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2	An act relating to certificates of birth and
3	death; creating "Katherine's Law"; amending s.
4	382.002, F.S.; providing definitions; amending
5	s. 382.008, F.S.; authorizing the State
6	Registrar of the Office of Vital Statistics of
7	the Department of Health to receive
8	electronically the certificate of death or
9	fetal death which is required to be filed with
10	the local registrar; creating s. 382.0085,
11	F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to
12	issue a certificate of birth resulting in
13	stillbirth upon request of specified parent;
14	requiring that the person required to file the
15	fetal death certificate advise a parent of a
16	stillborn child about the availability of a
17	certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth;
18	requiring that the person required to file the
19	fetal death certificate inform a parent of a
20	stillborn child that copies of the birth
21	certificate resulting in stillbirth may be
22	available as a public record; requiring the use
23	of a form prescribed by the Department of
24	Health and the provision of specified
25	information to request a certificate of birth
26	resulting in stillbirth; providing requirements
27	for the certificate of birth resulting in
28	stillbirth; designating the certificate of
29	birth resulting in stillbirth as a public
30	record; authorizing a parent to request a
31	certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth

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1	without regard to the date on which the
2	certificate of fetal death was issued;
3	designating the refusal to issue a certificate
4	of birth resulting in stillbirth to certain
5	persons as final agency action that is not
б	subject to administrative review; prohibiting
7	the use of certificates of birth resulting in
8	stillbirth to calculate live birth statistics;
9	prohibiting provisions from being used in
10	certain civil actions; authorizing rulemaking
11	by the Department of Health for the certificate
12	of birth resulting in stillbirth; amending s.
13	382.013, F.S.; authorizing the State Registrar
14	of the Office of Vital Statistics of the
15	Department of Health to receive electronically
16	the birth certificate for each live birth that
17	is required to be filed with the local
18	registrar; amending s. 382.0255, F.S.;
19	authorizing the Department of Health to collect
20	fees for a certificate of birth resulting in
21	stillbirth; providing an effective date.
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23	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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25	Section 1. <u>Short titleThis act may be cited as</u>
26	<u>"Katherine's Law."</u>
27	Section 2. Section 382.002, Florida Statutes, is
28	amended to read:
29	382.002 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the
30	term:
31	

2006 Legislature

CS for SB 746, 2nd Engrossed

(1) "Certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth" 1 2 means a certificate issued to record and memorialize the birth of a stillborn child. 3 (2)(1) "Certification" or "certified" means a document 4 containing all or a part of the exact information contained on 5 the original vital record, and which, when issued by the State б 7 Registrar, has the full force and effect of the original vital 8 record. 9 (3) (2) "Dead body" means a human body or such parts of a human body from the condition of which it reasonably may be 10 concluded that death recently occurred. 11 (4)(3) "Department" means the Department of Health. 12 13 (5)(4) "Dissolution of marriage" includes an annulment 14 of marriage. (6)(5) "Fetal death" means death prior to the complete 15 expulsion or extraction of a product of human conception from 16 its mother if the 20th week of gestation has been reached and 17 18 the death is indicated by the fact that after such expulsion or extraction the fetus does not breathe or show any other 19 evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of 20 the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles. 21 22 (7)(6) "Final disposition" means the burial, 23 interment, cremation, removal from the state, or other 24 authorized disposition of a dead body or a fetus as described in subsection (6)(5). In the case of cremation, dispersion of 25 ashes or cremation residue is considered to occur after final 26 disposition; the cremation itself is considered final 27 28 disposition. 29 (8)(7) "Funeral director" means a licensed funeral 30 director or direct disposer licensed pursuant to chapter 497 31 or other person who first assumes custody of or effects the

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2006 Legislature

CS for SB 746, 2nd Engrossed

final disposition of a dead body or a fetus as described in 1 2 subsection(6)(5). 3 (9)(8) "Legal age" means a person who is not a minor, 4 or a minor who has had the disability of nonage removed as provided under chapter 743. 5 6 (10)(9) "Live birth" means the complete expulsion or 7 extraction of a product of human conception from its mother, 8 irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which, after such 9 expulsion, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, and 10 definite movement of the voluntary muscles, whether or not the 11 umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached. 12 13 (11)(10) "Medical examiner" means a person appointed 14 pursuant to chapter 406. (12)(11) "Physician" means a person authorized to 15 practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, or chiropractic 16 medicine pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 460. 17 18 (13)(12) "Registrant" means the child entered on a 19 birth certificate, the deceased entered on a death certificate, and the husband or wife entered on a marriage or 20 dissolution of marriage record. 21 (14) "Stillbirth" means an unintended, intrauterine 2.2 fetal death after a gestational age of not less than 20 23 24 completed weeks. (15)(13) "Vital records" or "records" means 25 certificates or reports of birth, death, fetal death, 26 marriage, dissolution of marriage, name change filed pursuant 27 28 to s. 68.07, and data related thereto. 29 (16)(14) "Vital statistics" means a system of registration, collection, preservation, amendment, and 30 31 certification of vital records, the collection of other

