## Florida Senate - 2007

By Senator Villalobos

38-1255B-07

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to voting systems; amending s.
3	101.5603, F.S.; providing definitions; amending
4	s. 101.5606, F.S.; requiring a voter-verifiable
5	paper record of votes cast using electronic
б	voting systems; requiring that electronic
7	voting systems provide standardized reporting
8	of election results; amending s. 101.56062,
9	F.S.; deleting requirements for certain audio
10	and visual capabilities for accessible voting
11	systems; creating s. 101.56075, F.S.; requiring
12	the use of marksense ballots on election days;
13	requiring the use of marksense ballots or a
14	direct recording electronic voting method
15	having a voter-verifiable paper record at early
16	voting sites; requiring an accessible voter
17	interface device at polling places and early
18	voting sites; amending s. 101.591, F.S.;
19	requiring postelection audits of voting
20	systems; requiring rulemaking by the Department
21	of State; deleting provisions providing for
22	voting system audits directed by the
23	Legislature; amending s. 102.166, F.S.;
24	requiring manual recounts of votes cast using a
25	direct recording electronic voting method to
26	use the paper record, which is the official
27	ballot for manual recounts; providing effective
28	dates.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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1 Section 1. Section 101.5603, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 101.5603 Definitions relating to Electronic Voting Systems Act.--As used in this act, the term: 4 5 (1) "Automatic tabulating equipment" includes б apparatus necessary to automatically examine, count, and 7 record votes. 8 (2) "Ballot" means the card, tape, or other vehicle 9 upon which the elector's choices are recorded. 10 (3) "Ballot information" means the material containing the names of offices and candidates and the questions to be 11 12 voted on. 13 (4) "Direct recording electronic voting method" means an electronic voting method that uses electronic components 14 for the functions of ballot presentation, vote selection, vote 15 capture, vote recording, and tabulation which are logically 16 and physically integrated into a single unit. The unit may 17 18 include peripheral equipment such as a printer, headphones, and other similar items. A direct recording electronic voting 19 method produces a tabulation of the voting data stored in a 2.0 21 removable memory component and in printed hard copy. 22 (5)(4) "Electronic or electromechanical voting system" 23 means a system of casting votes by use of voting devices or marking devices and counting ballots by employing automatic 2.4 25 tabulating equipment or data processing equipment, and the 26 term includes touchscreen systems. 27 (6)(5) "Marking device" means any approved device for 2.8 marking a ballot with ink or other substance which will enable the ballot to be tabulated by means of automatic tabulating 29 30 equipment. 31

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**Florida Senate - 2007** 38-1255B-07

1 (7) "Secrecy envelope" means an opaque device, used 2 for enclosing a marked ballot, which conceals the voter's 3 choices. 4 (8)(7) "Software" means the programs and routines used to employ and control the capabilities of data processing 5 6 hardware, including, without limitation, operating systems, 7 compilers, assemblers, utilities, library routines, 8 maintenance routines, applications, and computer networking 9 programs. 10 (9) "Voter-verifiable paper audit record" means the individual permanent paper record produced by a direct 11 12 recording electronic voting method which records each 13 selection on the ballot and allows the voter to confirm his or her selections before the ballot is cast. 14 (10)(8) "Voting device" means an apparatus by which 15 votes are registered electronically. 16 17 Section 2. Section 101.5606, Florida Statutes, is 18 amended to read: 101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems. -- No 19 electronic or electromechanical voting system shall be 20 21 approved by the Department of State unless it is so 2.2 constructed that: 23 (1)It permits and requires voting in secrecy. (2) It permits each elector to vote at any election 2.4 for all persons and offices for whom and for which the elector 25 is lawfully entitled to vote, and no others; to vote for as 26 27 many persons for an office as the elector is entitled to vote 2.8 for; and to vote for or against any question upon which the elector is entitled to vote. 29 30 (3) It immediately rejects a ballot where the number of votes for an office or measure exceeds the number which the 31

