By the Committees on Judiciary; Community Affairs; and Senators Haridopolos, Crist and King

590-1901-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to outdoor advertising;
3	amending s. 479.106, F.S.; revising provisions
4	relating to the proximity of vegetation and
5	beautification projects to outdoor advertising
6	signs; specifying distances that constitute a
7	view zone on interstates, expressways,
8	federal-aid primary highways, and the State
9	Highway System for outdoor advertising signs;
10	authorizing the Department of Transportation
11	and owners of outdoor advertising signs to
12	enter into agreements identifying view zone
13	locations; providing for notice and a period
14	for curing violations; providing for a sign
15	owner to file a claim for compensation in
16	circuit court; providing an exemption from
17	certain Department of Transportation permit
18	requirements; providing immunity from legal
19	liability for entities that provide design
20	services; providing for applicability; amending
21	s. 479.25, F.S.; allowing permitted,
22	conforming, lawfully erected outdoor
23	advertising signs to be increased in height if
24	visibility is blocked due to construction of
25	specified noise-attenuation barriers; requiring
26	that sign reconstruction meet the requirements
27	of the Florida Building Code; requiring the
28	Department of Transportation to notify a
29	governmental entity before erecting a
30	noise-attenuation barrier if its construction
31	will screen a lawfully permitted sign;

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requiring a governmental entity to notify the department if increasing the height of a sign will violate an ordinance or land development regulation of the governmental entity; requiring the department to conduct a survey and to conduct a public hearing; providing procedures and notice; prohibiting department to erect a noise-attenuation barrier to the extent that the barrier screens or blocks visibility of the sign until after the public hearing and survey are completed; requiring the governmental entity to issue a variance for the reconstruction of a sign, allow the relocation of a sign to an alternative location, or refuse to issue the required permits for reconstruction and pay fair market value of the sign and its associated interest in the real property to the owner of the sign; providing for applicability; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 479.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 479.106 Vegetation management.--(6) Beautification projects, trees, or other vegetation shall not be planted or located in the view zone of an area which will screen from view legally erected and permitted outdoor advertising signs that which have been

permitted prior to the date of the beautification project or

other planting, where such planting will, at the time of

planting or after future growth, screen such sign from view. View zones are established along the public rights-of-way of 2 interstates, expressways, federal-aid primary highways, and 3 4 the State Highway System in the state, excluding privately or other publicly owned property, as follows: a view zone of 350 5 6 linear feet for posted speed limits of 35 m.p.h. or less; and 7 a view zone of 500 linear feet for posted speed limits of over 8 35 m.p.h. The established view zone shall be within the first 1,000 feet measured along the edge of the pavement in the 9 10 direction of approaching traffic from a point on the edge of the pavement perpendicular to the edge of the sign facing 11 12 nearest the highway and shall be continuous unless interrupted 13 by existing naturally occurring vegetation. The department and the sign owner may enter into an agreement identifying the 14 specific location of the view zone for each sign facing. In 15 the absence of such agreement, the established view zone shall 16 be measured from the sign along the edge of the pavement in 18 the direction of approaching traffic as provided in this section. If a sign owner alleges a governmental entity or 19 other party has violated this subsection, the sign owner must 2.0 21 give the governmental entity or other party allegedly 2.2 violating this subsection written notice of the alleged 23 violation. If the alleged violation is not cured by the governmental entity or other party within 90 days after 2.4 receiving the written notice, the sign owner may file a claim 2.5 in the circuit court in the county where the sign is located. 2.6 27 A copy of the complaint must be served contemporaneously upon 2.8 the governmental entity or other party. If the circuit court finds that the governmental entity or other party has violated 29 this subsection, the court shall award a claim for 30 compensation equal to the lesser of the revenue from the sign 31

lost during the time of screening or the fair market value of 2 the sign. The governmental entity or other party shall pay the award of compensation subject to available appeal. Any 3 modifications or removal of material within a beautification 4 project or other planting by the governmental entity or other 5 party to cure an alleged violation does not require the issuance of a permit from the Department of Transportation if not less than 48 hours' notice of the modification or removal 8 of the material is provided to the department. A natural 9 10 person, private corporation, or private partnership licensed under part II of chapter 481 which provides design services 11 12 for beautification or other projects is not subject to a claim 13 for compensation under this subsection if the initial project design meets the requirements of this subsection. This 14 subsection does not apply to any existing written agreement 15 executed between a local government and the owner of an 16 17 outdoor advertising sign before July 1, 2006. 18 Section 2. Section 479.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 2.0 479.25 Application of chapter.--21 (1) The owner of a lawfully erected sign that is 2.2 governed by and conforms to state and federal requirements for 23 land use, size, height, and spacing may increase the height above ground level of such sign This chapter does not prevent 2.4 2.5 a governmental entity from entering into an agreement allowing 26 the height above ground level of a lawfully erected sign to be 27 increased at its permitted location if a noise-attenuation 2.8 barrier, visibility screen, or other highway improvement is 29 permitted by or erected by any governmental entity in such a way as to screen or block visibility of the sign. However, if 30 a nonconforming sign is located on the federal aid primary

