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Amendment No. CHAMBER ACTION Senate House Representative(s) Ross and Gardiner offered the following: 1 2 Amendment (with directory and title amendments) 3 On page 14, line 19, through page 32, line 23, 4 5 Remove: all of said lines, And insert: 6 7 (b) 1. All insurers authorized to write one or more subject 8 lines of business in this state are subject to assessment by the 9 corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are referred to collectively as "assessable insurers." Insurers 10 writing one or more subject lines of business in this state 11 pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable 12 insurers, but insureds who procure one or more subject lines of 13 business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are 14 subject to assessment by the corporation and are referred to 15 16 collectively as "assessable insureds." An authorized insurer's 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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17 assessment liability shall begin on the first day of the calendar year following the year in which the insurer was issued a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the first calendar year during which the insurer no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state.

24 <u>1.2.</u>a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and 25 expenses of the corporation shall be divided into three separate 26 accounts as follows:

A personal lines account for personal residential 27 (I) 28 policies issued by the corporation or issued by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed 29 30 by the corporation that provide comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located in areas eligible for 31 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as 32 those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for such 33 policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on 34 risks that are located in such areas: 35

A commercial lines account for commercial residential 36 (II)37 and commercial nonresidential policies issued by the corporation or issued by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 38 Underwriting Association and renewed by the corporation that 39 provide coverage for basic property perils on risks that are not 40 located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm 41 Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 42 1, 2002, and for such policies that do not provide coverage for 43 44 the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas; and 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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45 (III) A high-risk account for personal residential policies and commercial residential and commercial 46 nonresidential property policies issued by the corporation or 47 transferred to the corporation that provide coverage for the 48 49 peril of wind on risks that are located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as 50 51 those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. Subject to the 52 approval of a business plan by the Financial Services Commission and Legislative Budget Commission as provided in this sub-sub-53 54 subparagraph, but no earlier than March 31, 2007, the corporation may offer policies that provide multiperil coverage 55 56 and the corporation shall continue to offer policies that provide coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in 57 58 areas eligible for coverage in the high-risk account. In issuing multiperil coverage, the corporation may use its approved policy 59 forms and rates for the personal lines account. An applicant or 60 insured who is eligible to purchase a multiperil policy from the 61 corporation may purchase a multiperil policy from an authorized 62 insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's 63 eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides 64 65 coverage only for the peril of wind from the corporation. An applicant or insured who is eligible for a corporation policy 66 that provides coverage only for the peril of wind may elect to 67 purchase or retain such policy and also purchase or retain 68 coverage excluding wind from an authorized insurer without 69 70 prejudice to the applicant's or insured's eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides multiperil 71 72 coverage from the corporation. It is the goal of the Legislature 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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73 that there would be an overall average savings of 10 percent or more for a policyholder who currently has a wind-only policy 74 75 with the corporation, and an ex-wind policy with a voluntary insurer or the corporation, and who then obtains a multiperil 76 77 policy from the corporation. It is the intent of the Legislature 78 that the offer of multiperil coverage in the high-risk account 79 be made and implemented in a manner that does not adversely 80 affect the tax-exempt status of the corporation or creditworthiness of or security for currently outstanding 81 82 financing obligations or credit facilities of the high-risk account, the personal lines account, or the commercial lines 83 84 account. By March 1, 2007, the corporation shall prepare and submit for approval by the Financial Services Commission and 85 86 Legislative Budget Commission a report detailing the corporation's business plan for issuing multiperil coverage in 87 the high-risk account. The business plan shall be approved or 88 disapproved within 30 days after receipt, as submitted or 89 modified and resubmitted by the corporation. The business plan 90 must include: the impact of such multiperil coverage on the 91 corporation's financial resources, the impact of such multiperil 92 93 coverage on the corporation's tax-exempt status, the manner in which the corporation plans to implement the processing of 94 applications and policy forms for new and existing 95 policyholders, the impact of such multiperil coverage on the 96 corporation's ability to deliver customer service at the high 97 level required by this subsection, the ability of the 98 99 corporation to process claims, the ability of the corporation to 100 quote and issue policies, the impact of such multiperil coverage 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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on the corporation's agents, the impact of such multiperil 101 coverage on the corporation's existing policyholders, and the 102 103 impact of such multiperil coverage on rates and premium. The high-risk account must also include quota share primary 104 105 insurance under subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for coverage under the high-risk account also includes the area 106 107 within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the City of Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana 108 River, and bordered on the north by Federal Government property. 109

110 The three separate accounts must be maintained as long b. as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm 111 112 Underwriting Association or Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in accordance 113 114 with the terms of the corresponding financing documents. When the financing obligations are no longer outstanding, in 115 accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing 116 documents, the corporation may use a single account for all 117 revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the 118 corporation. Consistent with the requirement of this 119 subparagraph and prudent investment policies that minimize the 120 121 cost of carrying debt, the board shall exercise its best efforts to retire existing debt or to obtain approval of necessary 122 parties to amend the terms of existing debt, so as to structure 123 the most efficient plan to consolidate the three separate 124 125 accounts into a single account. By February 1, 2007, the board shall submit a report to the Financial Services Commission, the 126 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 127 128 Representatives which includes an analysis of consolidating the 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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129 accounts, the actions the board has taken to minimize the cost 130 of carrying debt, and its recommendations for executing the most 131 efficient plan.

c. Creditors of the Residential Property and Casualty 132 133 Joint Underwriting Association shall have a claim against, and recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-subparagraphs 134 135 a.(I) and (II) and shall have no claim against, or recourse to, 136 the account referred to in sub-subparagraph a.(III). Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 137 shall have a claim against, and recourse to, the account 138 139 referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) and shall have no 140 claim against, or recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-141 sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II).

142 d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses not
143 attributable to particular accounts shall be prorated among the
144 accounts.

e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the
corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the
requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance of
bonds under this subsection.

149 f. No part of the income of the corporation may inure to 150 the benefit of any private person.

151

2.3. With respect to a deficit in an account:

a. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year
 is not greater than 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct
 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior
 calendar year, the entire deficit shall be recovered through

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156 regular assessments of assessable insurers under paragraph (p)
157 and assessable insureds.

158 b. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year 159 exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written 160 premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year, the corporation shall levy regular assessments on 161 162 assessable insurers under paragraph (p) and on assessable 163 insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 10 percent of the 164 deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written 165 premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 166 assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 167

c. Each assessable insurer's share of the amount being 168 169 assessed under sub subparagraph a. or sub subparagraph b. shall 170 be in the proportion that the assessable insurer's direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the year 171 172 preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for that year. 173 174 The assessment percentage applicable to each assessable insured is the ratio of the amount being assessed under sub subparagraph 175 176 a. or sub-subparagraph b. to the aggregate statewide direct 177 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable 178 insurers under sub subparagraphs a. and b. shall be paid as 179 required by the corporation's plan of operation and paragraph 180 181 (p). Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the aggregate amount of a regular assessment for a deficit incurred 182 183 in a particular calendar year shall be reduced by the estimated 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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amount to be received by the corporation from the Citizens 184 185 policyholder surcharge under subparagraph (c)11. and the amount 186 collected or estimated to be collected from the assessment on 187 Citizens policyholders pursuant to sub subparagraph i. 188 Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds under sub subparagraphs a. and b. shall be collected by the 189 190 surplus lines agent at the time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid 191 to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the 192 193 surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. Upon receipt of regular 194 195 assessments from surplus lines agents, the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall transfer the assessments directly to the 196 corporation as determined by the corporation. 197

d. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a 198 deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be recovered 199 200 through regular assessments under sub subparagraph a. or subsubparagraph b., the board shall levy, after verification by the 201 202 office, emergency assessments, for as many years as necessary to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers and 203 204 the corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon 205 issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines of business, 206 excluding National Flood Insurance policies. The amount of the 207 emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage of that year's direct written premium for 208 209 subject lines of business and all accounts of the corporation, excluding National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as 210 211 annually determined by the board and verified by the office. The 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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office shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the 212 board's determination within 30 days after receipt of the 213 214 information on which the determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the corporation and 215 216 each assessable insurer that writes subject lines of business 217 shall collect emergency assessments from its policyholders 218 without such obligation being affected by any credit, 219 limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency assessments 220 levied by the corporation on assessable insureds shall be 221 collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 222 223 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines Service 224 Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The 225 emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly 226 to the corporation on a periodic basis as determined by the 227 228 corporation and shall be held by the corporation solely in the applicable account. The aggregate amount of emergency 229 230 assessments levied for an account under this sub subparagraph in 231 any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent of 232 the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated 233 with financing of the original deficit, or 10 percent of the 234 aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of 235 236 business and for all accounts of the corporation for the prior 237 year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and 238 other costs associated with financing the original deficit.

