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2	An act relating to business filings; amending
3	s. 608.406, F.S.; deleting certain authorized
4	words or abbreviations in limited liability
5	company names; requiring a company name to be
6	distinguishable on records maintained by the
7	Division of Corporations of the Department of
8	State; providing exceptions; deleting a
9	name-recording requirement for the department;
10	providing for nonapplication of certain
11	requirements relating to distinguishability of
12	company names in certain records under certain
13	circumstances; amending s. 608.407, F.S.;
14	requiring the name of a limited liability
15	company in the company's articles of
16	organization to satisfy certain requirements;
17	repealing s. 15.091, F.S., relating to
18	processing fees for filings of financial
19	statements and other written documents under
20	the Uniform Commerical Code; amending s.
21	671.101, F.S.; providing scope of chapter and a
22	short title; amending s. 671.102, F.S.;
23	authorizing certain timeframes to be fixed by
24	agreement; amending s. 671.106, F.S.; making
25	editorial changes; amending s. 671.107, F.S.;
26	providing for the discharge of a claim or right
27	under certain circumstances; amending s.
28	671.201, F.S.; providing, revising, and
29	deleting definitions; amending ss. 671.202 and
30	671.203, F.S.; making editorial changes;
31	amending s. 671.204, F.S.; revising criteria

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1	determining when an action is taken within a
2	reasonable time and seasonably; amending s.
3	671.205, F.S.; defining "course of
4	performance"; revising the definition of
5	"course of dealing"; providing that course of
б	performance and course of dealing may be used
7	for certain purposes; revising uses for express
8	terms of an agreement; specifying when course
9	of performance, course of dealing, or usage of
10	trade prevails; providing that course of
11	performance is relevant to show a waiver or
12	modification in certain circumstances;
13	repealing s. 671.206, F.S., relating to statute
14	of frauds for kinds of personal property not
15	otherwise covered; amending s. 671.208, F.S.;
16	making editorial changes; creating s. 671.209,
17	F.S.; providing definitions; specifying when
18	notice, knowledge, or notification becomes
19	effective with the exercise of due diligence;
20	creating s. 671.21, F.S.; providing that
21	whenever the code creates certain presumptions,
22	the trier of fact must find the existence of
23	the fact presumed unless evidence is introduced
24	which supports a finding of its nonexistence;
25	creating s. 671.211, F.S.; providing in what
26	instances a person gives value for rights;
27	creating s. 671.212, F.S.; providing that the
28	code modifies, limits, and supersedes certain
29	provisions of the federal Electronic Signatures
30	in Global and National Commerce Act; creating
31	s. 671.213, F.S.; authorizing the subordination

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of certain obligations; authorizing the 1 2 registry to use the fees collected to fund its 3 operations; amending s. 679.525, F.S.; deleting 4 the filing fees for electronically filing a 5 financing statement or an amendment thereto; б amending ss. 559.9232, 563.022, 668.50, 7 670.106, 670.204, 675.102, 680.518, 680.519, 8 680.527, and 680.528, F.S.; conforming 9 cross-references; amending s. 713.901, F.S.; specifying fees under the Florida Uniform 10 Federal Lien Registration Act previously 11 provided through cross-reference; deleting a 12 13 cross-reference to conform to changes made by 14 the act; providing an effective date. 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 18 Section 1. Section 608.406, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 608.406 Limited liability company name .--20 (1) A limited liability company name: 21 22 (a) Must contain the words "limited liability company" 23 or "limited company," or the abbreviation abbreviations 24 "L.L.C." or "L.C.," or the <u>designation</u> designations "LLC" or 25 "HC" as the last words of the name of every limited liability company formed under the provisions of this chapter. The word 26 "limited" may be abbreviated as "Ltd.," and the word "company" 27 28 may be abbreviated as "Co." Omission of the words "limited 29 liability company" or "limited company," the abbreviation abbreviations "L.L.C." or "L.C. ," or the designation 30 designations "LLC" or "LC" in the use of the name of the 31

limited liability company shall render any person who 1 2 knowingly participates in the omission, or knowingly acquiesces in the omission, liable for any indebtedness, 3 damage, or liability caused by the omission. 4 (b) May not contain language stating or implying that 5 б the limited liability company is organized for a purpose other 7 than that permitted in this chapter and its articles of 8 organization. 9 (c) May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liability company is connected with a state or 10 federal government agency or a corporation or other entity 11 chartered under the laws of the United States. 12 13 (2) The name of the limited liability company must be 14 distinguishable on the records of the Division of Corporations of the Department of State, except for fictitious name 15 registrations filed pursuant to s. 865.09 and general 16 partnership registrations filed pursuant to s. 620.8105; 17 18 however, a limited liability company may register under a name that is not otherwise distinguishable on the records of the 19 Division of Corporations with written consent of the owner 20 entity provided the consent is filed with the Division of 21 22 Corporations at the time of registration of such name. 23 (3) (2) The name of the limited liability company shall 24 be filed with the Department of State for public notice only and shall not alone create any presumption of ownership beyond 25 that which is created under the common law. The Department of 26 27 State shall record the name without regard to any other name 28 recorded. 29 (4) In the case of any limited liability company in existence prior to July 1, 2007, and registered with the 30 Division of Corporations, the requirement in this section that 31

