## CHAMBER ACTION

The Health Care Regulation Committee recommends the following:

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## Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to public records; creating s. 893.056, F.S.; exempting from public records requirements information and records reported to the Department of Health or the department's contract vendor under the electronic monitoring system for prescription of controlled substances listed in Schedules II-IV; authorizing certain persons and entities access to personal identifying information of a patient; providing guidelines for the use of such information and penalties for violations; providing for future legislative review and repeal; providing a finding of public necessity; providing a contingent effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 893.056, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

Page 1 of 5

893.056 Public records exemption for the electronic monitoring system for prescription of controlled substances listed in Schedules II-IV.--

- (1) Personal identifying information of a patient, a practitioner as defined in s. 893.02, or a pharmacist as defined in s. 465.003 that is contained in records held by the department or the department's contract vendor under s. 893.055, the electronic monitoring system for prescription of controlled substances, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (2) The department or the department's contract vendor entering into a contract pursuant to s. 893.055(2) shall disclose such confidential and exempt information to:
- (a) The executive director of a regulatory board or a board investigator as designated by each board of the regulatory boards of the health care practitioners subject to s. 893.055 pursuant to the provisions of s. 456.073.
- (b) The Agency for Health Care Administration when it has initiated a review of specific identifiers of Medicaid fraud and abuse.
- (c) A criminal justice agency as defined in s. 119.011
  that enforces the laws of this state or the United States
  relating to controlled substances and that has secured a
  subpoena for such confidential and exempt information pursuant
  to an active investigation of an individual involving a specific violation of law.
- (d) A practitioner as defined in s. 893.02, or an employee of the practitioner who is acting on behalf of and at the

Page 2 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

direction of the practitioner, who requests such information and certifies that the information is necessary to provide medical treatment to a current patient in accordance with s. 893.05, subject to that patient's written consent.

- (e) A pharmacist as defined in s. 465.003, or a pharmacy intern or pharmacy technician who is acting on behalf of and at the direction of the pharmacist, who requests such information and certifies that the requested information will be used to dispense controlled substances to a current patient in accordance with s. 893.04.
- (f) The patient who is identified in the record upon a written request for the purpose of verifying that information.
- (3) Any agency that obtains such confidential and exempt information pursuant to this section must maintain the confidential and exempt status of that information; however, the Agency for Health Care Administration or a criminal justice agency with lawful access to such information may disclose confidential and exempt information received from the department to a criminal justice agency as part of an active investigation of a specific violation of law.
- (4) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (5) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset
  Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed
  on October 2, 2009, unless reviewed and saved from repeal
  through reenactment by the Legislature.

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Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that personal identifying information of a patient, a practitioner as defined in s. 893.02, Florida Statutes, or a pharmacist as defined in s. 465.003, Florida Statutes, contained in records that are reported to the Department of Health under s. 893.055, Florida Statutes, the electronic monitoring system for prescription of controlled substances, be made confidential and exempt. Information concerning the prescriptions that a patient has been prescribed is a private, personal matter between the patient, the practitioner, and the pharmacist. Nevertheless, reporting of prescriptions on a timely and accurate basis by practitioners and pharmacists will ensure the ability of the state to review and provide oversight of prescribing and dispensing practices. Further, the reporting of this information will facilitate investigations and prosecutions of violations of state drug laws by patients, practitioners, or pharmacists, thereby increasing compliance with those laws. If, in the process, however, the information that would identify a patient is not made confidential and exempt, any person could inspect and copy the record and be aware of the prescriptions that a patient has been prescribed. The availability of such information to the public would result in the invasion of the patient's privacy. If the identity of the patient could be correlated with his or her prescriptions, it would be possible for the public to become aware of the diseases or other medical concerns that a patient is being treated for by his or her physician. This knowledge could be used to embarrass or to humiliate a patient or to discriminate against him or her.

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Requiring the reporting of prescribing information, while protecting a patient's personal identifying information, will facilitate efforts to maintain compliance with the state's drug laws and will facilitate the sharing of information between health care practitioners and pharmacists, while maintaining and ensuring patient privacy. Additionally, exempting personal identifying information of doctors and pharmacists will ensure that an individual will not be able to "doctor-shop," that is to determine which doctors prescribe the highest amount of a particular type of drug and to seek those doctors out in order to increase the likelihood of obtaining a particular prescribed substance. Further, protecting personal identifying information of pharmacists ensures that an individual will not be able to identify which pharmacists dispense the largest amount of a particular substance and target that pharmacy for robbery or burglary. Thus, the Legislature finds that personal identifying information of a patient, a practitioner as defined in s. 893.02, Florida Statutes, or a pharmacist as defined in s. 465.003, Florida Statutes, contained in records reported under s. 893.055, Florida Statutes, must be confidential and exempt from disclosure. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006, if House Bill 913, or similar legislation establishing an electronic system to monitor the prescribing of controlled

substances, is adopted in the same legislative session or an

extension thereof and becomes law.