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e. The corporation may pledge the proceeds of assessments, 239 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 240 241 Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, policyholder surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds available to 242 243 the corporation as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds issued under paragraph (p), bonds or other indebtedness issued 244 245 under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing mechanisms issued or created under this subsection, or to retire 246 any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving 247 248 rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines 249 250 of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional resources to assist the corporation in covering claims and 251 252 expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this subsection, the term "assessments" includes regular assessments 253 under sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., or subparagraph 254 255 (p)1. and emergency assessments under sub subparagraph d. Emergency assessments collected under sub-subparagraph d. are 256 257 not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure 258 259 to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to 260 pay premium. The emergency assessments under sub subparagraph d. shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness 261 incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was 262 263 imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been 264 made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such bonds or other 265 266 indebtedness. 074213

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267 f. As used in this subsection, the term "subject lines of 268 business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or 269 procured by assessable insureds for all property and casualty 270 lines of business in this state, but not including workers' compensation or medical malpractice. As used in the sub-271 subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of business" 272 273 includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of 274 authorized insurers by s. 624.424 and any rule adopted under 275 276 this section, except for those lines identified as accident and health insurance and except for policies written under the 277 278 National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop Insurance 279 Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term 280 "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation 281 insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance. q. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 282 283 determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and 284 285 shall report that information to the corporation in a form and at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the 286 287 corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and the corporation's financing obligations. 288 289 h. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify 290

290 the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment 291 percentages for regular assessments and emergency assessments 292 levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and shall 293 assist the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely

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294 collection and payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as 295 required by the corporation.

296 b.i. If a deficit is incurred in any account in 2008 or 297 thereafter, the board of governors shall levy an immediate 298 assessment against the premium of each nonhomestead property 299 policyholder in all accounts of the corporation, as a uniform 300 percentage of the premium of the policy of up to 10 percent of such premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit. 301 If this assessment is insufficient to eliminate the deficit, the 302 303 board of governors shall levy an additional assessment against all policyholders of the corporation, which shall be collected 304 305 at the time of issuance or renewal of a policy, as a uniform percentage of the premium for the policy of up to 10 percent of 306 307 such premium, which funds shall be used to further offset the deficit. 308

309 <u>c.j.</u> The board of governors shall maintain separate 310 accounting records that consolidate data for nonhomestead 311 properties, including, but not limited to, number of policies, 312 insured values, premiums written, and losses. The board of 313 governors shall annually report to the office and the 314 Legislature a summary of such data.

315

(c) The plan of operation of the corporation:

316 1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and 317 casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and 318 nonresidential property insurance forms, which forms must be 319 approved by the office prior to use. The corporation shall adopt 320 the following policy forms:

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a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are
comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a
residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the
private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.

b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies
similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide
coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage
market, but which coverage is more limited than the coverage
under a standard policy.

330 c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy 331 forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full 332 coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and 333 commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary 334 market.

335 d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential 336 property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The 337 forms are applicable only to residential properties located in 338 areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred 339 to in sub-subparagraph (b)1.2-a.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance
forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are
applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas
eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in
sub-subparagraph (b)1.2-a.

345 f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy 346 forms listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. that contain more 347 restrictive coverage.

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348 2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in 349 which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota 350 share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as 351 defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt 352 property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the 353 peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the term:

354 "Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement (I)in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is 355 provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an 356 357 authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane 358 359 coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an 360 authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The 361 responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay 362 its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible 363 risk, as set forth in the quota share primary insurance 364 agreement, may not be altered by the inability of the other 365 366 party to the agreement to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane 367 368 coverage through a quota share primary insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of 369 370 the corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance 371 provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and 372 373 conspicuously and clearly state that neither the authorized insurer nor the corporation may be held responsible beyond its 374 375 specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses. 074213

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(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and
commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting
criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were
eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting
Association on January 1, 2002.

381 b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary
382 insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation
383 coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

384 c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage 385 levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share 386 primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the 387 corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, 388 the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level 389 may not exceed 90 percent.

390 d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered 391 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must 392 provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of 393 hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the 394 corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized 395 insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance 396 agreement.

e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is
subject to review and approval by the office. However, such
agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts
entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is
already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

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403 f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share 404 primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels 405 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 406 407 Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the corporation and the 408 409 authorized insurer shall maintain complete and accurate records 410 for the purpose of exposure and loss reimbursement audits as required by Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund rules. The 411 412 corporation and the authorized insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies of policy declaration pages and supporting 413 414 claims documents.

g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the terms of quota share agreements, pricing of quota share agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies or adjusting claims.

h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between the 421 corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the 422 423 specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under 424 the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer 425 producing the business, the reporting of information concerning 426 427 eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and 428 arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel 429 430 of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing 074213

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insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized
insurer shall be voluntary and at the discretion of the
authorized insurer.

May provide that the corporation may employ or 434 3. 435 otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide administrative or professional services that may be appropriate 436 437 to effectuate the plan. The corporation shall have the power to 438 borrow funds, by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have other powers reasonably necessary 439 440 to effectuate the requirements of this subsection, including, without limitation, the power to issue bonds and incur other 441 442 indebtedness in order to refinance outstanding bonds or other indebtedness. The corporation may, but is not required to, seek 443 444 judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness under chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other 445 indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of 446 local government pursuant to subparagraph (p) (g) 2., in the 447 absence of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a 448 determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the 449 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the 450 451 financial obligations of the corporation and that such financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the 452 requirements of this subsection. The corporation is authorized 453 to take all actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for any 454 such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or 455 456 other affiliated entities. The corporation shall have the authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from the 457 458 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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459 recoverables, market equalization and other surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation as security for bonds 460 461 or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of 462 463 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be 464 taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing 465 agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness. 466

Must require that the corporation operate subject to 467 4.a. 468 the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting of eight individuals who are residents of this state, from 469 470 different geographical areas of this state. The Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, the President of the Senate, and the 471 472 Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint two members of the board. At least one of the two members appointed 473 by each appointing officer must have demonstrated expertise in 474 insurance. The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one of 475 the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the pleasure 476 of the appointing officer. All members of the board of governors 477 are subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed 478 479 them. All board members, including the chair, must be appointed to serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date 480 designated by the plan. Any board vacancy shall be filled for 481 the unexpired term by the appointing officer. The Chief 482 Financial Officer shall appoint a technical advisory group to 483 484 provide information and advice to the board of governors in connection with the board's duties under this subsection. The 485 486 executive director and senior managers of the corporation shall 074213

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487 be engaged by the board and serve at the pleasure of the board. 488 Any executive director appointed on or after July 1, 2006, is 489 subject to confirmation by the Senate. The executive director is 490 responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may 491 require, subject to review and concurrence by the board.

The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory 492 b. 493 Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of 494 its rates and its customer and agent service levels in relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar 495 496 coverage. The members of the advisory committee shall consist of the following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by 497 the members of the committee: four representatives, one 498 appointed by the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by 499 500 the Florida Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one by the Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the 501 Latin American Association of Insurance Agencies; three 502 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest 503 voluntary market share of residential property insurance 504 505 business in the state; one representative from the Office of 506 Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is 507 insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the committee; one representative appointed by the Florida 508 Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the 509 Florida Bankers Association. All members must serve for 3-year 510 terms and may serve for consecutive terms. The committee shall 511 report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance 512 market issues which may include rates and rate competition with 513 514 the voluntary market; service, including policy issuance, claims 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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515 processing, and general responsiveness to policyholders, 516 applicants, and agents; and matters relating to depopulation.

