Florida Senate - 2006

By Senator Atwater

| | 25-689A-06 See CS/HB 209 |
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| 1 | A bill to be entitled |
| 2 | An act relating to the annual intangible |
| 3 | personal property tax; repealing ss. 199.012, |
| 4 | 199.023, 199.032, 199.033, 199.042, 199.052, |
| 5 | 199.057, 199.062, 199.103, 199.1055, 199.106, |
| 6 | 199.175, and 199.185, F.S., relating to the |
| 7 | annual intangible personal property tax; |
| 8 | amending s. 199.303, F.S.; providing additional |
| 9 | legislative intent relating to the annual |
| 10 | intangible personal property tax; amending ss. |
| 11 | 28.35, 192.0105, 192.032, 192.042, 192.091, |
| 12 | 193.114, 196.015, 196.199, 199.133, 199.183, |
| 13 | 199.218, 199.232, 199.282, 199.292, 212.02, |
| 14 | 213.053, 213.054, 213.27, 220.1845, 376.30781, |
| 15 | 493.6102, 650.05, 655.071, and 733.702, F.S., |
| 16 | to conform provisions to the repeal of the |
| 17 | annual intangible personal property tax; |
| 18 | providing for application of certain |
| 19 | collection, administration, and enforcement |
| 20 | provisions to taxation of certain leaseholds; |
| 21 | authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt |
| 22 | emergency implementing rules for a certain |
| 23 | time; providing effective dates. |
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| 25 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: |
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| 27 | Section 1. <u>Sections 199.012, 199.023, 199.032,</u> |
| 28 | <u>199.033, 199.042, 199.052, 199.057, 199.062, 199.103,</u> |
| 29 | <u>199.1055, 199.106, 199.175, and 199.185, Florida Statutes, are</u> |
| 30 | repealed. |
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1 Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 2 28.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 28.35 Florida Clerks of Court Operations 4 Corporation.--5 (1)б (c) For the purposes of s. 199.183(1), The corporation 7 shall be considered a political subdivision of the state and 8 shall be exempt from the corporate income tax. The corporation is not subject to the procurement provisions of chapter 287 9 and policies and decisions of the corporation relating to 10 incurring debt, levying assessments, and the sale, issuance, 11 12 continuation, terms, and claims under corporation policies, 13 and all services relating thereto, are not subject to the provisions of chapter 120. 14 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 15 192.0105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 192.0105 Taxpayer rights.--There is created a Florida Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments 18 to guarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the 19 taxpayers of this state are adequately safeguarded and 20 21 protected during tax levy, assessment, collection, and 22 enforcement processes administered under the revenue laws of 23 this state. The Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but comprehensive statements that summarize 2.4 the rights and obligations of the property appraisers, tax 25 collectors, clerks of the court, local governing boards, the 26 Department of Revenue, and taxpayers. Additional rights 27 2.8 afforded to payors of taxes and assessments imposed under the revenue laws of this state are provided in s. 213.015. The 29 rights afforded taxpayers to assure that their privacy and 30 property are safeguarded and protected during tax levy, 31

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1 assessment, and collection are available only insofar as they 2 are implemented in other parts of the Florida Statutes or rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so guaranteed 3 to state taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the 4 departmental rules include: 5 6 (4) THE RIGHT TO CONFIDENTIALITY.--7 (a) The right to have information kept confidential, 8 including federal tax information, ad valorem tax returns, social security numbers, all financial records produced by the 9 taxpayer, Form DR-219 returns for documentary stamp tax 10 information, and sworn statements of gross income, copies of 11 12 federal income tax returns for the prior year, wage and 13 earnings statements (W-2 forms), and other documents (see ss. 192.105, 193.074, 193.114(5)(6), 195.027(3) and (6), and 14 196.101(4)(c)). 15 Section 4. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section 16 17 192.032, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 18 192.032 Situs of property for assessment purposes. -- All property shall be assessed according to its 19 situs as follows: 20 21 (5) Intangible personal property, according to the 22 rules laid down in chapter 199. 23 (5)(6)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), personal property used as a marine cargo container in the 2.4 conduct of foreign or interstate commerce shall not be deemed 25 26 to have acquired a taxable situs within a county when the 27 property is temporarily halted or stored within the state for 2.8 a period not exceeding 180 days. 29 (b) "Marine cargo container" means a nondisposable receptacle which is of a permanent character, strong enough to 30 be suitable for repeated use; which is specifically designed 31 3

