By the Committee on Education Pre-K - 12; and Senator Webster

581-2374-07

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; creating s. 1008.3455, F.S.; expressing the intent of the Legislature to create a program to enhance failing schools; requiring the Commissioner of Education to develop and submit such a program to the Legislature; prescribing elements of the program; requiring the creation of an advisory committee; requiring consultation with specified entities; requiring an annual report; amending s. 220.187, F.S.; clarifying that the tax credit program applies to students in families having limited financial resources; providing scholarship eligibility to students receiving opportunity scholarships during the 2006-2007 school year for a limited amount of time; providing that a scholarship funding organization may be approved to provide scholarships under two tax credit programs; requiring separate accounting; authorizing scholarship funding organizations to transfer surplus funds between two programs under specified circumstances; creating s. 220.1875, F.S.; providing a purpose; defining terms; prescribing obligations of school districts to inform parents about failing schools; requiring nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations to meet certain requirements; authorizing students at such schools to attend a high-performing school in the same district; providing a credit against the corporate income tax for

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contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations; providing limitations; providing for use of such contributions for scholarships for students attending certain failing schools to attend nonpublic schools or public schools in adjacent districts; providing requirements and limitations with respect to scholarships; providing for payment; establishing eligibility for nonpublic school participation and grounds for ineligibility to participate in the program; providing for administration by the Department of Revenue and the Department of Education; providing for rules; providing requirements for deposit of eligible contributions; amending s. 213.053, F.S.; conforming provisions to the creation of the tax credit scholarship program for families of students in failing schools; authorizing the Department of Revenue to share certain tax information with the Department of Education; amending s. 220.02, F.S.; revising legislative intent with respect to the order in which corporate income tax credits are applied to conform to the creation of the tax credit scholarship program for families of students in failing schools; amending s. 220.13, F.S.; redefining the term "adjusted federal income" to account for the creation of the tax credit scholarship program for families of students in failing schools; providing for the credit to be an addition to taxable income; amending s.

220.701, F.S.; directing the Department of
Revenue to deposit moneys received through the
corporate income tax into the Corporate Income
Tax Trust Fund rather than the General Revenue
Fund; providing for unencumbered trust fund
balances to be transferred into the General
Revenue Fund; prescribing how transferred funds
may be expended; amending s. 1001.10, F.S.;
conforming provisions to the repeal of the
Opportunity Scholarship Program; authorizing
the Commissioner of Education to prepare and
publish reports related to specified tax credit
programs; amending ss. 1001.42 and 1002.20,
F.S.; conforming provisions to the repeal of
the Opportunity Scholarship Program and the
creation of the tax credit program for families
of students attending schools failing to make
adequate progress; repealing s. 1002.38, F.S.,
which authorizes the Opportunity Scholarship
Program; amending s. 1002.39, F.S., to conform
to the repeal of the Opportunity Scholarship
Program; providing an effective date.
WHEREAS, education is a fundamental value and a
paramount duty of the state, and
WHEREAS, the State Constitution requires the state to
provide for the free education of all children residing within
its borders, and
WHEREAS, the Florida Supreme Court held in Bush v.
Holmes, 2006 WL 20584 (Fla.), 31 Fla. L. Weekly S1, that the

31 state must provide a system of uniform, efficient, safe,

secure, and high-quality public schools to fulfill this 2 constitutional requirement, and 3 WHEREAS, the Florida Supreme Court invalidated the 4 Opportunity Scholarship Program because it allowed state funds to be disbursed to private schools, and 5 6 WHEREAS, the Legislature created the Opportunity 7 Scholarship Program to ensure that all children have a chance 8 to gain the knowledge and skills they need to succeed, and 9 WHEREAS, the state is committed to improving the quality of the education provided by the public school system, 10 11 and 12 WHEREAS, there are some public schools that continue to 13 fail to make adequate progress based on the school performance grading categories established by law, and 14 WHEREAS, respecting the constitutional mandate cited by 15 the Florida Supreme Court, the Legislature intends for the 16 state to develop and implement a comprehensive strategic 18 program to facilitate the improvement of schools that are failing to make adequate progress, and 19 20 WHEREAS, facilitating the improvement in the 21 performance of these schools is a multiyear endeavor, and 22 progress will occur over an extended period of time, and 23 WHEREAS, students assigned to schools that are failing to make adequate progress should have the choice of attending 2.4 a higher-performing school while the state continues to 25 facilitate the improvement of these schools, and 26 27 WHEREAS, the Legislature intends to create a program to 2.8 provide an educational safety net to students assigned to these schools, distinct from and without impeding the efforts 29 30 to help these schools improve, NOW, THEREFORE,

1	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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3	Section 1. Section 1008.3455, Florida Statutes, is
4	created to read:
5	1008.3455 Improvement program for schools failing to
6	make adequate progress
7	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the state
8	develop and implement a comprehensive strategic program to
9	facilitate the improvement of schools that are failing to make
10	adequate progress based on the school performance grading
11	categories established by law. The Legislature finds that
12	achieving meaningful and lasting progress in these schools
13	will take a number of years. Thus, it is the further intent of
14	the Legislature that the program developed under this section
15	include a multiyear design and implementation schedule, with
16	measurable goals and objectives for these schools.
17	(2) In coordination with the responsibilities
18	prescribed in s. 1008.345, the Commissioner of Education shall
19	develop and submit to the President of the Senate and the
20	Speaker of the House of Representatives, no later than
21	February 1, 2008, a multifaceted program of policies and
22	practices targeted specifically toward schools in the "F"
23	grade category under s. 1008.34.
24	(a) At a minimum, the program must include an
25	assessment of the extent to which new policies, or
26	enhancements to existing policies, in the following areas
27	would facilitate improvement at these schools:
28	1. Capital improvements to school facilities;
29	2. Salaries for teachers and staff;
30	3. Incentives for outstanding faculty and staff to
31	transfer to these schools:

1	4. Equipment and supplies;
2	5. Technology infrastructure, hardware, or software;
3	6. Incentives to encourage parental or other family
4	participation; and
5	7. Mentoring and other community participation.
6	(b) The program must include a suggested order of
7	priority and timeline for enacting, funding, and implementing
8	policies and practices over a 5-year period. The program
9	shall identify those elements of the program which can be
10	accomplished within existing statutory authority and those
11	elements that will require new statutory authority. The
12	program must include specific recommendations for action by
13	the Legislature.
14	(3)(a) To assist in development and implementation of
15	the program required by this section, the commissioner shall
16	create an advisory committee comprised of at least two
17	teachers, two staff persons, and two parents of students from
18	one or more schools that are failing to make adequate progress
19	based on the school performance grading categories, as well as
20	any other individuals the commissioner deems appropriate.
21	(b) In developing and implementing the program, the
22	commissioner shall consult with:
23	1. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and
24	Government Accountability; and
25	2. The district community assessment teams assigned
26	under s. 1008.345.
27	(4) The program shall be developed in coordination
28	with, and shall be consistent with, other strategic planning
29	initiatives of the Department of Education or the State Board
30	of Education.
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1	(5) The commissioner shall report annually to the
2	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
3	House of Representatives on implementation of the program.
4	Section 2. Section 220.187, Florida Statutes, is
5	amended to read:
6	220.187 Credits for contributions to nonprofit
7	scholarship-funding organizations; families that have limited
8	financial resources
9	(1) PURPOSE The purpose of this section is to:
10	(a) Encourage private, voluntary contributions to
11	nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.
12	(b) Expand educational opportunities for children of
13	families that have limited financial resources.
14	(c) Enable children in this state to achieve a greater
15	level of excellence in their education.
16	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
17	(a) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
18	(b) "Eligible contribution" means a monetary
19	contribution from a taxpayer, subject to the restrictions
20	provided in this section, to an eligible nonprofit
21	scholarship-funding organization. The taxpayer making the
22	contribution may not designate a specific child as the
23	beneficiary of the contribution.
24	(c) "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
25	organization" means a charitable organization that:
26	1. Is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s.
27	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
28	2. Is a Florida entity formed under chapter 607,
29	chapter 608, or chapter 617 and whose principal office is
30	located in the state; and

3. Complies with the provisions of subsection (6).

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An eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that is authorized to provide scholarships under s. 220.1875 may, subject to approval by the Department of Education, be authorized to provide scholarships under this section.

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(d) "Eligible private school" means a private school, as defined in s. 1002.01(2), located in Florida which offers an education to students in any grades K-12 and that meets the requirements in subsection (8).

1. An owner, president, officer, or director of an

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(e) "Owner or operator" includes:

eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

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eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or a person with equivalent decisionmaking authority over an

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2. An owner, operator, superintendent, or principal of an eligible private school or a person with equivalent

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(3) PROGRAM; SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY.--The Corporate

decisionmaking authority over an eligible private school.

school lunches under the National School Lunch Act and:

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19 Income Tax Credit Scholarship Program is established. A 20 student is eligible for a corporate income tax credit

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scholarship if the student qualifies for free or reduced-price

(a) Was counted as a full-time equivalent student

(b) Received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit

(c) Is eligible to enter kindergarten or first grade.

