1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to mediation; amending s. 44.1011, F.S.; revising, creating, and deleting definitions; creating s. 3 44.1015, F.S.; providing standards for conduct of 4 mediation; providing for the role of the mediator and 5 6 counsel in specified mediations; amending s. 44.102, F.S.; requiring referral of certain cases to mediation; 7 prohibiting certain cases from being referred to 8 9 mediation; requiring the Supreme Court to maintain a list of certified mediators; amending s. 44.108, F.S.; 10 exempting certain parties from mediation fees in certain 11 12 cases; amending s. 61.183, F.S.; requiring mediation in 13 certain family law cases; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 44.1011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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44.1011 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter:

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person called a mediator acts to encourage and facilitate the resolution of a dispute between two or more parties. It is an informal and nonadversarial process in which decisionmaking

"Mediation" means a process whereby a neutral third

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authority rests with the parties with the objective of helping the disputing parties reach a mutually acceptable and voluntary

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agreement. In mediation, decisionmaking authority rests with the

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parties. The role of the mediator includes, but is not limited

Page 1 of 9

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

to, assisting the parties in identifying issues, fostering joint problem solving, and exploring settlement alternatives.

"Mediation" includes:

- (a) "Appellate court mediation," which means mediation that occurs during the pendency of an appeal of a civil case.
- (b) "Circuit court mediation," which means mediation of civil cases, other than <u>unified</u> family <u>court</u> matters, in circuit court. If a party is represented by counsel, the counsel of record must appear unless stipulated to by the parties or otherwise ordered by the court.
- (c) "County court mediation," which means mediation of civil cases within the jurisdiction of county courts, including small claims. Negotiations in county court mediation are primarily conducted by the parties. Counsel for each party may participate. However, presence of counsel is not required.
- (d) "Unified family court mediation," which means mediation of any of the following circuit matters or any combination thereof:
  - 1. Dissolution of marriage.
- 2. Division and distribution of property arising out of a dissolution of marriage.
  - 3. Annulment.
  - 4. Support unconnected with dissolution of marriage.
  - 5. Paternity.

- 6. Child support.
- 7. The Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act and the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.

Page 2 of 9

- 8. Custodial care of and access to children.
- 9. Adoption.

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- 10. Name changes.
- 58 11. Declaratory judgment actions related to premarital,
  59 marital, or postmarital agreements.
  - 12. Civil domestic, repeat, sexual, or dating violence injunctions.
    - 13. Child dependency.
    - 14. Termination of parental rights.
    - 15. Juvenile delinquency.
    - 16. Emancipation of a minor.
    - 17. Children in need of services.
    - 18. Families in need of services.
    - 19. Truancy.
      - 20. Alimony.
  - 21. Modification and enforcement of orders entered in matters listed in this paragraph.
  - (d) "Family mediation" which means mediation of family matters, including married and unmarried persons, before and after judgments involving dissolution of marriage; property division; shared or sole parental responsibility; or child support, custody, and visitation involving emotional or financial considerations not usually present in other circuit civil cases. Negotiations in family mediation are primarily conducted by the parties. Counsel for each party may attend the mediation conference and privately communicate with their clients. However, presence of counsel is not required, and, in

the discretion of the mediator, and with the agreement of the parties, mediation may proceed in the absence of counsel unless otherwise ordered by the court.

- (e) "Dependency or in need of services mediation," which means mediation of dependency, child in need of services, or family in need of services matters. Negotiations in dependency or in need of services mediation are primarily conducted by the parties. Counsel for each party may attend the mediation conference and privately communicate with their clients. However, presence of counsel is not required and, in the discretion of the mediator and with the agreement of the parties, mediation may proceed in the absence of counsel unless otherwise ordered by the court.
- Section 2. Section 44.1015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
  - 44.1015 Conduct of mediation. --

- (1) The role of the mediator includes, but is not limited to, assisting the parties in identifying issues, fostering joint problem solving, and exploring settlement alternatives.
  - (2) Legal counsel may be involved in mediation as follows:
- (a) In circuit court mediation, if a party is represented by counsel, the counsel of record must appear unless stipulated to by the parties or otherwise ordered by the court.
- (b) In unified family court mediation, negotiations are primarily conducted by the parties. Counsel for each party may attend the mediation conference and privately communicate with his or her clients. However, in the discretion of the mediator,

and with the agreement of the parties, mediation may proceed in the absence of counsel unless otherwise ordered by the court.