1 to facilitate the carriage of goods by one or more modes of 2 transport, one of which shall be by ocean vessel, without intermediate reloading; and which is fitted with devices 3 permitting its ready handling, particularly in the transfer 4 from one transport mode to another. The term "marine cargo 5 6 container" includes a container when carried on a chassis but 7 does not include a vehicle or packaging. 8 (6) (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, tangible personal property used in traveling shows 9 such as carnivals, ice shows, or circuses shall be deemed to 10 be physically present or habitually located or typically 11 12 present only to the extent the value of such property is 13 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days such property is present in Florida during the taxable 14 year and the denominator of which is the number of days in the 15 taxable year. However, railroad property of such traveling 16 17 shows shall be taxable under s. 193.085(4)(b) and not under 18 this section. Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 192.042, Florida 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 192.042 Date of assessment.--All property shall be 22 assessed according to its just value as follows: 23 (3) Intangible personal property, according to the rules laid down in chapter 199. 2.4 Section 6. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 192.091, 25 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 26 27 192.091 Commissions of property appraisers and tax 2.8 collectors.--29 (5) **Provided**, that The provisions of this section shall not apply to commissions on intangible property taxes or 30 drainage district or drainage subdistrict taxes .; and 31

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1 (6) If Provided, further, that where any property 2 appraiser or tax collector in the state is receiving compensation for expenses in conducting his or her office or 3 by way of salary pursuant to any act of the Legislature other 4 than the general law fixing compensation of property 5 б appraisers, such property appraiser or tax collector may file 7 a declaration in writing with the board of county 8 commissioners of his or her county electing to come under the provisions of this section, and thereupon such property 9 appraiser or tax collector shall be paid compensation in 10 accordance with the provisions hereof, and shall not be 11 12 entitled to the benefit of the said special or local act. If 13 such property appraiser or tax collector does not so elect, he or she shall continue to be paid such compensation as may now 14 be provided by law for such property appraiser or tax 15 16 collector. 17 Section 7. Subsections (4), (5), and (6) of section 18 193.114, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 193.114 Preparation of assessment rolls.--19 20 (4) The department shall promulgate regulations and 21 forms for the preparation of the intangible personal property 22 roll to comply with chapter 199. 23 (4) (5) For every change made to the assessed or taxable value of a parcel on an assessment roll subsequent to 2.4 the mailing of the notice provided for in s. 200.069, the 25 26 property appraiser shall document the reason for such change 27 in the public records of the office of the property appraiser 2.8 in a manner acceptable to the executive director or the executive director's designee. For every change that decreases 29 the assessed or taxable value of a parcel on an assessment 30 roll between the time of complete submission of the tax roll 31

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pursuant to s. 193.1142(3) and mailing of the notice provided 1 for in s. 200.069, the property appraiser shall document the 2 reason for such change in the public records of the office of 3 the property appraiser in a manner acceptable to the executive 4 5 director or the executive director's designee. Changes made by 6 the value adjustment board are not subject to the requirements 7 of this subsection. 8 (5) (6) For proprietary purposes, including the furnishing or sale of copies of the tax roll under s. 9 119.07(1), the property appraiser is the custodian of the tax 10 roll and the copies of it which are maintained by any state 11 12 agency. The department or any state or local agency may use 13 copies of the tax roll received by it for official purposes and shall permit inspection and examination thereof under s. 14 119.07(1), but is not required to furnish copies of the 15 records. A social security number submitted under s. 16 17 196.011(1) is confidential and exempt from s. 24(a), Art. I of 18 the State Constitution and the provisions of s. 119.07(1). A copy of documents containing the numbers furnished or sold by 19 the property appraiser, except a copy furnished to the 20 21 department, or a copy of documents containing social security 22 numbers provided by the department or any state or local 23 agency for inspection or examination by the public, must exclude those social security numbers. 2.4 Section 8. Subsection (9) of section 196.015, Florida 25 Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 196.015 Permanent residency; factual determination by 2.8 property appraiser. -- Intention to establish a permanent 29 residence in this state is a factual determination to be made, in the first instance, by the property appraiser. Although any 30 one factor is not conclusive of the establishment or 31 6

1 nonestablishment of permanent residence, the following are 2 relevant factors that may be considered by the property appraiser in making his or her determination as to the intent 3 of a person claiming a homestead exemption to establish a 4 permanent residence in this state: 5 б (9) The previous filing of Florida intangible tax 7 returns by the applicant. Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 8 196.199, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 196.199 Government property exemption.--(2) Property owned by the following governmental units 11 12 but used by nongovernmental lessees shall only be exempt from 13 taxation under the following conditions: (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the exemption 14 provided by this subsection shall not apply to those portions 15 of a leasehold or other interest defined by s. 199.023(1)(d), 16 17 Florida Statutes (2005), subject to the provisions of 18 subsection (7). Such leasehold or other interest shall be taxed only as intangible personal property pursuant to chapter 19 199, Florida Statutes (2005), if rental payments are due in 20 21 consideration of such leasehold or other interest. All 22 applicable collection, administration, and enforcement 23 provisions of chapter 199, Florida Statutes (2005), shall apply to taxation of such leaseholds. If no rental payments 2.4 are due pursuant to the agreement creating such leasehold or 25 other interest, the leasehold or other interest shall be taxed 26 27 as real property. Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to 2.8 exempt personal property, buildings, or other real property 29 improvements owned by the lessee from ad valorem taxation. 30 Section 10. Section 199.133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31