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24 during the previous state fiscal year for purposes of state

during the previous school year; or

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25 per-student funding;

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scholarship-funding organization or from the State of Florida

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Contingent upon available funds, a student may continue in the scholarship program as long as the student's family income level does not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty level. 4

- SCHOLARSHIP PROHIBITIONS. -- A student is not (4) eligible for a scholarship while he or she is:
- (a) Enrolled in a school operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice commitment programs;
- (b) Receiving a scholarship from another eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization under this section;
- 12 (c) Receiving an educational scholarship pursuant to 13 chapter 1002;
 - (d) Participating in a home education program as defined in s. 1002.01(1);
 - (e) Participating in a private tutoring program pursuant to s. 1002.43;
 - (f) Participating in a virtual school, correspondence school, or distance learning program that receives state funding pursuant to the student's participation unless the participation is limited to no more than two courses per school year; or
 - (q) Enrolled in the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind.
 - (5) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL AND TOTAL CREDITS .--
 - (a) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible contribution against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter. However, such a credit may not exceed 75 percent of the tax due under this chapter for the taxable year, after the application of any other allowable credits by

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the taxpayer. The credit granted by this section shall be reduced by the difference between the amount of federal corporate income tax taking into account the credit granted by this section and the amount of federal corporate income tax without application of the credit granted by this section.

- (b) The total amount of tax credits and carryforward of tax credits which may be granted each state fiscal year under this section is \$88 million. At least 1 percent of the total statewide amount authorized for the tax credit shall be reserved for taxpayers who meet the definition of a small business provided in s. 288.703(1) at the time of application.
- (c) A taxpayer who files a Florida consolidated return as a member of an affiliated group pursuant to s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis; however, the total credit taken by the affiliated group is subject to the limitation established under paragraph (a).
- (d) Effective for tax years beginning January 1, 2006, a taxpayer may rescind all or part of its allocated tax credit under this section. The amount rescinded shall become available for purposes of the cap for that state fiscal year under this section to an eligible taxpayer as approved by the department if the taxpayer receives notice from the department that the rescindment has been accepted by the department and the taxpayer has not previously rescinded any or all of its tax credit allocation under this section more than once in the previous 3 tax years. Any amount rescinded under this paragraph shall become available to an eligible taxpayer on a first-come, first-served basis based on tax credit applications received after the date the rescindment is accepted by the department.

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- (6) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS.--An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization:
- (a) Must comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.
- (b) Must comply with the following background check
 requirements:
- 1. All owners and operators as defined in subparagraph (2)(e)1. are, upon employment or engagement to provide services, subject to level 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435. The fingerprints for the background screening must be electronically submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement and can be taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or by an employee of the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or a private company who is trained to take fingerprints. However, the complete set of fingerprints of an owner or operator may not be taken by the owner or operator. The results of the state and national criminal history check shall be provided to the Department of Education for screening under chapter 435. The cost of the background screening may be borne by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or the owner or operator.
- 2. Every 5 years following employment or engagement to provide services or association with an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, each owner or operator must meet level 2 screening standards as described in s. 435.04, at which time the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall request the Department of Law Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening. If the fingerprints of an owner or operator are not retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under

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- subparagraph 3., the owner or operator must electronically
 file a complete set of fingerprints with the Department of Law
 Enforcement. Upon submission of fingerprints for this purpose,
 the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall
 request that the Department of Law Enforcement forward the
 fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level
 2 screening, and the fingerprints shall be retained by the
 Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 3.
 - 3. Beginning July 1, 2007, all fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement as required by this paragraph must be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement in a manner approved by rule and entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). The fingerprints must thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051.
 - 4. Beginning July 1, 2007, the Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint cards received under s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system under subparagraph 3. Any arrest record that is identified with an owner's or operator's fingerprints must be reported to the Department of Education. The Department of Education shall participate in this search process by paying an annual fee to the Department of Law Enforcement and by informing the Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the employment, engagement, or association status of the owners or operators whose fingerprints are retained under subparagraph 3. The Department of Law Enforcement shall adopt a rule setting the

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amount of the annual fee to be imposed upon the Department of Education for performing these services and establishing the procedures for the retention of owner and operator fingerprints and the dissemination of search results. The fee may be borne by the owner or operator of the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.

- 5. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner or operator fails the level 2 background screening shall not be eligible to provide scholarships under this section.
- 6. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner or operator in the last 7 years has filed for personal bankruptcy or corporate bankruptcy in a corporation of which he or she owned more than 20 percent shall not be eligible to provide scholarships under this section.
- (c) Must not have an owner or operator who owns or operates an eligible private school that is participating in the scholarship program.
- (d) Must provide scholarships, from eligible contributions, to eligible students for:
- 1. Tuition or textbook expenses for, or transportation to, an eligible private school. At least 75 percent of the scholarship funding must be used to pay tuition expenses; or
- 2. Transportation expenses to a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides or to a lab school as defined in s. 1002.32.
- (e) Must give priority to eligible students who received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or from the State of Florida during the previous school year or who received an opportunity scholarship under former s. 1002.38 during the final quarter

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- (f) Must provide a scholarship to an eligible student on a first-come, first-served basis unless the student qualifies for priority pursuant to paragraph (e).
- (g) May not restrict or reserve scholarships for use at a particular private school or provide scholarships to a child of an owner or operator.
- (h) Must allow an eligible student to attend any eligible private school and must allow a parent to transfer a scholarship during a school year to any other eligible private school of the parent's choice.
- (i) Must obligate, in the same fiscal year in which the contribution was received, 100 percent of the eligible contribution to provide annual or partial-year scholarships; however, up to 25 percent of the total contribution may be carried forward for expenditure in the following state fiscal year. A scholarship-funding organization must, before granting a scholarship for an academic year, document each scholarship student's eligibility for that academic year. A scholarship-funding organization may not grant multiyear scholarships in one approval process. No portion of eligible contributions may be used for administrative expenses. All interest accrued from contributions must be used for scholarships.
- (j) Must maintain separate accounts for scholarship funds and operating funds.
- (k) With the prior approval of the Department of Education, may transfer funds to another eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization if additional funds are required to meet scholarship demand at the receiving nonprofit scholarship-funding organization. A transfer shall be limited to the greater of \$500,000 or 20 percent of the total

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contributions received by the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization making the transfer. All transferred funds must be deposited by the receiving nonprofit scholarship-funding organization into its scholarship accounts. All transferred amounts received by any nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must be separately disclosed in the annual financial and compliance audit required in this section.

- Department of Education an annual financial and compliance audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent certified public accountant and in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General. The audit must be conducted in compliance with generally accepted auditing standards and must include a report on financial statements presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for not-for-profit organizations and a determination of compliance with the statutory eligibility and expenditure requirements set forth in this section. Audits must be provided to the Auditor General and the Department of Education within 180 days after completion of the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization's fiscal year.
- (m) Must prepare and submit quarterly reports to the Department of Education pursuant to paragraph (9)(m). In addition, an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must submit in a timely manner any information requested by the Department of Education relating to the scholarship program.

Any and all information and documentation provided to the Department of Education and the Auditor General relating to

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the identity of a taxpayer that provides an eligible contribution under this section shall remain confidential at all times in accordance with s. 213.053.

- (7) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROGRAM PARTICIPATION.--
- (a) The parent must select an eligible private school and apply for the admission of his or her child.
- (b) The parent must inform the child's school district when the parent withdraws his or her child to attend an eligible private school.
- (c) Any student participating in the scholarship program must remain in attendance throughout the school year unless excused by the school for illness or other good cause.
- (d) Each parent and each student has an obligation to the private school to comply with the private school's published policies.
- (e) The parent shall ensure that the student participating in the scholarship program takes the norm-referenced assessment offered by the private school. The parent may also choose to have the student participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22. If the parent requests that the student participating in the scholarship program take statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22, the parent is responsible for transporting the student to the assessment site designated by the school district.
- (f) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant from the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, the parent to whom the warrant is made must restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school. The parent may not designate any entity or individual associated with the participating private school

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as the parent's attorney in fact to endorse a scholarship warrant. A participant who fails to comply with this paragraph forfeits the scholarship.

- (8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.--An eligible private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must:
- (a) Comply with all requirements for private schools participating in state school choice scholarship programs pursuant to s. 1002.421.
- (b) Provide to the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, upon request, all documentation required for the student's participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules.
- (c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting the educational needs of the student by:
- 1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress.
- 2. Annually administering or making provision for students participating in the scholarship program to take one of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by the Department of Education. Students with disabilities for whom standardized testing is not appropriate are exempt from this requirement. A participating private school must report a student's scores to the parent and to the independent research organization selected by the Department of Education as described in paragraph (9)(j).
- 3. Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent chooses to participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.32.

(d) Employ or contract with teachers who have regular and direct contact with each student receiving a scholarship under this section at the school's physical location.

