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A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to pretrial release; amending s. 903.02, F.S.; providing that any judge setting or granting bail 3 4 shall set a separate bail amount for each charge or 5 offense; amending s. 903.046, F.S.; providing that a defendant forfeits the right to a presumption in favor of 6 7 release on nonmonetary conditions if charged with a second or subsequent felony within a certain time period; 8 9 amending s. 903.047, F.S.; requiring a defendant to comply 10 with all conditions of pretrial release; amending s. 903.26, F.S.; providing for issuance of a capias or arrest 11 warrant for a defendant who has failed to appear; 12 providing requirements for such a capias or warrant; 13 providing for exoneration of a surety and discharge of any 14 bonds if a court fails or refuses to issue such capias or 15 arrest warrant; providing that failure of the state 16 attorney to institute extradition proceedings or extradite 17 the principal on a bail bond after the surety's written 18 19 agreement to pay actual transportation costs exonerates the surety; amending s. 903.27, F.S; providing that in 20 cases in which the bond forfeiture has been discharged by 21 22 the court, the amount of the judgment may not exceed the amount of the unpaid fees or costs upon which the 23 discharge had been conditioned; amending s. 903.31, F.S.; 24 providing that the clerk of court shall furnish an 25 executed certificate of cancellation to the surety; 26 27 providing that the original appearance bond does not guarantee the defendant's conduct or appearance in court 28

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HB 827 2006 29 under certain circumstances; providing an effective date. 30 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 31 32 Subsection (4) is added to section 903.02, 33 Section 1. 34 Florida Statutes, to read: 35 903.02 Actions following with respect to denial; changes in bail or conditions of bail or bond amount; separation by 36 37 charge or offense of bond prohibited; "court" defined. ---38 (4) Any judge setting or granting monetary bail shall set 39 a separate and specific bail amount for each charge or offense. When bail is posted, each charge or offense requires a separate 40 41 bond. Section 2. Subsection (3) is added to section 903.046, 42 Florida Statutes, to read: 43 903.046 Purpose of and criteria for bail determination.--44 45 If a defendant is charged with a second or subsequent (3) 46 felony within 3 years after the date of a prior felony charge, regardless of whether a conviction was entered, the defendant 47 48 forfeits the right to a presumption in favor of release on 49 nonmonetary conditions as provided in s. 907.041. Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 903.047, Florida 50 Statutes, is amended to read: 51 52 903.047 Conditions of pretrial release.--As a condition of pretrial release, whether such 53 (1)54 release is by surety bail bond or recognizance bond or in some 55 other form, the defendant court shall require that: The defendant Refrain from criminal activity of any 56 (a) Page 2 of 7

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57 kind.<del>; and</del> The defendant Refrain from any contact of any type 58 (b) 59 with the victim, except through pretrial discovery pursuant to the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. 60 (c) Comply with all conditions of pretrial release. 61 Section 4. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 903.26, 62 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 63 903.26 Forfeiture of the bond; when and how directed; 64 65 discharge; how and when made; effect of payment .--66 (1) (a) A bail bond shall not be forfeited unless: 67 1. (a) The information, indictment, or affidavit was filed within 6 months from the date of arrest;  $\overline{T}$  and 68 69 2.(b) The clerk of court gave the surety at least 72 70 hours' notice, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, 71 before the time of the required appearance of the defendant. 72 Notice shall not be necessary if the time for appearance is 73 within 72 hours from the time of  $\operatorname{arrest}_{\overline{\tau}}$  or if the time is 74 stated on the bond. 75 Instant with any failure to appear by a defendant, the (b) 76 court shall order and issue to the sheriff for execution a 77 capias or arrest warrant for the defendant who has failed to appear. Such capias or warrant shall comply with the 78 79 requirements of s. 903.046(2)(d) and shall also require 80 extradition of the defendant when arrested in another state if 81 the original charge is a felony and require return transportation of the defendant when arrested in another state 82 83 to the jurisdiction of the court when arrested on any case within the state. If the court fails or refuses to issue such 84

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85 <u>capias or arrest warrant, the surety shall immediately be</u> 86 <u>exonerated and any bonds deposited shall be discharged by the</u> 87 <u>clerk of the court in compliance with s. 903.31(1).</u>

(5) (a) The court shall discharge a forfeiture within 60
days upon:

90 <u>1.(a)</u> A determination that it was impossible for the 91 defendant to appear as required due to circumstances beyond the 92 defendant's control. The potential adverse economic consequences 93 of appearing as required shall not be considered as constituting 94 a ground for such a determination;

95 <u>2.(b)</u> A determination that, at the time of the required 96 appearance, the defendant was adjudicated insane and confined in 97 an institution or hospital or was confined in a jail or prison;

98 <u>3.(c)</u> Surrender or arrest of the defendant if the delay 99 has not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. If the 100 forfeiture has been before discharge, the court shall direct 101 remission of the forfeiture. The court shall condition a 102 discharge or remission on the payment of costs and the expenses 103 incurred by an official in returning the defendant to the 104 jurisdiction of the court.