517 5. Must provide a procedure for determining the 518 eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

519 Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines residential risks, if the risk is offered 520 521 coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, 522 if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed 523 524 with the office, a basic policy including wind coverage, for a new application to the corporation for coverage, the risk is not 525 526 eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 25 527 528 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such 529 offer, the risk is eliqible for either a standard policy 530 including wind coverage or a basic policy including wind 531 coverage issued by the corporation; however, if the risk could 532 not be insured under a standard policy including wind coverage 533 regardless of market conditions, the risk shall be eligible for 534 535 a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected under subparagraph 9.8. However, with regard to a policyholder of the 536 corporation, the policyholder remains eliqible for coverage from 537 the corporation regardless of any offer of coverage from an 538 authorized insurer or surplus lines insurer. The corporation 539 540 shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and 541 542 based on generally accepted underwriting practices. 074213

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(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a
mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is
issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30
days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who
submitted the application to the plan or to the corporation is
not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of
the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

561 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 562 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 563 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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571 type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary 572 commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

579 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 580 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 581 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

582 b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, for a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the risk 583 is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from 584 585 an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the 586 587 premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 25 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from 588 589 the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage 590 591 issued by the corporation. However, with regard to a policyholder of the corporation, the policyholder remains 592 eligible for coverage from the corporation regardless of any 593 offer of coverage from an authorized insurer or surplus lines 594 595 insurer.

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a
mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is
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599 issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30 600 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who 601 submitted the application to the plan or the corporation is not 602 currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of
the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less
than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the
insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission
for the type of policy written.

614 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 615 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 616 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual
agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of
the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned
commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the
greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the
type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary
commission of the corporation; or

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(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period
of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater
of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary
commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept
appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance
with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

635 Must provide by July 1, 2007, that an application for 6. coverage for a new policy is subject to a waiting period of 10 636 637 days before coverage is effective, during which time the corporation shall make such application available for review by 638 639 general lines agents and authorized property and casualty insurers. The board shall approve an exception that allows for 640 coverage to be effective before the end of the 10-day waiting 641 642 period, for coverage issued in conjunction with a real estate closing. The board may approve such other exceptions as the 643 644 board determines are necessary to prevent lapses in coverage.

645 7. Must include rules for classifications of risks and646 rates therefor.

8. Must provide that if premium and investment income for an account attributable to a particular calendar year are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the account attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus in the account. Such surplus shall be available to defray deficits in that account as to future years and shall be used

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653 for that purpose prior to assessing assessable insurers and654 assessable insureds as to any calendar year.

9. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be
uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an
individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making
this determination and in establishing the criteria and
procedures, the following shall be considered:

a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
class; and

b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual
risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.

The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall
be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the
provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply.

10. Must provide that the corporation shall make its best
efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates,
to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as
determined by the board of governors.

673 11. Must provide that in the event of regular deficit 674 assessments under sub subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub subparagraph 675 (b)3.b., in the personal lines account, the commercial lines 676 residential account, or the high risk account, the corporation 677 shall levy upon corporation policyholders in its next rate 678 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a Citizens policyholder surcharge arising from a regular 679 680 assessment in such account in a percentage equal to the total 074213

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681 amount of such regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business 682 683 for the prior calendar year. For purposes of calculating the Citizens policyholder surcharge to be levied under this 684 685 subparagraph, the total amount of the regular assessment to 686 which this surcharge is related shall be determined as set forth 687 in subparagraph (b)3., without deducting the estimated Citizens 688 policyholder surcharge. Citizens policyholder surcharges under 689 this subparagraph are not considered premium and are not subject 690 to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to 691 692 pay premium.

693 <u>11.12.</u> The policies issued by the corporation must provide 694 that, if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains 695 an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its 696 approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal 697 through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this 698 subsection.

699 <u>12.13.</u> Corporation policies and applications must include 700 a notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, 701 be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer that 702 does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by 703 the corporation. The notice shall also specify that acceptance 704 of corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that 705 the applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

706 <u>13.14.</u> May establish, subject to approval by the office, 707 different eligibility requirements and operational procedures 708 for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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709 area if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are 710 711 justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable 712 and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to 713 714 obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary 715 methods would continue to have access to coverage from the corporation. When coverage is sought in connection with a real 716 property transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not 717 718 provide for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, 719 720 the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender.

721 15. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk 722 account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to 723 policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this 724 725 state may petition the office, within the first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A 726 727 regular assessment levied by the corporation on a limited 728 apportionment company for a deficit incurred by the corporation 729 for the high-risk account in 2006 or thereafter may be paid to the corporation on a monthly basis as the assessments are 730 731 collected by the limited apportionment company from its insureds pursuant to s. 627.3512, but the regular assessment must be paid 732 733 in full within 12 months after being levied by the corporation. 734 A limited apportionment company shall collect from its 735 policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-736 subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan shall provide that, if the office 074213

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737 determines that any regular assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the office may direct that all or part of such assessment be deferred as provided in subparagraph (g)4. However, there shall be no limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under sub subparagraph (b)3.d.

743 <u>14.16.</u> Must provide that the corporation appoint as its 744 licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment 745 as defined in s. 626.015(3) with an insurer who at the time of 746 the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is authorized 747 to write and is actually writing personal lines residential 748 property coverage, commercial residential property coverage, or 749 commercial nonresidential property coverage within the state.

<u>15.17.</u> Must provide, by July 1, 2007, a premium payment
plan option to its policyholders which allows for quarterly and
semiannual payment of premiums.

753 16.18. Must provide, effective June 1, 2007, that the corporation contract with each insurer providing the non-wind 754 755 coverage for risks insured by the corporation in the high-risk account, requiring that the insurer provide claims adjusting 756 757 services for the wind coverage provided by the corporation for 758 such risks. An insurer is required to enter into this contract 759 as a condition of providing non-wind coverage for a risk that is insured by the corporation in the high-risk account unless the 760 761 board finds, after a hearing, that the insurer is not capable of 762 providing adjusting services at an acceptable level of quality 763 to corporation policyholders. The terms and conditions of such 764 contracts must be substantially the same as the contracts that 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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765 the corporation executed with insurers under the "adjust-your-766 own" program in 2006, except as may be mutually agreed to by the 767 parties and except for such changes that the board determines 768 are necessary to ensure that claims are adjusted appropriately. 769 The corporation shall provide a process for neutral arbitration 770 of any dispute between the corporation and the insurer regarding 771 the terms of the contract. The corporation shall review and monitor the performance of insurers under these contracts. 772

17.19. Must limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured
homes built prior to 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling
rather than replacement costs of the dwelling.

776 <u>18.20.</u> May provide such limits of coverage as the board
777 determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection.

<u>19.21.</u> May require commercial property to meet specified
 hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of
 eligibility for coverage.

(n) If coverage in an account is deactivated pursuant to
paragraph (o) (f), coverage through the corporation shall be
reactivated by order of the office only under one of the
following circumstances:

785 1. If the market assistance plan receives a minimum of 100 applications for coverage within a 3-month period, or 200 786 787 applications for coverage within a 1-year period or less for residential coverage, unless the market assistance plan provides 788 a quotation from admitted carriers at their filed rates for at 789 790 least 90 percent of such applicants. Any market assistance plan 791 application that is rejected because an individual risk is so 792 hazardous as to be uninsurable using the criteria specified in 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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793 subparagraph (c)<u>9.8</u>. shall not be included in the minimum 794 percentage calculation provided herein. In the event that there 795 is a legal or administrative challenge to a determination by the 796 office that the conditions of this subparagraph have been met 797 for eligibility for coverage in the corporation, any eligible 798 risk may obtain coverage during the pendency of such challenge.