SB 2164

1 voter is entitled to cast or where the tabulating equipment 2 reads the ballot as a ballot with no votes cast. 3 (4) For systems using marksense ballots, it accepts a rejected ballot pursuant to subsection (3) if a voter chooses 4 to cast the ballot, but records no vote for any office that 5 6 has been overvoted or undervoted. 7 (5) It is capable of correctly counting votes. 8 (6) It permits each voter at a primary election to vote only for the candidates seeking nomination by the 9 political party in which such voter is registered, for any 10 candidate for nonpartisan office, and for any question upon 11 12 which the voter is entitled to vote. 13 (7) At presidential elections it permits each elector, by one operation, to vote for all presidential electors of a 14 party or for all presidential electors of candidates for 15 President and Vice President with no party affiliation. 16 17 (8) It provides a method for write-in voting. (9) It is capable of accumulating a count of the 18 specific number of ballots tallied for a precinct, 19 20 accumulating total votes by candidate for each office, and 21 accumulating total votes for and against each question and 22 issue of the ballots tallied for a precinct. 23 (10) It is capable of tallying votes from ballots of different political parties from the same precinct, in the 2.4 25 case of a primary election. (11) It is capable of automatically producing precinct 26 27 totals in printed, marked, or punched form, or a combination 28 thereof. 29 (12) If it is of a type that records votes 30 electronically, a paper record for each vote cast is made 31

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1 available for inspection and verification by the voter before 2 the ballot is cast. (13)(12) If it is of a type which records registers 3 votes electronically, it will permit each voter to change his 4 or her vote for any candidate or upon any question appearing 5 6 on the official ballot up to the time that the voter takes the 7 final step to record register his or her vote and to have the 8 vote <u>counted</u> computed. (14)(13) It is capable of providing records from which 9 10 the operation of the voting system may be audited. (15)(14) It uses a precinct-count tabulation system. 11 12 (16) (15) It does not use an apparatus or device for 13 the piercing of ballots by the voter. (17) It provides standardized election results 14 reporting as determined by the Department of State. 15 Section 3. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 16 17 101.56062, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 101.56062 Standards for accessible voting systems.--18 19 (1) Notwithstanding anything in this chapter to the contrary, each voting system certified by the Department of 20 21 State for use in local, state, and federal elections must 22 include the capability to install accessible voter interface 23 devices in the system configuration which will allow the system to meet the following minimum standards: 2.4 (a) The voting system must provide a tactile input or 25 audio input device, or both. 26 27 (b) The voting system must provide a method by which 2.8 voters can confirm any tactile or audio input by having the 29 capability of audio output using synthetic or recorded human 30 speech that is reasonably phonetically accurate. 31

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1	(c) Any operable controls on the input device which
2	are needed for voters who are visually impaired must be
3	discernible tactilely without actuating the keys.
4	(d) Audio and visual access approaches must be able to
5	work both separately and simultaneously.
б	<u>(d)</u> (e) If a nonaudio access approach is provided, the
7	system may not require color perception. The system must use
8	black text or graphics, or both, on white background or white
9	text or graphics, or both, on black background, unless the
10	office of the Secretary of State approves other high-contrast
11	color combinations that do not require color perception.
12	<u>(e)(f)</u> Any voting system that requires any visual
13	perception must offer the election official who programs the
14	system, prior to its being sent to the polling place, the
15	capability to set the font size, as it appears to the voter,
16	from a minimum of 14 points to a maximum of 24 points.
17	(g) The voting system must provide audio information,
18	including any audio output using synthetic or recorded human
19	<del>speech or any auditory feedback tones that are important for</del>
20	the use of the audio approach, through at least one mode, by
21	handset or headset, in enhanced auditory fashion (increased
22	amplification), and must provide incremental volume control
23	with output amplification up to a level of at least 97 dB SPL.
24	(h) For transmitted voice signals to the voter, the
25	voting system must provide a gain adjustable up to a minimum
26	of 20 dB with at least one intermediate step of 12 dB of gain.
27	(i) For the safety of others, if the voting system has
28	the possibility of exceeding 120 dB SPL, then a mechanism must
29	be included to reset the volume automatically to the voting
30	system's default volume level after every use, for example
31	when the handset is replaced, but not before. Also, universal

