A bill to be entitled

An act relating to emergency public shelters; amending s. 252.35, F.S.; providing that the shelter component of the state comprehensive emergency management plan must contain strategies to ensure specified availability of shelter space that is designated and equipped to accept evacuees with pets and provide for coordination with local school boards for the use of high school and middle school locker rooms as pet evacuation facilities; providing that staffing plans for such shelters must provide for local canine search and rescue teams; requiring the component to set forth policy quidance for sheltering people with pets; creating s. 252.3568, F.S.; requiring the Division of Emergency Management to prescribe rules governing the emergency sheltering of persons with pets; prescribing requirements for admittance to such a shelter; amending s. 252.51, F.S.; revising provisions relating to liability with respect to the designation or use of real estate or premises for use as a shelter during an actual, impending, mock, or practice emergency, to conform; providing an effective date.

2223

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2425

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 252.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

27

26

252.35 Emergency management powers; Division of Emergency Management.--

Page 1 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(2) The division is responsible for carrying out the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90. In performing its duties under ss. 252.31-252.90, the division shall:

- (a) Prepare a state comprehensive emergency management plan, which shall be integrated into and coordinated with the emergency management plans and programs of the Federal Government. The division must adopt the plan as a rule in accordance with chapter 120. The plan shall be implemented by a continuous, integrated comprehensive emergency management program. The plan must contain provisions to ensure that the state is prepared for emergencies and minor, major, and catastrophic disasters, and the division shall work closely with local governments and agencies and organizations with emergency management responsibilities in preparing and maintaining the plan. The state comprehensive emergency management plan shall be operations oriented and:
- 1. Include an evacuation component that includes specific regional and interregional planning provisions and promotes intergovernmental coordination of evacuation activities. This component must, at a minimum: contain guidelines for lifting tolls on state highways; ensure coordination pertaining to evacuees crossing county lines; set forth procedures for directing people caught on evacuation routes to safe shelter; establish strategies for ensuring sufficient, reasonably priced fueling locations along evacuation routes; and establish policies and strategies for emergency medical evacuations.
- 2. Include a shelter component that includes specific regional and interregional planning provisions and promotes

Page 2 of 7

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

coordination of shelter activities between the public, private, and nonprofit sectors. This component must, at a minimum: contain strategies to ensure the availability of adequate public shelter space in each region of the state, including at least one shelter space in each county that is designated and equipped to accept evacuees with pets; provide for coordination with local school boards for the use of high school and middle school locker rooms as pet evacuation facilities; establish strategies for refuge-of-last-resort programs; provide strategies to assist local emergency management efforts to ensure that adequate staffing plans exist for all shelters, including medical and security personnel and, for those shelters designated to accept evacuees with pets, local canine search and rescue teams; provide for a postdisaster communications system for public shelters; establish model shelter quidelines for operations, registration, inventory, power generation capability, information management, and staffing; and set forth policy quidance for sheltering people with special needs and people with pets.

3. Include a postdisaster response and recovery component that includes specific regional and interregional planning provisions and promotes intergovernmental coordination of postdisaster response and recovery activities. This component must provide for postdisaster response and recovery strategies according to whether a disaster is minor, major, or catastrophic. The postdisaster response and recovery component must, at a minimum: establish the structure of the state's postdisaster response and recovery organization; establish

procedures for activating the state's plan; set forth policies used to guide postdisaster response and recovery activities; describe the chain of command during the postdisaster response and recovery period; describe initial and continuous postdisaster response and recovery actions; identify the roles and responsibilities of each involved agency and organization; provide for a comprehensive communications plan; establish procedures for monitoring mutual aid agreements; provide for rapid impact assessment teams; ensure the availability of an effective statewide urban search and rescue program coordinated with the fire services; ensure the existence of a comprehensive statewide medical care and relief plan administered by the Department of Health; and establish systems for coordinating volunteers and accepting and distributing donated funds and goods.

- 4. Include additional provisions addressing aspects of preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation as determined necessary by the division.
- 5. Address the need for coordinated and expeditious deployment of state resources, including the Florida National Guard. In the case of an imminent major disaster, procedures should address predeployment of the Florida National Guard, and, in the case of an imminent catastrophic disaster, procedures should address predeployment of the Florida National Guard and the United States Armed Forces.
- 6. Establish a system of communications and warning to ensure that the state's population and emergency management

agencies are warned of developing emergency situations and can communicate emergency response decisions.

- 7. Establish guidelines and schedules for annual exercises that evaluate the ability of the state and its political subdivisions to respond to minor, major, and catastrophic disasters and support local emergency management agencies. Such exercises shall be coordinated with local governments and, to the extent possible, the Federal Government.
- 8. Assign lead and support responsibilities to state agencies and personnel for emergency support functions and other support activities.

The complete state comprehensive emergency management plan shall be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor on February 1 of every even-numbered year.

- Section 2. Section 252.3568, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 252.3568 Emergency sheltering of persons with pets; registration; requirements for admittance.--
- (1) GENERAL PROVISIONS.--In accordance with the provisions of s. 252.35, the division shall provide within the shelter component of the state comprehensive emergency management plan for at least one shelter space in each county to be designated and equipped to accept evacuees with pets. The division shall prescribe rules that:
- (a) Restrict the types of pets that may be accepted at such shelters to cats and dogs.

Page 5 of 7

140	(b) Provide for postevacuation cleaning, disinfecting, and
141	maintenance of the shelter by the local emergency management
142	agency.
143	(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMITTANCEUpon arrival at an
144	emergency evacuation shelter that accepts pets, the owner of the
145	pet must present the following:
146	(a) Proof of address verifying that the owner resides
147	within the evacuation area.
148	(b) The pet's identification tag.
149	(c) The pet's rabies vaccination tag, which should be
150	attached to the pet.
151	(d) A current photograph of the pet.
152	(e) A sturdy leash or harness.
153	(f) Water and food bowls.
154	(g) A pet carrier, cage, or other container that is
155	clearly, legibly, and permanently marked with the name of the
156	owner and the name of the pet.
157	(h) Adequate food for 7 days.
158	(i) A 7-day supply of potable water.
159	(j) Any medications the pet might require.
160	(k) Any of the pet's medical records, which must be stored
161	in a waterproof container.
162	(1) A pet first-aid kit.
163	(m) Pet beds and toys, if easily transportable.
164	Section 3. Section 252.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to
165	read:
166	252.51 LiabilityAny person or organization, public or
167	private, owning or controlling real estate or other premises who

Page 6 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

180

181

182

183

184

185

186

187

188

189

voluntarily and without compensation, other than payment or reimbursement of costs and expenses, grants a license or privilege or otherwise permits the designation by the local emergency management agency or use of the whole or any part of such real estate or premises for the purpose of sheltering persons or animals during an actual, impending, mock, or practice emergency, together with her or his successor in interest, if any, shall not be liable for the death of, or injury to, any person or animal on or about such real estate or premises during the actual, impending, mock, or practice emergency, or for loss of, or damage to, the property of such person, solely by reason or as a result of such license, privilege, designation, or use, unless the gross negligence or the willful and wanton misconduct of such person owning or controlling such real estate or premises or her or his successor in interest is the proximate cause of such death, injury, loss, or damage occurring during such sheltering period. Any such person or organization who provides such shelter space for compensation shall be deemed to be an instrumentality of the state or its applicable agency or subdivision for the purposes of s. 768.28.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.