799 2. In response to a state of emergency declared by the 800 Governor under s. 252.36, the office may activate coverage by 801 order for the period of the emergency upon a finding by the 802 office that the emergency significantly affects the availability 803 of residential property insurance.

804 The corporation shall certify to the office its (p)1. needs for annual assessments as to a particular calendar year, 805 806 and for any interim assessments that it deems to be necessary to sustain operations as to a particular year pending the receipt 807 of annual assessments. Upon verification, the office shall 808 approve such certification, and the corporation shall levy such 809 annual or interim assessments. Such assessments shall be 810 prorated as provided in paragraph (b). The corporation shall 811 take all reasonable and prudent steps necessary to collect the 812 813 amount of assessment due from each assessable insured insurer, including, if prudent, filing suit to collect such assessment. 814 If the corporation is unable to collect an assessment from any 815 assessable insurer, the uncollected assessments shall be levied 816 817 as an additional assessment against the assessable insurers and 818 any assessable insurer required to pay an additional assessment as a result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action 819 820 against such nonpaying assessable insurer. Assessments shall be 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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821	included as an appropriate factor in the making of rates. The
822	failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and remit any
823	regular or emergency assessment levied by the corporation is
824	considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and subjects the
825	surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in that section.

The governing body of any unit of local government, any 826 2. 827 residents of which are insured by the corporation, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 from time to time 828 to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the 829 830 corporation, for the purpose of defraying deficits of the corporation. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate 831 proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance 832 programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which 833 834 are insured by the corporation, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred within 835 or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local 836 government. Revenue bonds under this subparagraph may not be 837 issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of 838 emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the 839 Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are 840 necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and 841 necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and 842 general welfare of residents of this state and declaring it an 843 essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or 844 counties to issue such bonds as will permit relief to claimants 845 846 and policyholders of the corporation. Any such unit of local 847 government may enter into such contracts with the corporation 848 and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued 849 850 under this subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by 851 moneys received by the corporation from emergency assessments 852 under sub-subparagraph (b)2.3.d., and assigned and pledged to or 853 on behalf of the unit of local government for the benefit of the 854 holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing 855 power of the state or of the unit of local government shall not 856 be pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds 857 remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the office shall require 858 all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be 859 860 required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of 861 the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of 862 assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not 863 be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the office determines that the purchase would endanger or impair the 864 865 solvency of the insurer.

The corporation shall adopt one or more programs 866 3.a. 867 subject to approval by the office for the reduction of both new and renewal writings in the corporation. Beginning January 1, 868 869 2008, any program the corporation adopts for the payment of 870 bonuses to an insurer for each risk the insurer removes from the 871 corporation shall comply with s. 627.3511(2) and may not exceed the amount referenced in s. 627.3511(2) for each risk removed. 872 873 The corporation may consider any prudent and not unfairly 874 discriminatory approach to reducing corporation writings, and 875 may adopt a credit against assessment liability or other 876 liability that provides an incentive for insurers to take risks 074213

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877 out of the corporation and to keep risks out of the corporation by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings in counties or 878 879 areas in which corporation risks are highly concentrated and a program to provide a formula under which an insurer voluntarily 880 881 taking risks out of the corporation by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings will be relieved wholly or partially from 882 883 assessments under sub-subparagraphs (b)3.a. and b. However, any 884 "take-out bonus" or payment to an insurer must be conditioned on the property being insured for at least 5 years by the insurer, 885 886 unless canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder. If the policy is canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder before the end of 887 888 the 5-year period, the amount of the take-out bonus must be prorated for the time period the policy was insured. When the 889 890 corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out 891 plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on such policy, and 892 893 the insurer shall either:

894 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
895 for the first year, an amount which is the greater of the
896 insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
897 written or a policy fee equal to the usual and customary
898 commission of the corporation; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment by

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the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the agent in 904 905 accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). 906 b. Any credit or exemption from regular assessments 907 adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the 3 908 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy by 909 the corporation. With the approval of the office, the board may 910 extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 911 removed from the corporation, or for 2 additional years if the 912 913 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 914 policies so removed. 915 c. There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or 916 deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from 917 policyholders pursuant to sub subparagraph (b)3.d. 918 4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or in part, of the assessment of an assessable insurer, other than 919 920 an emergency assessment collected from policyholders pursuant to 921 sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., if the office finds that payment of 922 the assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the 923 insurer. In the event an assessment against an assessable 924 insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which 925 such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other 926 assessable insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for 927 assessments set forth in paragraph (b). 928 4.5. Effective July 1, 2007, in order to evaluate the 929 costs and benefits of approved take-out plans, if the corporation pays a bonus or other payment to an insurer for an 930 931 approved take-out plan, it shall maintain a record of the 074213

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address or such other identifying information on the property or
risk removed in order to track if and when the property or risk
is later insured by the corporation.

935 <u>5.6.</u> Any policy taken out, assumed, or removed from the 936 corporation is, as of the effective date of the take-out, 937 assumption, or removal, direct insurance issued by the insurer 938 and not by the corporation, even if the corporation continues to 939 service the policies. This subparagraph applies to policies of 940 the corporation and not policies taken out, assumed, or removed 941 from any other entity.

942 (r) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no 943 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any assessable insurer or its agents or employees, the corporation 944 or its agents or employees, members of the board of governors or 945 946 their respective designees at a board meeting, corporation committee members, or the office or its representatives, for any 947 948 action taken by them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not 949 950 apply to:

951 <u>1. Any of the foregoing persons or entities for any</u> 952 willful tort;

953 2. The corporation or its producing agents for breach of 954 any contract or agreement pertaining to insurance coverage; 955 3. The corporation with respect to issuance or payment of 956 debt; or

957 4. Any assessable insurer with respect to any action to 958 enforce an assessable insurer's obligations to the corporation 959 under this subsection. 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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960 (r) (s) For the purposes of s. 199.183(1), the corporation shall be considered a political subdivision of the state and 961 962 shall be exempt from the corporate income tax. The premiums, 963 assessments, investment income, and other revenue of the 964 corporation are funds received for providing property insurance 965 coverage as required by this subsection, paying claims for 966 Florida citizens insured by the corporation, securing and repaying debt obligations issued by the corporation, and 967 conducting all other activities of the corporation, and shall 968 969 not be considered taxes, fees, licenses, or charges for services 970 imposed by the Legislature on individuals, businesses, or 971 agencies outside state government. Bonds and other debt obligations issued by or on behalf of the corporation are not to 972 973 be considered "state bonds" within the meaning of s. 215.58(8). 974 The corporation is not subject to the procurement provisions of chapter 287, and policies and decisions of the corporation 975 976 relating to incurring debt, levying of assessments and the sale, issuance, continuation, terms and claims under corporation 977 978 policies, and all services relating thereto, are not subject to the provisions of chapter 120. The corporation is not required 979 980 to obtain or to hold a certificate of authority issued by the office, nor is it required to participate as a member insurer of 981 the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association. However, the 982 corporation is required to pay, in the same manner as an 983 984 authorized insurer, assessments levied by the Florida Insurance 985 Guaranty Association. It is the intent of the Legislature that the tax exemptions provided in this paragraph will augment the 986 987 financial resources of the corporation to better enable the 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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988 corporation to fulfill its public purposes. Any debt obligations issued by the corporation, their transfer, and the income 989 990 therefrom, including any profit made on the sale thereof, shall 991 at all times be free from taxation of every kind by the state 992 and any political subdivision or local unit or other instrumentality thereof; however, this exemption does not apply 993 994 to any tax imposed by chapter 220 on interest, income, or 995 profits on debt obligations owned by corporations other than the 996 corporation.

997 (s) (t) Upon a determination by the office that the conditions giving rise to the establishment and activation of 998 the corporation no longer exist, the corporation is dissolved. 999 Upon dissolution, the assets of the corporation shall be applied 1000 1001 first to pay all debts, liabilities, and obligations of the corporation, including the establishment of reasonable reserves 1002 for any contingent liabilities or obligations, and all remaining 1003 1004 assets of the corporation shall become property of the state and shall be deposited in the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. 1005 1006 However, no dissolution shall take effect as long as the corporation has bonds or other financial obligations outstanding 1007 1008 unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of the bonds or other financial obligations pursuant to the documents 1009 authorizing the issuance of the bonds or other financial 1010 1011 obligations.

