(g) Section 372.90, prohibiting the transportation of
1574	poisonous or venomous reptiles in an unsafe manner.
1575	(h) Section 372.901, prohibiting the penning or caging of
1576	poisonous or venomous reptiles in an unsafe manner.
1577	(i) Section 372.91, prohibiting certain persons from
1578	opening containers housing poisonous or venomous reptiles.
1579	(j) Section 372.921, prohibiting the exhibition or sale of
1580	wildlife.
1581	(k) Section 372.922, prohibiting the personal possession
1582	<u>of wildlife.</u>
1583	Section 22. Section 372.26, Florida Statutes, is amended
1584	to read:
1585	372.26 Imported fish
1586	(1) No person shall import into the state or place in any
1587	of the fresh waters of the state any freshwater fish of any
1588	species without having first obtained a permit from the Fish and
1589	Wildlife Conservation Commission. The commission is authorized
1590	to issue or deny such a permit upon the completion of studies of
1591	the species made by it to determine any detrimental effect the
1592	species might have on the ecology of the state.
1593	(2) <u>A person who violates this section commits a Level</u>
1594	Three violation under s. 372.83 Persons in violation of this
1595	section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree,
1596	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
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1597 Section 23. Section 372.265, Florida Statutes, is amended 1598 to read:

1599

372.265 Regulation of foreign animals.--

1600 (1) It is unlawful to import for sale or use, or to
1601 release within this state, any species of the animal kingdom not
1602 indigenous to Florida without having obtained a permit to do so
1603 from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

1604 (2) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission is
1605 authorized to issue or deny such a permit upon the completion of
1606 studies of the species made by it to determine any detrimental
1607 effect the species might have on the ecology of the state.

1608 (3) <u>A person Persons</u> in violation of this section <u>commits</u>
1609 <u>a Level Three violation under s. 372.83</u> shall be guilty of a
1610 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
1611 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 372.661, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

1614 372.661 Private hunting preserve license fees;1615 exception.--

1616 A commercial hunting preserve license, which shall (2) 1617 exempt patrons of licensed preserves from the license and permit requirements of s. 372.57(4)(c), (d), (f), (h), (i), and (j); 1618 1619 (5)(f) and (g); (8)(a), (b), and (e), and (f); (9)(a)2.; (11); 1620 and (12) while hunting on the licensed preserve property, shall be \$500. Such commercial hunting preserve license shall be 1621 1622 available only to those private hunting preserves licensed pursuant to this section which are operated exclusively for 1623

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1624 commercial purposes, which are open to the public, and for which
1625 a uniform fee is charged to patrons for hunting privileges.
1626 Section 25. Section 372.662, Florida Statutes, is amended

1627 to read:

1628 372.662 Unlawful sale, possession, or transporting of 1629 alligators or alligator skins. -- Whenever the sale, possession, or transporting of alligators or alligator skins is prohibited 1630 by any law of this state, or by the rules, regulations, or 1631 orders of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission adopted 1632 pursuant to s. 9, Art. IV of the State Constitution, the sale, 1633 possession, or transporting of alligators or alligator skins is 1634 1635 a Level Three violation under s. 372.83 misdemeanor of the first 1636 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

1637 Section 26. Section 372.667, Florida Statutes, is amended 1638 to read:

1639 372.667 Feeding or enticement of alligators or crocodiles 1640 unlawful; penalty.--

(1) No person shall intentionally feed, or entice with
feed, any wild American alligator (Alligator mississippiensis)
or American crocodile (Crocodylus acutus). However, the
provisions of this section shall not apply to:

(a) Those persons feeding alligators or crocodiles
maintained in protected captivity for educational, scientific,
commercial, or recreational purposes.