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the name of the entity be distinguishable from the names of 1 2 other entities and filings shall not apply except when the limited liability company files documents on or after July 1, 3 2007, that would otherwise have affected its name. 4 5 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 608.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: б 7 608.407 Articles of organization .--8 (1) In order to form a limited liability company, articles of organization of a limited liability company shall 9 be filed with the Department of State by one or more members 10 or authorized representatives of the limited liability 11 company. The articles of organization shall set forth: 12 13 (a) The name of the limited liability company, which 14 must satisfy the requirements of s. 608.406. Section 3. Section 15.091, Florida Statutes, is 15 16 <u>repealed.</u> Section 4. Section 671.101, Florida Statutes, is 17 18 amended to read: 19 671.101 Short title; scope of chapter .--20 (1) Chapters 670-680 may be cited as the "Uniform Commercial Code." 21 22 (2) This chapter applies to a transaction to the extent that it is governed by another chapter of this code and 23 24 may be cited as the "Uniform Commercial Code--General 25 Provisions." Section 5. Section 671.102, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 27 28 671.102 Purposes; rules of construction; variation by 29 agreement. --(1) This code shall be liberally construed and applied 30 31 to promote its underlying purposes and policies, which-

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Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 671.106, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 671.106 Remedies to be liberally administered.--4 (1) The remedies provided by this code <u>must</u> shall be liberally administered to the end that the aggrieved party may 5 be put in as good a position as if the other party had fully б 7 performed, but neither consequential or special nor penal 8 damages may be had except as specifically provided in this 9 code or by other rule of law. Section 7. Section 671.107, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 11 671.107 Waiver or renunciation of claim or right after 12 13 breach.--A Any claim or right arising out of an alleged breach 14 can be discharged in whole or in part without consideration by agreement of a written waiver or renunciation signed and 15 delivered by the aggrieved party in an authenticated record. 16 Section 8. Section 671.201, Florida Statutes, is 17 18 amended to read: 671.201 General definitions. -- Unless the context 19 otherwise requires, words or phrases defined in this section, 20 or in the additional definitions contained in other chapters 21 22 of this code which apply to particular chapters or parts 23 thereof, have the meanings stated. Subject to additional 24 definitions contained in other the subsequent chapters of this code which apply which are applicable to particular specific 25 chapters or parts thereof, the term and unless the context 26 otherwise requires, in this code: 27 28 (1) "Action_" in the sense of a judicial proceeding_ 29 includes recoupment, counterclaim, setoff, suit in equity, and 30 any other proceedings in which rights are determined. 31

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"Aggrieved party" means a party entitled to <u>pursue</u> 1 (2) 2 resort to a remedy. 3 (3) "Agreement," as distinguished from "contract," means the bargain of the parties in fact, as found in their 4 language or <u>inferred</u> by implication from other circumstances_ 5 including course of dealing, or usage of trade, or course of б 7 performance as provided in this code(ss. 671.205 and 8 672.208). Whether an agreement has legal consequences is 9 determined by the provisions of this code, if applicable; otherwise by the law of contracts (s. 671.103). (Compare 10 "contract.") 11 12 (4) "Bank" means <u>a</u> any person engaged in the business 13 of banking and includes a savings bank, a savings and loan 14 association, a credit union, and a trust company. (5) "Bearer" means <u>a</u> the person in possession of <u>a</u> 15 negotiable an instrument, document of title, or certificated 16 security that is payable to bearer or indorsed in blank. 17 18 (6) "Bill of lading" means a document evidencing the 19 receipt of goods for shipment issued by a person engaged in the business of transporting or forwarding goods, and includes 20 an airbill. "Airbill" means a document serving for air 21 transportation as a bill of lading does for marine or rail 2.2 23 transportation, and includes an air consignment note or air 24 waybill. (7) "Branch" includes a separately incorporated 25 foreign branch of a bank. 26 (8) "Burden of establishing" a fact means the burden 27 28 of persuading the triers of fact that the existence of the 29 fact is more probable than its nonexistence. (9) "Buyer in ordinary course of business" means a 30 31 person who, in ordinary course, buys goods in good faith,

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without knowledge that the sale violates the rights of another 1 2 person in the goods, and in the ordinary course from a person, other than a pawnbroker, in the business of selling goods of 3 that kind. A person buys goods in the ordinary course if the 4 sale to the person comports with the usual or customary 5 practices in the kind of business in which the seller is б 7 engaged or with the seller's own usual or customary practices. 8 A person who sells oil, gas, or other minerals at the wellhead 9 or minehead is a person in the business of selling goods of that kind. A buyer in the ordinary course of business may buy 10 for cash, by exchange of other property, or on secured or 11 unsecured credit and may acquire goods or documents of title 12 13 under a preexisting contract for sale. Only a buyer who takes 14 possession of the goods or has a right to recover the goods from the seller under chapter 672 may be a buyer in the 15 ordinary course of business. "Buyer in ordinary course of 16 business" does not include a person who acquires goods in a 17 18 transfer in bulk or as security for or in total or partial 19 satisfaction of a money debt is not a buyer in the ordinary course of business. 20 (10) A term or clause is "Conspicuous," with reference 21 to a term, means when it is so written, displayed, or 2.2 23 presented that a reasonable person against whom it is to 24 operate ought to have noticed it. Whether a term is "conspicuous" is a decision for the court. Conspicuous terms 25 include the following: 26 (a) A printed heading in capitals in a size equal to 27 or larger than that of the surrounding text or in a(as: 28 29 NONNEGOTIABLE BILL OF LADING) is conspicuous. Language in the 30 body of a form is conspicuous if it is in larger or other 31