1012 (t) (u)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the
1013 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association
1014 shall become policies of the corporation. All obligations,
1015 rights, assets and liabilities of the Residential Property and
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1016 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association, including bonds, note 1017 and debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to 1018 them become those of the corporation as of July 1, 2002. The 1019 corporation is not required to issue endorsements or 1020 certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term 1021 of in-force transferred policies.

1022 Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida 2. 1023 Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the corporation and shall become policies of the corporation. All 1024 1025 obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, including bonds, note and 1026 1027 debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them are transferred to and assumed by the corporation on July 1, 1028 1029 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term 1030 of in-force transferred policies. 1031

1032 The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the 3. Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 1033 1034 shall take all actions as may be proper to further evidence the transfers and shall provide the documents and instruments of 1035 1036 further assurance as may reasonably be requested by the corporation for that purpose. The corporation shall execute 1037 1038 assumptions and instruments as the trustees or other parties to the financing documents of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 1039 1040 Association or the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 1041 Underwriting Association may reasonably request to further evidence the transfers and assumptions, which transfers and 1042 1043 assumptions, however, are effective on the date provided under 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1044 this paragraph whether or not, and regardless of the date on 1045 which, the assumptions or instruments are executed by the corporation. Subject to the relevant financing documents 1046 pertaining to their outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or 1047 1048 other financing obligations, the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in action, and other intangibles of the 1049 1050 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association shall be credited to 1051 the high-risk account of the corporation, and those of the personal lines residential coverage account and the commercial 1052 1053 lines residential coverage account of the Residential Property 1054 and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to 1055 the personal lines account and the commercial lines account, respectively, of the corporation. 1056

1057 4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property
1058 insurance coverage who would otherwise have been eligible for
1059 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association is
1060 eligible for coverage from the corporation as provided in this
1061 subsection.

The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 1062 5. assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 1063 1064 Association to the corporation and the renaming of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 1065 as the corporation shall in no way affect the coverage with 1066 respect to covered policies as defined in s. 215.555(2)(c) 1067 provided to these entities by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 1068 1069 Fund. The coverage provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association based on 1070 1071 its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1072 shall be redesignated as coverage for the high-risk account of the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 1073 1074 coverage provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 1075 1076 Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each 1077 June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to the personal lines 1078 account and the commercial lines account of the corporation. 1079 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the high-risk account shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 1080 1081 Fund purposes, as if it were a separate participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss 1082 1083 reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed together, for all Florida Hurricane 1084 1085 Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if the two accounts were one and represent a single, separate participating insurer with its own 1086 exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. The 1087 coverage provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to 1088 the corporation shall constitute and operate as a full transfer 1089 of coverage from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 1090 and Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting to the 1091 1092 corporation.

1093

(u) (v) Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security
 interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the
 corporation created or purported to be created pursuant to any
 financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of
 the corporation shall be and remain valid and enforceable,
 notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation
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1100 of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, 1101 bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or 1102 similar proceeding against the corporation under the laws of 1103 this state.

1104 2. No such proceeding shall relieve the corporation of its 1105 obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its 1106 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, 1107 assessments, market equalization or other surcharges under 1108 subparagraph (c)10., or any other rights, revenues, or other 1109 assets of the corporation pledged pursuant to any financing 1110 documents.

1111 3. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or 1112 1113 security interest, any such assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, or other rights, revenues, or other assets 1114 which are collected, or levied and collected, after the 1115 commencement of and during the pendency of, or after, any such 1116 1117 proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding. As used in this subsection, the term "financing documents" means any 1118 agreement or agreements, instrument or instruments, or other 1119 1120 document or documents now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the corporation or 1121 pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been 1122 or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or 1123 other assets of the corporation are pledged or sold to secure 1124 the repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the 1125 payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the 1126 1127 payment of any other obligation or financial product, as defined 074213

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1128 in the plan of operation of the corporation related to such 1129 bonds or indebtedness.

4. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 1130 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the corporation 1131 1132 shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such 1133 1134 assessments, revenues, or contract rights or other rights or 1135 assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 1136 1137 valid, binding, and enforceable against the corporation or other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against 1138 1139 and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, 1140 1141 asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, or contract rights or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and 1142 in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in 1143 the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such 1144 person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without 1145 the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or 1146 other action. 1147

1148 5. As long as the corporation has any bonds outstanding, 1149 the corporation may not file a voluntary petition under chapter 1150 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter 1151 or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, and a public 1152 officer or any organization, entity, or other person may not 1153 authorize the corporation to be or become a debtor under chapter 1154 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter

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1155 or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, during any 1156 such period.

1157 6. If ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, the 1158 corporation may assume policies or otherwise provide coverage 1159 for policyholders of an insurer placed in liquidation under 1160 chapter 631, under such forms, rates, terms, and conditions as 1161 the corporation deems appropriate, subject to approval by the 1162 office.

1163 (v) - (w) The following records of the corporation are 1164 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and 1165 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:

a. Underwriting files, except that a policyholder or an
applicant shall have access to his or her own underwriting
files.

Claims files, until termination of all litigation and 1169 b. settlement of all claims arising out of the same incident, 1170 although portions of the claims files may remain exempt, as 1171 otherwise provided by law. Confidential and exempt claims file 1172 records may be released to other governmental agencies upon 1173 written request and demonstration of need; such records held by 1174 1175 the receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as provided for herein. 1176

1177 c. Records obtained or generated by an internal auditor 1178 pursuant to a routine audit, until the audit is completed, or if 1179 the audit is conducted as part of an investigation, until the 1180 investigation is closed or ceases to be active. An investigation 1181 is considered "active" while the investigation is being 1182 conducted with a reasonable, good faith belief that it could 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1183 lead to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal 1184 proceedings.

1185 d. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-1186 client communications.

e. Proprietary information licensed to the corporation
under contract and the contract provides for the confidentiality
of such proprietary information.

1190 f. All information relating to the medical condition or 1191 medical status of a corporation employee which is not relevant 1192 to the employee's capacity to perform his or her duties, except 1193 as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Information which is 1194 exempt shall include, but is not limited to, information 1195 relating to workers' compensation, insurance benefits, and 1196 retirement or disability benefits.

1197 Upon an employee's entrance into the employee q. assistance program, a program to assist any employee who has a 1198 behavioral or medical disorder, substance abuse problem, or 1199 emotional difficulty which affects the employee's job 1200 performance, all records relative to that participation shall be 1201 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and 1202 1203 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise provided in s. 112.0455(11). 1204

h. Information relating to negotiations for financing,
reinsurance, depopulation, or contractual services, until the
conclusion of the negotiations.

1208 i. Minutes of closed meetings regarding underwriting 1209 files, and minutes of closed meetings regarding an open claims 1210 file until termination of all litigation and settlement of all 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1211 claims with regard to that claim, except that information 1212 otherwise confidential or exempt by law will be redacted. 1213

When an authorized insurer is considering underwriting a risk 1214 1215 insured by the corporation, relevant underwriting files and confidential claims files may be released to the insurer 1216 1217 provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under 1218 oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. When a file is transferred to an insurer that file is no longer a public 1219 1220 record because it is not held by an agency subject to the provisions of the public records law. Underwriting files and 1221 1222 confidential claims files may also be released to staff of and the board of governors of the market assistance plan established 1223 1224 pursuant to s. 627.3515, who must retain the confidentiality of such files, except such files may be released to authorized 1225 insurers that are considering assuming the risks to which the 1226 files apply, provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized 1227 and under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. 1228 Finally, the corporation or the board or staff of the market 1229 1230 assistance plan may make the following information obtained from 1231 underwriting files and confidential claims files available to licensed general lines insurance agents: name, address, and 1232 telephone number of the residential property owner or insured; 1233 location of the risk; rating information; loss history; and 1234 policy type. The receiving licensed general lines insurance 1235 agent must retain the confidentiality of the information 1236 1237 received.

