A bill to be entitled

An act relating to public K-12 educational instruction; creating s. 1003.465, F.S.; providing parental right to know with respect to abstinence-only instruction; defining the term "medically accurate"; requiring certain school principals to mail a notice to parents regarding the provision of abstinence-only instruction and the right to review the abstinence-only curriculum; authorizing excuse from such instruction under certain conditions; providing a process for parental comment on the curriculum; providing for the filing of complaints and appeals; providing for investigation and corrective action; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 1003.465, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.465 Abstinence-only instruction; parental right to know.--

accurate" means information supported by the weight of research conducted in compliance with accepted scientific methods and recognized as accurate and objective by leading professional organizations and agencies with relevant expertise in the field.

For the purposes of this section, the term "medically

(2) The principal of any school that receives funding for abstinence-only instruction or a school principal who elects to provide abstinence-only instruction to students in grades 6

Page 1 of 4

through 12 shall, at the beginning of each school year or at the time of enrollment for a student who enrolls in a school after the beginning of the school year, mail a notice to the parents of affected students stating the following:

- (a) Your child is receiving abstinence-only instruction.
- (b) Abstinence-only instruction does not teach students how to prevent pregnancy or sexually transmitted infections other than by remaining abstinent.
 - (c) Your child is not receiving the following information:
- 1. Methods, other than abstinence, for preventing pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including, but not limited to, HIV/AIDS.
- 2. Medically accurate instruction on the risks and benefits, including safety and efficacy, of Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved methods for:
- a. Reducing the risk of contracting sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS.
 - b. Preventing pregnancy.

- 3. Medically accurate instruction on the correct use of FDA approved methods for:
- a. Reducing the risk of contracting sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS.
 - b. Preventing pregnancy.
- 4. Instruction that provides sexually active students with the necessary skills for making and implementing responsible decisions about relationships and sexuality, including the use of all effective methods to prevent pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS.

Page 2 of 4

(d) Parents have the right to review the abstinence-only curriculum in its entirety, and written and audio/visual educational materials used in abstinence-only instruction shall be reasonably accessible for inspection.

- (e) Parents have the right to excuse their child from all or parts of abstinence-only instruction.
- (f) Parents have the right to be involved in their child's education.
- (3) Any student whose parent makes written request to the school principal shall be excused from all or parts of abstinence-only instruction. A student so excused may not be subject to disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction for such excusal.
- (4) The school shall inform parents of affected students of the opportunity for commenting through the district school board or through an alternative procedure on the abstinence-only curriculum either by including information about this process in the notification under subsection (2) or in a separate notice to be mailed at the beginning of each school year or at the time of enrollment for a student who enrolls in a school after the beginning of the school year.
- (5) (a) Any parent who believes that he or she failed to receive the notice required under subsection (2) may file a complaint with the district school superintendent. Within 30 days after receiving a complaint, the superintendent shall take any warranted corrective action and notify the complainant and the principal of the corrective action taken.

(b) Upon receipt of notice from the superintendent required under paragraph (a) or at least 30 days after filing a complaint with the superintendent, the parent may appeal to the district school board regarding the insufficiency of corrective action. Within 30 days after receiving the complaint, the district school board shall take any warranted corrective action and notify the complainant and the superintendent of the corrective action taken.

- (c) Upon receipt of notice from the district school board required under paragraph (b) or at least 30 days after filing a complaint with the district school board, the parent may appeal to the Commissioner of Education regarding the insufficiency of corrective action. The commissioner shall investigate the complaint and make a finding regarding compliance with the provisions of this section. If the commissioner makes a finding of substantial noncompliance, he or she shall take corrective action, including prohibiting the school district from accepting state and federal funding for abstinence-only instruction for a period of at least one calendar year.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.