The Florida Senate

PROFESSIONAL STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

		Prepared By: Tran	sportation Comm	ittee				
BILL:	SB 1562							
INTRODUCER:	Senator Saunders							
SUBJECT:	Operation of All-Terrain Vehicles							
DATE:	March 8, 200	7 REVISED:						
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	F	ACTION			
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I. Summary:

Senate Bill 1562 permits counties to allow the daytime use of all-terrain vehicles (ATV) on selected unpaved roads by licensed drivers or by minors under the supervision of a licensed driver.

This bill substantially amends s. 316.2123 of the Florida Statutes:

II. Present Situation:

An ATV is defined in ss. 261.03, 316.2074, and 317.0003, F.S., as any motorized off-highway or all-terrain vehicle 50 inches or less in width, having a dry weight of 900 pounds or less, designed to travel on three or more low-pressure tires, having a seat designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control, and intended for use by a single operator and with no passenger. Sections 261.03 and 317.03, F.S. also include separate definitions for two-rider ATVs. Section 316.2074, F.S., prohibits ATVs from being operated upon public roads, streets, or highways except by law enforcement personnel in certain circumstances, or as otherwise permitted by the managing state or federal agency.

In 2006, House Bill 7079 created s. 316.2123, F.S., which allows licensed drivers to operate ATVs on all unpaved public roads with speed limits less than 35 miles per hour during daylight hours. The statute further provides a minor under the supervision of a licensed driver may also operate an ATV under such conditions. Since licensed drivers need not be adults, supervision could be performed without an adult present. Any county may continue to prohibit the operation of ATVs on all roads within the county by opting out of the section's provisions through a majority vote of the county's governing body after a public hearing. A number of counties have

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opted out of the provisions of the section, effectively prohibiting the operation of ATVs on all public roads, streets, and highways within those counties.

Section 261.20, F.S., establishes requirements for the operation of ATVs on public lands which are defined as lands "available for public use and that are owned, operated, or managed by a federal, state, county, or municipal governmental entity." The section requires operational brakes, spark arrester, and muffler capable of reducing noise to specified levels. Beginning July 1, 2008, ATV operators under the age of 16 must possess evidence of the satisfactory completion of an approved off-highway vehicle safety course. The section also establishes the following violations:

- To carry a passenger unless the machine is specifically designed by the manufacturer to carry an operator and a single passenger.
- To operate an ATV while under the influence of alcohol, a controlled substance, or any prescription or over-the-counter drug that impairs vision or motor condition.
- For a person who has not attained 16 years of age, to operate an off-highway vehicle without wearing eye protection, over-the-ankle boots, and a safety helmet.
- To operate an ATV in a careless or reckless manner that endangers or causes injury or damage to another person or property.

Violations are noncriminal infractions, subject to a fine of not less than \$100 and revocation of the privilege to operate an ATV on public lands. Any second or subsequent violations, or violations with the intent to defraud, can result in a fine of not less than \$500 and revocation of the privilege to operate an ATV on public lands.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Senate Bill 1562 allows counties to permit the daytime use of ATVs on selected unpaved roads within the county. The bill provides any county may, by majority vote of the governing body, designate selected unpaved roads with posted speed limits of less than 35 miles per hour upon which ATVs may be legally operated during daylight hours by licensed drivers or by minors under the supervision of a licensed driver. The selected roads must be marked to indicate the permissible operation of ATVs.

The act takes effect upon becoming law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

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None.

V. Economic Impact and Fiscal Note:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

Effective supervision could be problematic since the statute relies upon the definition of ATV found in s. 317.0003, F.S., which states the vehicle is "intended for use by a single operator and with no passenger." Since s. 317.0003, F.S., also includes a definition of "Two-rider ATV", these vehicles would be excluded by omission from the provisions of this bill.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

This Senate Professional Staff Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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VIII. Summary of Amendments:

None.

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