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1238 Portions of meetings of the corporation are exempt from 2. the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State 1239 1240 Constitution wherein confidential underwriting files or confidential open claims files are discussed. All portions of 1241 1242 corporation meetings which are closed to the public shall be recorded by a court reporter. The court reporter shall record 1243 1244 the times of commencement and termination of the meeting, all 1245 discussion and proceedings, the names of all persons present at any time, and the names of all persons speaking. No portion of 1246 1247 any closed meeting shall be off the record. Subject to the provisions hereof and s. 119.07(1)(b) - (d), the court reporter's 1248 1249 notes of any closed meeting shall be retained by the corporation for a minimum of 5 years. A copy of the transcript, less any 1250 1251 exempt matters, of any closed meeting wherein claims are discussed shall become public as to individual claims after 1252 settlement of the claim. 1253

1254 (w)(x) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 1255 amendments to this subsection enacted in 2002 should, over time, 1256 reduce the probable maximum windstorm losses in the residual 1257 markets and should reduce the potential assessments to be levied 1258 on property insurers and policyholders statewide. In furtherance 1259 of this intent:

1260 1. The board shall, on or before February 1 of each year, 1261 provide a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker 1262 of the House of Representatives showing the reduction or 1263 increase in the 100-year probable maximum loss attributable to 1264 wind-only coverages and the quota share program under this 1265 subsection combined, as compared to the benchmark 100-year 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1266 probable maximum loss of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 1267 Association. For purposes of this paragraph, the benchmark 100year probable maximum loss of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 1268 1269 Association shall be the calculation dated February 2001 and 1270 based on November 30, 2000, exposures. In order to ensure 1271 comparability of data, the board shall use the same methods for 1272 calculating its probable maximum loss as were used to calculate 1273 the benchmark probable maximum loss.

1274 Beginning February 1, 2010, if the report under 2. 1275 subparagraph 1. for any year indicates that the 100-year probable maximum loss attributable to wind-only coverages and 1276 1277 the quota share program combined does not reflect a reduction of 1278 at least 25 percent from the benchmark, the board shall reduce 1279 the boundaries of the high-risk area eligible for wind-only 1280 coverages under this subsection in a manner calculated to reduce such probable maximum loss to an amount at least 25 percent 1281 1282 below the benchmark.

Beginning February 1, 2015, if the report under 1283 3. 1284 subparagraph 1. for any year indicates that the 100-year 1285 probable maximum loss attributable to wind-only coverages and 1286 the quota share program combined does not reflect a reduction of at least 50 percent from the benchmark, the boundaries of the 1287 high-risk area eligible for wind-only coverages under this 1288 subsection shall be reduced by the elimination of any area that 1289 1290 is not seaward of a line 1,000 feet inland from the Intracoastal 1291 Waterway.

1292 (x)(y) In enacting the provisions of this section, the 1293 Legislature recognizes that both the Florida Windstorm 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1294 Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and 1295 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association have entered into 1296 financing arrangements that obligate each entity to service its debts and maintain the capacity to repay funds secured under 1297 these financing arrangements. It is the intent of the 1298 Legislature that nothing in this section be construed to 1299 1300 compromise, diminish, or interfere with the rights of creditors 1301 under such financing arrangements. It is further the intent of the Legislature to preserve the obligations of the Florida 1302 1303 Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association with regard to 1304 1305 outstanding financing arrangements, with such obligations passing entirely and unchanged to the corporation and, 1306 1307 specifically, to the applicable account of the corporation. So long as any bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 1308 obligations of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or 1309 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 1310 Association are outstanding, under the terms of the financing 1311 documents pertaining to them, the governing board of the 1312 corporation shall have and shall exercise the authority to levy, 1313 1314 charge, collect, and receive all premiums, assessments, surcharges, charges, revenues, and receipts that the 1315 associations had authority to levy, charge, collect, or receive 1316 under the provisions of subsection (2) and this subsection, 1317 respectively, as they existed on January 1, 2002, to provide 1318 moneys, without exercise of the authority provided by this 1319 subsection, in at least the amounts, and by the times, as would 1320 1321 be provided under those former provisions of subsection (2) or 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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this subsection, respectively, so that the value, amount, and 1322 collectability of any assets, revenues, or revenue source 1323 pledged or committed to, or any lien thereon securing such 1324 1325 outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 1326 obligations will not be diminished, impaired, or adversely affected by the amendments made by this act and to permit 1327 1328 compliance with all provisions of financing documents pertaining 1329 to such bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations, or the security or credit enhancement for them, and 1330 1331 any reference in this subsection to bonds, notes, indebtedness, financing obligations, or similar obligations, of the 1332 1333 corporation shall include like instruments or contracts of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the Residential 1334 1335 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the 1336 extent not inconsistent with the provisions of the financing documents pertaining to them. 1337

(y) (y) (z) The corporation shall not require the securing of 1338 flood insurance as a condition of coverage if the insured or 1339 applicant executes a form approved by the office affirming that 1340 flood insurance is not provided by the corporation and that if 1341 1342 flood insurance is not secured by the applicant or insured in addition to coverage by the corporation, the risk will not be 1343 covered for flood damage. A corporation policyholder electing 1344 not to secure flood insurance and executing a form as provided 1345 herein making a claim for water damage against the corporation 1346 shall have the burden of proving the damage was not caused by 1347 flooding. Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection, 1348

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- 1349 the corporation may deny coverage to an applicant or insured who 1350 refuses to execute the form described herein.
- 1351(z) (aa)A salaried employee of the corporation who1352performs policy administration services subsequent to the1353effectuation of a corporation policy is not required to be1354licensed as an agent under the provisions of s. 626.112.

1355 (aa) (bb) By February 1, 2007, the corporation shall submit 1356 a report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the minority party leaders of the 1357 Senate and the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the 1358 standing committees of the Senate and the House of 1359 1360 Representatives having jurisdiction over matters relating to 1361 property and casualty insurance. In preparing the report, the 1362 corporation shall consult with the Office of Insurance Regulation, the Department of Financial Services, and any other 1363 party the corporation determines appropriate. The report must 1364 include all findings and recommendations on the feasibility of 1365 requiring authorized insurers that issue and service personal 1366 and commercial residential policies and commercial 1367 nonresidential policies that provide coverage for basic property 1368 1369 perils except for the peril of wind to issue and service for a fee personal and commercial residential policies and commercial 1370 nonresidential policies providing coverage for the peril of wind 1371 issued by the corporation. The report must include: 1372

1373 1. The expense savings to the corporation of issuing and
 1374 servicing such policies as determined by a cost-benefit
 1375 analysis.

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1376 The expenses and liability to authorized insurers 2. associated with issuing and servicing such policies. 1377

1378

The effect on service to policyholders of the 3. corporation relating to issuing and servicing such policies. 1379

1380 4. The effect on the producing agent of the corporation of issuing and servicing such policies. 1381

1382 Recommendations as to the amount of the fee which 5. 1383 should be paid to authorized insurers for issuing and servicing such policies. 1384

1385 6. The effect that issuing and servicing such policies 1386 will have on the corporation's number of policies, total insured 1387 value, and probable maximum loss.

(bb) (cc) There shall be no liability on the part of, and 1388 1389 no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, producing agents of record of the corporation or employees of such agents 1390 for insolvency of any take-out insurer. 1391

For policies subject to nonrenewal as a result 1392 (cc)(dd)1. of the risk being no longer eligible for coverage due to being 1393 valued at \$1 million or more, the corporation shall, directly or 1394 through the market assistance plan, make information from 1395 1396 confidential underwriting and claims files of policyholders available only to licensed general lines agents who register 1397 with the corporation to receive such information according to 1398 the following procedures: 1399

By August 1, 2006, the corporation shall provide such 1400 2. policyholders who are not eligible for renewal the opportunity 1401 to request in writing, within 30 days after the notification is 1402 1403 sent, that information from their confidential underwriting and 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1404 claims files not be released to licensed general lines agents1405 registered pursuant to this paragraph.

