2 An act relating to violent felony offenders; 3 providing a short title; creating s. 903.0351, F.S.; prohibiting bail or other pretrial 4 5 release for specified violent felony offenders 6 of special concern and certain arrested persons 7 pending a probation-violation hearing or 8 community-control-violation hearing; providing 9 exceptions; amending s. 948.06, F.S.; providing definitions; providing that certain alleged 10 violations of probation or community control by 11 violent felony offenders of special concern and 12 13 certain arrested persons require a hearing and 14 require the alleged offenders to remain in custody pending hearing; requiring findings by 15 the court and a decision on revocation of 16 probation or community control; creating s. 17 18 948.064, F.S.; providing for notification to the criminal justice system of an offender's 19 status as a violent felony offender of special 20 concern or other specified offender; amending 21 22 s. 921.0024, F.S.; revising the worksheet 23 computations of the Criminal Punishment Code to 24 provide additional community sanction violation points for certain community sanction 25 violations committed by violent felony 26 offenders of special concern; reenacting ss. 27 28 948.012(2)(b), 948.10(9), and 958.14, F.S., 29 relating to split sentence of probation or community control and imprisonment, community 30 31 control programs, and violation of probation or

1	community control, respectively, to incorporate
2	the amendment to s. 948.06, F.S., in references
3	thereto; requiring a report on implementation
4	of this act; providing appropriations and
5	authorizing an additional full-time equivalent
6	position; providing for severability; providing
7	an effective date.
8	
9	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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11	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Anti-Murder
12	Act."
13	Section 2. Section 903.0351, Florida Statutes, is
14	created to read:
15	903.0351 Restrictions on pretrial release pending
16	probation-violation hearing or community-control-violation
17	hearing
18	(1) In the instance of an alleged violation of felony
19	probation or community control, bail or any other form of
20	pretrial release shall not be granted prior to the resolution
21	of the probation-violation hearing or the
22	community-control-violation hearing to:
23	(a) A violent felony offender of special concern as
24	defined in s. 948.06;
25	(b) A person who is on felony probation or community
26	control for any offense committed on or after the effective
27	date of this act and who is arrested for a qualifying offense
28	as defined in s. 948.06(8)(c); or
29	(c) A person who is on felony probation or community
30	control and has previously been found by a court to be a
31	habitual violent felony offender as defined in s.

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775.084(1)(b), a three-time violent felony offender as defined in s. 775.084(1)(c), or a sexual predator under s. 775.21, and who is arrested for committing a qualifying offense as defined in s. 948.06(8)(c) on or after the effective date of this act.

(2) Subsection (1) shall not apply where the alleged violation of felony probation or community control is based solely on the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs or fines or make restitution payments.

Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 948.06, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

948.06 Violation of probation or community control; revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay restitution or cost of supervision. --

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a *felony* probationer or an offender in community control who is arrested for violating his or her probation or community control in a material respect may be taken before the court in the county or circuit in which the probationer or offender was arrested. That court shall advise him or her of the such charge of a violation and, if such charge is admitted, shall cause him or her to be brought before the court that which granted the probation or community control. If the such violation is not admitted by the probationer or offender, the court may commit him or her or release him or her with or without bail to await further hearing. However, if the probationer or offender is under supervision for any criminal offense proscribed in chapter 794, s. 800.04(4), (5), (6), s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, or is a registered sexual predator or a registered sexual offender, or is under 31 | supervision for a criminal offense for which he or she would

meet the registration criteria in s. 775.21, s. 943.0435, or s. 944.607 but for the effective date of those sections, the court must make a finding that the probationer or offender is 3 not a danger to the public prior to release with or without bail. In determining the danger posed by the offender's or probationer's release, the court may consider the nature and 6 circumstances of the violation and any new offenses charged; 8 the offender's or probationer's past and present conduct, 9 including convictions of crimes; any record of arrests without conviction for crimes involving violence or sexual crimes; any 10 other evidence of allegations of unlawful sexual conduct or 11 the use of violence by the offender or probationer; the 12 offender's or probationer's family ties, length of residence 13 14 in the community, employment history, and mental condition; his or her history and conduct during the probation or 15 community control supervision from which the violation arises 16 and any other previous supervisions, including disciplinary 17 records of previous incarcerations; the likelihood that the 19 offender or probationer will engage again in a criminal course of conduct; the weight of the evidence against the offender or 20 probationer; and any other facts the court considers relevant. 21 The court, as soon as is practicable, shall give the 2.2 23 probationer or offender an opportunity to be fully heard on 24 his or her behalf in person or by counsel. After the such hearing, the court shall make findings of fact and forward the 25 findings to the court that which granted the probation or 26 community control and to the probationer or offender or his or 27 28 her attorney. The findings of fact by the hearing court are binding on the court that which granted the probation or community control. Upon the probationer or offender being 30 31 brought before it, the court that which granted the probation