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The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of this subsection shall constitute a basis for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in the scholarship program as determined by the Department of Education.

- (9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.--The Department of Education shall:
- (a) Annually submit to the department, by March 15, a list of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(c).
- (b) Annually verify the eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(c).
- (c) Annually verify the eligibility of private schools that meet the requirements of subsection (8).
- (d) Annually verify the eligibility of expenditures as provided in paragraph (6)(d) using the audit required by paragraph (6)(1).
- (e) Establish a toll-free hotline that provides parents and private schools with information on participation in the scholarship program.
- (f) Establish a process by which individuals may notify the Department of Education of any violation by a parent, private school, or school district of state laws relating to program participation. The Department of Education shall conduct an inquiry of any written complaint of a violation of this section, or make a referral to the appropriate agency for an investigation, if the complaint is

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signed by the complainant and is legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this section or any rule adopted by the State Board of Education has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the Department of Education may require supporting information or documentation from the complainant. A department inquiry is not subject to the requirements of chapter 120.

- (g) Require an annual, notarized, sworn compliance statement by participating private schools certifying compliance with state laws and shall retain such records.
- (h) Cross-check the list of participating scholarship students with the public school enrollment lists to avoid duplication.
- (i) In accordance with State Board of Education rule, identify and select the nationally norm-referenced tests that are comparable to the norm-referenced provisions of the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) provided that the FCAT may be one of the tests selected. However, the Department of Education may approve the use of an additional assessment by the school if the assessment meets industry standards of quality and comparability.
- (j) Select an independent research organization, which may be a public or private entity or university, to which participating private schools must report the scores of participating students on the nationally norm-referenced tests administered by the private school. The independent research organization must annually report to the Department of Education on the year-to-year improvements of participating students. The independent research organization must analyze and report student performance data in a manner that protects

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the rights of students and parents as mandated in 20 U.S.C. s. 2 1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and must not disaggregate data to a level that will disclose the 3 academic level of individual students or of individual 4 schools. To the extent possible, the independent research 5 organization must accumulate historical performance data on 7 students from the Department of Education and private schools 8 to describe baseline performance and to conduct longitudinal 9 studies. To minimize costs and reduce time required for third-party analysis and evaluation, the Department of 10 Education shall conduct analyses of matched students from 11 12 public school assessment data and calculate control group 13 learning gains using an agreed-upon methodology outlined in the contract with the third-party evaluator. The sharing of 14 student data must be in accordance with requirements of 20 15 U.S.C. s. 1232q, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy 16 Act, and shall be for the sole purpose of conducting the 18 evaluation. All parties must preserve the confidentiality of such information as required by law. 19

- (k) Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any of the organization's identified students who are receiving educational scholarships pursuant to chapter 1002.
- (1) Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any of the organization's identified students who are receiving corporate income tax credit scholarships from other eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.
- (m) Require quarterly reports by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization regarding the number of students participating in the scholarship program, the private

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schools at which the students are enrolled, and other information deemed necessary by the Department of Education.

- (n)1. Conduct random site visits to private schools participating in the Corporate Tax Credit Scholarship Program. The purpose of the site visits is solely to verify the information reported by the schools concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results. The Department of Education may not make more than seven random site visits each year and may not make more than one random site visit each year to the same private school.
- 2. Annually, by December 15, report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the Department of Education's actions with respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship program under this section and s. 1002.421, any substantiated allegations or violations of law or rule by an eligible private school under this program concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results and the corrective action taken by the Department of Education.
- (10) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATIONS.--
- (a) The Commissioner of Education shall deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program if it is determined that the private school has failed to comply with the provisions of this section. However, in instances in which the noncompliance is correctable within a reasonable amount of time and in which the health, safety, or welfare of the students is not threatened, the commissioner

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may issue a notice of noncompliance that shall provide the private school with a timeframe within which to provide evidence of compliance prior to taking action to suspend or revoke the private school's participation in the scholarship program.

- (b) The commissioner's determination is subject to the following:
- 1. If the commissioner intends to deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program, the Department of Education shall notify the private school of such proposed action in writing by certified mail and regular mail to the private school's address of record with the Department of Education. The notification shall include the reasons for the proposed action and notice of the timelines and procedures set forth in this paragraph.
- 2. The private school that is adversely affected by the proposed action shall have 15 days from receipt of the notice of proposed action to file with the Department of Education's agency clerk a request for a proceeding pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. If the private school is entitled to a hearing under s. 120.57(1), the Department of Education shall forward the request to the Division of Administrative Hearings.
- 3. Upon receipt of a request referred pursuant to this paragraph, the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings shall expedite the hearing and assign an administrative law judge who shall commence a hearing within 30 days after the receipt of the formal written request by the division and enter a recommended order within 30 days after the hearing or within 30 days after receipt of the hearing transcript, whichever is later. Each party shall be allowed 10

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days in which to submit written exceptions to the recommended order. A final order shall be entered by the agency within 30 days after the entry of a recommended order. The provisions of this subparagraph may be waived upon stipulation by all parties.

- (c) The commissioner may immediately suspend payment of scholarship funds if it is determined that there is probable cause to believe that there is:
- 1. An imminent threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the students; or
- 2. Fraudulent activity on the part of the private school. Notwithstanding s. 1002.22(3), in incidents of alleged fraudulent activity pursuant to this section, the Department of Education's Office of Inspector General is authorized to release personally identifiable records or reports of students to the following persons or organizations:
- a. A court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record in accordance with a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232q.
- b. A person or entity authorized by a court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.
- c. Any person, entity, or authority issuing a subpoena for law enforcement purposes when the court or other issuing agency has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the information furnished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed, consistent with the Family

Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, and 34 C.F.R. s. 99.31.

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The commissioner's order suspending payment pursuant to this paragraph may be appealed pursuant to the same procedures and timelines as the notice of proposed action set forth in paragraph (b).

- (11) SCHOLARSHIP AMOUNT AND PAYMENT. --
- (a) The amount of a scholarship provided to any student for any single school year by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization from eligible contributions shall not exceed the following annual limits:
- 1. Three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in an eligible private school.
- 2. Five hundred dollars for a scholarship awarded to a student enrolled in a Florida public school that is located outside the district in which the student resides or in a lab school as defined in s. 1002.32.
- (b) Payment of the scholarship by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be by individual warrant made payable to the student's parent. If the parent chooses that his or her child attend an eligible private school, the warrant must be delivered by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to the private school of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school. An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall ensure that the parent to whom the warrant is made restrictively endorsed the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school.

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- (c) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall obtain verification from the private school of a student's continued attendance at the school prior to each scholarship payment.
- (d) Payment of the scholarship shall be made by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization no less frequently than on a quarterly basis.
 - (12) ADMINISTRATION; RULES.--
- (a) If the credit granted pursuant to this section is not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the corporation, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 3 years; however, any taxpayer that seeks to carry forward an unused amount of tax credit must submit an application for allocation of tax credits or carryforward credits as required in paragraph (d) in the year that the taxpayer intends to use the carryforward. This carryforward applies to all approved contributions made after January 1, 2002. A taxpayer may not convey, assign, or transfer the credit authorized by this section to another entity unless all of the assets of the taxpayer are conveyed, assigned, or transferred in the same transaction.
- (b) An application for a tax credit pursuant to this section shall be submitted to the department on forms established by rule of the department.
- (c) The department and the Department of Education shall develop a cooperative agreement to assist in the administration of this section.
- (d) The department shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section, including rules establishing application forms and procedures and governing the allocation

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of tax credits and carryforward credits under this section on a first-come, first-served basis.

- (e) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section as it relates to the roles of the Department of Education and the Commissioner of Education.
 - (13) DEPOSITS OF ELIGIBLE CONTRIBUTIONS.--
- $\underline{(a)}$ All eligible contributions received by an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be deposited in a manner consistent with s. 17.57(2).
- (b) A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that is authorized to receive donations and distribute scholarships under this section and s. 220.1875 shall account for donations and scholarships separately by each tax credit program. If, in a single fiscal year, the amount of donations available for distribution as scholarships in one program exceeds the demand for scholarships under that program for that fiscal year, the organization may, with approval from the Department of Education, apply those surplus funds to meet demand in the other program.
- Section 3. Section 220.1875, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 220.1875 Credits for contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations; families of students attending schools failing to make adequate progress.--
- 26 (1) PURPOSE. -- The purpose of this section is to:
- 27 (a) Ensure that, while the state is implementing a
 28 multiyear, comprehensive strategic program to facilitate the
 29 improvement of schools that are failing to make adequate
 30 progress based on school performance grading categories.