1406 3. By August 1, 2006, the corporation shall make available to licensed general lines agents the registration procedures to 1407 1408 be used to obtain confidential information from underwriting and claims files for such policies not eligible for renewal. As a 1409 1410 condition of registration, the corporation shall require the 1411 licensed general lines agent to attest that the agent has the experience and relationships with authorized or surplus lines 1412 1413 carriers to attempt to offer replacement coverage for such policies. 1414

1415 4. By September 1, 2006, the corporation shall make available through a secured website to licensed general lines 1416 1417 agents registered pursuant to this paragraph application, rating, loss history, mitigation, and policy type information 1418 relating to such policies not eligible for renewal and for which 1419 the policyholder has not requested the corporation withhold such 1420 information. The registered licensed general lines agent may use 1421 such information to contact and assist the policyholder in 1422 securing replacement policies, and the agent may disclose to the 1423 1424 policyholder that such information was obtained from the corporation. 1425

1426 (dd) (ee) The assets of the corporation may be invested and 1427 managed by the State Board of Administration.

1428Section 6.Subsection (1) of section 624.4072, Florida1429Statutes, is amended to read:

1430 624.4072 Minority-owned property and casualty insurers; 1431 limited exemption for taxation and assessments.--074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1432 (1) A minority business that is at least 51 percent owned by minority persons, as defined in s. 288.703(3), initially 1433 1434 issued a certificate of authority in this state as an authorized insurer after May 1, 1998, and before January 1, 2002, to write 1435 1436 property and casualty insurance shall be exempt, for a period not to exceed 10 years from the date of receiving its 1437 1438 certificate of authority, from the following taxes and 1439 assessments:

(a) taxes imposed under ss. 175.101, 185.08, and 624.509; 1440 1441 (b) Assessments by the Citizens Property Insurance 1442 Corporation, except for emergency assessments collected from 1443 policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d. Any such insurer shall be a member insurer of the Citizens Property Insurance 1444 1445 Corporation. The premiums of such insurer shall be included in determining, for the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, 1446 the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject 1447 1448 lines of business for all member insurers.

 1449
 Section 7.
 Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) of

 1450
 section 627.3511, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1451 627.3511 Depopulation of Citizens Property Insurance1452 Corporation.--

1453

(3) EXEMPTION FROM DEFICIT ASSESSMENTS.

1454 (a) The calculation of an insurer's assessment liability
1455 under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. or b. shall, for an insurer that in
1456 any calendar year removes 50,000 or more risks from the Citizens
1457 Property Insurance Corporation, either by issuance of a policy
1458 upon expiration or cancellation of the corporation policy or by
1459 assumption of the corporation's obligations with respect to in
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1460 force policies, exclude such removed policies for the succeeding 1461 3 years, as follows:

1462 1. In the first year following removal of the risks, the 1463 risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 100 1464 percent.

1465 2. In the second year following removal of the risks, the 1466 risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 75 1467 percent.

1468 3. In the third year following removal of the risks, the 1469 risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 50 1470 percent.

1471

1472 If the removal of risks is accomplished through assumption of 1473 obligations with respect to in force policies, the corporation shall pay to the assuming insurer all unearned premium with 1474 respect to such policies less any policy acquisition costs 1475 1476 agreed to by the corporation and assuming insurer. The term "policy acquisition costs" is defined as costs of issuance of 1477 1478 the policy by the corporation which includes agent commissions, 1479 servicing company fees, and premium tax. This paragraph does not 1480 apply to an insurer that, at any time within 5 years before removing the risks, had a market share in excess of 0.1 percent 1481 of the statewide aggregate gross direct written premium for any 1482 line of property insurance, or to an affiliate of such an 1483 1484 insurer. This paragraph does not apply unless either at least 40 1485 percent of the risks removed from the corporation are located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties, or at least 30 percent 1486 1487 of the risks removed from the corporation are located in such 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1488	counties and an additional 50 percent of the risks removed from
1489	the corporation are located in other coastal counties.
1490	(b) An insurer that first wrote personal lines residential
1491	property coverage in this state on or after July 1, 1994, is
1492	exempt from regular deficit assessments imposed pursuant to s.
1493	627.351(6)(b)3.a. and b., but not emergency assessments
1494	collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d.,
1495	of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation until the earlier
1496	of the following:
1497	1. The end of the calendar year in which it first wrote
1498	0.5 percent or more of the statewide aggregate direct written
1499	premium for any line of residential property coverage; or
1500	2. December 31, 1997, or December 31 of the third year in
1501	which it wrote such coverage in this state, whichever is later.
1502	(c) Other than an insurer that is exempt under paragraph
1503	(b), an insurer that in any calendar year increases its total
1504	structure exposure subject to wind coverage by 25 percent or
1505	more over its exposure for the preceding calendar year is, with
1506	respect to that year, exempt from deficit assessments imposed
1507	pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. and b., but not emergency
1508	assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s.
1509	627.351(6)(b)3.d., of the Citizens Property Insurance
1510	Corporation attributable to such increase in exposure.
1511	(d) Any exemption or credit from regular assessments
1512	authorized by this section shall last no longer than 3 years
1513	following the cancellation or expiration of the policy by the
1514	corporation. With the approval of the office, the board may
1515	extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer
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1516 guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 1517 removed from the corporation, or for 2 additional years if the 1518 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 1519 policies so removed.

1520 <u>(3)</u>(4) AGENT BONUS.--When the corporation enters into a 1521 contractual agreement for a take-out plan that provides a bonus 1522 to the insurer, the producing agent of record of the corporation 1523 policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on such 1524 policy, and the insurer shall either:

(a) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the
greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the
type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary
commission of the corporation; or

(b) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period
of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater
of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary
commission for the type of policy written.

1536 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1537 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1538 with paragraph (a). The requirement of this subsection that the 1539 producing agent of record is entitled to retain the unearned 1540 commission on an association policy does not apply to a policy 1541 for which coverage has been provided in the association for 30 1542 days or less or for which a cancellation notice has been issued

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1543 pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(c) ll. during the first 30 days of coverage.

1545

(4)(5) APPLICABILITY.--

(a) The take-out bonus provided by subsection (2) applies 1546 1547 and the exemption from assessment provided by paragraph (3)(a) apply only if the corporation policy is replaced by either a 1548 standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 1549 1550 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the office, a 1551 basic policy including wind coverage; however, with respect to 1552 risks located in areas where coverage through the high-risk account of the corporation is available, the replacement policy 1553 1554 need not provide wind coverage. The insurer must renew the replacement policy at approved rates on substantially similar 1555 1556 terms for four additional 1-year terms, unless canceled or not 1557 renewed by the policyholder. If an insurer assumes the corporation's obligations for a policy, it must issue a 1558 1559 replacement policy for a 1-year term upon expiration of the corporation policy and must renew the replacement policy at 1560 1561 approved rates on substantially similar terms for four additional 1-year terms, unless canceled or not renewed by the 1562 1563 policyholder. For each replacement policy canceled or nonrenewed by the insurer for any reason during the 5-year coverage period 1564 required by this paragraph, the insurer must remove from the 1565 corporation one additional policy covering a risk similar to the 1566 1567 risk covered by the canceled or nonrenewed policy. In addition 1568 to these requirements, the corporation must place the bonus moneys in escrow for a period of 5 years; such moneys may be 1569 1570 released from escrow only to pay claims. If the policy is 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1571 canceled or nonrenewed before the end of the 5-year period, the 1572 amount of the take-out bonus must be prorated for the time 1573 period the policy was insured. A take-out bonus provided by 1574 subsection (2) or subsection (5) (6) shall not be considered 1575 premium income for purposes of taxes and assessments under the 1576 Florida Insurance Code and shall remain the property of the 1577 corporation, subject to the prior security interest of the 1578 insurer under the escrow agreement until it is released from escrow, and after it is released from escrow it shall be 1579 1580 considered an asset of the insurer and credited to the insurer's capital and surplus. 1581

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that an insurer eligible for the exemption under paragraph (3)(a) establish a preference in appointment of agents for those agents who lose a substantial amount of business as a result of risks being removed from the corporation.