or community control may revoke, modify, or continue the probation or community control or may place the probationer into community control as provided in this section. However, 3 the probationer or offender shall not be released and shall 4 not be admitted to bail, but shall be brought before the court 5 that granted the probation or community control if any 6 7 violation of felony probation or community control other than 8 a failure to pay costs or fines or make restitution payments 9 is alleged to have been committed by: (a) A violent felony offender of special concern, as 10 defined in this section; 11 (b) A person who is on felony probation or community 12 13 control for any offense committed on or after the effective 14 date of this act and who is arrested for a qualifying offense as defined in this section; or 15 (c) A person who is on felony probation or community 16 17 control and has previously been found by a court to be a 18 habitual violent felony offender as defined in s. 19 775.084(1)(b), a three-time violent felony offender as defined in s. 775.084(1)(c), or a sexual predator under s. 775.21, and 20 who is arrested for committing a qualifying offense as defined 2.1 22 in this section on or after the effective date of this act. 23 (8)(a) In addition to complying with the provisions of 24 subsections (1)-(7), this subsection provides further requirements regarding a probationer or offender in community 2.5 control who is a violent felony offender of special concern. 26 The provisions of this subsection shall control over any 2.7 conflicting provisions in subsections (1)-(7). For purposes of 28 29 this subsection, the term "convicted" means a determination of 30 quilt which is the result of a trial or the entry of a plea of

1	quilty or nolo contendere, regardless of whether adjudication
2	is withheld.
3	(b) For purposes of this section and ss. 903.0351,
4	948.064, and 921.0024, the term "violent felony offender of
5	special concern" means a person who is on:
6	1. Felony probation or community control related to
7	the commission of a qualifying offense committed on or after
8	the effective date of this act;
9	2. Felony probation or community control for any
10	offense committed on or after the effective date of this act,
11	and has previously been convicted of a qualifying offense;
12	3. Felony probation or community control for any
13	offense committed on or after the effective date of this act,
14	and is found to have violated that probation or community
15	control by committing a qualifying offense;
16	4. Felony probation or community control and has
17	previously been found by a court to be a habitual violent
18	felony offender as defined in s. 775.084(1)(b) and has
19	committed a qualifying offense on or after the effective date
20	of this act;
21	5. Felony probation or community control and has
22	previously been found by a court to be a three-time violent
23	felony offender as defined in s. 775.084(1)(c) and has
24	committed a qualifying offense on or after the effective date
25	of this act; or
26	6. Felony probation or community control and has
27	previously been found by a court to be a sexual predator under
28	s. 775.21 and has committed a qualifying offense on or after
29	the effective date of this act.
30	(c) For purposes of this section, the term "qualifying
31	offense" means any of the following:

1	1. Kidnapping or attempted kidnapping under s. 787.01,
2	false imprisonment of a child under the age of 13 under s.
3	787.02(3), or luring or enticing a child under s.
4	787.025(2)(b) or (c).
5	2. Murder or attempted murder under s. 782.04,
6	attempted felony murder under s. 782.051, or manslaughter
7	under s. 782.07.
8	3. Aggravated battery or attempted aggravated battery
9	under s. 784.045.
10	4. Sexual battery or attempted sexual battery under s.
11	794.011(2), (3), (4), or (8)(b) or (c).
12	5. Lewd or lascivious battery or attempted lewd or
13	lascivious battery under s. 800.04(4), lewd or lascivious
14	molestation under s. 800.04(5)(b) or (c)2., lewd or lascivious
15	conduct under s. 800.04(6)(b), or lewd or lascivious
16	exhibition under s. 800.04(7)(c).
17	6. Robbery or attempted robbery under s. 812.13,
18	carjacking or attempted carjacking under s. 812.133, or home
19	invasion robbery or attempted home invasion robbery under s.
20	<u>812.135.</u>
21	7. Lewd or lascivious offense upon or in the presence
22	of an elderly or disabled person or attempted lewd or
23	lascivious offense upon or in the presence of an elderly or
24	disabled person under s. 825.1025.
25	8. Sexual performance by a child or attempted sexual
26	performance by a child under s. 827.071.
27	9. Computer pornography under s. 847.0135(2) or (3),
28	transmission of child pornography under s. 847.0137, or
29	selling or buying of minors under s. 847.0145.
30	10. Poisoning food or water under s. 859.01.
31	11 Abuse of a dead human body under s 872 06

1	12. Any burglary offense or attempted burglary offense
2	that is either a first-degree felony or second-degree felony
3	under s. 810.02(2) or (3).
4	13. Arson or attempted arson under s. 806.01(1).
5	14. Aggravated assault under s. 784.021.
6	15. Aggravated stalking under s. 784.048(3), (4), (5),
7	or (7).
8	16. Aircraft piracy under s. 860.16.
9	17. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
10	destructive device or bomb under s. 790.161(2), (3), or (4).
11	18. Treason under s. 876.32.
12	19. Any offense committed in another jurisdiction
13	which would be an offense listed in this paragraph if that
14	offense had been committed in this state.
15	(d) In the case of an alleged violation of probation
16	or community control other than a failure to pay costs, fines,
17	or restitution, the following individuals shall remain in
18	custody pending the resolution of the probation or community
19	control violation:
20	1. A violent felony offender of special concern, as
21	defined in this section;
22	2. A person who is on felony probation or community
23	control for any offense committed on or after the effective
24	date of this act and who is arrested for a qualifying offense
25	as defined in this section; or
26	3. A person who is on felony probation or community
27	control and has previously been found by a court to be a
28	habitual violent felony offender as defined in s.
29	775.084(1)(b), a three-time violent felony offender as defined
30	in s. 775.084(1)(c), or a sexual predator under s. 775.21, and
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31 control.

1	who is arrested for committing a qualifying offense as defined
2	in this section on or after the effective date of this act.
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4	The court shall not dismiss the probation or community control
5	violation warrant pending against an offender enumerated in
6	this paragraph without holding a recorded
7	violation-of-probation hearing at which both the state and the
8	offender are represented.
9	(e) If the court, after conducting the hearing
10	required by paragraph (d), determines that a violent felony
11	offender of special concern has committed a violation of
12	probation or community control other than a failure to pay
13	costs, fines, or restitution, the court shall:
14	1. Make written findings as to whether or not the
15	violent felony offender of special concern poses a danger to
16	the community. In determining the danger to the community
17	posed by the offender's release, the court shall base its
18	findings on one or more of the following:
19	a. The nature and circumstances of the violation and
20	any new offenses charged.
21	b. The offender's present conduct, including criminal
22	convictions.
23	c. The offender's amenability to nonincarcerative
24	sanctions based on his or her history and conduct during the
25	probation or community control supervision from which the
26	violation hearing arises and any other previous supervisions,
27	including disciplinary records of previous incarcerations.
28	d. The weight of the evidence against the offender.
29	e. Any other facts the court considers relevant.
30	2. Decide whether to revoke the probation or community