(b) Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission personnel,persons licensed or otherwise authorized by the commission, or

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1650 county or municipal animal control personnel when relocating 1651 alligators or crocodiles by baiting or enticement. For the purposes of this section, the term "maintained 1652 (2)in protected captivity" means held in captivity under a permit 1653 issued by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission pursuant 1654 1655 to s. 372.921 or s. 372.922. Any person who violates this section commits a Level 1656 (3) Two violation under s. 372.83 is quilty of a misdemeanor of the 1657 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 1658 1659 775.083. Section 27. Section 372.705, Florida Statutes, is amended 1660 1661 to read: 1662 372.705 Harassment of hunters, trappers, or fishers.--1663 (1)A person may not intentionally, within a publicly or 1664 privately owned wildlife management or fish management area or 1665 on any state-owned water body: Interfere with or attempt to prevent the lawful taking 1666 (a) 1667 of fish, game, or nongame animals by another. 1668 (b) Attempt to disturb fish, game, or nongame animals or 1669 attempt to affect their behavior with the intent to prevent 1670 their lawful taking by another. Any person who violates this section commits a Level 1671 (2)1672 Two violation under s. 372.83 subsection (1) is guilty of a 1673 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 1674 1675 Section 28. Section 372.988, Florida Statutes, is amended 1676 to read:

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1677 372.988 Required clothing for persons hunting deer.--It is 1678 a Level One violation under s. 372.83 unlawful for any person to hunt deer, or for any person to accompany another person hunting 1679 1680 deer, during the open season for the taking of deer on public lands unless each person shall wear a total of at least 500 1681 1682 square inches of daylight fluorescent orange material as an outer garment. Such clothing shall be worn above the waistline 1683 1684 and may include a head covering. The provisions of this section 1685 shall not apply to any person hunting deer with a bow and arrow during seasons restricted to hunting with a bow and arrow. 1686 Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 372.99022, Florida 1687 1688 Statutes, is amended to read: 1689 372.99022 Illegal molestation of or theft from freshwater 1690 fishing gear. --1691 Any person, firm, or corporation that willfully (1) (a)

molests any authorized and lawfully permitted freshwater fishing gear belonging to another without the express written consent of the owner commits a <u>Level Four violation under s. 372.83</u> felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 1696 775.083, or s. 775.084. Any written consent must be available for immediate inspection.

(b) Any person, firm, or corporation that willfully
removes the contents of any authorized and lawfully permitted
freshwater fishing gear belonging to another without the express
written consent of the owner commits a <u>Level Four violation</u>
<u>under s. 372.83</u> felony of the third degree, punishable as

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1703 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Any written 1704 consent must be available for immediate inspection. 1705 1706 A person, firm, or corporation that receives a citation for a violation of this subsection is prohibited, immediately upon 1707 1708 receipt of such citation and until adjudicated or convicted of a felony under this subsection, from transferring any 1709 endorsements. 1710 Section 30. Section 372.99, Florida Statutes, is amended 1711 1712 to read: Illegal taking and possession of deer and wild 1713 372.99 1714 turkey; evidence; penalty. --1715 (1)Whoever takes or kills any deer or wild turkey, or 1716 possesses a freshly killed deer or wild turkey, during the closed season prescribed by law or by the rules and regulations 1717 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, or whoever 1718 1719 takes or attempts to take any deer or wild turkey by the use of qun and light in or out of closed season, commits a Level Three 1720 1721 violation under s. 372.83 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 1722 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 1723 775.083, and shall forfeit any license or permit issued to her or him under the provisions of this chapter. No license shall be 1724 1725 issued to such person for a period of 3 years following any such 1726 violation on the first offense. Any person quilty of a second or subsequent violation shall be permanently ineligible for 1727 1728 issuance of a license or permit thereafter.

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1729 The display or use of a light in a place where deer (2) might be found and in a manner capable of disclosing the 1730 presence of deer, together with the possession of firearms or 1731 other weapons customarily used for the taking of deer, between 1 1732 hour after sunset and 1 hour before sunrise, shall be prima 1733 1734 facie evidence of an intent to violate the provisions of subsection (1). This subsection does not apply to an owner or 1735 her or his employee when patrolling or inspecting the land of 1736 1737 the owner, provided the employee has satisfactory proof of 1738 employment on her or his person. Whoever takes or kills any doe deer; fawn or baby 1739 (3) 1740 deer; or deer, whether male or female, which does not have one 1741 or more antlers at least 5 inches in length, except as provided 1742 by law or the rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, during the open season prescribed by the rules of 1743 1744 the commission, commits a Level Three violation under 372.83 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 1745 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and may be required to 1746

1747 forfeit any license or permit issued to such person for a period 1748 of 3 years following any such violation on the first offense. 1749 Any person guilty of a second or subsequent violation shall be 1750 permanently ineligible for issuance of a license or permit 1751 thereafter.