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contrasting type, font, or color in contrast to the 1 2 surrounding text of the same or lesser size. 3 (b) Language in the body of a record or display in type larger than that of the surrounding text; in a type, 4 font, or color in contrast to the surrounding text of the same 5 size; or set off from surrounding text of the same size by б 7 symbols or other marks that call attention to the language. 8 But in a telegram any stated term is conspicuous. Whether a 9 term or clause is conspicuous or not is for decision by the 10 court. (11) "Consumer" means an individual who enters into a 11 transaction primarily for personal, family, or household 12 13 purposes. 14 (12)(11) "Contract," as distinguished from <u>"agreement,</u>" means the total legal obligation that which 15 results from the parties' agreement as determined affected by 16 this code and <u>as supplemented by</u> any other applicable <u>laws</u> 17 18 rules of law.(Compare "agreement.") (13)(12) "Creditor" includes a general creditor, a 19 secured creditor, a lien creditor, and any representative of 20 creditors, including an assignee for the benefit of creditors, 21 a trustee in bankruptcy, a receiver in equity, and an executor 2.2 23 or administrator of an insolvent debtor's or assignor's 24 estate. (14) "Defendant" includes a person in the position 25 of defendant in a cross action or counterclaim, cross-claim, 26 or third-party claim. 27 28 (15)(14) "Delivery," with respect to an instrument 29 instruments, document documents of title, or chattel paper, or 30 certificated securities means voluntary transfer of 31 possession.

(16)(15) "Document of title" includes bill of lading, 1 2 dock warrant, dock receipt, warehouse receipt or order for the delivery of goods, and also any other document that which in 3 the regular course of business or financing is treated as 4 adequately evidencing that the person in possession of it is 5 entitled to receive, hold, and dispose of the document and the б 7 goods it covers. To be a document of title, a document must 8 purport to be issued by or addressed to a bailee and purport 9 to cover goods in the bailee's possession which are either identified or are fungible portions of an identified mass. 10 (17)(16) "Fault" means <u>a default, breach, or</u> wrongful 11 12 act or, omission or breach. 13 (18)(17) "Fungible goods" with respect to goods or 14 securities means: (a) Goods or securities of which any unit is, by 15 nature or usage of trade, is the equivalent of any other like 16 17 unit; or. 18 (b) Goods which are not fungible shall be deemed 19 fungible for the purposes of this code to the extent that, by under a particular agreement, or document unlike units are 20 treated as equivalents. 21 22 (19)(18) "Genuine" means free of forgery or 23 counterfeiting. 24 (20)(19) "Good faith," except as otherwise provided in this code, means honesty in fact and in the observance of 25 reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing conduct or 26 transaction concerned. 27 28 (21)(20) "Holder," with respect to a negotiable 29 instrument, means: (a) The person in possession of a negotiable if the 30 31 instrument that is payable either to bearer or, in the case of

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   an instrument payable to an identified person that is, if the
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   identified person is in possession; or. "Holder," with respect
    to a document of title, means
 3
          (b) The person in possession of a document of title if
 4
    the goods are deliverable <u>either</u> to bearer or to the order of
 5
 б
    the person in possession.
 7
          (21) To "honor" is to pay or to accept and pay, or
 8
    where a credit so engages to purchase or discount a draft
 9
    complying with the terms of the credit.
10
           (22) "Insolvency proceeding proceedings" includes an
    any assignment for the benefit of creditors or other
11
   proceeding proceedings intended to liquidate or rehabilitate
12
13
    the estate of the person involved.
14
           (23) A person is "Insolvent" means:
          (a) Having who either has ceased to pay his or her
15
   debts in the ordinary course of business other than as a
16
    result of a bona fide dispute;
17
18
          (b) Being unable to or cannot pay his or her debts as
19
    they become due; or
          (c) Being is insolvent within the meaning of the
20
   Federal Bankruptcy Law.
21
22
           (24) "Money" means a medium of exchange currently
23
    authorized or adopted by a domestic or foreign government. The
24
    term and includes a monetary unit of account established by an
    intergovernmental organization or by agreement between two or
25
   more <u>countries</u> nations.
26
          (25) A person has "notice" of a fact when
27
28
          (a) He or she has actual knowledge of it; or
29
          (b) He or she has received a notice or notification of
30
    it; or
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(c) From all the facts and circumstances known to the 1 2 person at the time in question he or she has reason to know 3 that it exists. 4 A person "knows" or has "knowledge" of a fact when he or she 5 has actual knowledge of it. "Discover" or "learn" or a word or б 7 phrase of similar import refers to knowledge rather than to reason to know. The time and circumstances under which a 8 notice or notification may cease to be effective are not 9 determined by this code. 10 (26) A person "notifies" or "gives" a notice or 11 notification to another by taking such steps as may be 12 13 reasonably required to inform the other in ordinary course 14 whether or not such other actually comes to know of it. A person "receives" a notice or notification when 15 (a) It comes to his or her attention; or 16 (b) It is duly delivered at the place of business 17 18 through which the contract was made or at any other place held out by the person as the place for receipt of such 19 communications. 20 (27) Notice, knowledge or a notice or notification 21 22 received by an organization is effective for a particular 23 transaction from the time when it is brought to the attention 24 of the individual conducting that transaction, and in any event from the time when it would have been brought to his or 25 her attention if the organization had exercised due diligence. 26 An organization exercises due diligence if it maintains 27 28 reasonable routines for communicating significant information 29 to the person conducting the transaction and there is reasonable compliance with the routines. Due diligence does 30 not require an individual acting for the organization to 31

