## CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

Representative(s) Richardson offered the following:

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

562745

1

## Amendment (with title amendment)

4 Remove line(s) 86 and insert:

under which a male may disestablish paternity or terminate a child support obligation when the male is not the biological father of the child. To disestablish paternity or terminate a child support obligation, the male must file a petition in the circuit court having jurisdiction over the child support obligation. The petition must be served on the mother or other legal guardian or custodian of the child. If the child support obligation was determined administratively and has not been ratified by a court, then the petition must be filed in the circuit court in the county where the mother or legal guardian or custodian resides. Such a petition must be served on the Department of Revenue and on the mother or legal guardian or

custodian. In the event that the mother or legal guardian or custodian no longer resides in the state, the petition may be filed in the circuit court in the county where the petitioner resides. The petition must include:

- (a) An affidavit executed by the petitioner that newly discovered evidence relating to the paternity of the child has come to the petitioner's knowledge since the initial paternity determination or establishment of a child support obligation.
- (b) The results of scientific tests that are generally acceptable within the scientific community to show a probability of paternity, administered within 90 days prior to the filing of such petition, which results indicate that the male ordered to pay such child support cannot be the father of the child for whom support is required or an affidavit executed by the petitioner stating that he did not have access to the child to have scientific testing performed prior to the filing of the petition. A male who suspects he is not the father but does not have access to the child to have scientific testing performed may file a petition requesting the court to order the child to be tested.
- (c) An affidavit executed by the petitioner stating that the petitioner is current on all child support payments for the child for whom relief is sought or that he has substantially complied with his child support obligation for the applicable child and that any delinquency in his child support obligation for that child arose from his inability for just cause to pay the delinquent child support when the delinquent child support became due.

- (2) The court shall grant relief on a petition filed in accordance with subsection (1) upon a finding by the court of all of the following:
- (a) Newly discovered evidence relating to the paternity of the child has come to the petitioner's knowledge since the initial paternity determination or establishment of a child support obligation.
- (b) The scientific test required in paragraph (1)(b) was properly conducted.
- (c) The male ordered to pay child support is current on all child support payments for the applicable child or that the male ordered to pay child support has substantially complied with his child support obligation for the applicable child and that any delinquency in his child support obligation for that child arose from his inability for just cause to pay the delinquent child support when the delinquent child support became due.
- (d) The male ordered to pay child support has not adopted the child.
- (e) The child was not conceived by artificial insemination while the male ordered to pay child support and the child's mother were in wedlock.
- (f) The male ordered to pay child support did not act to prevent the biological father of the child from asserting his paternal rights with respect to the child.
- (g) The child had not yet reached his or her 18th birthday when the petition was filed.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), a court shall not set aside the paternity determination or child support order if the 562745

- male engaged in the following conduct after learning that he is
  not the biological father of the child:
- (a) Married the mother of the child while known as the putative father in accordance with s. 742.091, Florida Statutes, and voluntarily assumed the parental obligation and duty to pay child support;
- (b) Acknowledged his paternity of the child in a sworn statement;
- (c) Consented to be named as the child's biological father on the child's birth certificate;
- (d) Voluntarily promised in writing to support the child and was required to support the child based on that promise;
- (e) Received and disregarded written notice from any state agency or any court directing him to submit to scientific testing; or
- (f) Signed a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity as provided in s. 742.10(4), Florida Statutes.
- (4) In the event the petitioner fails to make the requisite showing required by this section, the court shall deny the petition.
- (5) In the event relief is granted pursuant to this section, relief shall be limited to the issues of prospective child support payments and termination of parental rights, custody, and visitation rights. The male's previous status as father continues to be in existence until the order granting relief is rendered. All previous lawful actions taken based on reliance on that status are confirmed retroactively but not prospectively. This section shall not be construed to create a