(4) Any person who cultivates agricultural crops may apply
to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission for a permit to
take or kill deer on land which that person is currently
cultivating. When said person can show, to the satisfaction of

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1756 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, that such taking 1757 or killing of deer is justified because of damage to the 1758 person's crops caused by deer, the Fish and Wildlife 1759 Conservation Commission may issue a limited permit to the 1760 applicant to take or kill deer without being in violation of 1761 subsection (1) or subsection (3).

(5) Whoever possesses for sale or sells deer or wild
turkey taken in violation of this chapter or the rules and
regulations of the commission <u>commits a Level Four violation</u>
<u>under s. 372.83</u> is guilty of a felony of the third degree,
punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(6) Any person who enters upon private property and shines
lights upon such property, without the express permission of the
owner of the property and with the intent to take deer by
utilizing such shining lights, <u>commits a Level Three violation</u>
<u>under s. 372.83</u> shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second
degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 31. Subsection (1) of section 372.9903, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

1775 372.9903 Illegal possession or transportation of 1776 freshwater game fish in commercial quantities; penalty.--

(1) Whoever possesses, moves, or transports any black
bass, bream, speckled perch, or other freshwater game fish in
commercial quantities in violation of law or the rules of the
Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission <u>commits a Level Three</u>
violation under s. 372.83 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of

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1782	the first degree, pu	nishable as pro	ovided in s. 775.082 or s.
1783	775.083 .		
1784	Section 32. Pa:	ragraph (a) of	subsection (3) of section
1785	921.0022, Florida Sta	atutes, is ame	nded to read:
1786	921.0022 Crimin	nal Punishment	Code; offense severity
1787	ranking chart		
1788	(3) OFFENSE SE	VERITY RANKING	CHART
	Florida	Felony	
1789			
	Statute	Degree	Description
1790			(a) LEVEL 1
1791			
1771	24.118(3)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit or altered state
			lottery ticket.
1792			
	212.054(2)(b)	3rd	Discretionary sales surtax;
			limitations, administration,
			and collection.
1793	212.15(2)(b)	3rd	Failure to remit sales taxes,
			amount greater than \$300 but
			less than \$20,000.
1794			
	316.1935(1)	3rd	Fleeing or attempting to
			elude law enforcement
			officer.
1795			
	319.30(5)	3rd	Sell, exchange, give away
			-£ 00

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	ENROLLED HB 471, Engrossed 1		2006 Legislature
			certificate of title or identification number plate.
1796	319.35(1)(a)	3rd	Tamper, adjust, change, etc., an odometer.
1797	320.26(1)(a)	3rd	Counterfeit, manufacture, or sell registration license plates or validation stickers.
1798	322.212 (1)(a)-(c)	3rd	Possession of forged, stolen, counterfeit, or unlawfully issued driver's license; possession of simulated identification.
1799	322.212(4)	3rd	Supply or aid in supplying unauthorized driver's license or identification card.
1800	322.212(5)(a)	3rd	False application for driver's license or identification card.
1801	370.13(2)(c)1.	3rd	Molest any stone crab trap, line, or buoy which is property of licenscholder.
1802		Dan	ie 69 of 88

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CODING: Words $\ensuremath{\underline{\mathsf{stricken}}}$ are deletions; words $\ensuremath{\underline{\mathsf{underlined}}}$ are additions.

