## CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

Representative Kendrick offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 88 and 89 insert:

Section 3. Pilot program for the restoration of seagrass beds.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Damages" means money damages paid by any person, whether voluntarily or as a result of administrative or judicial action, to the state as compensation, restitution, or punitive damages for causing injury to, or the destruction of, the seagrass beds within designated aquatic preserves adjacent to Brevard County, Lee County, Manatee County, Monroe County, or Pinellas County.
- (b) "Fund" means the Ecosystem Management and Restoration
  Trust Fund.

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- (c) "Seagrass bed" means a community of flowering underwater plants as defined in s. 253.04(4)(a)2., Florida
  Statutes, that are located within a designated aquatic preserve.
  - (2) The Legislature finds that:
- (a) The preservation of seagrass beds is critical to protecting the marine life, water quality, and ocean-based economy of this state. Seagrass beds maintain water quality and provide food, habitat, and nursery areas for numerous species of marine life. This state's multimillion-dollar fishing and diving industries depend on the health and productivity of the seagrass beds. Estimates indicate that thousands of acres of seagrass beds in this state have been scarred from boat propellers.

  Impacts from boat groundings fragment the grass bed, restricting the movement of the marine life that depends upon the habitat.

  Seagrass beds can take up to a decade to recover from propeller scars.
- (b) Seagrass beds are subject to instantaneous injury or loss from a variety of negligent and willful acts in ways that cannot be foreseen and provided for in the normal budget process. Due to the unforseeability of such incidents, funds have not been available for reimbursement of extraordinary expenses incurred by the Department of Environmental Protection in seeking compensation, on behalf of the residents of the state, for the injury to, or destruction of, seagrass beds. As a result, a significant amount of monetary damages recovered by the state for injury to, or destruction of, its seagrass beds are deposited into the general accounts of the State Treasury and are not specifically set aside for the restoration or 524891

rehabilitation of the injured or destroyed natural resources in areas of the state where the injury or loss occurred.

- (3) The purpose of this section is to establish a pilot program that provides for the immediate stabilization and restoration of seagrass beds within an aquatic preserve adjacent to Brevard, Lee, Manatee, Monroe, and Pinellas Counties where damage has occurred.
- (4) (a) All damages recovered by or on behalf of the state for injury to, or destruction of, the seagrass beds located within an aquatic preserve adjacent to Brevard, Lee, Manatee, Monroe, and Pinellas Counties, which would otherwise be deposited into the general revenue accounts of the State Treasury or into the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, shall be deposited into the Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund and shall remain in that fund until expended by the Department of Environmental Protection under the pilot program established in this section.
- (b) Moneys in the fund shall be expended only for restoration, assessment, or rehabilitation of such injured or destroyed seagrass beds through a contract with a qualified person. In order to prevent further erosion, turbidity, and potential loss of natural resources, each contract must require assessment and stabilization of the seagrass bed within 30 days after an incident that damages the seagrass bed occurs, must use a stabilization protocol following the guidelines in the Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement for Seagrass

  Restoration in the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary, and

must use only those stabilization techniques that are scientifically proven and published in peer-reviewed literature.

- (5) (a) Each recipient of disbursements from the fund must agree in advance that its accounts and records of expenditures of such moneys are subject to audit at any time by appropriate state officials and shall submit a final written report describing its expenditures within 90 days after the moneys are expended.
- (b) When payments are made to a state agency from the fund under paragraph (4)(a), such payments shall be considered as payments for extraordinary expenses, and other appropriations to that agency may not be reduced by any amount as a result of such payments.
- (6) The Department of Environmental Protection shall evaluate the pilot program and report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on whether the pilot program should be expanded in order to restore additional areas of the state's seagrass beds located within an aquatic preserve. The report on the pilot program is due by January 1, 2009.
- (7) The Department of Environmental Protection may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
- Section 4. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and
  Government Accountability shall evaluate the overall impact of
  the recreational marine industry in this state and report its
  findings to the Legislature by January 1, 2008. The evaluation

99 must:

(1) Include a review of the incentives that are currently
available to retain or expand businesses associated with
recreational marine industry in this state and a comparison of
such incentives to incentives available to retain or expand suc
businesses in states having a notable recreational marine-
industry presence, including North Carolina, Maryland, and
Washington.

- (2) Examine how many recreational marine-industry businesses have left this state and relocated out of state and identify potential policies to retain and expand recreational marine businesses in this state.
- industry in total dollars and jobs and review efforts related to workforce retention and attraction, slip shortages, ramp accessibility and shortages, and the impacts of boaters who are residents in comparison to boaters who are transients.

====== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ======

Remove line 12 and insert:

F.S.; providing civil penalties; creating a pilot program for the restoration of seagrass beds within specified counties; providing definitions; providing legislative findings and purposes; requiring that damages recovered for injury to, and the destruction of, seagrass beds in certain counties and related natural resources be deposited into the Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to expend the funds for restoration,

## (LATE FILED)

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assessment, or rehabilitation of seagrass beds; providing
criteria governing such expenditures by the department;
providing for auditing and reporting by a private
recipient of funds; prohibiting any reduction of certain
appropriations to a state agency that receives funds under
the act; requiring that the department report to the
Legislature whether the pilot program should be expanded;
authorizing rulemaking by the department; requiring the
Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
Accountability to evaluate the recreational marine
industry and report to the Legislature; providing an
effective