HB 61 2006

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to postsentencing DNA testing; amending s. 925.11, F.S.; deleting time limits for filing petitions for postsentencing DNA testing when facts on which the petition is predicated were unknown and could not have been ascertained by the exercise of due diligence; revising provisions relating to time periods for preservation of physical evidence; providing for retroactive application; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (4) of section 925.11, Florida Statutes, are reenacted and amended to read:

925.11 Postsentencing DNA testing. --

 (1) Petition for examination.--

 (b) Except as provided in subparagraph 2., A petition for postsentencing DNA testing may be filed or considered÷

1. Within 4 years following the date that the judgment and

sentence in the case becomes final if no direct appeal is taken, within 4 years following the date that the conviction is affirmed on direct appeal if an appeal is taken, within 4 years following the date that collateral counsel is appointed or retained subsequent to the conviction being affirmed on direct

appeal in a capital case, or by October 1, 2005, whichever

27 occurs later; or

Page 1 of 3

HB 61 2006

2. at any time if the facts on which the petition is predicated were unknown to the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney and could not have been ascertained by the exercise of due diligence.

(4) Preservation of evidence. --

- (a) Governmental entities that may be in possession of any physical evidence in the case, including, but not limited to, any investigating law enforcement agency, the clerk of the court, the prosecuting authority, or the Department of Law Enforcement shall maintain any physical evidence collected at the time of the crime for which a postsentencing testing of DNA may be requested.
- (b) Except for a case in which the death penalty is imposed, the evidence shall be maintained for at least until the defendant's sentence has been completed, except as provided in paragraph (c) the period of time set forth in subparagraph (1)(b)1. In a case in which the death penalty is imposed, the evidence shall be maintained for 60 days after execution of the sentence.
- (c) A governmental entity may dispose of the physical evidence before the expiration of the period of time set forth in paragraph (1)(b) if all of the conditions set forth below are met:
- 1. The governmental entity notifies all of the following individuals of its intent to dispose of the evidence: the sentenced defendant, any counsel of record, the prosecuting authority, and the Attorney General.

HB 61 2006

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2. The notifying entity does not receive, within 90 days after sending the notification, either a copy of a petition for postsentencing DNA testing filed pursuant to this section or a request that the evidence not be destroyed because the sentenced defendant will be filing the petition before the <u>defendant has completed his or her sentence</u> time for filing it has expired.

- 3. No other provision of law or rule requires that the physical evidence be preserved or retained.
- Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law and shall apply retroactively to September 30, 2005.