1	opportunity to gain the knowledge and skills necessary for
2	postsecondary education, a career education, or the world of
3	work.
4	(b) Enable the state to fulfill the responsibility, as
5	articulated by voters in 1998 through an amendment to s. 1,
6	Art. IX of the State Constitution, to make education a
7	paramount duty of the state.
8	(c) Complement the constitutional requirement to
9	provide a uniform, efficient, safe, secure, and high-quality
10	system of free public schools by providing educational
11	opportunities to students attending failing public schools
12	without impeding the ability of those schools to improve.
13	(d) Encourage private, voluntary contributions to
14	nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.
15	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
16	(a) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
17	(b) "Eliqible contribution" means a monetary
18	contribution from a taxpayer, subject to the restrictions
19	provided in this section, to an eligible nonprofit
20	scholarship-funding organization. The taxpayer making the
21	contribution may not designate a specific child as the
22	beneficiary of the contribution. The taxpayer may not
23	contribute more than \$5 million to any single eligible
24	nonprofit scholarship-funding organization.
25	(c) "Eligible nonpublic school" means a nonpublic
26	school located in Florida which offers an education to
27	students in any grades K-12 and meets the requirements in
28	subsection (9).
29	(d) "Eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding
30	organization" means a charitable organization as defined in s.
31	220.187(2)(c) which is exempt from federal income tax pursuant

1	to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and complies with
2	the provisions of subsection (5). An eliqible nonprofit
3	scholarship-funding organization that is authorized to provide
4	scholarships under s. 220.187 may, subject to approval by the
5	Department of Education, be authorized to provide scholarships
6	under this section.
7	(e) "Qualified student" means a student who:
8	1. Has spent the prior school year in attendance at a
9	public school that has been designated under s. 1008.34 as
10	performance grade category "F," failing to make adequate
11	progress, and that has had 2 school years in a 4-year period
12	of such low performance, and the student's attendance occurred
13	during a school year in which such designation was in effect;
14	2. Has been in attendance elsewhere in the public
15	school system and has been assigned to such school for the
16	next school year; or
17	3. Is entering kindergarten or first grade and has
18	been notified that the student has been assigned to such
19	school for the next school year.
20	(f) "Nonqualified student" means a student who is not
21	eligible for a scholarship while he or she is:
22	1. Enrolled in a school operating for the purpose of
23	providing educational services to youth in Department of
24	Juvenile Justice commitment programs;
25	2. Receiving a scholarship from another eliqible
26	nonprofit scholarship-funding organization;
27	3. Receiving an educational scholarship pursuant to
28	chapter 1002;
29	4. Participating in a home education program as
30	<u>defined in s. 1002.01(1);</u>

1	5. Participating in a private tutoring program
2	pursuant to s. 1002.43;
3	6. Participating in a virtual school, correspondence
4	school, or distance learning program that receives state
5	funding pursuant to the student's participation unless the
6	participation is limited to no more than two courses per
7	school year; or
8	7. Enrolled in the Florida School for the Deaf and the
9	Blind.
10	(3) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS
11	(a) A school district shall, for each student enrolled
12	in or assigned to a school which has been designated as
13	performance grade category "F" for 2 school years in a 4-year
14	period:
15	1. Timely notify the parent of the student as soon as
16	such designation is made of all options available pursuant to
17	this section;
18	2. Offer that student's parent an opportunity to
19	enroll the student in another public school within the
20	district which has been designated by the state pursuant to s.
21	1008.34 as a school performing higher than the school in which
22	the student is currently enrolled or to which the student has
23	been assigned, but not less than performance grade category
24	<u>"C"; and</u>
25	3. Inform that student's parent of the child's
26	eligibility to receive a scholarship under this section to
27	enroll the student in and transport the student to attend a
28	public school outside the district which has been designated
29	by the state pursuant to s. 1008.34 as a school performing
30	higher than that in which the student is currently enrolled or
31	to which the student has been assigned, but not less than

performance grade category "C," or to attend an eligible 2 nonpublic school. 3 (b) A higher-performing public school that has 4 available space in an adjacent school district shall accept 5 students qualified under this section and report the students 6 for purposes of the district's funding pursuant to the Florida 7 Education Finance Program. (c) For students in the school district who are 8 attending nonpublic schools under this section, the school 9 10 district shall provide locations and times to take all statewide assessments required pursuant to s. 1008.22. 11 12 (d) Students with disabilities who are eliqible to 13 receive services from the school district under federal or state law, and who receive a scholarship under this section, 14 remain eliqible to receive services from the school district 15 16 as provided by federal or state law. (4) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX 18 CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL AND TOTAL CREDITS. --(a) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an 19 2.0 eligible contribution against any tax due for a taxable year 21 under this chapter. However, such a credit may not exceed 75 2.2 percent of the tax due under this chapter for the taxable 23 year, after the application of any other allowable credits by the taxpayer. However, at least 5 percent of the total 2.4 statewide amount authorized for the tax credit shall be 2.5 reserved for taxpayers who meet the definition of a small 26 2.7 business provided in s. 288.703(1) at the time of application. 2.8 The credit granted by this section shall be reduced by the difference between the amount of federal corporate income tax, 29 30 taking into account the credit granted by this section, and

1	the amount of federal corporate income tax without application
2	of the credit granted by this section.
3	(b) The total amount of tax credits and carryforward
4	of tax credits which may be granted each state fiscal year
5	under this section is \$5 million.
6	(c) A taxpayer who files a Florida consolidated return
7	as a member of an affiliated group pursuant to s. 220.131(1)
8	may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis;
9	however, the total credit taken by the affiliated group is
10	subject to the limitation established under paragraph (a).
11	(5) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT
12	SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS
13	(a) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
14	organization shall provide scholarships, from eligible
15	contributions, to qualified students for:
16	1. Tuition and fees for a qualified student enrolled
17	in an eligible nonpublic school.
18	2. Transportation expenses to a Florida public school
19	that is located outside the district in which the qualified
20	student resides.
21	(b) For continuity of educational choice, an eligible
22	nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall give priority
23	to qualified students who received a scholarship to attend an
24	eligible nonpublic school during the previous school year.
25	(c) The amount of a scholarship provided to any
26	qualified student for any single school year by all eligible
27	nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations from eliqible
28	contributions may not exceed the following annual limits:
29	1. For qualified students who choose to attend an
30	eligible nonpublic school, the lesser of:
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1	a. The student's tuition and fees to attend an
2	eligible nonpublic school; or
3	b. A calculated amount equivalent to the base student
4	allocation in the Florida Education Finance Program multiplied
5	by the appropriate cost factor for the educational program
6	that will be provided for the student in the district school
7	to which he or she is assigned, multiplied by the district
8	cost differential. In addition, the calculated amount shall
9	include the per-student share of instructional materials
10	funds, technology funds, and other categorical funds.
11	2. For qualified students who choose to attend a
12	higher-performing public school that is located outside the
13	district in which the student resides, \$500.
14	(d) The amount of an eliqible contribution which may
15	be accepted by an eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding
16	organization is limited to the amount needed to provide
17	scholarships for qualified students which the organization has
18	identified and for which vacancies in eligible nonpublic
19	schools have been identified.
20	(e) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
21	organization that receives an eligible contribution must spend
22	100 percent of the eligible contribution to provide
23	scholarships in the same state fiscal year in which the
24	contribution was received. No portion of eligible
25	contributions may be used for administrative expenses. All
26	interest accrued from contributions must be used for
27	scholarships.
28	(f) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
29	organization that receives eligible contributions must provide
30	to the Auditor General an annual financial and compliance
31	audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent

certified public accountant and in accordance with rules 2 adopted by the Auditor General. (q) Payment of the scholarship by the eliqible 3 4 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be by 5 individual warrant or check made payable to the student's 6 parent. If the parent chooses for his or her child to attend 7 an eliqible nonpublic school, the warrant or check must be 8 mailed by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization to the nonpublic school of the parent's choice, 9 10 and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant or check to the nonpublic school. An eligible nonprofit 11 12 scholarship-funding organization shall ensure that, upon 13 receipt of a scholarship warrant or check, the parent to whom the warrant or check is made restrictively endorses the 14 warrant or check to the nonpublic school of the parent's 15 choice for deposit into the account of the nonpublic school. 16 (h) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 18 organization must comply with the following background check requirements: 19 1. All owners and operators of an eligible nonprofit 2.0 21 scholarship-funding organization are, upon employment or 2.2 engagement to provide services, subject to level 2 background 23 screening as provided under chapter 435. The fingerprints for the background screening must be electronically submitted to 2.4 the Department of Law Enforcement and may be taken by an 2.5 authorized law enforcement agency or by an employee of the 26 27 eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or a 2.8 private company who is trained to take fingerprints. However, the complete set of fingerprints of an owner or operator may 29 not be taken by the owner or operator. The results of the 30 state and national criminal history check shall be provided to 31

the Department of Education for screening under chapter 435. 2 The cost of the background screening may be borne by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or the 3 4 owner or operator. 5 2. Every 5 years following employment or engagement to 6 provide services to or association with an eliqible nonprofit 7 scholarship-funding organization, each owner or operator must 8 meet level 2 screening standards as described in s. 435.04, at which time the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization 9 10 shall request the Department of Law Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 11 12 2 screening. If the fingerprints of an owner or operator are 13 not retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 3., the owner or operator must electronically 14 file a complete set of fingerprints with the Department of Law 15 Enforcement. Upon submission of fingerprints for this purpose, 16 17 the eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall 18 request that the Department of Law Enforcement forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 19 2.0 2 screening, and the fingerprints shall be retained by the 21 Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 3. Beginning July 1, 2008, all fingerprints submitted 22 23 to the Department of Law Enforcement as required by this paragraph must be retained by the Department of Law 2.4 Enforcement in a manner approved by rule and entered in the 2.5 statewide automated fingerprint identification system 26 2.7 authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). The fingerprints must 2.8 thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards entered in the statewide 29 automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to 30 s.943.051. 31