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1 199.133 Levy of nonrecurring tax; relationship to 2 annual tax.--3 (1) A one-time nonrecurring tax of 2 mills is hereby imposed on each dollar of the just valuation of all notes, 4 bonds, and other obligations for payment of money which are 5 6 secured by mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien upon real 7 property situated in this state. This tax shall be assessed 8 and collected as provided by this chapter. 9 (2) The nonrecurring tax shall apply to a note, bond, or other obligation for payment of money only to the extent it 10 is secured by mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien upon real 11 12 property situated in this state. Where a note, bond, or other 13 obligation is secured by personal property or by real property situated outside this state, as well as by mortgage, deed of 14 trust, or other lien upon real property situated in this 15 state, then the nonrecurring tax shall apply to that portion 16 17 of the note, bond, or other obligation which bears the same ratio to the entire principal balance of the note, bond, or 18 other obligation as the value of the real property situated in 19 this state bears to the value of all of the security; however, 20 21 if the security is solely made up of personal property and 22 real property situated in this state, the taxpayer may elect 23 to apportion the taxes based upon the value of the collateral, if any, to which the taxpayer by law or contract must look 2.4 first for collection. In no event shall the portion of the 25 26 note, bond, or other obligation which is subject to the 27 nonrecurring tax exceed in value the value of the real 2.8 property situated in this state which is the security. The 29 portion of a note, bond, or other obligation which is not 30 subject to the nonrecurring tax shall be subject to the annual tax unless otherwise exempt. 31

1 Section 11. Section 199.183, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 199.183 Taxpayers exempt from annual and nonrecurring 4 taxes.--5 Intangible personal property owned by this state (1)6 or any of its political subdivisions or municipalities shall 7 be exempt from taxation under this chapter. This exemption 8 does not apply to: (a) Any leasehold or other interest that is described 9 in s. 199.023(1)(d), Florida Statutes (2005). 10 (b) Property related to the provision of two-way 11 12 telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use 13 of a telecommunications facility, as defined in s. 364.02(15), and for which a certificate is required under chapter 364, 14 when the service is provided by any county, municipality, or 15 other political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any 16 17 political subdivision of the state or other entity of local 18 government from taxation of the property used to provide telecommunication services that is taxed as a result of this 19 paragraph is hereby waived. However, intangible personal 20 21 property related to the provision of telecommunications 22 services provided by the operator of a public-use airport, as 23 defined in s. 332.004, for the operator's provision of telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, 2.4 concessionaires, or licensees, and intangible personal 25 26 property related to the provision of telecommunications 27 services provided by a public hospital, are exempt from 2.8 taxation under this chapter. (2) Intangible personal property owned by nonprofit 29 religious, nonprofit educational, or nonprofit charitable 30 institutions shall be exempt from taxation under this chapter. 31 9

1 This exemption shall be strictly defined, limited, and applied 2 in each category as follows: 3 (a) "Religious institutions" means churches and 4 ecclesiastical or denominational organizations having established physical places for worship in this state at which 5 б nonprofit religious services and activities are regularly 7 conducted, as well as church cemeteries. 8 (b) "Educational institutions" means only: 1. Public or nonprofit private schools, colleges, or 9 universities conducting regular classes and courses of study 10 required for accreditation by, or membership in, the Southern 11 12 Association of Colleges and Schools, Department of Education, 13 or the Florida Council of Independent Schools; or 2. Nonprofit libraries, art galleries, and museums 14 open to the public. 15 (c) "Charitable institutions" means only: 16 17 1. Nonprofit corporations operating physical facilities in this state at which are provided charitable 18 services, a reasonable percentage of which shall be without 19 cost to those unable to pay; or 20 21 2. Those institutions qualified as charitable under s. 22 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954. 23 Intangible personal property shall not be deemed to be owned 24 by such exempt institutions if it is held in a trust of any 25 26 kind under which the institution has no present interest in 27 the trust principal except the right to compel the performance 2.8 of the trust agreement. 29 (3) Every national bank having its principal place of business in another state, but operating a credit card credit 30 31 application processing, customer service, or collection