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	370.135(1)	3rd	Molest any blue crab trap, line, or buoy which is
			property of licenscholder.
1803	372.663(1)	3rd	Poach any alligator or crocodilia.
1804			crocourra.
1001	414.39(2)	3rd	Unauthorized use, possession,
			forgery, or alteration of
			food stamps, Medicaid ID,
			value greater than \$200.
1805	414.39(3)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent misappropriation
			of public assistance funds by
			employee/official, value more
			than \$200.
1806	443.071(1)	3rd	False statement or
	(_)		representation to obtain or
			increase unemployment
			compensation benefits.
1807	509.151(1)	2 ~ d	Defraud an innkaanan food or
	509.151(1)	3rd	Defraud an innkeeper, food or lodging value greater than
			\$300.
1808			φ300 .
1000	517.302(1)	3rd	Violation of the Florida
			Securities and Investor
			Protection Act.
		Daga 70	

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1809	562.27(1)	3rd	Possess still or still
1810	713.69	3rd	apparatus. Tenant removes property upon which lien has accrued, value
1811	812.014(3)(c)	3rd	more than \$50. Petit theft (3rd conviction); theft of any property not
1812	812.081(2)	3rd	specified in subsection (2). Unlawfully makes or causes to be made a reproduction of a
1813	815.04(4)(a)	3rd	trade secret. Offense against intellectual property (i.e., computer
1814	817.52(2)	3rd	programs, data). Hiring with intent to defraud, motor vehicle
1815	817.569(2)	3rd	services. Use of public record or public records information to
1816			facilitate commission of a felony.
	826.01	3rd Dago 71 c	Bigamy.

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1817			
	828.122(3)	3rd	Fighting or baiting animals.
1818	831.04(1)	3rd	Any erasure, alteration,
			etc., of any replacement
			deed, map, plat, or other
			document listed in s. 92.28.
1819			
	831.31(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, deliver, or possess
			counterfeit controlled
			substances, all but s.
			893.03(5) drugs.
1820		2	
	832.041(1)	3rd	Stopping payment with intent to defraud \$150 or more.
1821			to defraud \$150 of more.
TOZT	832.05	3rd	Knowing, making, issuing
	(2)(b)&(4)(c)		worthless checks \$150 or more
			or obtaining property in
			return for worthless check
			\$150 or more.
1822		_	
	838.15(2)	3rd	Commercial bribe receiving.
1823	838.16	3rd	Commercial bribery.
1824			-
	843.18	3rd	Fleeing by boat to elude a
			law enforcement officer.
1825		2	
	847.011(1)(a)	3rd	Sell, distribute, etc.,
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	ENROLLED HB 471, Engrossed 1		2006 Legislature
			obscene, lewd, etc., material (2nd conviction).
1826	849.01	3rd	Keeping gambling house.
1827	849.09(1)(a)-(d)	3rd	Lottery; set up, promote, etc., or assist therein, conduct or advertise drawing for prizes, or dispose of property or money by means of lottery.
1828	849.23	3rd	Gambling-related machines; "common offender" as to property rights.
1829	849.25(2)	3rd	Engaging in bookmaking.
1830	860.08	3rd	Interfere with a railroad signal.
1831	860.13(1)(a)	3rd	Operate aircraft while under the influence.
1832	893.13(2)(a)2.	3rd	Purchase of cannabis.
1833	893.13(6)(a)	3rd	Possession of cannabis (more than 20 grams).
1834	934.03(1)(a)	3rd Page 73 (Intercepts, or procures any

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other person to intercept, any wire or oral communication. 1835 1836 Section 33. Section 372.831, Florida Statutes, is created 1837 to read: Wildlife Violators Compact Act.--The Wildlife 1838 372.831 Violators Compact is created and entered into with all other 1839 1840 jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially 1841 as follows: 1842 ARTICLE I 1843 Findings and Purpose 1844 1845 (1)The participating states find that: 1846 Wildlife resources are managed in trust by the (a) 1847 respective states for the benefit of all residents and visitors. (b) 1848 The protection of the wildlife resources of a state is materially affected by the degree of compliance with state 1849 statutes, laws, regulations, ordinances, and administrative 1850 1851 rules relating to the management of such resources. (C) 1852 The preservation, protection, management, and 1853 restoration of wildlife contributes immeasurably to the 1854 aesthetic, recreational, and economic aspects of such natural 1855 resources. Wildlife resources are valuable without regard to 1856 (d) 1857 political boundaries; therefore, every person should be required to comply with wildlife preservation, protection, management, 1858