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highway system, as such system existed on June 1, 1991, or on 2 any highway that was not a part of such system as of that date but that is or becomes after June 1, 1991, a part of the 3 4 National Highway System, the agreement must be approved by the 5 Federal Highway Administration. Any increase in height 6 permitted under this section may only be the increase in height which is required to achieve the same degree of 8 visibility from the right-of-way which the sign had prior to the construction of the noise-attenuation barrier, 9 10 notwithstanding the restrictions contained in s. 479.07(9)(b). A sign reconstructed under this section shall comply with the 11 12 building standards and wind load requirements set forth in the 13 Florida Building Code. (2) If construction of a proposed noise-attenuation 14 barrier will screen a sign lawfully permitted under this 15 chapter, the department must give notice to the governmental 16 17 entity within which the sign is located before erecting the noise-attenuation barrier. If the governmental entity finds 18 that an increase in the height of a sign as permitted under 19 2.0 this section will violate an ordinance or land development 21 regulation of the governmental entity, the governmental entity must so notify the department. If the department receives 2.2 23 notice of a possible violation of an ordinance or land development regulation from the governmental entity before the 2.4 noise-attenuation barrier is erected, the department shall: 2.5 (a) Conduct a written survey of all property owners 26 2.7 identified as impacted by the highway noise and who may 2.8 benefit from the proposed noise-attenuation barrier. The survey must specifically advise the impacted property owners 29 30 <u>that:</u>

1	1. Erecting the noise-attenuation barrier may block
2	the visibility of an existing outdoor advertising sign;
3	2. By increasing the height of the existing outdoor
4	advertising sign in order to make it visible over the barrier,
5	the increased height will violate an ordinance or land
6	development regulation of the governmental entity; and
7	3. If a majority of the impacted property owners vote
8	for construction of the noise-attenuation barrier, the
9	governmental entity must allow an increase in the height of
10	the sign in violation of an ordinance or land development
11	regulation, allow the sign to be relocated or reconstructed at
12	another location if the sign owner agrees, or pay the fair
13	market value of the sign and its associated interest in the
14	real property.
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16	The written survey must inform the property owners of the
17	location, date, and time of the public hearing set forth in
18	paragraph (b).
19	(b) Hold a public hearing within the boundaries of the
20	affected governmental entity to receive comments on the
21	proposed noise-attenuation barrier, the conflict with the
22	local ordinance or land development regulation, and any
23	suggested alternatives or modifications to the proposed
24	noise-attenuation barrier that would alleviate or minimize the
25	conflict with the local ordinance or land development
26	regulation or minimize any costs which may be associated with
27	relocating, reconstructing, or paying for the affected sign.
28	The public hearing may be held concurrent with other public
29	hearings scheduled for the project. The department shall
30	provide written notification to the governmental entity of the
31	date and time of the public hearing and shall provide general

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notice of the public hearing in accordance with the notice 2 provisions of s. 335.02(1). Notice may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified 3 4 advertisements appear. The notice shall specifically state 5 that: 6 1. Erecting the proposed noise-attenuation barrier may block the visibility of an existing outdoor advertising sign; 8 2. By increasing the height of the existing outdoor advertising sign in order to make it visible over the barrier, 9 10 the increased height will violate an ordinance or land development regulation of the governmental entity; and 11 12 If a majority of the impacted property owners vote 13 for construction of the noise-attenuation barrier, the governmental entity must allow an increase in the height of 14 the sign in violation of a local ordinance or land development 15 regulation, allow the sign to be relocated or reconstructed at 16 another location if the sign owner agrees, or pay the fair 18 market value of the sign and its associated interest in the real property. 19 2.0 (3) The department may not erect a noise-attenuation 21 barrier to the extent the barrier screens or blocks visibility 2.2 of the sign until after the public hearing is held and until 23 such time as the survey has been conducted and a majority of the impacted property owners have indicated approval to erect 2.4 the noise-attenuation barrier. If the impacted property owners 2.5 approve constructing a noise-attenuation barrier the 26 2.7 department shall notify the governmental entity. 2.8 Notwithstanding any conflicting ordinance or land development regulation, the governmental entity shall issue a permit by 29 variance or otherwise for the reconstruction of a sign under 30

of another sign, at an alternative location which is permittable under the provisions of this chapter if the sign owner agrees to relocate the sign or construct another sign, or refuse to issue the required permits for reconstruction of a sign under this section and pay fair market value of the sign and its associated interest in the real property to the owner of the sign. (4) This section does not apply to any existing written agreement executed before July 1, 2006 between any governmental entity and the owner of an outdoor advertising sign visibility screen, or other highway improvement. Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 2.4 

1		STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR		
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The committee substitute makes the following changes to underlying committee substitute:				
5		Adds publicly owned property to language creating		
6		exclusions from view zones established along public rights-of-way;		
7 8		Clarifies procedures associated with notice and claims for compensation for obstruction of view zones;		
9 10		Provides exception to applicability of the revisions contained in the bill for existing written settlement agreements;		
11	t T	Revises language relating to noise-attenuation barriers		
12		to reflect current practices of the Department of Transportation to protect federal funding of roadway		
13		projects; and		
14		Makes conforming changes throughout the bill. committee substitute:		
15		Adds publicly owned property to language creating exclusions from view zones established along public		
16		rights-of-way;		
17 18		Clarifies procedures associated with notice and claims for compensation for obstruction of view zones;		
19		Provides exception to applicability of the revisions contained in the bill for existing written settlement		
20		agreements;		
21		Revises language relating to noise-attenuation barriers to reflect current practices of the Department of Transportation to protect federal funding of roadway		
22		projects; and		
23		Makes conforming changes throughout the bill.		
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