Florida Senate - 2007

By Senator Aronberg

27-886-07

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to driving and boating under
3	the influence; providing a short title;
4	amending s. 316.193, F.S.; revising the
5	applicability of sanctions; requiring a
6	specified period of imprisonment for a fourth
7	or subsequent conviction of driving under the
8	influence; prohibiting substitution of
9	treatment alternatives in certain
10	circumstances; requiring impoundment or
11	immobilization of all vehicles owned by the
12	defendant for a specified period; providing for
13	dismissal of an impoundment order; requiring
14	records of judgments of guilty to include
15	fingerprints and social security numbers;
16	amending s. 327.35, F.S.; revising the
17	applicability of sanctions; requiring a
18	specified period of imprisonment for a fourth
19	or subsequent conviction of boating under the
20	influence; prohibiting substitution of
21	treatment alternatives in certain
22	circumstances; requiring impoundment or
23	immobilization of the vessel operated by or in
24	the actual control of the defendant or any one
25	vehicle registered in the defendant's name at
26	the time of impoundment or immobilization for a
27	specified period; providing for dismissal of an
28	order of impoundment or immobilization under
29	certain circumstances upon request of an owner
30	who was not operating the vessel; providing for
31	dismissal of an impoundment order; requiring

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1 records of judgments of guilty to include 2 fingerprints and social security numbers; providing an effective date. 3 4 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 5 б 7 Section 1. This act may be cited as "The Barry and 8 Sydney Mazer Act." 9 Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 316.193, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (13) is added to that section, to read: 11 12 316.193 Driving under the influence; penalties.--13 (6) With respect to any person convicted of a violation of this section subsection (1), regardless of any 14 15 penalty imposed pursuant to subsection (2), subsection (3) subsection (4): 16 17 (a) For the first conviction, the court shall place 18 the defendant on probation for a period not to exceed 1 year and, as a condition of such probation, shall order the 19 defendant to participate in public service or a community work 20 21 project for a minimum of 50 hours; or the court may order 22 instead, that any defendant pay an additional fine of \$10 for 23 each hour of public service or community work otherwise required, if, after consideration of the residence or location 2.4 of the defendant at the time public service or community work 25 is required, payment of the fine is in the best interests of 26 27 the state. However, the total period of probation and 2.8 incarceration may not exceed 1 year. The court must also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or 29 immobilization of the vehicle that was operated by or in the 30 actual control of the defendant or any one vehicle registered 31 2

1 in the defendant's name at the time of impoundment or 2 immobilization, for a period of 10 days or for the unexpired 3 term of any lease or rental agreement that expires within 10 days. The impoundment or immobilization must not occur 4 concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant. The 5 б impoundment or immobilization order may be dismissed in 7 accordance with paragraph (e), paragraph (f), paragraph (g), 8 or paragraph (h).

(b) For the second conviction for an offense that 9 occurs within a period of 5 years after the date of a prior 10 conviction for violation of this section, the court shall 11 12 order imprisonment for not less than 10 days. The court must 13 also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or immobilization of all vehicles owned by the defendant at the 14 time of impoundment or immobilization, for a period of 30 days 15 or for the unexpired term of any lease or rental agreement 16 17 that expires within 30 days. The impoundment or immobilization 18 must not occur concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant and must occur concurrently with the driver's 19 license revocation imposed under s. 322.28(2)(a)2. The 20 21 impoundment or immobilization order may be dismissed in 22 accordance with paragraph (e), paragraph (f), paragraph (g), 23 or paragraph (h). At least 48 hours of confinement must be 2.4 consecutive.

(c) For the third or subsequent conviction for an offense that occurs within a period of 10 years after the date of a prior conviction for violation of this section, the court shall order imprisonment for not less than 30 days. The court must also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or immobilization of all vehicles owned by the defendant at the time of impoundment or immobilization, for a period of 90