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1859	and restoration laws, ordinances, and administrative rules and
1860	regulations of the participating states as a condition precedent
1861	to the continuance or issuance of any license to hunt, fish,
1862	trap, or possess wildlife.
1863	(e) Violation of wildlife laws interferes with the
1864	management of wildlife resources and may endanger the safety of
1865	persons and property.
1866	(f) The mobility of many wildlife law violators
1867	necessitates the maintenance of channels of communication among
1868	the various states.
1869	(g) In most instances, a person who is cited for a
1870	wildlife violation in a state other than his or her home state
1871	is:
1872	1. Required to post collateral or a bond to secure
1873	appearance for a trial at a later date;
1874	2. Taken into custody until the collateral or bond is
1875	posted; or
1876	3. Taken directly to court for an immediate appearance.
1877	(h) The purpose of the enforcement practices set forth in
1878	paragraph (g) is to ensure compliance with the terms of a
1879	wildlife citation by the cited person who, if permitted to
1880	continue on his or her way after receiving the citation, could
1881	return to his or her home state and disregard his or her duty
1882	under the terms of the citation.
1883	(i) In most instances, a person receiving a wildlife
1884	citation in his or her home state is permitted to accept the
1885	citation from the officer at the scene of the violation and
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1886	immediately continue on his or her way after agreeing or being
1887	instructed to comply with the terms of the citation.
1888	(j) The practices described in paragraph (g) cause
1889	unnecessary inconvenience and, at times, a hardship for the
1890	person who is unable at the time to post collateral, furnish a
1891	bond, stand trial, or pay a fine, and thus is compelled to
1892	remain in custody until some alternative arrangement is made.
1893	(k) The enforcement practices described in paragraph (g)
1894	consume an undue amount of time of law enforcement agencies.
1895	(2) It is the policy of the participating states to:
1896	(a) Promote compliance with the statutes, laws,
1897	ordinances, regulations, and administrative rules relating to
1898	the management of wildlife resources in their respective states.
1899	(b) Recognize a suspension of the wildlife license
1900	privileges of any person whose license privileges have been
1901	suspended by a participating state and treat such suspension as
1902	if it had occurred in each respective state.
1903	(c) Allow a violator, except as provided in subsection (2)
1904	of Article III, to accept a wildlife citation and, without
1905	delay, proceed on his or her way, whether or not the violator is
1906	a resident of the state in which the citation was issued, if the
1907	violator's home state is party to this compact.
1908	(d) Report to the appropriate participating state, as
1909	provided in the compact manual, any conviction recorded against
1910	any person whose home state was not the issuing state.
1911	(e) Allow the home state to recognize and treat
1912	convictions recorded against its residents, which convictions

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTA	TIVES
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1913	occurred in a participating state, as though they had occurred
1914	in the home state.
1915	(f) Extend cooperation to its fullest extent among the
1916	participating states for enforcing compliance with the terms of
1917	a wildlife citation issued in one participating state to a
1918	resident of another participating state.
1919	(g) Maximize the effective use of law enforcement
1920	personnel and information.
1921	(h) Assist court systems in the efficient disposition of
1922	wildlife violations.
1923	(3) The purpose of this compact is to:
1924	(a) Provide a means through which participating states may
1925	join in a reciprocal program to effectuate the policies
1926	enumerated in subsection (2) in a uniform and orderly manner.
1927	(b) Provide for the fair and impartial treatment of
1928	wildlife violators operating within participating states in
1929	recognition of the violator's right to due process and the
1930	sovereign status of a participating state.
1931	ARTICLE II
1932	Definitions
1933	
1934	As used in this compact, the term:
1935	(1) "Citation" means any summons, complaint, summons and
1936	complaint, ticket, penalty assessment, or other official
1937	document issued to a person by a wildlife officer or other peace
1938	officer for a wildlife violation which contains an order
1939	requiring the person to respond.