1587

(5) (6) COMMERCIAL RESIDENTIAL TAKE-OUT PLANS.--

1588 The corporation shall pay a bonus to an insurer for (a) each commercial residential policy that the insurer removes from 1589 the corporation pursuant to an approved take-out plan, either by 1590 1591 issuance of a new policy upon expiration of the corporation policy or by assumption of the corporation's obligations with 1592 respect to an in-force policy. The corporation board shall 1593 determine the amount of the bonus based on such factors as the 1594 1595 coverage provided, relative hurricane risk, the length of time 1596 that the property has been covered by the corporation, and the criteria specified in paragraphs (b) and (c). The amount of the 1597 1598 bonus with respect to a particular policy may not exceed 25 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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percent of the corporation's 1-year premium for the policy. Such payment is subject to approval of the corporation board. In order to qualify for the bonus under this subsection, the takeout plan must include policies reflecting at least \$100 million in structure exposure.

In order for a plan to qualify for approval: 1604 (b) 1605 At least 40 percent of the policies removed from the 1. 1606 corporation under the plan must be located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties, or at least 30 percent of the policies 1607 1608 removed from the corporation under the plan must be located in 1609 such counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies 1610 removed from the corporation must be located in other coastal counties. 1611

1612 2. The insurer must renew the replacement policy at approved rates on substantially similar terms for two additional 1613 1-year terms, unless canceled or nonrenewed by the insurer for a 1614 lawful reason other than reduction of hurricane exposure. If an 1615 insurer assumes the corporation's obligations for a policy, it 1616 must issue a replacement policy for a 1-year term upon 1617 expiration of the corporation policy and must renew the 1618 1619 replacement policy at approved rates on substantially similar terms for two additional 1-year terms, unless canceled by the 1620 insurer for a lawful reason other than reduction of hurricane 1621 exposure. For each replacement policy canceled or nonrenewed by 1622 the insurer for any reason during the 3-year coverage period 1623 required by this subparagraph, the insurer must remove from the 1624 corporation one additional policy covering a risk similar to the 1625 1626 risk covered by the canceled or nonrenewed policy. 074213

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1627 (c) A take-out plan is deemed approved unless the office,
1628 within 120 days after the board votes to recommend the plan,
1629 disapproves the plan based on:

1630 1. The capacity of the insurer to absorb the policies
1631 proposed to be taken out of the corporation and the
1632 concentration of risks of those policies.

1633 2. Whether the geographic and risk characteristics of
1634 policies in the proposed take-out plan serve to reduce the
1635 exposure of the corporation sufficiently to justify the bonus.

1636 3. Whether coverage for risks to be taken out otherwise1637 exists in the admitted voluntary market.

1638 4. The degree to which the take-out bonus is promoting new
1639 capital being allocated by the insurer to residential property
1640 coverage in this state.

1641 (d) The calculation of an insurer's regular assessment 1642 liability under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. and b., but not emergency 1643 assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 1644 627.351(6)(b)3.d., shall, with respect to commercial residential 1645 policies removed from the corporation under an approved take out 1646 plan, exclude such removed policies for the succeeding 3 years, 1647 as follows:

1648 1. In the first year following removal of the policies, 1649 the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 1650 100 percent.

1651 2. In the second year following removal of the policies,
1652 the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of
1653 75 percent.

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1654 3. In the third year following removal of the policies,
1655 the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of
1656 50 percent.

1657 (e) An insurer that first wrote commercial residential 1658 property coverage in this state on or after June 1, 1996, is 1659 exempt from regular assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. and 1660 b., but not emergency assessments collected from policyholders 1661 pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d., with respect to commercial 1662 residential policies until the earlier of:

1663 1. The end of the calendar year in which such insurer 1664 first wrote 0.5 percent or more of the statewide aggregate 1665 direct written premium for commercial residential property 1666 coverage; or

16672. December 31 of the third year in which such insurer1668wrote commercial residential property coverage in this state.

1669 (f) An insurer that is not otherwise exempt from regular 1670 assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. and b. with respect to 1671 commercial residential policies is, for any calendar year in 1672 which such insurer increased its total commercial residential 1673 hurricane exposure by 25 percent or more over its exposure for 1674 the preceding calendar year, exempt from regular assessments 1675 under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. and b., but not emergency assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d., 1676 1677 attributable to such increased exposure.

1678 <u>(6)</u> (7) A minority business, which is at least 51 percent 1679 owned by minority persons as described in s. 288.703(3), 1680 desiring to operate or become licensed as a property and 1681 casualty insurer may exempt up to \$50 of the escrow requirements 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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of the take-out bonus, as described in this section. Such minority business, which has applied for a certificate of authority to engage in business as a property and casualty insurer, may simultaneously file the business' proposed take-out plan, as described in this section, with the corporation.

1687 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 627.3517, Florida 1688 Statutes, is amended to read:

1689

627.3517 Consumer choice.--

Except as provided in subsection (2), no provision of 1690 (1)1691 s. 627.351, s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515 shall be construed to impair the right of any insurance risk apportionment plan 1692 1693 policyholder, upon receipt of any keepout or take-out offer, to retain his or her current agent, so long as that agent is duly 1694 1695 licensed and appointed by the insurance risk apportionment plan 1696 or otherwise authorized to place business with the insurance risk apportionment plan. This right shall not be canceled, 1697 suspended, impeded, abridged, or otherwise compromised by any 1698 rule, plan of operation, or depopulation plan, whether through 1699 keepout, take-out, midterm assumption, or any other means, of 1700 any insurance risk apportionment plan or depopulation plan, 1701 1702 including, but not limited to, those described in s. 627.351, s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515. The commission shall adopt any rules 1703 necessary to cause any insurance risk apportionment plan or 1704 market assistance plan under such sections to demonstrate that 1705 the operations of the plan do not interfere with, promote, or 1706 1707 allow interference with the rights created under this section. If the policyholder's current agent is unable or unwilling to be 1708 1709 appointed with the insurer making the take-out or keepout offer, 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM

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1710 the policyholder shall not be disgualified from participation in the appropriate insurance risk apportionment plan because of an 1711 offer of coverage in the voluntary market. An offer of full 1712 property insurance coverage by the insurer currently insuring 1713 1714 either the ex-wind or wind-only coverage on the policy to which the offer applies shall not be considered a take-out or keepout 1715 1716 offer. Any rule, plan of operation, or plan of depopulation, 1717 through keepout, take-out, midterm assumption, or any other means, of any property insurance risk apportionment plan under 1718 1719 s. 627.351(2) or (6) is subject to ss. 627.351(2)(b) and (6)(c) 1720 and 627.3511(3)(4). 1721 ===== D I R E C T O R Y A M E N D M E N T ====== 1722 1723 On page 9, lines 7-11, remove: all of said lines, 1724 1725 1726 and insert: Section 5. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (n), (p), (r), (s), 1727 (t), (u), (v), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (bb), (cc), (dd), and 1728 (ee) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, as 1729 1730 amended by section 21 of chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, are amended to read: 1731 1732 ====== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ======== 1733 On page 1, lines 22-24, 1734 1735 remove: all of said lines, and insert: 1736 074213 5/2/2007 3:10:36 PM Page 63 of 64

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1737 the state; deleting provisions relating to assessing assessable 1738 insurers; deleting provisions relating to what constitutes an 1739 assessable insurer; deleting provisions relating to deficit in an account; revising the definition of the term "assessments"; 1740 1741 deleting provisions relating to subject lines of business; revising powers of the corporation to levy certain assessments; 1742 1743 deleting provisions relating to unsold bonds; revising powers of 1744 the corporation; deleting provisions relating to credits and 1745 exemptions from assessments; revising provisions for determining 1746 eligibility for coverage under the corporation; reinstating certain rate filings by the corporation; deleting provisions 1747 1748 relating to the uncollected assessments; deleting provisions 1749 relieving assessable insurers of liability under certain 1750 circumstances; amending ss. 624.4072, 627.3511, and 627.3517, 1751 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by this act; correcting cross-references; amending s. 1752