1 operation in this state, that is not considered a bank under 2 the provisions of 12 U.S.C. s. 1841(c)(2)(F), is exempt from 3 paying the tax imposed by this chapter on credit card 4 receivables owed to the bank by credit card holders domiciled 5 outside this state. б (4) Intangible personal property that is owned, 7 managed, or controlled by a trustee of a trust is exempt from annual tax under this chapter. This exemption does not exempt 8 from annual tax a resident of this state who has a taxable 9 10 beneficial interest, as defined in s. 199.023, in a trust. Section 12. Section 199.218, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 199.218 Books and records.--13 (1) Each taxpayer shall retain all books and other 14 records necessary to identify the taxpayer's intangible 15 personal property and to determine any tax due under this 16 17 chapter, as well as all books and other records otherwise 18 required by rule of the department with respect to any such tax, until the department's power to make an assessment with 19 respect to such tax has terminated under s. 95.091(3). 20 21 (2) Each broker subject to the provisions of s. 2.2 199.062 shall preserve all books and other records relating to 23 the information reported under s. 199.062 or otherwise required by rule of the department for a period of 3 years 2.4 25 from the due date of the report. Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and 26 27 subsection (3) of section 199.232, Florida Statutes, are 28 amended to read: 199.232 Powers of department.--29 30 31

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1 (1)(a) The department may audit the books and records 2 of any person to determine whether an annual tax or a nonrecurring tax has been properly paid. 3 4 (3) With or without an audit, the department may 5 assess any tax deficiency resulting from nonpayment or б underpayment of the tax, as well as any applicable interest 7 and penalties. The department shall assess on the basis of the 8 best information available to it, including estimates based on the best information available to it if the taxpayer fails to 9 permit inspection of the taxpayer's records, fails to file an 10 annual return, files a grossly incorrect return, or files a 11 12 false and fraudulent return. 13 Section 14. Subsections (2), (3), (4), (6), and (8) of section 199.282, Florida Statutes, are amended, and 14 subsections (5), (7), and (9) of that section are renumbered 15 16 as subsections (4), (5), and (7), respectively, to read: 17 199.282 Penalties for violation of this chapter.--18 (2) If any annual or nonrecurring tax is not paid by the statutory due date, then despite any extension granted 19 under s. 199.232(6), interest shall run on the unpaid balance 20 21 from such due date until paid at the rate of 12 percent per 22 year. 23 (3)(a) If any annual or nonrecurring tax is not paid by the due date, a delinquency penalty shall be charged. The 2.4 delinquency penalty shall be 10 percent of the delinquent tax 25 for each calendar month or portion thereof from the due date 26 27 until paid, up to a limit of 50 percent of the total tax not 28 timely paid. 29 (b)If any annual tax return required by this chapter 30 not filed by the due date, a penalty of 10 percent of the tax due with the return shall be charged for each calendar 31

| 1 | month or portion thereof during which the return remains |
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| 2 | unfiled, up to a limit of 50 percent of the total tax due. |
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| 4 | For any penalty assessed under this subsection, the combined |
| 5 | total for all penalties assessed under paragraphs (a) and (b) |
| б | shall not exceed 10 percent per calendar month, up to a limit |
| 7 | of 50 percent of the total tax due. |
| 8 | (4) If an annual tax return is filed and property is |
| 9 | either omitted from it or undervalued, then a specific penalty |
| 10 | shall be charged. The specific penalty shall be 10 percent of |
| 11 | the tax attributable to each omitted item or to each |
| 12 | undervaluation. No delinquency or late filing penalty shall be |
| 13 | charged with respect to any undervaluation. |
| 14 | (6) Late reporting penalties shall be imposed as |
| 15 | follows: |
| 16 | (a) A penalty of \$100 upon any corporation that does |
| 17 | not timely file a written notice required under s. |
| 18 | $\frac{199.057(2)(c)}{\cdot}$ |
| 19 | (b) An initial penalty of \$10 per customer position |
| 20 | statement, plus an additional penalty of the greater of 1 |
| 21 | percent of the initial penalty or \$50 for each month or |
| 22 | portion of a month, from the date due until filing is made, |
| 23 | upon any security dealer or investment adviser who does not |
| 24 | timely file or fails to file the statements required by s. |
| 25 | 199.062(1). The submission of a position statement that does |
| 26 | not comply with the department's specifications and |
| 27 | instructions or the submission of an inaccurate position |
| 28 | statement is not a timely filing. The department shall notify |
| 29 | any security dealer or investment adviser who fails to timely |
| 30 | file the required statements. The minimum penalty imposed upon |
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1 a security dealer or investment adviser under this paragraph is \$100. 2 (6)(8) Any person who fails or refuses to file an 3 annual return, or who fails or refuses to make records 4 5 available for inspection, when requested to do so by the 6 department is quilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, 7 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Section 15. Section 199.292, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 10 199.292 Disposition of intangible personal property taxes.--All intangible personal property taxes collected 11 12 pursuant to this chapter, except for revenues derived from the 13 annual tax on a leasehold described in s. 199.023(1)(d), Florida Statutes (2005), shall be deposited into the General 14 Revenue Fund. Revenues derived from the annual tax on a 15 leasehold described in s. 199.023(1)(d), Florida Statutes 16 17 (2005), shall be returned to the local school board for the 18 county in which the property subject to the leasehold is situated. 19 Section 16. Subsection (3) is added to section 20 21 199.303, Florida Statutes, to read: 22 199.303 Declaration of legislative intent.--23 (3) It is hereby declared to be the specific intent of the Legislature that all annual intangible personal property 2.4 taxes imposed as provided by law for calendar years 2006 and 25 prior shall remain in full force and effect during the period 26 27 specified by s. 95.091 for the year in which the tax was due. 2.8 It is further the intent of the Legislature that the department continue to assess and collect all taxes due to the 29 30 state under such provisions for all periods available for 31