1	4. Beginning July 1, 2008, the Department of Law
2	Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint cards received
3	under s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the
4	statewide automated fingerprint identification system under
5	subparagraph 3. Any arrest record that is identified with an
6	owner's or operator's fingerprints must be reported to the
7	Department of Education. The Department of Education shall
8	participate in this search process by paying an annual fee to
9	the Department of Law Enforcement and by informing the
10	Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the employment,
11	engagement, or association status of the owners or operators
12	whose fingerprints are retained under subparagraph 3. The
13	Department of Law Enforcement shall adopt a rule setting the
14	amount of the annual fee to be imposed upon the Department of
15	Education for performing these services and establishing the
16	procedures for the retention of owner and operator
17	fingerprints and the dissemination of search results. The fee
18	may be borne by the owner or operator of the nonprofit
19	scholarship-funding organization.
20	5. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose
21	owner or operator fails the level 2 background screening is
22	not eliqible to provide scholarships under this section.
23	6. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose
24	owner or operator in the last 7 years has filed for personal
25	bankruptcy or corporate bankruptcy in a corporation of which
26	he or she owned more than 20 percent is not eligible to
27	provide scholarships under this section.
28	(i) An eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding
29	organization must not have an owner or operator who owns or
30	operates an eligible private school that is participating in
31	the scholarship program

1	(j) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
2	organization may not restrict or reserve scholarships for use
3	at a particular private school or provide scholarships to a
4	child of an owner or operator.
5	(k) An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding
6	organization must:
7	1. Comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42
8	U.S.C. s. 2000d.
9	2. Maintain separate accounts for scholarship funds
10	and operating funds.
11	3. Provide to the Auditor General and the Department
12	of Education an annual financial and compliance audit of its
13	accounts and records conducted by an independent certified
14	public accountant and in accordance with rules adopted by the
15	Auditor General. The audit must be conducted in compliance
16	with generally accepted auditing standards and must include a
17	report of financial statements presented in accordance with
18	generally accepted accounting principles set forth by the
19	American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for
20	not-for-profit organizations and a determination of compliance
21	with the statutory eligibility and expenditure requirements
22	set forth in this section. Audits must be provided to the
23	Auditor General and the Department of Education within 180
24	days after completion of the eligible nonprofit
25	scholarship-funding organization's fiscal year.
26	4. Prepare and submit quarterly reports to the
27	Department of Education pursuant to this section. In addition,
28	an eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization must
29	submit in a timely manner any information requested by the
30	Department of Education relating to the scholarship program.
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1	Any and all information and documentation provided to the
2	Department of Education and the Auditor General relating to
3	the identity of a taxpayer that provides an eliqible
4	contribution under this section shall remain confidential at
5	all times in accordance with s. 213.053.
6	(6) PARENT OBLIGATIONS As a condition for
7	scholarship payment pursuant to paragraph (5)(q), if the
8	parent chooses for his or her child to attend an eliqible
9	nonpublic school, the parent must:
10	(a) Obtain acceptance for admission of the student to
11	an eligible nonpublic school and inform the child's school
12	district within 15 days after receiving acceptance;
13	(b) Comply fully with the nonpublic school's
14	parental-involvement requirements, unless excused by the
15	school for illness or other good cause; and
16	(c) Ensure that the student receiving a scholarship
17	under this section takes all statewide assessments required
18	pursuant to s. 1008.22.
19	(d) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant from the
20	eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization,
21	restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for
22	deposit into the account of the private school. The parent may
23	not designate any entity or individual associated with the
24	participating private school as the parent's attorney in fact
25	to endorse a scholarship warrant. A participant who fails to
26	comply with this paragraph forfeits the scholarship.
27	(7) STUDENT OBLIGATIONSAs a condition for
28	scholarship payment pursuant to paragraph (5)(q), if the
29	
ı	parent chooses for his or her child to attend an eliqible

31 throughout the school year, unless excused by the school for

illness or other good cause, and must comply fully with the 2 school's code of conduct. (8) DURATION OF SCHOLARSHIP. --3 4 (a) For purposes of continuity of educational choice, a scholarship granted under this section shall remain in force 5 6 until the student returns to the pubic school to which the 7 student was originally assigned, or: 8 1. If the student is in grades kindergarten through five, until the student matriculates to the sixth grade and 9 10 the public middle school to which the student is assigned is an accredited school that has a performance grade category 11 12 designation of "C" or better; 13 2. If the student is in grades six through eight, until the student matriculates to high school and the public 14 high school to which the student is assigned is an accredited 15 16 school that has a performance grade category designation of 17 "C" or better. 18 At any time upon reasonable notice to the Department of 19 2.0 Education and the school district, the student's parent may 21 remove the student from the nonpublic school and place the student in a public school, as provided in subparagraph 23 (3)(a)2. (b) A school from which a student transfers using a 2.4 scholarship under this section may continue to report the 2.5 student for the purpose of the district's funding pursuant to 26 27 the Florida Education Finance Program for the remainder of the 2.8 period during which the student would have attended that school. The district shall provide the funding associated 29 with that student directly to the respective public school. 30

The school may not report the student under this paragraph

1	beyond the period after which the student would have
2	matriculated to another school.
3	(9) ELIGIBLE NONPUBLIC SCHOOL OBLIGATIONS An
4	eligible nonpublic school must:
5	(a) Demonstrate fiscal soundness by being in operation
6	for 1 school year or provide the Department of Education with
7	a statement by a certified public accountant confirming that
8	the nonpublic school desiring to participate is insured and
9	the owner or owners have sufficient capital or credit to
10	operate the school for the upcoming year serving the number of
11	students anticipated with expected revenues from tuition and
12	other sources which may be reasonably expected. In lieu of
13	such a statement, a surety bond or letter of credit for the
14	amount equal to the scholarship funds for any quarter may be
15	filed with the department.
16	(b) Notify the Department of Education, the school
17	district in whose service area the school is located, and all
18	eligible nonprofit scholarship funding organizations of its
19	intent to participate in the program under this section by May
20	1 of the school year preceding the school year in which it
21	intends to participate. The notice must specify the grade
22	levels and services that the private school has available for
23	qualified students under this section.
24	(c) Comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of
25	42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.
26	(d) Meet state and local health and safety laws and
27	codes.
28	(e) Comply with all state laws relating to general
29	regulation of nonpublic schools.
30	(f) Accept scholarship students on an entirely random
31	and religious-neutral basis without regard to the student's

1	past academic history; however, the nonpublic school may give
2	preference in accepting applications to siblings of students
3	who have already been accepted on a random and
4	religious-neutral basis.
5	(q) Be subject to the instruction, curriculum, and
6	attendance criteria adopted by an appropriate nonpublic school
7	accrediting body and be academically accountable to the parent
8	for meeting the educational needs of the student. The
9	nonpublic school must furnish a school profile that includes
10	student performance.
11	(h) Employ or contract with teachers who hold a
12	baccalaureate or higher degree, have at least 3 years of
13	teaching experience in public or private schools, or have
14	special skills, knowledge, or expertise that qualifies them to
15	provide instruction in subjects taught.
16	(i) Comply with all state statutes relating to private
17	schools.
18	(j) Accept as full tuition and fees the amount
19	provided by the state nonprofit scholarship-funding
20	organization for each student.
21	(k) Agree not to compel any student attending the
22	private school under this section to profess a specific
23	ideological belief, to pray, or to worship.
24	(1) Adhere to the tenets of its published disciplinary
25	procedures prior to the expulsion of any student attending the
26	private school under this section.
27	
28	The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of
29	this subsection constitutes a basis for the ineligibility of
30	the private school to participate in the scholarship program

31 as determined by the Department of Education.