1	a. If the court has found that a violent felony
2	offender of special concern poses a danger to the community,
3	the court shall revoke probation and shall sentence the
4	offender up to the statutory maximum, or longer if permitted
5	by law.
6	b. If the court has found that a violent felony
7	offender of special concern does not pose a danger to the
8	community, the court may revoke, modify, or continue the
9	probation or community control or may place the probationer
10	into community control as provided in this section.
11	Section 4. Section 948.064, Florida Statutes, is
12	created to read:
13	948.064 Notification of status as a violent felony
14	offender of special concern
15	(1) To facilitate the information available to the
16	court at first appearance hearings and at all subsequent
17	hearings for "violent felony offenders of special concern," as
18	defined in s. 948.06, the Department of Corrections shall, no
19	later than October 1, 2007, develop a system for identifying
20	the offenders in the department's database and post on the
21	Department of Law Enforcement's Criminal Justice Intranet a
22	listing of all "violent felony offenders of special concern"
23	who are under community supervision.
24	(2) The county where the arrested person is booked
25	shall provide the following information to the court at the
26	time of the first appearance:
27	(a) State and national criminal history information;
28	(b) All criminal justice information available in the
29	Florida Crime Information Center and the National Crime
30	Information Center; and
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1	(c) Notice that the arrested person meets the
2	requirement for restrictions on pretrial release pending the
3	probation-violation hearing or community-control-violation
4	hearing in s. 903.0351(1)(b).
5	(3) The courts shall assist the department's
6	dissemination of critical information by creating and
7	maintaining an automated system to provide the information as
8	specified in this section to the court with the jurisdiction
9	to conduct the hearings.
10	(4) The state attorney, or the statewide prosecutor if
11	applicable, shall advise the court at each critical stage in
12	the judicial process, at which the state attorney or statewide
13	prosecutor is represented, whether an alleged or convicted
14	offender is a violent felony offender of special concern; a
15	person who is on felony probation or community control for any
16	offense committed on or after the effective date of this act
17	and who is arrested for a qualifying offense; or a person who
18	is on felony probation or community control and has previously
19	been found by a court to be a habitual violent felony offender
20	as defined in s. 775.084(1)(b), a three-time violent felony
21	offender as defined in s. 775.084(1)(c), or a sexual predator
22	under s. 775.21, and who is arrested for committing a
23	qualifying offense on or after the effective date of this act.
24	Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
25	921.0024, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
26	921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet
27	computations; scoresheets
28	(1)
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30	(b) WORKSHEET KEY:
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1	Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status
2	existed at the time the offender committed an offense before
3	the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are
4	assessed for an offender's legal status.
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6	Community sanction violation points are assessed when a
7	community sanction violation is before the court for
8	sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each
9	community sanction violation, and each successive community
10	sanction violation, unless any of the following apply:
11	however,
12	1. If the community sanction violation includes a new
13	felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12)
14	community sanction violation points are assessed for $\underline{\text{the}}$ such
15	violation, and for each successive community sanction
16	violation involving a new felony conviction.
17	2. If the community sanction violation is committed by
18	a violent felony offender of special concern as defined in s.
19	<u>948.06:</u>
20	a. Twelve (12) community sanction violation points are
21	assessed for the violation and for each successive violation
22	of felony probation or community control where:
23	(I) The violation does not include a new felony
24	conviction; and
25	(II) The community sanction violation is not based
26	solely on the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs
27	or fines or make restitution payments.
28	b. Twenty-four (24) community sanction violation
29	points are assessed for the violation and for each successive
30	violation of felony probation or community control where the
31	violation includes a new felony conviction.

Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the 3 assessment of community sanction violation points. 5 Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary 6 offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, 8 or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of thirty (30) 30 points shall be added. For 9 purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense 10 in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, 11 level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for 12 13 which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, 14 supervision, or other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other 15 sanction, whichever is later, is within 3 years before the 16 date the primary offense or any additional offense was 17 18 committed. 19 Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more 20 prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, 21 points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the 2.2 23 offender equal to twice the number of points the offender 24 receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a 2.5 previous capital felony offense for which the offender has 26 entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found 27 28 quilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were committed in this state. 30

Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine qun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 3 775.087(2) while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional eighteen (18) 18 5 sentence points are assessed; or if the offender is convicted 6 of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than 8 those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his or her 9 possession a semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional 10 twenty-five (25) 25 sentence points are assessed. 11 12 13 Sentencing multipliers: 14 Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking 15 under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, 16 at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 17 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 19 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides 20 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 21 22 23 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 24 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(2), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.5 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 775.0823(3), 26 (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8), the subtotal sentence points are 27 28 multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(9) or (10), the subtotal 30 31 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and 3 in the offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the 6 subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 7 8 Offense related to a criminal street gang: If the offender is 9 convicted of the primary offense and committed that offense for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the 10 interests of a criminal street gang as prohibited under s. 11 874.04, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 12 13 14 Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is 15 a crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which 16 was committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age 17 who is a family or household member as defined in s. 741.28(3) 19 with the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 20 Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the 21 amendment made by this act to section 948.06, Florida 2.2 23 Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection 24 (2) of section 948.012, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to 25 read: 948.012 Split sentence of probation or community 26 control and imprisonment. --27 28 (2) The court may also impose a split sentence whereby 29 the defendant is sentenced to a term of probation which may be

followed by a period of incarceration or, with respect to a

31 felony, into community control, as follows:

1	(b) If the offender does not meet the terms and
2	conditions of probation or community control, the court may
3	revoke, modify, or continue the probation or community control
4	as provided in s. 948.06. If the probation or community
5	control is revoked, the court may impose any sentence that it
6	could have imposed at the time the offender was placed on
7	probation or community control. The court may not provide
8	credit for time served for any portion of a probation or
9	community control term toward a subsequent term of probation
10	or community control. However, the court may not impose a
11	subsequent term of probation or community control which, when
12	combined with any amount of time served on preceding terms of
13	probation or community control for offenses pending before the
14	court for sentencing, would exceed the maximum penalty
15	allowable as provided in s. 775.082. Such term of
16	incarceration shall be served under applicable law or county
17	ordinance governing service of sentences in state or county
18	jurisdiction. This paragraph does not prohibit any other
19	sanction provided by law.
20	Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the
21	amendment made by this act to section 948.06, Florida
22	Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (9) of section
23	948.10, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
24	948.10 Community control programs
25	(9) Procedures governing violations of community
26	control shall be the same as those described in s. 948.06 with
27	respect to probation.
28	Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the
29	amendment made by this act to section 948.06, Florida
30	Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 958.14, Florida

31 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1	958.14 Violation of probation or community control
2	programA violation or alleged violation of probation or the
3	terms of a community control program shall subject the
4	youthful offender to the provisions of s. 948.06. However, no
5	youthful offender shall be committed to the custody of the
6	department for a substantive violation for a period longer
7	than the maximum sentence for the offense for which he or she
8	was found guilty, with credit for time served while
9	incarcerated, or for a technical or nonsubstantive violation
10	for a period longer than 6 years or for a period longer than
11	the maximum sentence for the offense for which he or she was
12	found guilty, whichever is less, with credit for time served
13	while incarcerated.
14	Section 9. $\underline{(1)}$ The Department of Corrections shall
15	coordinate preparation of a report on implementation of the
16	Anti-Murder Act and shall submit the report to the Governor,
17	the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
18	Representatives no later than February 1, 2008.
19	(2) The department shall convene the participation of,
20	and coordinate preparation of the report with, representatives
21	of:
22	(a) The Office of the State Courts Administrator on
23	behalf of the state courts system;
24	(b) The Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association;
25	(c) The Florida Public Defender Association;
26	(d) The Florida Association of Criminal Defense
27	Lawyers; and
28	
	(e) Any other units of government, organizations, or
29	(e) Any other units of government, organizations, or entities which the department considers necessary.
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1	of this act and recommend any legislative action related to
2	implementation of this act.
3	Section 10. The sums of \$39,906 in recurring funds and
4	\$221,526 in nonrecurring funds are appropriated from the
5	General Revenue Fund to the Office of State Courts
6	Administrator for the 2006-2007 fiscal year for the purpose of
7	implementing the provisions of this act, and one full-time
8	equivalent position and associated rate of 53,093 are
9	authorized. The sum of \$46,330 in recurring funds is
10	appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Office of
11	State Courts Administrator for the 2007-2008 fiscal year.
12	Section 11. The sum of \$158,756 in recurring funds is
13	appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department
14	of Corrections for operating costs for the 2006-2007 fiscal
15	year. The sum of \$316,180 in recurring funds is appropriated
16	from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Corrections
17	for operating costs for the 2007-2008 fiscal year.
18	Section 12. If any provision of this act or its
19	application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
20	invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of
21	the act which can be given effect without the invalid
22	provision or application, and to this end the provisions of
23	this act are severable.
24	Section 13. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
25	law.
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