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1 assessment, as provided for the year in which tax was due by 2 s. 95.091. Section 17. Subsection (19) of section 212.02, Florida 3 Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 212.02 Definitions.--The following terms and phrases б when used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them 7 in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a 8 different meaning: (19) "Tangible personal property" means and includes 9 personal property which may be seen, weighed, measured, or 10 touched or is in any manner perceptible to the senses, 11 12 including electric power or energy, boats, motor vehicles and 13 mobile homes as defined in s. 320.01(1) and (2), aircraft as defined in s. 330.27, and all other types of vehicles. The 14 term "tangible personal property" does not include stocks, 15 16 bonds, notes, insurance, or other obligations or securities+ 17 intangibles as defined by the intangible tax law of the state; 18 or pari-mutuel tickets sold or issued under the racing laws of the state. 19 Section 18. Paragraph (p) of subsection (7) and 20 paragraph (a) of subsection (14) of section 213.053, Florida 21 22 Statutes, are amended to read: 23 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.--(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 2.4 25 section, the department may provide: (p) Information relative to ss. 199.1055, 220.1845, 26 27 and 376.30781 to the Department of Environmental Protection in 2.8 the conduct of its official business. 29 Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be 30 pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director 31

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1 and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or 2 nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of 3 confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, 4 punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 5 б (14)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 7 section, the department shall, subject to the safeguards 8 specified in paragraph (c), disclose to the Division of Corporations of the Department of State the name, address, 9 federal employer identification number, and duration of tax 10 filings with this state of all corporate or partnership 11 12 entities which are not on file or have a dissolved status with 13 the Division of Corporations and which have filed tax returns pursuant to either chapter 199 or chapter 220. 14 Section 19. Section 213.054, Florida Statutes, is 15 16 amended to read: 17 213.054 Persons claiming tax exemptions or deductions; 18 annual report. -- The Department of Revenue shall be responsible for monitoring the utilization of tax exemptions and tax 19 deductions authorized pursuant to chapter 81-179, Laws of 20 21 Florida. On or before September 1 of each year, the department 22 shall report to the Chief Financial Officer the names and 23 addresses of all persons who have claimed an exemption pursuant to s. 199.185(1)(i) or a deduction pursuant to s. 2.4 25 220.63(5). Section 20. Section 213.27, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 2.8 213.27 Contracts with debt collection agencies and certain vendors.--29 30 (1) The Department of Revenue may, for the purpose of collecting any delinquent taxes due from a taxpayer, including 31 16

1 taxes for which a bill or notice has been generated, contract 2 with any debt collection agency or attorney doing business within or without this state for the collection of such 3 delinquent taxes, including penalties and interest thereon. 4 5 The department may also share confidential information 6 pursuant to the contract necessary for the collection of 7 delinquent taxes and taxes for which a billing or notice has 8 been generated. Contracts will be made pursuant to chapter 287. The taxpayer must be notified by mail by the department, 9 its employees, or its authorized representative at least 30 10 days prior to commencing any litigation to recover any 11 12 delinquent taxes. The taxpayer must be notified by mail by the 13 department at least 30 days prior to the initial assignment by the department of the taxpayer's account for the collection of 14 any taxes by the debt collection agency. 15 16 (2) The department may enter into contracts with any 17 individual or business for the purpose of identifying 18 intangible personal property tax liability. Contracts may provide for the identification of assets subject to the tax on 19 2.0 intangible personal property, the determination of value of 21 such property, the requirement for filing a tax return and the 2.2 collection of taxes due, including applicable penalties and 23 interest thereon. The department may share confidential 2.4 information pursuant to the contract necessary for the 25 identification of taxable intangible personal property. 26 Contracts shall be made pursuant to chapter 287. The taxpayer 27 must be notified by mail by the department at least 30 days 2.8 prior to the department assigning identification of intangible personal property to an individual or business. 29 30 (2) (3) Any contract may provide, in the discretion of the executive director of the Department of Revenue, the 31