communicate information unless such communication is part of 1 2 his or her regular duties or unless the individual has reason to know of the transaction and that the transaction would be 3 materially affected by the information. 4 (25)(28) "Organization" means a person other than an 5 б individual includes a corporation, government or governmental 7 subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, 8 partnership or association, two or more persons having a joint 9 or common interest, or any other legal or commercial entity. (26)(29) "Party," as distinguished distinct from 10 "third party," means a person who has engaged in a transaction 11 or made an agreement subject to within this code. 12 13 (27)(30) "Person" means includes an individual; 14 corporation; business trust; estate; trust; partnership; limited liability company; association; joint venture; 15 government; governmental subdivision, agency, or 16 instrumentality; public corporation; or any other legal or 17 18 commercial entity or an organization (see s. 671.102). 19 (28) "Present value" means the amount as of a date certain of one or more sums payable in the future, discounted 20 to the date certain by use of either an interest rate 21 22 specified by the parties if that rate is not manifestly 23 unreasonable at the time the transaction is entered into or, 24 if an interest rate is not so specified, a commercially reasonable rate that takes into account the facts and 25 circumstances at the time the transaction is entered into. 26 27 (31) "Presumption" or "presumed" means that the trier 28 of fact must find the existence of the fact presumed unless 29 and until evidence is introduced which would support a finding 30 of its nonexistence. 31

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(29)(32) "Purchase" means includes taking by sale, 1 2 lease, discount, negotiation, mortgage, pledge, lien, security interest, issue or reissue, gift, or any other voluntary 3 4 transaction creating an interest in property. (30)(33) "Purchaser" means a person who takes by 5 б purchase. 7 (31) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a 8 tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. 9 (32)(34) "Remedy" means any remedial right to which an 10 aggrieved party is entitled with or without resort to a 11 12 tribunal. 13 (33)(35) "Representative" means a person empowered to 14 act for another, including includes an agent, an officer of a corporation or association, and a trustee, executor, or 15 administrator of an estate, or any other person empowered to 16 17 act for another. 18 (34)(36) "Right Rights" includes "remedy" remedies. (35)(37) "Security interest" means an interest in 19 personal property or fixtures which secures payment or 20 performance of an obligation. "Security interest" The term 21 also includes any interest of a consignor and a buyer of 2.2 23 accounts, chattel paper, a payment intangible, or a promissory 24 note in a transaction that which is subject to chapter 679. "Security interest" does not include the special property 25 interest of a buyer of goods on identification of those goods 26 to a contract for sale under s. 672.401 is not a security 27 28 interest, but a buyer may also acquire a security interest by 29 complying with chapter 679. Except as otherwise provided in s. 672.505, the right of a seller or lessor of goods under 30 31 chapter 672 or chapter 680 to retain or acquire possession of

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the goods is not a security interest, but a seller or lessor 1 2 may also acquire a security interest by complying with chapter 3 679. The retention or reservation of title by a seller of goods, notwithstanding shipment or delivery to the buyer under 4 +s. 672.401+, is limited in effect to a reservation of a 5 security interest. Whether a transaction in the form of a б 7 <u>lease</u> creates a lease or security interest is determined by 8 the facts of each case; however: (a) A transaction in the form of a lease creates a 9 security interest if the consideration that the lessee is to 10 pay the lessor for the right to possession and use of the 11 goods is an obligation for the term of the lease not subject 12 13 to termination by the lessee, and: \div 14 1. The original term of the lease is equal to or greater than the remaining economic life of the goods; 15 2. The lessee is bound to renew the lease for the 16 remaining economic life of the goods or is bound to become the 17 18 owner of the goods; 3. The lessee has an option to renew the lease for the 19 remaining economic life of the goods for no additional 20 consideration or nominal additional consideration upon 21 22 compliance with the lease agreement; or 23 4. The lessee has an option to become the owner of the 24 goods for no additional consideration or nominal additional consideration upon compliance with the lease agreement. 25 (b) A transaction does not create a security interest 26 merely because it provides that: 27 28 1. The present value of the consideration the lessee 29 is obligated to pay the lessor for the right to possession and use of the goods is substantially equal to or is greater than 30 31

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1 the fair market value of the goods at the time the lease is
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2 entered into; 3 2. The lessee assumes the risk of loss of the goods or 4 agrees to pay taxes; insurance; filing, recording, or 5 registration fees; or service or maintenance costs with б respect to the goods; 7 3. The lessee agrees to pay, with respect to the goods, taxes; insurance; filing, recording, or registration 8 fees; or service or maintenance costs; 9 4.3. The lessee has an option to renew the lease or to 10 become the owner of the goods; 11 5.4. The lessee has an option to renew the lease for a 12 13 fixed rent that is equal to or greater than the reasonably 14 predictable fair market rent for the use of the goods for the term of the renewal at the time the option is to be performed; 15 16 or 6.5. The lessee has an option to become the owner of 17 18 the goods for a fixed price that is equal to or greater than the reasonably predictable fair market value of the goods at 19 the time the option is to be performed. 20 (c) For purposes of this subsection: 21 1. Additional consideration is not nominal if it is 2.2 23 less than the lessee's reasonably predictable cost of 24 performing under the lease agreement if the option is not exercised. Additional consideration is not nominal if: -25 26 1. When the option to renew the lease is granted to the lessee, the rent is stated to be the fair market rent for 27 28 the use of the goods for the term of the renewal determined at 29 the time the option is to be performed; or if, 30 2. When the option to become the owner of the goods is 31 granted to the lessee, the price is stated to be the fair