- cause of action to recover child support that was previously paid.
  - (6) The duty to pay child support and other legal obligations for the child shall not be suspended while the petition is pending except for good cause shown. However, the court may order the child support to be held in the registry of the court until final determination of paternity has been made.
  - (7) (a) In an action brought pursuant to this section, if the scientific test results submitted in accordance with paragraph (1) (b) are provided solely by the male ordered to pay child support, the court on its own motion may, and on the petition of any party shall, order the child and the male ordered to pay child support to submit to applicable scientific tests. The court shall provide that such scientific testing be done no more than 30 days after the court issues its order.
  - (b) If the male ordered to pay child support willfully fails to submit to scientific testing or if the mother or legal guardian or custodian of the child willfully fails to submit the child for testing, the court shall issue an order determining the relief on the petition against the party so failing to submit to scientific testing. If a party shows good cause for failing to submit to testing, such failure shall not be considered willful. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the child from reestablishing paternity under s. 742.10, Florida Statutes.
  - (c) The party requesting applicable scientific testing shall pay any fees charged for the testing. If the custodian of the child is receiving services from an administrative agency in its role as an agency providing enforcement of child support 562745

orders, that agency shall pay the cost of the testing if it
requests the testing and may seek reimbursement for the fees
from the person against whom the court assesses the costs of the
action.

If relief on a petition filed in accordance with this section is granted, the clerk of the court shall, within 30 days following final disposition, forward to the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department of Health a certified copy of the court order or a report of the proceedings upon a form to be furnished by the department, together with sufficient information to identify the original birth certificate and to enable the department to prepare a new birth certificate. Upon receipt of the certified copy or the report, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate that deletes the name of the male ordered to pay child support as the father of the child. The certificate shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. All other items not affected by the order setting aside a determination of paternity shall be copied as on the original certificate, including the date of registration and filing. If the child was born in a state other than Florida, the clerk shall send a copy of the report or decree to the appropriate birth registration authority of the state where the child was born. If the relief on a petition filed in accordance with this section is granted and the mother or legal guardian or custodian requests that the court change the child's surname, the court may change the child's surname. If the child is a minor, the court shall consider whether it is in the child's best interests to grant the request to change the child's surname.

562745

136

137

138139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

148149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

- (9) The rendition of an order granting a petition filed pursuant to this section shall not affect the legitimacy of a child born during a lawful marriage.
- (10) If relief on a petition filed in accordance with this section is not granted, the court shall assess the costs of the action and attorney's fees against the petitioner.
- (11) Nothing in this section precludes an individual from seeking relief from a final judgment, decree, or order or from challenging a paternity determination as otherwise provided by law.
- Section 5. Rule 1.540, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, is repealed.

Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, except that section 5 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2006, only if this act is passed by a two-thirds vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature.

 $======= \ \, \hbox{$\mathsf{T}$ } \ \, \hbox{$\mathsf{I}$ } \ \, \hbox{$\mathsf{I}$ } \ \, \hbox{$\mathsf{E}$ } \ \, \hbox{$\mathsf{N}$ } \ \, \hbox{$\mathsf{E}$ } \ \, \hbox{$\mathsf{N}$ } \ \, \hbox{$\mathsf{T}$ } =======$ 

Remove line(s) 2-17 and insert:

An act relating to parental rights; amending s. 63.054, F.S.; requiring a petitioner in a proceeding for termination of parental rights to provide notice to the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department of Health; prohibiting the office from recording a claim of paternity after the date that a termination of parental rights is filed; requiring the department to remove a registrant's name from the Florida Putative Father Registry upon a finding that the registrant has no parental rights; amending s. 63.062, F.S.; modifying consent required for adoption; amending s. 63.182, F.S.; providing that 562745

Bill No. HB 7151

## Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

190 the interest that entitles a person to notice of an adoption must be direct, financial, and immediate; providing an 191 exception; providing that a showing of an indirect, 192 193 inconsequential, or contingent interest is wholly inadequate; providing construction and applicability; permitting a petition 194 to set aside a determination of paternity or terminate a child 195 support obligation; specifying contents of the petition; 196 197 providing standards upon which relief shall be granted; providing remedies; providing that child support obligations 198 shall not be suspended while a petition is pending; providing 199 200 for scientific testing; providing for the amendment of the child's birth certificate; providing for assessment of costs and 201 202 attorney's fees; repealing Rule 1.540, Florida Rules of Civil 203 Procedure, relating to relief from judgment, decrees, or orders; 204 providing a contingent effective date.