1 manner in which the compensation for such services will be 2 paid. Under standards established by the department, such compensation shall be added to the amount of the tax and 3 collected as a part thereof by the agency or deducted from the 4 amount of tax, penalty, and interest actually collected. 5 б (3) (4) All funds collected under the terms of the 7 contract, less the fees provided in the contract, shall be 8 remitted to the department within 30 days from the date of collection from a taxpayer. Forms to be used for such purpose 9 shall be prescribed by the department. 10 (4) (5) The department shall require a bond from the 11 12 debt collection agency or the individual or business 13 contracted with under subsection (2) not in excess of \$100,000 guaranteeing compliance with the terms of the contract. 14 However, a bond of \$10,000 is required from a debt collection 15 16 agency if the agency does not actually collect and remit 17 delinquent funds to the department. 18 (5) (6) The department may, for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of or collecting any taxes due from a 19 person doing mail order business in this state, contract with 20 21 any auditing agency doing business within or without this 22 state for the purpose of conducting an audit of such mail 23 order business; however, such audit agency may not conduct an audit on behalf of the department of any person domiciled in 2.4 this state, person registered for sales and use tax purposes 25 26 in this state, or corporation filing a Florida corporate tax 27 return, if any such person or corporation objects to such 2.8 audit in writing to the department and the auditing agency. 29 The department shall notify the taxpayer by mail at least 30 days before the department assigns the collection of such 30 31 taxes.

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1 (6) (7) Confidential information shared by the 2 department with debt collection or auditing agencies or 3 individuals or businesses with which the department has contracted under subsection (2) is exempt from the provisions 4 5 of s. 119.07(1), and debt collection or auditing agencies and 6 individuals or businesses with which the department has 7 contracted under subsection (2) shall be bound by the same 8 requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first 9 degree, punishable as provided by ss. 775.082 and 775.083. 10 (7)(8)(a) The executive director of the department may 11 12 enter into contracts with private vendors to develop and 13 implement systems to enhance tax collections where compensation to the vendors is funded through increased tax 14 collections. The amount of compensation paid to a vendor shall 15 be based on a percentage of increased tax collections 16 17 attributable to the system after all administrative and 18 judicial appeals are exhausted, and the total amount of compensation paid to a vendor shall not exceed the maximum 19 amount stated in the contract. 20 21 (b) A person acting on behalf of the department under 22 a contract authorized by this subsection does not exercise any 23 of the powers of the department, except that the person is an agent of the department for the purposes of developing and 2.4 25 implementing a system to enhance tax collection. (c) Disclosure of information under this subsection 26 27 shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive 2.8 director and the private vendors. The vendors shall be bound 29 by the same requirements of confidentiality as the department. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first 30 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 31 19

1 Section 21. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (b) and (c) 2 of subsection (3) of section 220.1845, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3 220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax 4 credit.--5 б (1) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS.--7 (a) A credit in the amount of 35 percent of the costs 8 of voluntary cleanup activity that is integral to site rehabilitation at the following sites is available against any 9 tax due for a taxable year under this chapter: 10 1. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site eligible 11 12 for state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3); 13 2. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site at which cleanup is undertaken by the real property owner pursuant to 14 s. 376.3078(11), if the real property owner is not also, and 15 has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning 16 17 facility where the contamination exists; or 18 3. A brownfield site in a designated brownfield area under s. 376.80. 19 20 (b) A tax credit applicant, or multiple tax credit 21 applicants working jointly to clean up a single site, may not 22 be granted more than \$250,000 per year in tax credits for each 23 site voluntarily rehabilitated. Multiple tax credit applicants shall be granted tax credits in the same proportion as their 2.4 contribution to payment of cleanup costs. Subject to the same 25 26 conditions and limitations as provided in this section, a 27 municipality, county, or other tax credit applicant which 2.8 voluntarily rehabilitates a site may receive not more than 29 \$250,000 per year in tax credits which it can subsequently 30 transfer subject to the provisions in paragraph(q)(h). 31