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market value of the goods determined at the time the option is 1 2 to be performed. Additional consideration is nominal if it is less than the lessee's reasonably predictable cost of 3 performing under the lease agreement if the option is not 4 exercised. 5 б (d)2. The "Reasonably predictable" and "remaining 7 economic life of the goods" and "reasonably predictable" fair 8 market rent, fair market value, or cost of performing under 9 the lease agreement must are to be determined with reference to the facts and circumstances at the time the transaction is 10 entered into. 11 3. "Present value" means the amount as of a date 12 13 certain of one or more sums payable in the future, discounted 14 to the date certain. The discount is determined by the interest rate specified by the parties if the rate is not 15 manifestly unreasonable at the time the transaction is entered 16 17 into; otherwise, the discount is determined by a commercially 18 reasonable rate that takes into account the facts and 19 circumstances of each case at the time the transaction was entered into. 20 (36)(38) "Send," in connection with a any writing, 21 22 record, or notice, means: 23 (a) To deposit in the mail or deliver for transmission 24 by any other usual means of communication with postage or cost of transmission provided for and properly addressed and, in 25 the case of an instrument, to an address specified thereon or 26 otherwise agreed, or, if there be none, to any address 27 28 reasonable under the circumstances; or-29 (b) In any other way to cause to be received The receipt of any record writing or notice within the time at 30 31

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   which it would have arrived if properly sent has the effect of
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   a proper sending.
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          (37)(39) "Signed" means bearing includes any symbol
 4
    executed or adopted by a party with present intention to adopt
    or accept authenticate a writing.
 5
 б
          (38) "State" means a state of the United States, the
 7
   District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
 8
    Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
 9
    jurisdiction of the United States.
          (39)(40) "Surety" includes <u>a</u> guarantor <u>or other</u>
10
    secondary obligor.
11
          (41) "Telegram" includes a message transmitted by
12
13
   radio, teletype, cable, any mechanical method of transmission,
    or the like.
14
          (40)(42) "Term" means <u>a</u> that portion of an agreement
15
   which relates to a particular matter.
16
          (41)(43) "Unauthorized" signature means a signature
17
18
   one made without actual, implied, or apparent authority. The
19
   term and includes a forgery.
          (44) "Value." Except as otherwise provided with
20
    respect to negotiable instruments and bank collections (ss.
21
22
    673.3031, 674.2101, and 674.2111), a person gives value for
23
   rights if he or she acquires them:
24
          (a) In return for a binding commitment to extend
    credit or for the extension of immediately available credit
25
26
    whether or not drawn upon and whether or not a charge back is
   provided for in the event of difficulties in collection;
27
28
          (b) As security for or in total or partial
29
   satisfaction of a preexisting claim;
30
          (c) By accepting delivery pursuant to a preexisting
   contract for purchase; or
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ENROLLED 2007 Legislature CS for CS for SB 252, 1st Engrossed (d) Generally, in return for any consideration 1 2 sufficient to support a simple contract. 3 (42)(45) "Warehouse receipt" means a written receipt 4 or an electronic notification of receipt issued by a person engaged in the business of storing goods for hire. 5 (43)(46) "Written" or "Writing" includes printing, б 7 typewriting, or any other intentional reduction to tangible 8 form. "Written" has a corresponding meaning. Section 9. Section 671.202, Florida Statutes, is 9 amended to read: 10 671.202 Prima facie evidence by third-party 11 documents. -- A document in due form purporting to be a bill of 12 13 lading, policy or certificate of insurance, official weigher's 14 or inspector's certificate, consular invoice, or any other document authorized or required by the contract to be issued 15 by a third party is shall be prima facie evidence of its own 16 authenticity and genuineness and of the facts stated in the 17 18 document by the third party. Section 10. Section 671.203, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 671.203 Obligation of good faith.--Every contract or 21 duty within this code imposes an obligation of good faith in 2.2 23 its performance and or enforcement. 24 Section 11. Section 671.204, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 671.204 Actions taken within Time; reasonable time; 26 27 -seasonably.---28 (1) Whether a time for taking an action required by 29 Whenever this code is requires any action to be taken within a reasonable time, any time which is not manifestly unreasonable 30 31 may be fixed by agreement.

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          (2) What is a reasonable time for taking any action
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   depends on the nature, purpose, and circumstances of the such
 3
   action.
 4
          (2) (3) An action is taken<sup>#</sup>seasonably<sup>#</sup> if when it is
   taken at or within the time agreed or, if no time is agreed,
 5
   at or within a reasonable time.
 б
 7
           Section 12. Section 671.205, Florida Statutes, is
 8
    amended to read:
 9
           671.205 Course of performance; course of dealing; and
    usage of trade. --
10
          (1) A "course of performance" is a sequence of conduct
11
   between the parties to a particular transaction that exists
12
13
    if:
14
          (a) The agreement of the parties with respect to the
    transaction involves repeated occasions for performance by a
15
   party; and
16
          (b) The other party, with knowledge of the nature of
17
18
    the performance and opportunity for objection to it, accepts
19
    the performance or acquiesces in it without objection.
          (2) (1) A "course of dealing" is a sequence of previous
20
    conduct <u>concerning previous transactions</u> between the parties
21
    to a particular transaction which is fairly to be regarded as
2.2
23
    establishing a common basis of understanding for interpreting
24
    their expressions and other conduct.
          (3) (2) A "usage of trade" is any practice or method of
25
   dealing having such regularity of observance in a place,
26
   vocation, or trade as to justify an expectation that it will
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28
   be observed with respect to the transaction in question. The
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   existence and scope of such a usage are to be proved as facts.
   If it is established that such a usage is embodied in a
30
31 written trade code or similar record, writing the
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interpretation of the record writing is a question of law for 1 2 the court. 3 (4) (3) A course of <u>performance or a course of</u> dealing between the parties or and any usage of trade in the vocation 4 or trade in which they are engaged or of which they are or 5 should be aware is relevant in ascertaining the give б 7 particular meaning of the parties to and supplement or 8 qualify terms of an agreement, may give particular meaning to 9 specific terms of the agreement, and may supplement or qualify the terms of the agreement. A usage of trade applicable in the 10 place in which part of the performance under the agreement is 11 to occur may be so utilized as to that part of the 12 13 performance. 14 (5) (4) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), 15 the express terms of an agreement and <u>any</u> an applicable course of performance, course of dealing, or usage of trade must 16 shall be construed whenever wherever reasonable as consistent 17 18 with each other. If; but when such a construction is 19 unreasonable: (a) Express terms prevail over control both course of 20 performance, course of dealing, and usage of trade; 21 (b) Course of performance prevails over course of 2.2 23 dealing and usage of trade; and 24 (c) Course of dealing prevails over controls usage of trade. 25 (6) A course of performance is relevant to show a 26 waiver or modification of any term inconsistent with the 27 28 course of performance. 29 (5) An applicable usage of trade in the place where 30 any part of performance is to occur shall be used in 31 interpreting the agreement as to that part of the performance.