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2006 Legislature

1940	(2) "Collateral" means any cash or other security
1941	deposited to secure an appearance for trial in connection with
1942	the issuance by a wildlife officer or other peace officer of a
1943	citation for a wildlife violation.
1944	(3) "Compliance" with respect to a citation means the act
1945	of answering a citation through an appearance in a court or
1946	tribunal, or through the payment of fines, costs, and
1947	surcharges, if any.
1948	(4) "Conviction" means a conviction that results in
1949	suspension or revocation of a license, including any court
1950	conviction, for any offense related to the preservation,
1951	protection, management, or restoration of wildlife which is
1952	prohibited by state statute, law, regulation, ordinance, or
1953	administrative rule. The term also includes the forfeiture of
1954	any bail, bond, or other security deposited to secure appearance
1955	by a person charged with having committed any such offense, the
1956	payment of a penalty assessment, a plea of nolo contendere, or
1957	the imposition of a deferred or suspended sentence by the court.
1958	(5) "Court" means a court of law, including magistrate's
1959	court and the justice of the peace court.
1960	(6) "Home state" means the state of primary residence of a
1961	person.
1962	(7) "Issuing state" means the participating state that
1963	issues a wildlife citation to the violator.
1964	(8) "License" means any license, permit, or other public
1965	document that conveys to the person to whom it was issued the
1966	privilege of pursuing, possessing, or taking any wildlife

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1967	regulated by statute, law, regulation, ordinance, or
1968	administrative rule of a participating state; any privilege to
1969	obtain such license, permit, or other public document; or any
1970	statutory exemption from the requirement to obtain such license,
1971	permit, or other public document. However, when applied to a
1972	license, permit, or privilege issued or granted by the State of
1973	Florida, only a license or permit issued under s. 372.57, or a
1974	privilege granted under s. 372.562, shall be considered a
1975	license.
1976	(9) "Licensing authority" means the department or division
1977	within each participating state which is authorized by law to
1978	issue or approve licenses or permits to hunt, fish, trap, or
1979	possess wildlife.
1980	(10) "Participating state" means any state that enacts
1981	legislation to become a member of this wildlife compact.
1982	(11) "Personal recognizance" means an agreement by a
1983	person made at the time of issuance of the wildlife citation
1984	that such person will comply with the terms of the citation.
1985	(12) "State" means any state, territory, or possession of
1986	the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
1987	Puerto Rico, the Provinces of Canada, and other countries.
1988	(13) "Suspension" means any revocation, denial, or
1989	withdrawal of any or all license privileges, including the
1990	privilege to apply for, purchase, or exercise the benefits
1991	conferred by any license.
1992	(14) "Terms of the citation" means those conditions and
1993	options expressly stated upon the citation.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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2006 Legislature

1994	(15) "Wildlife" means all species of animals, including,
1995	but not limited to, mammals, birds, fish, reptiles, amphibians,
1996	mollusks, and crustaceans, which are defined as "wildlife" and
1997	are protected or otherwise regulated by statute, law,
1998	regulation, ordinance, or administrative rule in a participating
1999	state. Species included in the definition of "wildlife" vary
2000	from state to state and the determination of whether a species
2001	is "wildlife" for the purposes of this compact shall be based on
2002	local law.
2003	(16) "Wildlife law" means any statute, law, regulation,
2004	ordinance, or administrative rule developed and enacted for the
2005	management of wildlife resources and the uses thereof.
2006	(17) "Wildlife officer" means any individual authorized by
2007	a participating state to issue a citation for a wildlife
2008	violation.
2009	(18) "Wildlife violation" means any cited violation of a
2010	statute, law, regulation, ordinance, or administrative rule
2011	developed and enacted for the management of wildlife resources
2012	and the uses thereof.
2013	ARTICLE III
2014	Procedures for Issuing State
2015	
2016	(1) When issuing a citation for a wildlife violation, a
2017	wildlife officer shall issue a citation to any person whose
2018	primary residence is in a participating state in the same manner
2019	as though the person were a resident of the issuing state and
2020	shall not require such person to post collateral to secure
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2006 Legislature