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(c) If the credit granted under this section is not 1 2 fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the corporation, the unused amount 3 may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 5 years. The 4 carryover credit may be used in a subsequent year when the tax 5 6 imposed by this chapter for that year exceeds the credit for 7 which the corporation is eligible in that year under this 8 section after applying the other credits and unused carryovers in the order provided by s. 220.02(8). Five years after the 9 date a credit is granted under this section, such credit 10 expires and may not be used. However, if during the 5-year 11 12 period the credit is transferred, in whole or in part, 13 pursuant to paragraph(q)(h), each transferee has 5 years after the date of transfer to use its credit. 14 (d) A taxpayer that files a consolidated return in 15 this state as a member of an affiliated group under s. 16 17 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return 18 basis up to the amount of tax imposed upon the consolidated group. 19 20 (e) A taxpayer that receives credit under s. 199.1055 21 is ineligible to receive credit under this section in a given 22 tax year. 23 (e)(f) A tax credit applicant that receives state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3) for 2.4 rehabilitation of a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site is 25 26 ineligible to receive credit under this section for costs 27 incurred by the tax credit applicant in conjunction with the 2.8 rehabilitation of that site during the same time period that state-administered site rehabilitation was underway. 29 30 31

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1 (f) (q) The total amount of the tax credits which may 2 be granted under this section and s. 199.1055 is \$2 million 3 annually. 4 (q)(h)1. Tax credits that may be available under this section to an entity eligible under s. 376.30781 may be 5 6 transferred after a merger or acquisition to the surviving or 7 acquiring entity and used in the same manner and with the same 8 limitations. 2. The entity or its surviving or acquiring entity as 9 described in subparagraph 1., may transfer any unused credit 10 in whole or in units of no less than 25 percent of the 11 12 remaining credit. The entity acquiring such credit may use it 13 in the same manner and with the same limitation as described in this section. Such transferred credits may not be 14 transferred again although they may succeed to a surviving or 15 acquiring entity subject to the same conditions and 16 17 limitations as described in this section. 3. In the event the credit provided for under this 18 section is reduced either as a result of a determination by 19 the Department of Environmental Protection or an examination 20 21 or audit by the Department of Revenue, such tax deficiency 22 shall be recovered from the first entity, or the surviving or 23 acquiring entity, to have claimed such credit up to the amount of credit taken. Any subsequent deficiencies shall be assessed 2.4 against any entity acquiring and claiming such credit, or in 25 26 the case of multiple succeeding entities in the order of 27 credit succession. 2.8 (h)(i) In order to encourage completion of site 29 rehabilitation at contaminated sites being voluntarily cleaned up and eligible for a tax credit under this section, the tax 30 credit applicant may claim an additional 10 percent of the 31

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1 total cleanup costs, not to exceed \$50,000, in the final year of cleanup as evidenced by the Department of Environmental 2 Protection issuing a "No Further Action" order for that site. 3 (3) ADMINISTRATION; AUDIT AUTHORITY; TAX CREDIT 4 FORFEITURE.--5 б (b) In addition to its existing audit and 7 investigation authority relating to chapter 199 and this 8 chapter, the Department of Revenue may perform any additional financial and technical audits and investigations, including 9 examining the accounts, books, or records of the tax credit 10 applicant, which are necessary to verify the site 11 12 rehabilitation costs included in a tax credit return and to 13 ensure compliance with this section. The Department of Environmental Protection shall provide technical assistance, 14 when requested by the Department of Revenue, on any technical 15 audits performed pursuant to this section. 16 17 (c) It is grounds for forfeiture of previously claimed 18 and received tax credits if the Department of Revenue determines, as a result of either an audit or information 19 received from the Department of Environmental Protection, that 20 a taxpayer received tax credits pursuant to this section to 21 22 which the taxpayer was not entitled. In the case of fraud, the 23 taxpayer shall be prohibited from claiming any future tax credits under this section or s. 199.1055. 2.4 1. The taxpayer is responsible for returning forfeited 25 26 tax credits to the Department of Revenue, and such funds shall 27 be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the state. 2.8 2. The taxpayer shall file with the Department of 29 Revenue an amended tax return or such other report as the Department of Revenue prescribes by rule and shall pay any 30 required tax within 60 days after the taxpayer receives 31 23

1 notification from the Department of Environmental Protection 2 pursuant to s. 376.30781 that previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified, if uncontested, or within 60 3 days after a final order is issued following proceedings 4 involving a contested revocation or modification order. 5 б 3. A notice of deficiency may be issued by the 7 Department of Revenue at any time within 5 years after the date the taxpayer receives notification from the Department of 8 Environmental Protection pursuant to s. 376.30781 that 9 previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified. 10 If a taxpayer fails to notify the Department of Revenue of any 11 12 change in its tax credit claimed, a notice of deficiency may 13 be issued at any time. In either case, the amount of any proposed assessment set forth in such notice of deficiency 14 shall be limited to the amount of any deficiency resulting 15 under this section from the recomputation of the taxpayer's 16 17 tax for the taxable year. 4. Any taxpayer that fails to report and timely pay 18 any tax due as a result of the forfeiture of its tax credit is 19 in violation of this section and is subject to applicable 20 21 penalty and interest. 22 Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and 23 subsections (3), (8), and (12) of section 376.30781, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2.4 376.30781 Partial tax credits for rehabilitation of 25 drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in 26 27 designated brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking 2.8 authority; revocation authority.--(2)(a) A credit in the amount of 35 percent of the 29 30 costs of voluntary cleanup activity that is integral to site 31