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(7) (6) Evidence of a relevant usage of trade offered 1 2 by one party is not admissible unless that party and until he or she has given the other party such notice that as the court 3 finds sufficient to prevent unfair surprise to the other party 4 latter. 5 Section 13. Section 671.206, Florida Statutes, is б 7 repealed. 8 Section 14. Section 671.208, Florida Statutes, is 9 amended to read: 671.208 Option to accelerate at will.--A term 10 providing that one party or the party's successor in interest 11 may accelerate payment or performance or require collateral or 12 13 additional collateral "at will" or "when she or he deems 14 herself or himself insecure" or in words of similar import must shall be construed to mean that she or he has shall have 15 power to do so only if she or he in good faith believes that 16 the prospect of payment or performance is impaired. The burden 17 18 of establishing lack of good faith is on the party against 19 whom the power has been exercised. Section 15. Section 671.209, Florida Statutes, is 20 created to read: 21 22 671.209 Notice; knowledge .--23 (1) Subject to subsection (6), a person has "notice" 24 of a fact if the person: (a) Has actual knowledge of it; 25 (b) Has received a notice or notification of it; or 26 (c) From all the facts and circumstances known to the 27 28 person at the time in question, has reason to know that it 29 <u>exists.</u> 30 (2) "Knowledge" means actual knowledge. "Knows" has a 31 <u>corresponding meaning.</u>

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(3) "Discover," "learn," or words of similar import 1 2 refer to knowledge rather than to reason to know. 3 (4) A person "notifies" or "gives a notice or notification to " another person by taking such steps as may be 4 reasonably required to inform the other person in ordinary 5 course, regardless of whether the other person actually comes б 7 to know of it. 8 (5) Subject to subsection (6), a person "receives" a 9 notice or notification when: (a) It comes to that person's attention; or 10 (b) It is duly delivered in a form reasonable under 11 the circumstances at the place of business through which the 12 13 contract was made or at another location held out by that 14 person as the place for receipt of such communications. (6) Notice, knowledge, or a notice or notification 15 received by an organization is effective for a particular 16 transaction from the time it is brought to the attention of 17 18 the person conducting that transaction and, in any event, from 19 the time it would have been brought to the person's attention if the organization had exercised due diligence. An 20 organization exercises due diligence if it maintains 21 22 reasonable routines for communicating significant information 23 to the person conducting the transaction and there is 24 reasonable compliance with the routines. Due diligence does not require an individual acting for the organization to 25 communicate information unless the communication is part of 26 the individual's regular duties or the individual has reason 27 2.8 to know of the transaction and that the transaction would be 29 materially affected by the information. Section 16. Section 671.21, Florida Statutes, is 30 31 created to read:

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1	671.21 PresumptionsWhenever this code creates a
2	"presumption" with respect to a fact or provides that a fact
3	is "presumed," the trier of fact must find the existence of
4	the fact presumed unless evidence is introduced which supports
5	a finding of its nonexistence.
б	Section 17. Section 671.211, Florida Statutes, is
7	created to read:
8	671.211 ValueExcept as otherwise provided with
9	respect to negotiable instruments and bank collections as
10	provided in ss. 673.3031, 674.2101, and 674.2111, a person
11	gives value for rights if the person acquires them:
12	(1) In return for a binding commitment to extend
13	credit or for the extension of immediately available credit
14	whether or not drawn upon and whether or not a charge-back is
15	provided for in the event of difficulties in collection;
16	(2) As security for, or in total or partial
17	satisfaction of, a preexisting claim;
18	(3) By accepting delivery under a preexisting contract
19	<u>for purchase; or</u>
20	(4) In return for any consideration sufficient to
21	support a simple contract.
22	Section 18. Section 671.212, Florida Statutes, is
23	created to read:
24	671.212 Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global
25	and National Commerce ActThis code modifies, limits, and
26	supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and
27	National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 7001 et seq., except that
28	nothing in this code modifies, limits, or supersedes 15 U.S.C.
29	s. 7001(c) or authorizes electronic delivery of any of the
30	notices described in 15 U.S.C. s. 7003(b).
31	

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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2007 Legislature CS for CS for SB 252, 1st Engrossed Section 19. Section 671.213, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 created to read: 3 671.213 Subordinated obligations. -- An obligation may 4 be issued as subordinated to performance of another obligation 5 of the person obligated, or a creditor may subordinate its right to performance of an obligation by agreement with either б 7 the person obligated or another creditor of the person 8 obligated. Subordination does not create a security interest as against either the common debtor or a subordinated 9 creditor. 10 Section 20. Subsection (2) of section 559.9232, 11 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 13 559.9232 Definitions; exclusion of rental-purchase 14 agreements from certain regulations .--(2) A rental-purchase agreement that complies with 15 this act shall not be construed to be, nor be governed by, any 16 of the following: 17 18 (a) A lease or agreement that which constitutes a credit sale as defined in 12 C.F.R. s. 226.2(a)(16) and s. 19 1602(g) of the federal Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 20 1601 et seq.; 21 22 (b) A lease that which constitutes a "consumer lease" 23 as defined in 12 C.F.R. s. 213.2(a)(6); 24 (c) Any lease for agricultural, business, or commercial purposes; 25 (d) Any lease made to an organization; 26 27 (e) A lease or agreement that which constitutes a 28 "retail installment contract" or "retail installment 29 transaction" as those terms are defined in s. 520.31; or 30 (f) A security interest as defined in <u>s. 671.201(35)</u> 31 s. 671.201(37).