2021	appearance, subject to the exceptions noted in subsection (2),
2022	if the officer receives the recognizance of such person that he
2023	will comply with the terms of the citation.
2024	(2) Personal recognizance is acceptable if not prohibited
2025	by local law; by policy, procedure, or regulation of the issuing
2026	agency; or by the compact manual and if the violator provides
2027	adequate proof of identification to the wildlife officer.
2028	(3) Upon conviction or failure of a person to comply with
2029	the terms of a wildlife citation, the appropriate official shall
2030	report the conviction or failure to comply to the licensing
2031	authority of the participating state in which the wildlife
2032	citation was issued. The report shall be made in accordance with
2033	procedures specified by the issuing state and must contain
2034	information as specified in the compact manual as minimum
2035	requirements for effective processing by the home state.
2036	(4) Upon receipt of the report of conviction or
2037	noncompliance pursuant to subsection (3), the licensing
2038	authority of the issuing state shall transmit to the licensing
2039	authority of the home state of the violator the information in
2040	the form and content prescribed in the compact manual.
2041	ARTICLE IV
2042	Procedure for Home State
2043	
2044	(1) Upon receipt of a report from the licensing authority
2045	of the issuing state reporting the failure of a violator to
2046	comply with the terms of a citation, the licensing authority of
2047	the home state shall notify the violator and shall initiate a
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2006 Legislature

2048	suspension action in accordance with the home state's suspension
2049	procedures and shall suspend the violator's license privileges
2050	until satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms of the
2051	wildlife citation has been furnished by the issuing state to the
2052	home state licensing authority. Due-process safeguards shall be
2053	accorded.
2054	(2) Upon receipt of a report of conviction from the
2055	licensing authority of the issuing state, the licensing
2056	authority of the home state shall enter such conviction in its
2057	records and shall treat such conviction as though it occurred in
2058	the home state for purposes of the suspension of license
2059	privileges.
2060	(3) The licensing authority of the home state shall
2061	maintain a record of actions taken and shall make reports to
2062	issuing states as provided in the compact manual.
2063	ARTICLE V
2064	Reciprocal Recognition of Suspension
2065	
2066	(1) Each participating state may recognize the suspension
2067	of license privileges of any person by any other participating
2068	state as though the violation resulting in the suspension had
2069	occurred in that state and would have been the basis for
2070	suspension of license privileges in that state.
2071	(2) Each participating state shall communicate suspension
2072	information to other participating states in the form and
2073	content contained in the compact manual.
2074	ARTICLE VI

2006 Legislature

2075	Applicability of Other Laws
2076	
2077	Except as expressly required by provisions of this compact, this
2078	compact does not affect the right of any participating state to
2079	apply any of its laws relating to license privileges to any
2080	person or circumstance or to invalidate or prevent any agreement
2081	or other cooperative arrangement between a participating state
2082	and a nonparticipating state concerning the enforcement of
2083	wildlife laws.
2084	ARTICLE VII
2085	Compact Administrator Procedures
2086	
2087	(1) For the purpose of administering the provisions of
2088	this compact and to serve as a governing body for the resolution
2089	of all matters relating to the operation of this compact, a
2090	board of compact administrators is established. The board shall
2091	be composed of one representative from each of the participating
2092	states to be known as the compact administrator. The compact
2093	administrator shall be appointed by the head of the licensing
2094	authority of each participating state and shall serve and be
2095	subject to removal in accordance with the laws of the state he
2096	or she represents. A compact administrator may provide for the
2097	discharge of his or her duties and the performance of his or her
2098	functions as a board member by an alternate. An alternate is not
2099	entitled to serve unless written notification of his or her
2100	identity has been given to the board.

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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	F	L	0	R		D	А	н	0	U	S	Е	0	F	R	Е	Р	R	Е	S	Е	Ν	Т	Α	Т		V	Е	S
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2006 Legislature

2128	Entry into Compact and Withdrawal
2129	
2130	(1) This compact shall become effective at such time as it
2131	is adopted in substantially similar form by two or more states.
2132	(2)(a) Entry into the compact shall be made by resolution
2133	of ratification executed by the authorized officials of the
2134	applying state and submitted to the chairman of the board.
2135	(b) The resolution shall substantially be in the form and
2136	content as provided in the compact manual and must include the
2137	following:
2138	1. A citation of the authority from which the state is
2139	empowered to become a party to this compact;
2140	2. An agreement of compliance with the terms and
2141	provisions of this compact; and
2142	3. An agreement that compact entry is with all states
2143	participating in the compact and with all additional states
2144	legally becoming a party to the compact.
2145	(c) The effective date of entry shall be specified by the
2146	applying state, but may not be less than 60 days after notice
2147	has been given by the chairman of the board of the compact
2148	administrators or by the secretariat of the board to each
2149	participating state that the resolution from the applying state
2150	has been received.
2151	(3) A participating state may withdraw from participation
2152	in this compact by official written notice to each participating
2153	state, but withdrawal shall not become effective until 90 days
2154	after the notice of withdrawal is given. The notice must be