1 days or for the unexpired term of any lease or rental 2 agreement that expires within 90 days. The impoundment or immobilization may must not occur concurrently with the 3 incarceration of the defendant and shall must occur 4 concurrently with the driver's license revocation imposed 5 б under s. 322.28(2)(a)3. The impoundment or immobilization 7 order may be dismissed in accordance with paragraph (e), 8 paragraph (f), paragraph (g), or paragraph (h). At least 48 hours of confinement must be consecutive. 9 10 (d) The court must at the time of sentencing the defendant issue an order for the impoundment or immobilization 11 12 of a vehicle. Within 7 business days after the date that the 13 court issues the order of impoundment or immobilization, the clerk of the court must send notice by certified mail, return 14 receipt requested, to the registered owner of each vehicle, if 15 the registered owner is a person other than the defendant, and 16 17 to each person of record claiming a lien against the vehicle. 18 (e) A person who owns but was not operating the vehicle when the offense occurred may submit to the court a 19 police report indicating that the vehicle was stolen at the 20 21 time of the offense or documentation of having purchased the 22 vehicle after the offense was committed from an entity other 23 than the defendant or the defendant's agent. If the court finds that the vehicle was stolen or that the sale was not 2.4 made to circumvent the order and allow the defendant continued 25 26 access to the vehicle, the order must be dismissed and the 27 owner of the vehicle will incur no costs. If the court denies 2.8 the request to dismiss the order of impoundment or immobilization, the petitioner may request an evidentiary 29 30 hearing. 31

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1	(f) A person who owns but was not operating the
2	vehicle when the offense occurred, and whose vehicle was
3	stolen or who purchased the vehicle after the offense was
4	committed directly from the defendant or the defendant's
5	agent, may request an evidentiary hearing to determine whether
6	the impoundment or immobilization should occur. If the court
7	finds that either the vehicle was stolen or the purchase was
8	made without knowledge of the offense, that the purchaser had
9	no relationship to the defendant other than through the
10	transaction, and that such purchase would not circumvent the
11	order and allow the defendant continued access to the vehicle,
12	the order must be dismissed and the owner of the vehicle will
13	incur no costs.
14	(g) The court shall also dismiss the order of
15	impoundment or immobilization of the vehicle if the court
16	finds that the family of the owner of the vehicle has no other
17	private or public means of transportation.
18	(h) The court may also dismiss the order of
19	impoundment or immobilization of any vehicles that are owned
20	by the defendant but that are operated solely by the employees
21	of the defendant or any business owned by the defendant.
22	(i) All costs and fees for the impoundment or
23	immobilization, including the cost of notification, must be
24	paid by the owner of the vehicle or, if the vehicle is leased
25	or rented, by the person leasing or renting the vehicle,
26	unless the impoundment or immobilization order is dismissed.
27	All provisions of s. 713.78 shall apply.
28	(j) The person who owns a vehicle that is impounded or
29	immobilized under this paragraph, or a person who has a lien
30	of record against such a vehicle and who has not requested a
31	review of the impoundment pursuant to paragraph (e), paragraph
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1 (f), or paragraph (g), may, within 10 days after the date that 2 person has knowledge of the location of the vehicle, file a complaint in the county in which the owner resides to 3 determine whether the vehicle was wrongfully taken or withheld 4 from the owner or lienholder. Upon the filing of a complaint, 5 6 the owner or lienholder may have the vehicle released by 7 posting with the court a bond or other adequate security equal 8 to the amount of the costs and fees for impoundment or immobilization, including towing or storage, to ensure the 9 payment of such costs and fees if the owner or lienholder does 10 not prevail. When the bond is posted and the fee is paid as 11 12 set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate releasing the vehicle. At the time of release, 13 after reasonable inspection, the owner or lienholder must give 14 a receipt to the towing or storage company indicating any loss 15 or damage to the vehicle or to the contents of the vehicle. 16 17 (k) A defendant, in the court's discretion, may be 18 required to serve all or any portion of a term of imprisonment to which the defendant has been sentenced pursuant to this 19 section in a residential alcoholism treatment program or a 20 21 residential drug abuse treatment program. Any time spent in 22 such a program must be credited by the court toward the term 23 of imprisonment. (1) For the fourth or subsequent conviction under 2.4 subparagraph (2)(b)3., the court shall order imprisonment for 25 not less than 2 years. Another punishment may not be 26 27 substituted for this minimum mandatory term of imprisonment 2.8 with treatment alternatives. However, the court may, with the consent of the state, order the defendant to serve a minimum 29 mandatory sentence of 1 year and 1 day of incarceration 30 followed by a period of probation during which the defendant 31

