SM 1698

By Senator Margolis

35-1013-07

1	Senate Memorial
2	A memorial to the Congress of the United
3	States, urging Congress, with the support of
4	the President, to engage the international
5	community to take action in the effort to bring
6	a just and lasting peace to the people of
7	Darfur.
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9	WHEREAS, United Nations officials have described the
10	ongoing crisis in Darfur as "the world's worst humanitarian
11	crisis," and
12	WHEREAS, hundreds of thousands of people have died and
13	more than 2.5 million have been displaced in Darfur since
14	2003, and
15	WHEREAS, the Government of Sudan has failed in its
16	responsibility to protect the many peoples of Darfur, and
17	WHEREAS, the United States Congress declared on July
18	22, 2004, that the atrocities in Darfur constituted genocide,
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20	WHEREAS, on September 9, 2004, Secretary of State Colin
21	Powell and President George W. Bush described the crisis in
22	Darfur as genocide, and
23	WHEREAS, on June 30, 2005, President Bush confirmed
24	that "the violence in the Darfur region is clearly genocide
25	and the human cost is beyond calculation," and
26	WHEREAS, on May 8, 2006, President Bush stated, "we
27	will call genocide by its rightful name, and we will stand up
28	for the innocent until the peace of Darfur is secured," and
29	WHEREAS, on May 5, 2006, the Government of Sudan and
30	the largest rebel faction in Darfur, the Sudan Liberation
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Movement, led by Minni Minnawi, signed the Darfur Peace
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    Agreement (DPA), and
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           WHEREAS, violence in Darfur escalated in the months
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   following the signing of the DPA, with increased attacks
    against civilians and humanitarian workers, and
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           WHEREAS, violence has spread to the neighboring states
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    of Chad and the Central African Republic, threatening regional
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   peace and security, and
           WHEREAS, in July 2006, more humanitarian aid workers
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   were killed than in the previous 3 years combined, and
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           WHEREAS, violence has forced some humanitarian
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    organizations to suspend operations, leaving 40 percent of the
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   population of Darfur inaccessible to aid workers, and
           WHEREAS, on August 30, 2006, the United Nations
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    Security Council passed Security Council Resolution 1706
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    (2006), asserting that the existing United Nations Mission in
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    Sudan (UNMIS) "shall take over from the African Union Mission
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    in Sudan (AMIS) responsibility for supporting the
    implementation of the Darfur Peace Agreement (DPA) upon the
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    expiration of AMIS's mandate but in any event no later than 31
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    December 2006," and that UNMIS "shall be strengthened by up to
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    17,300 military personnel...up to 3,300 civilian police
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   personnel and up to 16 Formed Police Units, " which "shall
    begin to be deployed no later than 1 October 2006," and
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           WHEREAS, on September 19, 2006, President Bush
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    announced the appointment of Andrew Nastios as Presidential
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    Special Envoy to lead United States efforts to bring peace to
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    the Darfur region in Sudan, and
           WHEREAS, on November 16, 2006, high-level consultations
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    led by Kofi Annan, Secretary General of the United Nations,
   and Alpha Oumar Konare, Chairperson of the African Union
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Commission, and including representatives of the Arab League, 2 the European Union, the Government of Sudan, and other national governments, produced the "Addis Ababa Agreement," 3 4 and 5 WHEREAS, the Agreement stated that the DPA must be made more inclusive, and "called upon all parties - Government and 7 DPA nonsignatories - to immediately commit to a cessation of 8 hostilities in Darfur in order to give the peace process the 9 best chances for success, " and WHEREAS, the Agreement included a plan to establish a 10 United Nations-African Union peacekeeping operation that would 11 consist of no fewer than 17,000 military troops and 3,000 13 civilian police, and would have a primarily African character, 14 and WHEREAS, the Agreement stated that the peacekeeping 15 16 operation must be logistically and financially sustainable, 17 with support coming from the United Nations, and 18 WHEREAS, it is imperative that a peacekeeping force in Darfur have sufficient strength and the mandate to provide 19 adequate security to the people of Darfur, and 20 21 WHEREAS, on January 10, 2007, New Mexico Governor Bill 22 Richardson met with Sudanese President Omar Hassan Al-Bashir; 23 their meeting resulted in the issuance of a Joint Statement calling for "a 60-day cessation of hostilities by all parties 2.4 within the framework of the Darfur Peace Agreement," and 25 WHEREAS, the Joint Statement called for the initiation 26 27 of African Union/United Nations diplomatic efforts within the 2.8 framework of the DPA, and for two projected meetings - a 29 Government of Sudan-sponsored field commanders' conference to be attended by representatives of the African Union and the 30

sponsored peace summit, again within the framework of the DPA, to be held no later than March 15, 2007, and