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1 precautions in the use and sharing of headsets should be 2 followed. (f) (j) If sound cues and audible information such as 3 "beeps" are used, there must be simultaneous corresponding 4 visual cues and information. 5 б (q) (k) Controls and operable mechanisms must be 7 operable with one hand, including operability with a closed 8 fist, and operable without tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist. 9 10 (h) (1) The force required to operate or activate the controls must be no greater than 5 pounds of force. 11 12 (i) (m) Voting booths must have voting controls at a 13 minimum height of 36 inches above the finished floor with a minimum knee clearance of 27 inches high, 30 inches wide, and 14 19 inches deep, or the accessible voter interface devices must 15 be designed so as to allow their use on top of a table to meet 16 17 these requirements. Tabletop installations must include 18 adequate privacy. (j)(n) Any audio ballot must provide the voter with 19 the following functionalities: 2.0 21 1. After the initial instructions that the system 22 requires election officials to provide to each voter, the 23 voter should be able to independently operate the voter interface through the final step of casting a ballot without 2.4 25 assistance. 2. The voter must be able to determine the races that 26 27 he or she is allowed to vote in and to determine which 2.8 candidates are available in each race. 3. The voter must be able to determine how many 29 30 candidates may be selected in each race. 31

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4. The voter must be able to have confidence that the 1 2 physical or vocal inputs given to the system have selected the candidates that he or she intended to select. 3 5. The voter must be able to review the candidate 4 selections that he or she has made. 5 б 6. Prior to the act of casting the ballot, the voter 7 must be able to change any selections previously made and 8 confirm a new selection. 7. The system must communicate to the voter the fact 9 10 that the voter has failed to vote in a race or has failed to vote the number of allowable candidates in any race and 11 12 require the voter to confirm his or her intent to undervote 13 before casting the ballot. 8. The system must prevent the voter from overvoting 14 15 any race. 9. The voter must be able to input a candidate's name 16 17 in each race that allows a write-in candidate. 10. The voter must be able to review his or her 18 write-in input to the interface, edit that input, and confirm 19 that the edits meet the voter's intent. 20 21 11. There must be a clear, identifiable action that 22 the voter takes to "cast" the ballot. The system must make 23 clear to the voter how to take this action so that the voter has minimal risk of taking the action accidentally but, when 2.4 the voter intends to cast the ballot, the action can be easily 25 performed. 26 27 12. Once the ballot is cast, the system must confirm 2.8 to the voter that the action has occurred and that the voter's process of voting is complete. 29 30 31

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**Florida Senate - 2007** 38-1255B-07