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1 rehabilitation at the following sites is allowed pursuant to 2 s. ss. 199.1055 and 220.1845: 1. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site eligible 3 for state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3); 4 5 2. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site at which 6 cleanup is undertaken by the real property owner pursuant to 7 s. 376.3078(11), if the real property owner is not also, and 8 has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning facility where the contamination exists; or 9 3. A brownfield site in a designated brownfield area 10 under s. 376.80. 11 12 (3) The Department of Environmental Protection shall 13 be responsible for allocating the tax credits provided for in <u>s.</u> ss. 199.1055 and 220.1845, not to exceed a total of \$2 14 million in tax credits annually. 15 (8) On or before March 1, the Department of 16 17 Environmental Protection shall inform each eligible tax credit applicant of the amount of its partial tax credit and provide 18 each eligible tax credit applicant with a tax credit 19 certificate that must be submitted with its tax return to the 20 Department of Revenue to claim the tax credit or be 21 22 transferred pursuant to s. 199.1055(1)(g) or s. 23 220.1845(1)(h). Credits will not result in the payment of refunds if total credits exceed the amount of tax owed. 2.4 (12) A tax credit applicant who receives state-funded 25 site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3) for rehabilitation of 26 27 a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site is ineligible to 2.8 receive a tax credit under s. 199.1055 or s. 220.1845 for 29 costs incurred by the tax credit applicant in conjunction with the rehabilitation of that site during the same time period 30 that state-administered site rehabilitation was underway. 31

1 Section 23. Subsection (13) of section 493.6102, 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 493.6102 Inapplicability of this chapter.--This 3 4 chapter shall not apply to: 5 (13) Any individual employed as a security officer by б a church or ecclesiastical or denominational organization 7 having an established physical place of worship in this state at which nonprofit religious services and activities are 8 regularly conducted or by a church cemetery religious 9 10 institution as defined in s. 199.183(2)(a) to provide security on the institution property of the organization or cemetery, 11 12 and who does not carry a firearm in the course of her or his 13 duties. Section 24. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 14 650.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 650.05 Plans for coverage of employees of political 16 17 subdivisions.--18 (4) (b) The grants-in-aid and other revenue referred to in 19 paragraph (a) specifically include, but are not limited to, 20 21 minimum foundation program grants to public school districts 22 and community colleges; gasoline, motor fuel, intangible, 23 cigarette, racing, and insurance premium taxes distributed to political subdivisions; and amounts specifically appropriated 2.4 as grants-in-aid for mental health, mental retardation, and 25 26 mosquito control programs. 27 Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 655.071, Florida 2.8 Statutes, is amended to read: 655.071 International banking facilities; definitions; 29 30 notice before establishment. --31

1 (1) "International banking facility" means a set of 2 asset and liability accounts segregated on the books and records of a banking organization, as that term is defined in 3 s. 201.23 199.023, that includes only international banking 4 facility deposits, borrowings, and extensions of credit, as 5 6 those terms shall be defined by the commission pursuant to 7 subsection (2). Section 26. Effective January 1, 2009, subsections (5) 8 and (6) of section 733.702, Florida Statutes, are amended to 9 10 read: 733.702 Limitations on presentation of claims.--11 12 (5) The Department of Revenue may file a claim against 13 the estate of a decedent for taxes due under chapter 199 after the expiration of the time for filing claims provided in 14 subsection (1), if the department files its claim within 30 15 16 days after the service of the inventory. Upon filing of the 17 estate tax return with the department as provided in s. 18 198.13, or to the extent the inventory or estate tax return is amended or supplemented, the department has the right to file 19 20 a claim or to amend its previously filed claim within 30 days 21 after service of the estate tax return, or an amended or 22 supplemented inventory or filing of an amended or supplemental 23 estate tax return, as to the additional information disclosed. (5) (6) Nothing in this section shall extend the 2.4 limitations period set forth in s. 733.710. 25 Section 27. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 26 27 the executive director of the Department of Revenue may adopt 2.8 emergency rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to implement chapter 199, Florida Statutes, and all 29 conditions are deemed met for the adoption of such rules. 30 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, such emergency 31

| 1 | rules shall remain effective for 6 months after the date of |
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| 2 | adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures |
| 3 | to adopt rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules. |
| 4 | Section 28. Except as otherwise expressly provided in |
| 5 | this act, this act shall take effect January 1, 2007. |
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