WHEREAS, the Joint Statement stated the need to disarm all armed groups, including the Janjaweed, pursuant to the provision of the DPA, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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That the Florida Legislature:

- (1) Supports, given the rapidly deteriorating situation on the ground in Darfur, the principles of the Addis Ababa Agreement of November 17, 2006, in order to increase security and stability for the people of Darfur.
- (2) Declares that the deployment of an African Union-United Nations peacekeeping force under the command and control of the United Nations, as laid out in the Addis Ababa Agreement, is the minimum acceptable effort on the part of the international community to protect the people of Darfur.
- (3) Supports the strengthening of the African Union peacekeeping mission in Sudan so that it may improve its performance with regard to civilian protection as the African Union peacekeeping mission begins to transfer responsibility for protecting the people of Darfur to the United Nations-African Union peacekeeping force under the command and control of the United Nations, as laid out in the Addis Ababa Agreement.
 - (4) Calls upon the Government of Sudan to immediately:
- (a) Allow the implementation of the United Nations light and heavy support packages as provided for in the Addis Ababa Agreement; and

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- (b) Work with the United Nations and the international community to deploy United Nations peacekeepers to Darfur in keeping with the United Nations Security Council Resolution 1706 passed on August 31, 2006.
- (5) Calls upon all parties to the conflict to immediately:
- (a) Adhere to the Joint Statement issued by Governor Bill Richardson and President Omar Hassan Al-Bashir on January 10, 2007;
 - (b) Observe the cease-fire contained therein; and
- (c) Respect the impartiality and neutrality of humanitarian agencies so that relief workers can have unfettered access to their beneficiary populations and deliver desperately needed assistance.
 - (6) Urges the President to:
- (a) Continue work with other members of the international community, including the permanent members of the United Nations Security Council, the African Union, the European Union, the Arab League, Sudan's trading partners, and the Government of Sudan to facilitate the implementation of the Addis Ababa Agreement and the subsequent Richardson-Bashir Joint Statement;
- (b) Ensure the ability of any peacekeeping force deployed to Darfur to carry out its mandate by providing adequate funding and by working with our international partners to provide technical assistance, logistical support and intelligence-gathering capabilities, and military assets;
- (c) Vigorously pursue, in cooperation with other members of the international community, strong punitive action against those persons responsible for crimes against humanity as previously authorized in the Darfur Peace and

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Accountability Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-344), United Nations Security Council Resolution 1591 (2005), and the Comprehensive Peace in Sudan Act of 2004 (Public Law 108-497, 3 118 Stat. 4012); and 4

- (d) Make all necessary efforts to address the widespread incidents of gender-based violence in Darfur, including working with the Government of Sudan to help institute a zero-tolerance policy for gender-based violence as agreed to in the Richardson-Bashir Joint Statement.
- (7) Calls upon the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the Majority Leader of the United States Senate, and the Florida delegation to the United States Congress to:
- (a) Provide all necessary funding and support for United Nations and African Union peacekeeping operations in Darfur;
 - (b) Provide all necessary funding and support for humanitarian aid in Darfur and affected areas of Chad and the Central African Republic;
 - (c) Conduct sufficient oversight of actions by the United States administration to ensure that no opportunities for furthering the peace are missed; and
 - (d) Continue to monitor the conflict and political processes and, if necessary, examine imposing additional punitive sanctions against the Government of Sudan, officials within the Government of Sudan, rebel leaders, and any other individual or group obstructing the ongoing peace process or in violation of agreed-upon cease-fires and the Darfur Peace Agreement.
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Florida Legislature 30 urges Congress to do all in its power to further the goals

expressed in this memorial in order to bring lasting peace to the people of Darfur. BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that copies of this memorial be dispatched to the President of the United States, to the President of the United States Senate, to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, and to each member of the Florida delegation to the United States Congress.