2007 Legislature CS for CS for SB 252, 1st Engrossed Section 21. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 1 2 563.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 563.022 Relations between beer distributors and manufacturers.--4 5 (2) DEFINITIONS.--In construing this section, unless the context otherwise requires, the word, phrase, or term: б 7 (g) "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct 8 or transaction concerned as defined and interpreted under s. <u>671.201(20)</u> s. 671.201(19). 9 Section 22. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and 10 paragraph (d) of subsection (16) of section 668.50, Florida 11 Statutes, are amended to read: 12 13 668.50 Uniform Electronic Transaction Act.--14 (3) SCOPE.--(b) This section does not apply to a transaction to 15 the extent the transaction is governed by: 16 1. A provision of law governing the creation and 17 18 execution of wills, codicils, or testamentary trusts; 2. The Uniform Commercial Code other than s. ss. 19 671.107 and 671.206 and chapters 672 and 680; 20 21 3. The Uniform Computer Information Transactions Act; 22 or 23 4. Rules relating to judicial procedure. 24 (16) TRANSFERABLE RECORDS.--(d) Except as otherwise agreed, a person having 25 control of a transferable record is the holder, as defined in 26 <u>s. 671.201(21)</u> s. 671.201(20), of the transferable record and 27 28 has the same rights and defenses as a holder of an equivalent 29 record or writing under the Uniform Commercial Code, 30 including, if the applicable statutory requirements under s. 31 673.3021, s. 677.501, or s. 679.308 are satisfied, the rights

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and defenses of a holder in due course, a holder to which a 1 2 negotiable document of title has been duly negotiated, or a purchaser, respectively. Delivery, possession, and indorsement 3 are not required to obtain or exercise any of the rights under 4 5 this paragraph. Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 670.106, Florida б 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 670.106 Time payment order is received .--9 (1) The time of receipt of a payment order or communication canceling or amending a payment order is 10 determined by the rules applicable to receipt of a notice 11 stated in <u>s. 671.209</u> s. 671.201(27). A receiving bank may fix 12 13 a cut-off time or times on a funds-transfer business day for 14 the receipt and processing of payment orders and communications canceling or amending payment orders. Different 15 cut-off times may apply to payment orders, cancellations, or 16 amendments or to different categories of payment orders, 17 18 cancellations, or amendments. A cut-off time may apply to senders generally, or different cut-off times may apply to 19 different senders or categories of payment orders. If a 20 payment order or communication canceling or amending a payment 21 22 order is received after the close of a funds-transfer business 23 day or after the appropriate cut-off time on a funds-transfer 24 business day, the receiving bank may treat the payment order or communication as received at the opening of the next 25 funds-transfer business day. 26 Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 670.204, Florida 27 28 Statutes, is amended to read: 29 670.204 Refund of payment and duty of customer to 30 report with respect to unauthorized payment order .--31

ENROLLED 2007 Legislature CS for CS for SB 252, 1st Engrossed (2) Reasonable time under subsection (1) may be fixed 1 by agreement as stated in s. 671.204(1), but the obligation of 2 3 a receiving bank to refund payment as stated in subsection (1) may not otherwise be varied by agreement. 4 5 Section 25. Subsection (3) of section 675.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: б 7 675.102 Scope.--8 (3) With the exception of this subsection, subsections 9 (1) and (4), ss. 675.103(1)(i) and (j), 675.106(4), and 675.114(4), and except to the extent prohibited in <u>ss.</u> 10 <u>671.102(2)</u> ss. 671.102(3) and 675.117(4), the effect of this 11 chapter may be varied by agreement or by a provision stated or 12 13 incorporated by reference in an undertaking. A term in an 14 agreement or undertaking generally excusing liability or generally limiting remedies for failure to perform obligations 15 is not sufficient to vary obligations prescribed by this 16 17 chapter. 18 Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 679.525, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 679.525 Processing fees.--20 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), 21 22 the nonrefundable processing fee for filing and indexing a 23 record under this part, other than an initial financing 24 statement of the kind described in s. 679.5021(3), is: (a) For filing an initial financing statement, \$25 for 25 the first page, which shall include the cost of filing a 26 termination statement for the financing statement; 27 28 (b) For filing an amendment, \$12 for the first page; 29 (c) For indexing by additional debtor, secured party, or assignee, \$3 per additional name indexed; 30 31 (d) For use of a nonapproved form, \$5;