1	(10) ADMINISTRATION; RULES
2	(a) If the credit granted pursuant to this section is
3	not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax
4	liability on the part of the corporation, the unused amount
5	may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 3 years;
6	however, any taxpayer that seeks to carry forward an unused
7	amount of tax credit must submit an application for allocation
8	of tax credits or carryforward credits as required in
9	paragraph (d) in the year that the taxpayer intends to use the
10	carryforward. The total amount of tax credits and carryforward
11	of tax credits granted each state fiscal year under this
12	section is \$5 million. A taxpayer may not convey, assign, or
13	transfer the credit authorized by this section to another
14	entity unless all of the assets of the taxpayer are conveyed,
15	assigned, or transferred in the same transaction.
16	(b) An application for a tax credit pursuant to this
17	section shall be submitted to the department on forms
18	established by rule of the department.
19	(c) The department and the Department of Education
20	shall develop a cooperative agreement to assist in the
21	administration of this section. The Department of Education
22	shall be responsible for annually submitting, by March 15, to
23	the department a list of eligible nonprofit
24	scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements
25	of paragraph (2)(d) and for monitoring eligibility of
26	nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the
27	requirements of paragraph (2)(d), eligibility of nonpublic
28	schools that meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(c), and
29	eligibility of expenditures under this section as provided in
30	subsection (5).
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1	(d) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to ss.
2	120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary to administer this section,
3	including rules establishing application forms and procedures
4	and governing the allocation of tax credits and carryforward
5	credits under this section on a first-come, first-served
6	basis.
7	(e) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules
8	pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary to
9	determine the eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding
10	organizations as defined in paragraph (2)(d) and according to
11	the provisions of subsection (5) and identify qualified
12	students as defined in paragraph (2)(e).
13	(11) DEPOSITS OF ELIGIBLE CONTRIBUTIONS
14	(a) All eligible contributions received by an eligible
15	nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall be deposited
16	in a manner consistent with s. 17.57(2).
17	(b) A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization that
18	is authorized to receive donations and distribute scholarships
19	under this section and s. 220.187 shall account for donations
20	and scholarships separately by each tax credit program. If,
21	in a single fiscal year, the amount of donations available for
22	distribution as scholarships in one program exceeds the demand
23	for scholarships under that program for that fiscal year, the
24	organization may, with approval from the Department of
25	Education, apply those surplus funds to meet demand in the
26	other program.
27	Section 4. Paragraph (z) is added to subsection (8) of
28	section 213.053, Florida Statutes, to read:
29	213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing
30	(8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
31	section, the department may provide:

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(z) Information relative to s. 220.1875 to the
 2
    Department of Education in the conduct of its official
 3
   business.
 4
   Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be
 5
   pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director
    and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or
 8
   nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of
    confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of
 9
    confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree,
10
   punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
11
12
           Section 5. Subsection (8) of section 220.02, Florida
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    Statutes, is amended to read:
           220.02 Legislative intent.--
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           (8) It is the intent of the Legislature that credits
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    against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax
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   be applied in the following order: those enumerated in s.
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    631.828, those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in
    s. 220.181, those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated
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    in s. 220.182, those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those
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    enumerated in s. 221.02, those enumerated in s. 220.184, those
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    enumerated in s. 220.186, those enumerated in s. 220.1845,
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    those enumerated in s. 220.19, those enumerated in s. 220.185,
    those enumerated in s. 220.187, those enumerated in s.
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   220.1875, those enumerated in s. 220.192, and those enumerated
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    in s. 220.193.
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           Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
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    220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
           220.13 "Adjusted federal income" defined.--
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           (1) The term "adjusted federal income" means an amount
   equal to the taxpayer's taxable income as defined in
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subsection (2), or such taxable income of more than one taxpayer as provided in s. 220.131, for the taxable year, adjusted as follows:

- (a) Additions.--There shall be added to such taxable income:
- 1. The amount of any tax upon or measured by income, excluding taxes based on gross receipts or revenues, paid or accrued as a liability to the District of Columbia or any state of the United States which is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.
- 2. The amount of interest which is excluded from taxable income under s. 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or any other federal law, less the associated expenses disallowed in the computation of taxable income under s. 265 of the Internal Revenue Code or any other law, excluding 60 percent of any amounts included in alternative minimum taxable income, as defined in s. 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the taxpayer pays tax under s. 220.11(3).
- 3. In the case of a regulated investment company or real estate investment trust, an amount equal to the excess of the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year over the amount of the capital gain dividends attributable to the taxable year.
- 4. That portion of the wages or salaries paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.181. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- 5. That portion of the ad valorem school taxes paid or incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of

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the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.182. This subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

- 6. The amount of emergency excise tax paid or accrued as a liability to this state under chapter 221 which tax is deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year.
- 7. That portion of assessments to fund a guaranty association incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year.
- 8. In the case of a nonprofit corporation which holds a pari-mutuel permit and which is exempt from federal income tax as a farmers' cooperative, an amount equal to the excess of the gross income attributable to the pari-mutuel operations over the attributable expenses for the taxable year.
- 9. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1895.
- 10. Up to nine percent of the eligible basis of any designated project which is equal to the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.185.
- 21 11. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year 22 under s. 220.187.
 - 12. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.1875.
- 25 13.12. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable 26 year under s. 220.192.
- $\frac{14.13.}{19.}$ The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under s. 220.193.
- Section 7. Section 220.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.701 Collection authority. -- The department shall 2 collect the taxes imposed by this chapter and shall pay all moneys received by it into the Corporate Income Tax Trust Fund 3 4 created under s. 220.7015. Unencumbered balances in this trust fund shall be transferred monthly into the General Revenue 5 6 Fund of the state. However, such transfers shall be expended 7 exclusively on programs that are consistent with the uses 8 established for the Corporate Income Tax Trust Fund and that are specifically identified in the General Appropriations Act. 9 10 Section 8. Subsection (13) of section 1001.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 1001.10 Commissioner of Education; general powers and 13 duties. -- The Commissioner of Education is the chief educational officer of the state and the sole custodian of the 14 K-20 data warehouse, and is responsible for giving full 15 assistance to the State Board of Education in enforcing 16 compliance with the mission and goals of the seamless K-20 18 education system. To facilitate innovative practices and to allow local selection of educational methods, the State Board 19 of Education may authorize the commissioner to waive, upon the 20 21 request of a district school board, State Board of Education 22 rules that relate to district school instruction and school 23 operations, except those rules pertaining to civil rights, and student health, safety, and welfare. The Commissioner of 2.4 Education is not authorized to grant waivers for any 25 26 provisions in rule pertaining to the allocation and 27 appropriation of state and local funds for public education; 2.8 the election, compensation, and organization of school board 29 members and superintendents; graduation and state accountability standards; financial reporting requirements; 30 reporting of out-of-field teaching assignments under s.

1012.42; public meetings; public records; or due process hearings governed by chapter 120. No later than January 1 of 2 each year, the commissioner shall report to the Legislature and the State Board of Education all approved waiver requests 4 in the preceding year. Additionally, the commissioner has the 5 following general powers and duties:

(13) To prepare and publish annually reports giving statistics and other useful information pertaining to the tax credit programs under ss. 220.187 and 220.1875 Opportunity Scholarship Program.

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The commissioner's office shall operate all statewide functions necessary to support the State Board of Education and the K-20 education system, including strategic planning and budget development, general administration, and assessment and accountability.

Section 9. Subsection (18) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board. -- The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

(18) CORPORATE INCOME TAX CREDIT SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM; FAMILIES OF STUDENTS ATTENDING FAILING SCHOOLS OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIPS. -- Adopt policies allowing students attending schools that have been designated with a grade of "F," failing to make adequate progress, for 2 school years in a 4-year period to attend a higher performing <u>public</u> school in the <u>same</u> district or an adjoining district or be granted a state opportunity scholarship to transport the student to a public school in an adjoining district or a scholarship to attend a

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private school, in conformance with $\underline{s.\ 220.1875}$ $\underline{s.\ 1002.38}$ and State Board of Education rule.

Section 10. Subsection (6) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.--Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

- (6) EDUCATIONAL CHOICE. --
- (a) Public school choices.--Parents of public school students may seek whatever public school choice options that are applicable to their students and are available to students in their school districts. These options may include controlled open enrollment, lab schools, charter schools, charter technical career centers, magnet schools, alternative schools, special programs, advanced placement, dual enrollment, International Baccalaureate, International General Certificate of Secondary Education (pre-AICE), Advanced International Certificate of Education, early admissions, credit by examination or demonstration of competency, the New World School of the Arts, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and the Florida Virtual School. These options may also include the public school choice options of the corporate income tax credit scholarship programs Opportunity Scholarship Program and the McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.
- (b) Private school choices.--Parents of public school students may seek private school choice options under certain programs.

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- 1. Under the <u>corporate income tax credit scholarship</u> program for families of students attending schools failing to <u>make adequate progress</u> Opportunity Scholarship Program, the parent of a student in a failing public school may <u>seek a request and receive an opportunity</u> scholarship <u>from an eliqible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization</u> for the student to attend a private school in accordance with <u>s.</u> <u>220.1875</u> the provisions of s. 1002.38.
- 2. Under the McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program, the parent of a public school student with a disability who is dissatisfied with the student's progress may request and receive a McKay Scholarship for the student to attend a private school in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.39.
- 3. Under the corporate income tax credit scholarship program for families that have limited financial resources, the parent of a student who qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunch may seek a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization for the student to attend a private school in accordance with the provisions of s. 220.187.
- (c) Home education.--The parent of a student may choose to place the student in a home education program in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.41.
- (d) Private tutoring.—The parent of a student may choose to place the student in a private tutoring program in accordance with $\frac{1}{2}$ the provisions of s. 1002.43(1).
- 28 Section 11. <u>Section 1002.38, Florida Statutes, is</u>
 29 <u>repealed.</u>
- Section 12. Section 1002.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1002.39 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.—There is established a program that is separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship Program and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.