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1	must attend and successfully complete a residential alcohol
2	<u>treatment program or a residential drug abuse treatment</u>
3	program or be placed on community control. The court must
4	also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or
5	immobilization of all vehicles owned by the defendant at the
6	time of impoundment or immobilization for a period of 120 days
7	or for the unexpired term of any lease or rental agreement
8	that expires within 120 days. The impoundment or
9	immobilization may not occur concurrently with the
10	incarceration of the defendant and shall occur concurrently
11	with the driver's license revocation imposed under s. 322.28.
12	The impoundment or immobilization order may be dismissed in
13	accordance with paragraph (e), paragraph (f), paragraph (g),
14	or paragraph (h). At least 48 hours of confinement must be
15	consecutive.
16	
17	For the purposes of this section, any conviction for a
1.0	violation of s. 327.35; a previous conviction for the
18	
18 19	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former
19	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former
19 20	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for
19 20 21	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated,
19 20 21 22	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an
19 20 21 22 23	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar
19 20 21 22 23 24	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also considered a previous conviction for violation of this
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also considered a previous conviction for violation of this section. However, in satisfaction of the fine imposed pursuant
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also considered a previous conviction for violation of this section. However, in satisfaction of the fine imposed pursuant to this section, the court may, upon a finding that the
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also considered a previous conviction for violation of this section. However, in satisfaction of the fine imposed pursuant to this section, the court may, upon a finding that the defendant is financially unable to pay either all or part of

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1 which the court determines the defendant is unable to pay. In 2 determining such additional sentence, the court shall consider the amount of the unpaid portion of the fine and the 3 reasonable value of the services to be ordered; however, the 4 5 court may not compute the reasonable value of services at a 6 rate less than the federal minimum wage at the time of 7 sentencing. 8 (13)(a) Notwithstanding s. 921.241, every judgment of quilty with respect to any offense governed by this section 9 10 shall comply with this subsection. Each judgment shall be in writing, signed by the judge, and recorded by the clerk of the 11 12 circuit court. The judge shall cause to be affixed to every such written judgment of guilty, in open court and in the 13 presence of such judge, the fingerprints of the defendant 14 against whom such judgment is rendered. Such fingerprints 15 shall be affixed beneath the judge's signature to any such 16 17 judgment. Beneath such fingerprints shall be appended a 18 certificate in substantially the following form: 19 "I hereby certify that the above and foregoing 20 21 fingerprints are of the defendant, (name), 22 and that they were placed thereon by said 23 defendant in my presence, in open court, this day of (month) 2.4 the (year) ." 25 Such certificate shall be signed by the judge, whose signature 26 27 thereto shall be followed by the word "Judge." 2.8 (b) Any such written judgment of guilty, or a certified copy thereof, is admissible in evidence in the 29 courts of this state as prima facie evidence that the 30 fingerprints appearing thereon and certified by the judge are 31

1 the fingerprints of the defendant against whom such judgment 2 of quilty was rendered. (c) At the time the defendant's fingerprints are 3 taken, the judge shall also cause the defendant's social 4 security number to be taken. The defendant's social security 5 б number shall be affixed to every written judgment of guilty, 7 in open court, in the presence of such judge, and at the time the judgment is rendered. If the defendant is unable or 8 unwilling to provide his or her social security number, the 9 10 reason for its absence shall be indicated on the written 11 judgment. 12 Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (6) of 13 section 327.35, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraphs (j) and (k) are added to that subsection, and subsection (11) is 14 added to that section, to read: 15 16 327.35 Boating under the influence; penalties; 17 "designated drivers". ---18 (6) With respect to any person convicted of a violation of subsection (1), regardless of any other penalty 19 imposed: 20 21 (a) For the first conviction, the court shall place the defendant on probation for a period not to exceed 1 year 22 23 and, as a condition of such probation, shall order the defendant to participate in public service or a community work 2.4 project for a minimum of 50 hours. The court must also, as a 25 condition of probation, order the impoundment or 26 27 immobilization of the vessel that was operated by or in the 2.8 actual control of the defendant or any one vehicle registered 29 in the defendant's name at the time of impoundment or immobilization, for a period of 10 days or for the unexpired 30 term of any lease or rental agreement that expires within 10 31

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1 days. The impoundment or immobilization must not occur 2 concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant. The impoundment or immobilization order may be dismissed in 3 accordance with paragraph (e) or paragraph (f). The total 4 5 period of probation and incarceration may not exceed 1 year. б (c) For the third or subsequent conviction for an 7 offense that occurs within a period of 10 years after the date 8 of a prior conviction for violation of this section, the court 9 shall order imprisonment for not less than 30 days. The court must also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment 10 or immobilization of the vessel that was operated by or in the 11 12 actual control of the defendant or any one vehicle registered 13 in the defendant's name at the time of impoundment or immobilization, for a period of 90 days or for the unexpired 14 term of any lease or rental agreement that expires within 90 15 days. The impoundment or immobilization may must not occur 16 17 concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant. The 18 impoundment or immobilization order may be dismissed in accordance with paragraph (e) or paragraph (f). At least 48 19 hours of confinement must be consecutive. 20 21 (j) For the fourth or subsequent conviction under subparagraph (2)(b)3., the court shall order imprisonment for 22 23 not less than 2 years. Another punishment may not be substituted for this minimum mandatory term of imprisonment 2.4 with treatment alternatives. However, the court may, with the 25 consent of the state, order the defendant to serve a minimum 26 27 mandatory sentence of 1 year and 1 day of incarceration 2.8 followed by a period of probation during which the defendant must attend and successfully complete a residential alcohol 29 treatment program or a residential drug abuse treatment 30 program or be placed on community control. The court must 31