2006 Legislature

reports required by this act, and activities related thereto, 1 2 including the tabulation, analysis, and publication of data 3 obtained from vital records. 4 Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 382.008, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 6 382.008 Death and fetal death registration.--7 (2)(a) The funeral director who first assumes custody 8 of a dead body or fetus shall file the certificate of death or fetal death. In the absence of the funeral director, the 9 physician or other person in attendance at or after the death 10 shall file the certificate of death or fetal death. The 11 person who files the certificate shall obtain personal data 12 13 from the next of kin or the best qualified person or source 14 available. The medical certification of cause of death shall be furnished to the funeral director, either in person or via 15 certified mail, by the physician or medical examiner 16 responsible for furnishing such information. For fetal deaths, 17 18 the physician, midwife, or hospital administrator shall provide any medical or health information to the funeral 19 director within 72 hours after expulsion or extraction. 20 (b) The State Registrar may receive electronically a 21 22 certificate of death or fetal death which is required to be filed with the registrar under this chapter through facsimile 23 24 or other electronic transfer for the purpose of filing the certificate. The receipt of a certificate of death or fetal 25 26 death by electronic transfer constitutes delivery to the State Registrar as required by law. 27 Section 4. Section 382.0085, Florida Statutes, is 28 29 created to read: 382.0085 Stillbirth registration.--30 31

1	(1) For any stillborn child in this state, the
2	<u>department shall, within 60 days, issue a certificate of birth</u>
3	resulting in stillbirth upon the request of a parent named on
4	<u>a fetal death certificate.</u>
5	(2) The person who is required to file a fetal death
6	certificate under this chapter shall advise the parent of a
7	stillborn child:
8	(a) That the parent may request the preparation of a
9	certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth in addition to
10	the fetal death certificate;
11	(b) That the parent may obtain a certificate of birth
12	resulting in stillbirth by contacting the Office of Vital
13	<u>Statistics;</u>
14	(c) How the parent may contact the Office of Vital
15	Statistics to request a certificate of birth resulting in
16	stillbirth; and
17	(d) That a copy of the original certificate of birth
18	resulting in stillbirth is a document that is available as a
19	public record when held by an agency as defined under s.
20	<u>119.011(2).</u>
21	(3) The request for a certificate of birth resulting
22	in stillbirth must be on a form prescribed by the department
23	by rule and include the date of the stillbirth and the county
24	in which the stillbirth occurred. The request shall normally
25	include the state file number of the fetal death report
26	pursuant to s. 382.008.
27	(4) The certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth
28	<u>must contain:</u>
29	(a) The date of the stillbirth.
30	(b) The county in which the stillbirth occurred.
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1	(c) The name of the stillborn child as provided on the
2	original or amended certificate of the fetal death report
3	pursuant to s. 382.008. If a name does not appear on the
4	original or amended fetal death certificate and the requesting
5	parent does not wish to provide a name, the Office of Vital
6	<u>Statistics shall fill in the certificate of birth resulting in</u>
7	stillbirth with the name "baby boy" or "baby girl" and the
8	last name of the parents as provided in s. 382.013(3).
9	(d) The state file number of the corresponding
10	certificate of fetal death.
11	(e) The following statement: "This certificate is not
12	proof of live birth."
13	(5) A certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth
14	shall be a public record when held by an agency as defined
15	under s. 119.011(2). The Office of Vital Statistics must
16	inform any parent who requests a certificate of birth
17	resulting in stillbirth that a copy of the document is
18	<u>available as a public record.</u>
19	(6) A parent may request that the Office of Vital
20	Statistics issue a certificate of birth resulting in
21	stillbirth regardless of the date on which the certificate of
22	fetal death was issued.
23	(7) It is final agency action, not subject to review
24	under chapter 120, for the Office of Vital Statistics to
25	refuse to issue a certificate to a person who is not a parent
26	named on the fetal death certificate and who is not entitled
27	to a certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth.
28	(8) The Office of Vital Statistics may not use a
29	certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth to calculate live
30	birth statistics.
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1	(9) This section or s. 382.002(14) may not be used to
2	<u>establish, bring, or support a civil cause of action seeking</u>
3	<u>damages against any person or entity for bodily injury,</u>
4	personal injury, or wrongful death for a stillbirth.
5	(10) The department shall prescribe by rules adopted
б	pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 the form, content, and
7	process for the certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth.
8	Section 5. Paragraph (h) is added to subsection (1) of
9	section 382.013, Florida Statutes, to read:
10	382.013 Birth registrationA certificate for each
11	live birth that occurs in this state shall be filed within 5
12	days after such birth with the local registrar of the district
13	in which the birth occurred and shall be registered by the
14	local registrar if the certificate has been completed and
15	filed in accordance with this chapter and adopted rules. The
16	information regarding registered births shall be used for
17	comparison with information in the state case registry, as
18	defined in chapter 61.
19	(1) FILING
20	(h) The State Registrar may receive electronically a
21	birth certificate for each live birth which is required to be
22	filed with the registrar under this chapter through facsimile
23	or other electronic transfer for the purpose of filing the
24	birth certificate. The receipt of a birth certificate by
25	electronic transfer constitutes delivery to the State
26	Registrar as required by law.
27	Section 6. Paragraph (j) is added to subsection (1) of
28	section 382.0255, Florida Statutes, to read:
29	382.0255 Fees
30	(1) The department is entitled to fees, as follows:
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1	(j) Not less than \$3 or more than \$5 for processing
2	and filing a new certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth
3	pursuant to s. 382.0085.
4	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.
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