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(e) For each additional page attached to a record, \$3; 1 2 (f) For filing a financing statement communicated by electronic filing process authorized by the filing office, 3 \$15 with no additional fees for multiple names or attached 4 5 pages; 6 (q) For filing an amendment communicated by an 7 electronic filing process authorized by the filing office, \$5 8 with no additional fees for multiple names or attached pages; 9 (f) (h) For a certified copy of a financing statement and any and all associated amendments, \$30; and 10 (q) (i) For a photocopy of a filed record, \$1 per page. 11 Section 27. Subsection (2) of section 680.518, Florida 12 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 680.518 Cover; substitute goods. --(2) Except as otherwise provided with respect to 15 damages liquidated in the lease agreement (s. 680.504) or 16 otherwise determined pursuant to agreement of the parties (ss. 17 18 <u>671.102(2)</u> ss. 671.102(3) and 680.503), if a lessee's cover is by lease agreement substantially similar to the original lease 19 agreement and the new lease agreement is made in good faith 20 and in a commercially reasonable manner, the lessee may 21 22 recover from the lessor as damages: 23 (a) The present value, as of the date of the 24 commencement of the term of the new lease agreement, of the rent under the new lease agreement and applicable to that 25 period of the new lease term which is comparable to the then 26 remaining term of the original lease agreement minus the 27 28 present value as of the same date of the total rent for the 29 then remaining lease term of the original lease agreement; and 30 (b) Any incidental or consequential damages, less expenses saved in consequence of the lessor's default. 31

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Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 680.519, Florida 1 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 680.519 Lessee's damages for nondelivery, repudiation, default, or breach of warranty in regard to accepted goods. --4 5 (1) Except as otherwise provided with respect to damages liquidated in the lease agreement (s. 680.504) or б 7 otherwise determined pursuant to agreement of the parties (ss. 8 <u>671.102(2)</u> ss. 671.102(3) and 680.503), if a lessee elects not 9 to cover or a lessee elects to cover and the cover is by lease agreement, whether or not the lease agreement qualifies for 10 treatment under s. 680.518(2), or is by purchase or otherwise, 11 the measure of damages for nondelivery or repudiation by the 12 13 lessor or for rejection or revocation of acceptance by the 14 lessee is the present value, as of the date of the default, of the then market rent minus the present value as of the same 15 date of the original rent, computed for the remaining lease 16 term of the original lease agreement, together with incidental 17 18 and consequential damages, less expenses saved in consequence 19 of the lessor's default. Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 680.527, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 21 22 680.527 Lessor's rights to dispose of goods .--23 (2) Except as otherwise provided with respect to 24 damages liquidated in the lease agreement (s. 680.504) or otherwise determined pursuant to agreement of the parties (ss. 25 <u>671.102(2)</u> ss. 671.102(3) and 680.503), if the disposition is 26 by lease agreement substantially similar to the original lease 27 28 agreement and the new lease agreement is made in good faith 29 and in a commercially reasonable manner, the lessor may recover from the lessee as damages: 30 31

(a) Accrued and unpaid rent as of the date of the 1 2 commencement of the term of the new lease agreement; 3 (b) The present value, as of the same date, of the 4 commencement of the term of the new lease agreement of the total rent for the then remaining lease term of the original 5 lease agreement minus the present value, as of the same date, б 7 of the rent under the new lease agreement applicable to that 8 period of the new lease term which is comparable to the then remaining term of the original lease agreement; and 9 (c) Any incidental damages allowed under s. 680.53, 10 less expenses saved in consequence of the lessee's default. 11 Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 680.528, Florida 12 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 680.528 Lessor's damages for nonacceptance or repudiation. --15 (1) Except as otherwise provided with respect to 16 damages liquidated in the lease agreement (s. 680.504) or 17 18 otherwise determined pursuant to agreement of the parties (ss. <u>671.102(2)</u> ss. 671.102(3) and 580.503), if a lessor elects to 19 retain the goods or a lessor elects to dispose of the goods 20 and the disposition is by lease agreement that for any reason 21 does not qualify for treatment under s. 680.527(2), or is by 2.2 23 sale or otherwise, the lessor may recover from the lessee as damages a default of the type described in s. 680.523(1) or 24 (3)(a), or if agreed, for other default of the lessee: 25 (a) Accrued and unpaid rent as of the date of default 26 if the lessee has never taken possession of the goods, or, if 27 28 the lessee has taken possession of the goods, as of the date 29 the lessor repossesses the goods or an earlier date on which the lessee makes a tender of the goods to the lessor. 30 31

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1	(b) The present value as of the date determined under
2	paragraph (a) of the total rent for the then remaining lease
3	term of the original lease agreement minus the present value
4	as of the same date of the market rent at the place where the
5	goods were located on that date computed for the same lease
6	term.
7	(c) Any incidental damages allowed under s. 680.53,
8	less expenses saved in consequence of the lessee's default.
9	Section 31. Subsection (6) of section 713.901, Florida
10	Statutes, is amended to read:
11	713.901 Florida Uniform Federal Lien Registration
12	Act
13	(6) FEES
14	(a) The charges or fees of the Secretary of State,
15	with respect to a notice or certificate filed under this
16	section, or for searching records with respect thereto, <u>are:</u>
17	1. For filing a notice of lien, which fee shall
18	include the cost of filing a certificate of release or
19	nonstatement for said notice of lien, \$25.
20	2. For indexing of each additional debtor or secured
21	<u>party, \$3.</u>
22	3. For each additional facing page attached to a
23	<u>notice or certificate, \$3.</u>
24	4. For use of a nonapproved form, \$5.

5. For filing a certificate of discharge or subordination, \$12. 6. For filing a refiled notice of federal lien, \$12. 7. For filing any other document required or permitted to be filed under this act, \$12.

30 <u>8. For certifying any record, \$10</u> shall be the same as
31 prescribed in s. 15.091.

1	(b) The charges or fees of the clerks of the circuit
2	court with respect to a notice or certificate filed under this
3	section shall be the same as prescribed in s. 28.24, relating
4	to instruments recorded in the official records.
5	Section 32. This act shall take effect January 1,
6	2008.
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