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           13. Once the ballot is cast, the system must preclude
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    the voter from modifying the ballot cast or voting or casting
   another ballot.
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   The functionalities required in this paragraph for
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   certification may be satisfied by either the voting device or
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   by the entire voting system.
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           (2) Such voting system must include at least one
    accessible voter interface device installed in each polling
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   place that which meets the requirements of this section,
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   except for paragraph (1)(d).
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           Section 4. Effective July 1, 2008, section 101.56075,
    Florida Statutes, is created to read:
13
           101.56075 Voting methods .--
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          (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), all voting
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    at polling places on election day shall be by marksense
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    ballot, tabulated at the precinct.
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          (2) At early voting sites, each supervisor of
    elections shall provide for voting by either a marksense
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   ballot or by a direct recording electronic voting method
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21
    equipped with a voter-verifiable paper audit record as
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    required by s. 101.5606(12).
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          (3) In each polling place and early voting site, there
    shall be at least one accessible voter interface device that
2.4
    meets the requirements of s. 101.56062.
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           Section 5. Effective July 1, 2008, section 101.591,
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    Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2.8
           101.591 Voting system audit.--
          (1) Immediately following each election, the
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    supervisor of elections shall conduct a manual audit in
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1 randomly selected precincts of the voting systems used in the 2 election as follows: (a) The audit shall consist of a public manual tally 3 4 of the ballots cast, including absentee and early voting 5 ballots, in 2 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the 6 county canvassing board. If 2 percent of the precincts is less 7 than one entire precinct, the audit shall be conducted in one 8 precinct chosen at random by the county canvassing board. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed county 9 10 canvassing board meeting. (b) The audit shall be conducted using the marksense 11 12 ballots and the voter-verifiable paper audit records of 13 ballots cast on direct recording electronic voting methods. (c) The supervisor of elections shall provide public 14 notice before the beginning of the audit by posting a notice 15 in four conspicuous places around the county. 16 17 (d) The audit must be completed no later than the end 18 of the 9th day following certification of the election by the 19 county canvassing board. (2) Within 15 days after completion of the audit, the 20 21 supervisor of elections shall provide a report to the 2.2 department on the results of the audit of a county, state, or 23 federal election in a standard format as prescribed by the department. An audit report for all other elections in the 2.4 county shall be maintained by the supervisor of elections. 25 (3) The department shall adopt rules to provide 26 27 uniform procedures for conducting audits under this section. 2.8 (1) The Legislature, upon specific appropriation and 29 directive, may provide for an independent audit of the -voting system in any county. Within 30 days after completing the 30 audit, the person conducting the audit shall furnish a copy of 31

**Florida Senate - 2007** 38-1255B-07

1 the audit to the supervisor of elections and the board of 2 county commissioners. 3 (2) An audit conducted pursuant to subsection (1) 4 shall consist of a study and evaluation of the voting system 5 used during any primary, general, municipal, or presidential б preference primary election to provide reasonable assurance 7 that the system is properly controlled, can accurately count 8 votes, provides adequate safeguards against unauthorized 9 manipulation and fraud, and complies with the requirements of 10 law and rules of the Department of State. Section 6. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (1) of 11 12 section 102.166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 102.166 Manual recounts.--(1) If the second set of unofficial returns pursuant 14 to s. 102.141 indicates that a candidate for any office was 15 defeated or eliminated by one-quarter of a percent or less of 16 17 the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention 18 to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on the 19 question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the 2.0 21 ballot was approved or rejected by one-quarter of a percent or 22 less of the votes cast on such measure, the board responsible 23 for certifying the results of the vote on such race or measure shall order a manual recount of the overvotes and undervotes 2.4 cast in the entire geographic jurisdiction of such office or 25 26 ballot measure. A manual recount may not be ordered, however, 27 if the number of overvotes, undervotes, and provisional 2.8 ballots is fewer than the number of votes needed to change the outcome of the election. A manual recount of votes recorded on 29 30 a direct recording electronic voting method shall be conducted 31

11

**Florida Senate - 2007** 38-1255B-07 SB 2164

1	using the voter verifiable paper audit record, which shall be
2	considered the official ballot for the manual recounts.
3	Section 7. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
4	this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2007.
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7	SENATE SUMMARY
8	Defines the terms "direct recording electronic voting method" and "voter-verifiable paper audit record."
9	Requires a voter-verifiable paper record of votes cast using electronic voting systems. Requires electronic
10	voting systems to provide standardized election results reporting. Removes requirements for certain audio and
11 visual capabilities for accessible voting systems.	visual capabilities for accessible voting systems. Requires the use of marksense ballots on election days.
12	Requires the use of marksense ballots or a direct recording electronic voting method with a
13	voter-verifiable paper record at early voting sites. Requires an accessible voter interface device at polling
14	places and early voting sites. Requires postelection voting system audits. Requires rulemaking. Removes
15	provisions providing for voting system audits directed by the Legislature. Requires manual recounts of votes cast
16	using a direct recording electronic voting method to use the paper record, which is the official ballot for manual
17	recounts.
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