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2006 Legislature

2155	directed to the compact administrator of each member state. The
2156	withdrawal of any state does not affect the validity of this
2157	compact as to the remaining participating states.
2158	ARTICLE IX
2159	Amendments to the Compact
2160	
2161	(1) This compact may be amended from time to time.
2162	Amendments shall be presented in resolution form to the chairman
2163	of the board of compact administrators and shall be initiated by
2164	one or more participating states.
2165	(2) Adoption of an amendment shall require endorsement by
2166	all participating states and shall become effective 30 days
2167	after the date of the last endorsement.
2168	ARTICLE X
2168 2169	<u>ARTICLE X</u> Construction and Severability
2169	
2169 2170	Construction and Severability
2169 2170 2171	<u>Construction and Severability</u> This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate
2169 2170 2171 2172	Construction and Severability This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact are
2169 2170 2171 2172 2173	Construction and Severability This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact are severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of
2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174	Construction and Severability This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact are severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of
2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175	Construction and Severability This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact are severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any participating state or of the United States, or if the
2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176	Construction and Severability <u>This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate</u> the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact are <u>severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of</u> this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of <u>any participating state or of the United States, or if the</u> <u>applicability thereof to any government, agency, individual, or</u>
2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177	<u>Construction and Severability</u> <u>This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate</u> <u>the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact are</u> <u>severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of</u> <u>this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of</u> <u>any participating state or of the United States, or if the</u> <u>applicability thereof to any government, agency, individual, or</u> <u>circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of</u>
2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177 2178	<u>Construction and Severability</u> <u>This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate</u> the purposes stated herein. The provisions of this compact are severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any participating state or of the United States, or if the applicability thereof to any government, agency, individual, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact shall not be affected thereby. If this compact is

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2006 Legislature

2181	remaining states and in full force and effect as to the
2182	participating state affected as to all severable matters.
2183	ARTICLE XI
2184	Title
2185	
2186	This compact shall be known as the "Wildlife Violator
2187	Compact."
2188	Section 34. Section 372.8311, Florida Statutes, is created
2189	to read:
2190	372.8311 Compact licensing and enforcement authority;
2191	administrative review
2192	(1) LICENSING AND ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITYFor purposes of
2193	this act and the interstate wildlife violator compact, the Fish
2194	and Wildlife Conservation Commission is the licensing authority
2195	for the State of Florida and shall enforce the interstate
2196	Wildlife Violators Compact and shall do all things within the
2197	commission's jurisdiction which are necessary to effectuate the
2198	purposes and the intent of the compact. The commission may
2199	execute a resolution of ratification to formalize the State of
2200	Florida's entry into the compact. Upon adoption of the Wildlife
2201	Violators Compact, the commission may adopt rules to administer
2202	the provisions of the compact.
2203	(2) ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW Any action committed or
2204	omitted by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission under
2205	or in the enforcement of the Wildlife Violator Compact created
2206	in s. 372.831 is subject to review under chapter 120.

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2207	Section 35. For purposes of incorporating the crossbow
2208	season permit established under s. 372.57, Florida Statutes, the
2209	hunter safety course exemption established under s. 372.5717,
2210	Florida Statutes, and the Wildlife Violator Compact established
2211	under s. 372.831, Florida Statutes, the Fish and Wildlife
2212	Conservation Commission shall update the automated licensing
2213	system authorized under s. 372.551, Florida Statutes, by no
2214	later than August 1, 2006.
2215	Section 36. Sections 372.711 and 372.912, Florida
2216	Statutes, are repealed.
2217	Section 37. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

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