1	also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or
2	immobilization of the vessel that was operated by or in the
3	actual control of the defendant or any one vehicle registered
4	in the defendant's name at the time of impoundment or
5	immobilization for a period of 120 days or for the unexpired
6	term of any lease or rental agreement that expires within 120
7	days. The impoundment or immobilization may not occur
8	concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant. The
9	impoundment or immobilization order may be dismissed in
10	accordance with paragraph (e) or paragraph (f). At least 48
11	hours of confinement must be consecutive.
12	(k) A person who owns but was not operating the vessel
13	when an offense under this section occurred may request an
14	evidentiary hearing to determine whether the impoundment or
15	immobilization should occur. If the court finds that the owner
16	was unaware of the defendant's prior conviction and sentence
17	<u>under paragraph (a), paragraph (b), paragraph (c), or</u>
18	paragraph (j) or if the court finds that there are other
19	mitigating circumstances that should allow the owner of the
20	vessel to secure the release of the vessel to the owner's
21	possession, the court may do so by dismissing the order of
22	impoundment or immobilization with or without cost to the
23	vessel owner.
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25	For the purposes of this section, any conviction for a
26	violation of s. 316.193, a previous conviction for the
27	violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former
28	s. 316.028, or a previous conviction outside this state for
29	driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated,
30	driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, driving with an
31	unlawful breath-alcohol level, or any other similar

1 alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also 2 considered a previous conviction for violation of this 3 section. 4 (11)(a) Notwithstanding s. 921.241, every judgment of quilty with respect to any offense governed by this section 5 6 shall comply with this subsection. Each judgment shall be in 7 writing, signed by the judge, and recorded by the clerk of the circuit court. The judge shall cause to be affixed to every 8 such written judgment of quilty, in open court and in the 9 10 presence of such judge, the fingerprints of the defendant against whom such judgment is rendered. Such fingerprints 11 12 shall be affixed beneath the judge's signature to any such 13 judgment. Beneath such fingerprints shall be appended a certificate in substantially the following form: 14 15 16 "I hereby certify that the above and foregoing 17 fingerprints are of the defendant, (name), 18 and that they were placed thereon by said defendant in my presence, in open court, this 19 the day of (month) 20 (year)." 21 2.2 Such certificate shall be signed by the judge, whose signature 23 thereto shall be followed by the word "Judge." (b) Any such written judgment of guilty, or a 2.4 certified copy thereof, is admissible in evidence in the 25 courts of this state as prima facie evidence that the 26 27 fingerprints appearing thereon and certified by the judge are 2.8 the fingerprints of the defendant against whom such judgment 29 of quilty was rendered. (c) At the time the defendant's fingerprints are 30 taken, the judge shall also cause the defendant's social 31

1 security number to be taken. The defendant's social security 2 number shall be affixed to every written judgment of guilty, in open court, in the presence of such judge, and at the time 3 4 the judgment is rendered. If the defendant is unable or unwilling to provide his or her social security number, the 5 6 reason for its absence shall be indicated on the written 7 judgment. 8 Section 4. This act shall take effect October 1, 2007. 9 10 SENATE SUMMARY 11 Provides for applicability of sanctions for driving or boating under the influence. Requires a specified period 12 13 of imprisonment for a fourth or subsequent conviction of driving under the influence. Prohibits substitution of 14 treatment alternatives in certain circumstances. Requires impoundment or immobilization of all vehicles owned by 15 the defendant for a specified period. Provides for dismissal of an impoundment order. Requires that records of judgments of guilty include fingerprints and social 16 security numbers. Requires a specified period of imprisonment for a fourth or subsequent conviction of boating under the influence. Prohibits substitution of 17 18 treatment alternatives in certain circumstances. Requires impoundment or immobilization of the vessel operated by or in the actual control of the defendant or any one 19 vehicle registered in the defendant's name at the time of 20 impoundment or immobilization for a specified period. Provides for dismissal of an order of impoundment or 21 immobilization under certain circumstances upon request of an owner who was not operating the vessel. Provides for dismissal of an impoundment order. Requires that records of judgments of guilty include fingerprints and 2.2 23 social security numbers. 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31