- (1) THE JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIPS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES PROGRAM. -- The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program is established to provide the option to attend a public school other than the one to which assigned, or to provide a scholarship to a private school of choice, for students with disabilities for whom an individual education plan has been written in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education. Students with disabilities include K-12 students who are documented as having a mental handicap, including trainable, profound, or educable; a speech or language impairment; a hearing impairment, including deafness; a visual impairment, including blindness; a dual sensory impairment; a physical impairment; a serious emotional disturbance, including an emotional handicap; a specific learning disability, including, but not limited to, dyslexia, dyscalculia, or developmental aphasia; a traumatic brain injury; or autism.
- (2) JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY.--The parent of a public school student with a disability who is dissatisfied with the student's progress may request and receive from the state a John M. McKay Scholarship for the child to enroll in and attend a private school in accordance with this section if:
- (a) The student has spent the prior school year in attendance at a Florida public school or the Florida School

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for the Deaf and the Blind. Prior school year in attendance means that the student was:

- 1. Enrolled and reported by a school district for funding during the preceding October and February Florida Education Finance Program surveys in kindergarten through grade 12, which shall include time spent in a Department of Juvenile Justice commitment program if funded under the Florida Education Finance Program;
- 2. Enrolled and reported by the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind during the preceding October and February student membership surveys in kindergarten through grade 12;
- 3. Enrolled and reported by a school district for funding during the preceding October and February Florida Education Finance Program surveys, was at least 4 years old when so enrolled and reported, and was eligible for services under s. 1003.21(1)(e).

However, a dependent child of a member of the United States
Armed Forces who transfers to a school in this state from out
of state or from a foreign country pursuant to a parent's
permanent change of station orders is exempt from this
paragraph but must meet all other eligibility requirements to
participate in the program.

(b) The parent has obtained acceptance for admission of the student to a private school that is eligible for the program under subsection (8) and has requested from the department a scholarship at least 60 days prior to the date of the first scholarship payment. The request must be through a communication directly to the department in a manner that creates a written or electronic record of the request and the

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date of receipt of the request. The Department of Education must notify the district of the parent's intent upon receipt of the parent's request.

- (3) JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP PROHIBITIONS.--A student is not eliqible for a John M. McKay Scholarship while he or she is:
- (a) Enrolled in a school operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice commitment programs;
- (b) Receiving a corporate income tax credit scholarship under s. 220.187;
- 12 (c) Receiving an educational scholarship pursuant to 13 this chapter;
 - (d) Participating in a home education program as defined in s. 1002.01(1);
 - (e) Participating in a private tutoring program pursuant to s. 1002.43;
 - (f) Participating in a virtual school, correspondence school, or distance learning program that receives state funding pursuant to the student's participation unless the participation is limited to no more than two courses per school year;
 - (q) Enrolled in the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind; or
- (h) Not having regular and direct contact with his or her private school teachers at the school's physical location. 26
 - (4) TERM OF JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP. --
- 2.8 (a) For purposes of continuity of educational choice, a John M. McKay Scholarship shall remain in force until the 29 student returns to a public school, graduates from high 30 school, or reaches the age of 22, whichever occurs first.

- (b) Upon reasonable notice to the department and the school district, the student's parent may remove the student from the private school and place the student in a public school in accordance with this section.
 - (c) Upon reasonable notice to the department, the student's parent may move the student from one participating private school to another participating private school.
 - (5) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS; PARENTAL OPTIONS.--
 - (a)1. By April 1 of each year and within 10 days after an individual education plan meeting, a school district shall notify the parent of the student of all options available pursuant to this section, inform the parent of the availability of the department's telephone hotline and Internet website for additional information on John M. McKay Scholarships, and offer that student's parent an opportunity to enroll the student in another public school within the district.
 - 2. The parent is not required to accept the offer of enrolling in another public school in lieu of requesting a John M. McKay Scholarship to a private school. However, if the parent chooses the public school option, the student may continue attending a public school chosen by the parent until the student graduates from high school.
 - 3. If the parent chooses a public school consistent with the district school board's choice plan under s. 1002.31, the school district shall provide transportation to the public school selected by the parent. The parent is responsible to provide transportation to a public school chosen that is not consistent with the district school board's choice plan under s. 1002.31.

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- (b)1. For a student with disabilities who does not have a matrix of services under s. 1011.62(1)(e), the school district must complete a matrix that assigns the student to one of the levels of service as they existed prior to the 2000-2001 school year.
- 2.a. Within 10 school days after it receives notification of a parent's request for a John M. McKay Scholarship, a school district must notify the student's parent if the matrix of services has not been completed and inform the parent that the district is required to complete the matrix within 30 days after receiving notice of the parent's request for a John M. McKay Scholarship. This notice should include the required completion date for the matrix.
- b. The school district must complete the matrix of services for any student who is participating in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program and must notify the department of the student's matrix level within 30 days after receiving notification of a request to participate in the scholarship program. The school district must provide the student's parent with the student's matrix level within 10 school days after its completion.
- c. The department shall notify the private school of the amount of the scholarship within 10 days after receiving the school district's notification of the student's matrix level.
- d. A school district may change a matrix of services only if the change is to correct a technical, typographical, or calculation error.
- (c) A school district shall provide notification to parents of the availability of a reevaluation at least every 3

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years of each student who receives a John M. McKay Scholarship.

- (d) If the parent chooses the private school option and the student is accepted by the private school pending the availability of a space for the student, the parent of the student must notify the department 60 days prior to the first scholarship payment and before entering the private school in order to be eligible for the scholarship when a space becomes available for the student in the private school.
- (e) The parent of a student may choose, as an alternative, to enroll the student in and transport the student to a public school in an adjacent school district which has available space and has a program with the services agreed to in the student's individual education plan already in place, and that school district shall accept the student and report the student for purposes of the district's funding pursuant to the Florida Education Finance Program.
- (f) For a student who participates in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program whose parent requests that the student take the statewide assessments under s. 1008.22, the district in which the student attends private school shall provide locations and times to take all statewide assessments.
- (6) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.--The department shall:
- (a) Establish a toll-free hotline that provides parents and private schools with information on participation in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.
- 30 (b) Annually verify the eligibility of private schools
 31 that meet the requirements of subsection (8).

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- notify the department of any violation by a parent, private school, or school district of state laws relating to program participation. The department shall conduct an inquiry of any written complaint of a violation of this section, or make a referral to the appropriate agency for an investigation, if the complaint is signed by the complainant and is legally sufficient. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts that show that a violation of this section or any rule adopted by the State Board of Education has occurred. In order to determine legal sufficiency, the department may require supporting information or documentation from the complainant. A department inquiry is not subject to the requirements of chapter 120.
- (d) Require an annual, notarized, sworn compliance statement by participating private schools certifying compliance with state laws and shall retain such records.
- (e) Cross-check the list of participating scholarship students with the public school enrollment lists prior to each scholarship payment to avoid duplication.
- (f)1. Conduct random site visits to private schools participating in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program. The purpose of the site visits is solely to verify the information reported by the schools concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results, which information is required by rules of the State Board of Education, subsection (8), and s. 1002.421. The Department of Education may not make more than three random site visits each year and may not make

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more than one random site visit each year to the same private school.

- 2. Annually, by December 15, report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the Department of Education's actions with respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship program under this section and s. 1002.421, any substantiated allegations or violations of law or rule by an eligible private school under this program concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results and the corrective action taken by the Department of Education.
- (7) COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATIONS.--
- (a) The Commissioner of Education shall deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship program if it is determined that the private school has failed to comply with the provisions of this section. However, in instances in which the noncompliance is correctable within a reasonable amount of time and in which the health, safety, or welfare of the students is not threatened, the commissioner may issue a notice of noncompliance which shall provide the private school with a timeframe within which to provide evidence of compliance prior to taking action to suspend or revoke the private school's participation in the scholarship program.
- (b) The commissioner's determination is subject to the following:
- 1. If the commissioner intends to deny, suspend, or revoke a private school's participation in the scholarship

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program, the department shall notify the private school of such proposed action in writing by certified mail and regular mail to the private school's address of record with the department. The notification shall include the reasons for the proposed action and notice of the timelines and procedures set forth in this paragraph.