- (c) In county court mediation, negotiations are primarily conducted by the parties. If a party is represented by counsel, the counsel of record must appear unless stipulated to by the parties or otherwise ordered by the court. However, presence of counsel is not required in mediation where the action comes under the Florida Small Claims Rules.
- Section 3. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 44.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 44.102 Court-ordered mediation.--

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- (2) A court, under rules adopted by the Supreme Court:
- (a) <u>Shall</u> <u>Must</u>, upon request of one party, refer to mediation any filed civil action for monetary damages, provided the requesting party is willing and able to pay the costs of the mediation or the costs can be equitably divided between the parties, unless:
- 1. The action is a landlord and tenant dispute that does not include a claim for personal injury.
- 2. The action is filed for the purpose of collecting a debt.
  - 3. The action is a claim of medical malpractice.
- 4. The action is governed by the Florida Small Claims Rules.
- 5. The court determines that the action is proper for referral to nonbinding arbitration under this chapter.
  - 6. The parties have agreed to binding arbitration.

Page 5 of 9

7. The parties have agreed to an expedited trial pursuant to s. 45.075.

- 8. The parties have agreed to voluntary trial resolution pursuant to s. 44.104.
- (b) Shall, in circuits in which a mediation program has been established, refer to mediation all or part of disputed custody, visitation, or other parental responsibility issues.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$  (b) May refer to mediation all or  $\underline{\text{any}}$  part of  $\underline{\text{any a}}$  filed  $\underline{\text{case}}$  civil action for which mediation is not required under this section.
- (d) Shall not refer to mediation, regardless of any other law requiring mediation:
- 1. Any case regarding issuance of domestic, repeat,
  dating, or sexual violence injunctions, except to the extent
  authorized by rules adopted by the Supreme Court; or
- 2. Any case in which the court finds, upon motion or request of a party, there has been a history of violence, including, but not limited to, domestic violence, that would compromise the mediation process or endanger any person's safety.
- (c) In circuits in which a family mediation program has been established and upon a court finding of a dispute, shall refer to mediation all or part of custody, visitation, or other parental responsibility issues as defined in s. 61.13. Upon motion or request of a party, a court shall not refer any case to mediation if it finds there has been a history of domestic violence that would compromise the mediation process.

(d) In circuits in which a dependency or in need of services mediation program has been established, may refer to mediation all or any portion of a matter relating to dependency or to a child in need of services or a family in need of services.

- (4) The <u>Supreme Court</u> <u>chief judge of each judicial circuit</u> shall maintain a list of <u>certified</u> mediators <del>who have been</del> <del>certified by the Supreme Court and who have registered for appointment in that circuit</del>.
- (a) Whenever possible, qualified individuals who have volunteered their time to serve as mediators shall be appointed. If a mediation program is funded pursuant to s. 44.108, volunteer mediators shall be entitled to reimbursement pursuant to s. 112.061 for all actual expenses necessitated by service as a mediator.
- (b) Nonvolunteer mediators shall be compensated according to rules adopted by the Supreme Court. If a mediation program is funded pursuant to s. 44.108, a mediator may be compensated by the state, the county, or by the parties.
- Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 44.108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 44.108 Funding of mediation and arbitration. --
- (2) When court-ordered mediation services are provided by a circuit court's mediation program, the following fees, unless otherwise established in the General Appropriations Act, shall be collected by the clerk of court:

(a) Eighty dollars per <u>party person</u> per scheduled session in <u>unified</u> family <u>court</u> mediation when the parties' combined income is greater than \$50,000, but less than \$100,000 per year;

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- (b) Forty dollars per <u>party person</u> per scheduled session in <u>unified</u> family <u>court</u> mediation when the parties' combined income is less than \$50,000; or
- (c) Forty dollars per <u>party</u> <u>person</u> per scheduled session in county court cases.

No mediation fees shall be assessed under this subsection in residential eviction cases, against a party found to be indigent, or for any small claims action. For a party found to be indigent, no mediation fees shall be assessed under this subsection in unified family court cases that are limited to one or more of the following issues: child dependency, children in need of services, families in need of services, juvenile delinquency, or issues arising out of judicial findings in relation to injunctions for protection against domestic violence. Fees collected by the clerk of court pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the state courts' Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund to fund court-ordered mediation. The clerk of court may deduct \$1 per fee assessment for processing this fee. The clerk of the court shall submit to the chief judge of the circuit, no later than 30 days after the end of each quarter, a report specifying the amount of funds collected under this section

during each quarter of the fiscal year.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 61.183, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 61.183 Mediation of certain contested issues.--
- (1) In any proceeding in which the issues of parental responsibility, primary residence, visitation, or support of a child are contested, the court shall make referrals may refer the parties to mediation in accordance with s. 44.102 rules promulgated by the Supreme Court. In Title IV-D cases, any costs, including filing fees, recording fees, mediation costs, service of process fees, and other expenses incurred by the clerk of the circuit court, shall be assessed only against the nonprevailing obligor after the court makes a determination of the nonprevailing obligor's ability to pay such costs and fees.
  - Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.