A bill to be entitled

An act relating to tax benefits related to catastrophic emergencies; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; defining the term "public facilities" to include certain private facilities used as public shelters or staging areas for emergency response equipment during emergencies declared by the state or local government; including such facilities as infrastructure that may be financed through the local government infrastructure surtax; amending s. 212.03, F.S.; providing that the temporary rental or lease of residential quarters to individuals who have been displaced by a hurricane or other catastrophic disaster is not subject to the transient rentals tax under this section; providing for rulemaking by the Department of Revenue; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read.

212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds.--It is the legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the

Page 1 of 5

procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

(2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX. --

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40 41

42

43

4445

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this subsection and any interest accrued thereto shall be expended by the school district or within the county and municipalities within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public recreation or conservation or protection of natural resources and to finance the closure of county-owned or municipally owned solid waste landfills that are already closed or are required to close by order of the Department of Environmental Protection. Any use of such proceeds or interest for purposes of landfill closure prior to July 1, 1993, is ratified. Neither the proceeds nor any interest accrued thereto shall be used for operational expenses of any infrastructure, except that any county with a population of less than 75,000 that is required to close a landfill by order of the Department of Environmental Protection may use the proceeds or any interest accrued thereto for longterm maintenance costs associated with landfill closure. Counties, as defined in s. 125.011(1), and charter counties may, in addition, use the proceeds and any interest accrued thereto to retire or service indebtedness incurred for bonds issued prior to July 1, 1987, for infrastructure purposes, and for

bonds subsequently issued to refund such bonds. Any use of such proceeds or interest for purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for such refunding bonds prior to July 1, 1999, is ratified.

2. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "infrastructure" means:

- a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities that which have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto. As used in this subsubparagraph, the term "public facilities" includes private facilities used on a temporary basis from time to time by a local government as an emergency public shelter or a staging area for emergency response equipment during an emergency officially declared by the state or by the local government under s. 252.38.
- b. A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department vehicle, or any other vehicle, and such equipment necessary to outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a life expectancy of at least 5 years.
- c. Any expenditure for the construction, lease, or maintenance of, or provision of utilities or security for, facilities as defined in s. 29.008.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a discretionary sales surtax imposed or extended after the effective date of this act may provide for an amount not to

Page 3 of 5

exceed 15 percent of the local option sales surtax proceeds to be allocated for deposit to a trust fund within the county's accounts created for the purpose of funding economic development projects of a general public purpose targeted to improve local economies, including the funding of operational costs and incentives related to such economic development. The ballot statement must indicate the intention to make an allocation under the authority of this subparagraph.

- Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 212.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 212.03 Transient rentals tax; rate, procedure, enforcement, exemptions.--

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98 99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of renting, leasing, letting, or granting a license to use any living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in, from, or a part of, or in connection with any hotel, apartment house, roominghouse, or tourist or trailer camp. However, any person who rents, leases, lets, or grants a license to others to use, occupy, or enter upon any living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in apartment houses, roominghouses, tourist camps, or trailer camps, and who exclusively enters into a bona fide written agreement for continuous residence for longer than 6 months in duration at such property is not exercising a taxable privilege. Moreover, a person who rents, leases, lets, or grants a license to use, occupy, or enter upon any living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in apartment houses, roominghouses,

tourist camps, or trailer camps to an individual who has been displaced from his or her usual housing due to a hurricane or other catastrophic disaster is not exercising a taxable privilege if the displaced individual provides to his or her landlord such proof as the Department of Revenue requires, by rule, that such a catastrophe is the cause of the individual's need for temporary housing. For the exercise of such taxable privilege, a tax is hereby levied in an amount equal to 6 percent of and on the total rental charged for such living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations by the person charging or collecting the rental. Such tax shall apply to hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps whether or not there is in connection with any of the same any dining rooms, cafes, or other places where meals or lunches are sold or served to guests.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.