- 2. The private school that is adversely affected by the proposed action shall have 15 days from receipt of the notice of proposed action to file with the department's agency clerk a request for a proceeding pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. If the private school is entitled to a hearing under s. 120.57(1), the department shall forward the request to the Division of Administrative Hearings.
- 3. Upon receipt of a request referred pursuant to this paragraph, the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings shall expedite the hearing and assign an administrative law judge who shall commence a hearing within 30 days after the receipt of the formal written request by the division and enter a recommended order within 30 days after the hearing or within 30 days after receipt of the hearing transcript, whichever is later. Each party shall be allowed 10 days in which to submit written exceptions to the recommended order. A final order shall be entered by the agency within 30 days after the entry of a recommended order. The provisions of this subparagraph may be waived upon stipulation by all parties.
- (c) The commissioner may immediately suspend payment of scholarship funds if it is determined that there is probable cause to believe that there is:
- 1. An imminent threat to the health, safety, or welfare of the students; or

- 2. Fraudulent activity on the part of the private school. Notwithstanding s. 1002.22(3), in incidents of alleged fraudulent activity pursuant to this section, the Department of Education's Office of Inspector General is authorized to release personally identifiable records or reports of students to the following persons or organizations:
- a. A court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record in accordance with a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.
- b. A person or entity authorized by a court of competent jurisdiction in compliance with an order of that court or the attorney of record pursuant to a lawfully issued subpoena, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.
- c. Any person, entity, or authority issuing a subpoena for law enforcement purposes when the court or other issuing agency has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the information furnished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed, consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, and 34 C.F.R. s. 99.31.

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The commissioner's order suspending payment pursuant to this paragraph may be appealed pursuant to the same procedures and timelines as the notice of proposed action set forth in paragraph (b).

(8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.--To be eligible to participate in the John M. McKay Scholarships for

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Students with Disabilities Program, a private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must:

- (a) Comply with all requirements for private schools participating in state school choice scholarship programs pursuant to s. 1002.421.
- (b) Provide to the department all documentation required for a student's participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules, at least 30 days before the first quarterly scholarship payment is made for the student.
- (c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting the educational needs of the student by:
- 1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress.
- 2. Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent chooses to participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22.
- (d) Maintain in this state a physical location where a scholarship student regularly attends classes.

The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of this subsection shall constitute a basis for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in the scholarship program as determined by the department.

- (9) PARENT AND STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROGRAM PARTICIPATION.--A parent who applies for a John M. McKay Scholarship is exercising his or her parental option to place his or her child in a private school.
- (a) The parent must select the private school and apply for the admission of his or her child.

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- (b) The parent must have requested the scholarship at least 60 days prior to the date of the first scholarship payment.
- (c) Any student participating in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program must remain in attendance throughout the school year unless excused by the school for illness or other good cause.
- (d) Each parent and each student has an obligation to the private school to comply with the private school's published policies.
- (e) If the parent requests that the student participating in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program take all statewide assessments required pursuant to s. 1008.22, the parent is responsible for transporting the student to the assessment site designated by the school district.
- (f) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant, the parent to whom the warrant is made must restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school. The parent may not designate any entity or individual associated with the participating private school as the parent's attorney in fact to endorse a scholarship warrant. A participant who fails to comply with this paragraph forfeits the scholarship.
 - (10) JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING AND PAYMENT. --
- (a)1. The maximum scholarship granted for an eligible student with disabilities shall be a calculated amount equivalent to the base student allocation in the Florida Education Finance Program multiplied by the appropriate cost factor for the educational program that would have been provided for the student in the district school to which he or

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she was assigned, multiplied by the district cost differential.

- 2. In addition, a share of the guaranteed allocation for exceptional students shall be determined and added to the calculated amount. The calculation shall be based on the methodology and the data used to calculate the guaranteed allocation for exceptional students for each district in chapter 2000-166, Laws of Florida. Except as provided in subparagraphs 3. and 4., the calculation shall be based on the student's grade, matrix level of services, and the difference between the 2000-2001 basic program and the appropriate level of services cost factor, multiplied by the 2000-2001 base student allocation and the 2000-2001 district cost differential for the sending district. Also, the calculated amount shall include the per-student share of supplemental academic instruction funds, instructional materials funds, technology funds, and other categorical funds as provided for such purposes in the General Appropriations Act.
- 3. The calculated scholarship amount for a student who is eligible under subparagraph (2)(a)2. shall be calculated as provided in subparagraphs 1. and 2. However, the calculation shall be based on the school district in which the parent resides at the time of the scholarship request.
- 4. Until the school district completes the matrix required by paragraph (5)(b), the calculation shall be based on the matrix that assigns the student to support level I of service as it existed prior to the 2000-2001 school year. When the school district completes the matrix, the amount of the payment shall be adjusted as needed.
- (b) The amount of the John M. McKay Scholarship shall be the calculated amount or the amount of the private school's

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tuition and fees, whichever is less. The amount of any assessment fee required by the participating private school may be paid from the total amount of the scholarship.

- (c)1. The school district shall report all students who are attending a private school under this program. The students with disabilities attending private schools on John M. McKay Scholarships shall be reported separately from other students reported for purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program.
- 2. For program participants who are eligible under subparagraph (2)(a)2., the school district that is used as the basis for the calculation of the scholarship amount as provided in subparagraph (a)3. shall:
- a. Report to the department all such students who are attending a private school under this program.
- b. Be held harmless for such students from the weighted enrollment ceiling for group 2 programs in s. 1011.62(1)(d)3.a. during the first school year in which the students are reported.
- (d) Following notification on July 1, September 1, December 1, or February 1 of the number of program participants, the department shall transfer, from General Revenue funds only, the amount calculated under paragraph (b) from the school district's total funding entitlement under the Florida Education Finance Program and from authorized categorical accounts to a separate account for the scholarship program for quarterly disbursement to the parents of participating students. Funds may not be transferred from any funding provided to the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind for program participants who are eligible under subparagraph (2)(a)2. For a student exiting a Department of

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Juvenile Justice commitment program who chooses to participate in the scholarship program, the amount of the John M. McKay Scholarship calculated pursuant to paragraph (b) shall be transferred from the school district in which the student last attended a public school prior to commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice. When a student enters the scholarship program, the department must receive all documentation required for the student's participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules, at least 30 days before the first quarterly scholarship payment is made for the student.

- (e) Upon notification by the department that it has received the documentation required under paragraph (d), the Chief Financial Officer shall make scholarship payments in four equal amounts no later than September 1, November 1, February 1, and April 1 of each academic year in which the scholarship is in force. The initial payment shall be made after department verification of admission acceptance, and subsequent payments shall be made upon verification of continued enrollment and attendance at the private school. Payment must be by individual warrant made payable to the student's parent and mailed by the department to the private school of the parent's choice, and the parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school.
- (f) Subsequent to each scholarship payment, the department shall request from the Department of Financial Services a sample of endorsed warrants to review and confirm compliance with endorsement requirements.

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- (11) LIABILITY.--No liability shall arise on the part of the state based on the award or use of a John M. McKay Scholarship.
- (12) SCOPE OF AUTHORITY.--The inclusion of eligible private schools within options available to Florida public school students does not expand the regulatory authority of the state, its officers, or any school district to impose any additional regulation of private schools beyond those reasonably necessary to enforce requirements expressly set forth in this section.
- (13) RULES.--The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section, including rules that school districts must use to expedite the development of a matrix of services based on an active individual education plan from another state or a foreign country for a transferring student with a disability who is a dependent child of a member of the United States Armed Forces. The rules must identify the appropriate school district personnel who must complete the matrix of services. For purposes of these rules, a transferring student with a disability is one who was previously enrolled as a student with a disability in an out-of-state or an out-of-country public or private school or agency program and who is transferring from out of state or from a foreign country pursuant to a parent's permanent change of station orders. Section 13. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007.

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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>Senate Bill 2380</u>
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4	The committee substitute provides that a student is not eligible to receive a scholarship under the new tax credit
5	scholarship program in s. 220.1875, F.S., if he or she:
6	-Receives a scholarship from another eligible nonprofit scholarship funding organization (SFO) or other educational
7	scholarship under ch. 1002, F.S.;
8	-Participates in a home education program;
9	-Participates in a private tutoring program;
10	-Participates in a virtual school, correspondence school, or distance learning program that receives state funding for the
11	student unless the participation is limited to no more than two courses per school year; or
12	-Is currently enrolled in the Florida School for the Deaf and
13	the Blind.
14	The committee substitute:
15 16	-Requires state and national criminal history records checks under s. 435.04, F.S., for owners and operators of SFOs;
17	-Requires a new background screening every five years;
18 19	-Requires the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) to retain fingerprints and annually check the prints of certain SFO personnel against the statewide automated fingerprint identification system;
20	-Requires SFOs to file their audits with the Auditor General
21	and the Department of Education (DOE) within 180 days after completion of the SFO's fiscal year;
22	-Requires SFOs to maintain separate accounts for scholarship funds and operating funds and to comply with federal
23	antidiscrimination requirements;
24	-Prohibits SFOs from providing scholarships when the owner or operator fails to meet the background screening requirements
25	or has filed for personal or corporate bankruptcy for a corporation in which the owner or operator held more than a 20
corporation in which the owner or operator held more to percent ownership interest;	
27	-Prohibits SFOs from restricting or reserving scholarships for use at a particular private school or for a child of an owner
28	or operator;
29	-Prohibits SFOs from having an owner or operator who operates an eligible private school that is participating in the
30	scholarship program; and
31	-Requires SFOs to prepare and submit quarterly reports to the DOE.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.