105 Failure of the state attorney to institute extradition (b) proceedings or extradite the principal on a bail bond after the 106 107 surety has agreed in writing to pay actual transportation costs shall exonerate the surety, and any forfeiture or judgment shall 108 109 be set aside or vacated and any payment by the surety of a forfeiture or judgment shall be remitted in full. 110 111 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 903.27, Florida

112 Statutes, is amended to read:

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903.27 Forfeiture to judgment.--

114 (1)If the forfeiture is not paid or discharged by order of a court of competent jurisdiction within 60 days and the bond 115 116 is secured other than by money and bonds authorized in s. 903.16, the clerk of the circuit court for the county where the 117 order was made shall enter a judgment against the surety for the 118 amount of the penalty and issue execution. However, in any case 119 in which the bond forfeiture has been discharged by the court of 120 121 competent jurisdiction conditioned upon the payment by the 122 surety of certain costs or fees as allowed by statute, the 123 amount for which judgment may be entered may not exceed the amount of the unpaid fees or costs upon which the discharge had 124 been conditioned. Judgment for the full amount of the forfeiture 125 126 shall not be entered if payment of a lesser amount will satisfy 127 the conditions to discharge the forfeiture. Within 10 days, the clerk shall furnish the Department of Financial Services and the 128 129 Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services 130 Commission with a certified copy of the judgment docket and shall furnish the surety company at its home office a copy of 131 132 the judgment, which shall include the power of attorney number 133 of the bond and the name of the executing agent. If the judgment is not paid within 35 days, the clerk shall furnish the 134 Department of Financial Services, the Office of Insurance 135 Regulation, and the sheriff of the county in which the bond was 136 137 executed, or the official responsible for operation of the county jail, if other than the sheriff, two copies of the 138 139 judgment and a certificate stating that the judgment remains unsatisfied. When and if the judgment is properly paid or an 140

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141 order to vacate the judgment has been entered by a court of 142 competent jurisdiction, the clerk shall immediately notify the 143 sheriff, or the official responsible for the operation of the 144 county jail, if other than the sheriff, and the Department of Financial Services and the Office of Insurance Regulation, if 145 the department and office had been previously notified of 146 nonpayment, of such payment or order to vacate the judgment. The 147 clerk shall also immediately prepare and record in the public 148 149 records a satisfaction of the judgment or record the order to 150 vacate judgment. If the defendant is returned to the county of 151 jurisdiction of the court, whenever a motion to set aside the judgment is filed, the operation of this section is tolled until 152 the court makes a disposition of the motion. 153

154 Section 6. Section 903.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to 155 read:

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903.31 Canceling the bond. --

157 Within 10 business days after the conditions of a bond (1)158 have been satisfied or the forfeiture discharged or remitted, the court shall order the bond shall be canceled and, if the 159 160 surety has attached a certificate of cancellation to the 161 original bond, the clerk of the court shall furnish an executed certificate of cancellation to the surety without cost. An 162 adjudication of guilt or innocence of the defendant shall 163 164 satisfy the conditions of the bond. The original appearance bond 165 shall expire 36 months after such bond has been posted for the release of the defendant from custody. This subsection does not 166 167 apply to cases in which a bond has been declared forfeited. The original appearance bond does shall not be 168 (2)

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169 construed to guarantee deferred sentences, appearance during or 170 after a presentence investigation, appearance during or after 171 appeals, conduct during or appearance after admission to a pretrial intervention program, payment of fines, or attendance 172 at educational or rehabilitation facilities the court otherwise 173 provides in the judgment. If the original appearance bond has 174 been forfeited or revoked, the bond shall not be reinstated 175 without approval from the surety on the original bond. 176 177 (3) The original appearance bond does not guarantee the 178 defendant's conduct or appearance in court at any time after: 179 (a) The defendant enters a plea of guilty or nolo 180 contendere; The defendant enters into an agreement for deferred 181 (b) 182 prosecution or agrees to enter a pretrial intervention program; 183 The defendant is acquitted; (C) 184 (d) The defendant is adjudicated guilty; 185 (e) Adjudication of quilt of the defendant is withheld; or 186 (f) The defendant is found guilty by a judge or jury. 187 (4) (3) In any case where no formal charges have been brought against the defendant within 365 days after arrest, the 188 189 court shall order the bond canceled unless good cause is shown by the state. 190 191 Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 2006.

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