## CHAMBER ACTION

The Criminal Justice Committee recommends the following:

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## Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to prison industries; creating the Prison Industries Task Force within the Office of Legislative Services; requiring the task force to determine how well the prison industries program has fulfilled its statutory mission and purpose; providing for the appointment of members to the task force; requiring the task force to hold a minimum number of meetings; providing for members of the task force to be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses; requiring the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations to provide staff support for the task force; specifying the duties of the task force with respect to taking testimony; requiring the task force to submit a report to the Governor and the Legislature; abolishing the task force on a future date; amending s. 946.505, F.S.; clarifying the state's reversionary interest in the facilities, property, and assets of the corporation operating a correctional work program; providing an effective date.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. Prison Industries Task Force.--
- (1) (a) There is created within the Office of Legislative

  Services the Prison Industries Task Force to review how well

  PRIDE has fulfilled its statutory missions and purposes and

  whether the statutory missions of the prison industries program

  are feasible and relevant today and in the future.
- (b) The task force shall consist of the following 13 members:
- 1. The Secretary of Corrections, who shall serve as chair, and two wardens of prisons that have prison industries programs;
- 2. A representative from the Agency for Workforce Innovation;
- 3. A representative from the Office of Workforce Education within the Department of Education;
- 4. A member of the Senate, appointed by the President of the Senate;
- 5. A member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- <u>6. A representative from the board of directors of the</u>
  private nonprofit prison industries corporation, as defined in
  s. 946.503, Florida Statutes;
- 7. A representative from a local governmental entity that purchases products that are produced by prison industries;
- 8. A representative from a private industry that regularly employs former inmates;

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9. A representative from a private industry that regularly trains inmates;

- 10. A representative from the academic community who has expertise in research concerning the reentry of former prisoners into society and the employment of former felons; and
- 11. A former inmate who has worked in the prison industries program.

- (c) The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall jointly appoint the members of the task force specified in subparagraphs (b)6.-11. by July 1, 2006.
- (d) The task force shall hold its first meeting by July 15, 2006.
- (e) All recommendations of the task force shall be by majority vote.
- (f) The task force shall meet at the call of the chairperson and shall conduct at least three meetings.
- (g) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061, Florida Statutes.
- (h) The Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations shall provide staff support for the task force.
- (2)(a) The task force shall receive testimony from the Auditor General, the Governor's Inspector General, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, PRIDE, and other appropriate officials to address the following:

1. Are the statutory missions of the prison industries program as defined in s. 946.501(2), Florida Statutes, still valid?

- 2. Should other valid missions be included within the program?
- 3. How do the current or recommended missions conflict with any other valid missions?
- 4. Should the missions be ranked in order of priority and, if so, to what extent can accomplishment of a higher-priority mission be reduced in order to accomplish a lower-priority mission?
- 5. Is the method of addressing the legislative finding in s. 946.501(3), Florida Statutes, which is that it is in the best interest of the state, inmates, and the general public to duplicate as closely as possible free-enterprise production and service operations, also the most effective manner in which to accomplish the missions of the prison industries program?
- 6. Should the structure for managing the correctional work program be changed in order to facilitate accomplishing the missions of the program?
- 7. Is operating the prison industries program independently of state government the most effective manner in which to accomplish its valid mission?
- 8. To what extent can PRIDE fulfill the legislative intent stated in s. 946.502(6), Florida Statutes, which is that prison industries programs use inmates in all levels of custody, with specific emphasis on reducing idleness among inmates in close custody?

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106 To what extent, if any, have privatization of 107 governmental functions and changing markets reduced sales by PRIDE or impeded its ability to expand prison industry training? 108 What creative strategies could enhance the prison

- industries program's ability to meet its valid missions? The task force shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the President of the
- Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by February 15, 2007.

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- (3) All meetings of the task force and all business of the 115 116 task force for which reimbursement may be requested must be 117 concluded before the report is filed. The task force is 118 abolished July 1, 2007.
  - Subsection (1) of section 946.505, Florida Section 2. Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 946.505 Reversion upon dissolution of corporation or termination of lease. --
  - In the event the corporation is dissolved or its lease of any correctional work program expires or is otherwise terminated, all property relating to such correctional work program which ceases to function because of such termination or dissolution, including all buildings, land, furnishings, equipment, and other chattels and assets, whether originally leased from the department or, as well as any subsequently constructed or otherwise acquired facilities in connection with its continued operation of that program, automatically reverts to full ownership by the department unless the corporation intends to use utilize such property in another correctional

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work program. Such a reversionary ownership interest of the state in any and all such after-acquired facilities, property, and assets by the corporation is in furtherance of the goals established in s. 946.502(4), and such a present ownership interest by the state is a continuing and insurable state interest.

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Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.