## Florida Senate - 2007

By Senator Hill

1-1302-07

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to school board policies for
3	addressing crime and victimization; amending s.
4	1006.13, F.S.; requiring that a district school
5	board adopt a policy of zero tolerance in
6	addressing certain crimes and cases of
7	victimization; providing that a student found
8	to have committed a specified offense may be
9	expelled, suspended, or referred to the
10	criminal justice or juvenile justice system;
11	allowing a student found not guilty to return
12	to his or her home school; authorizing a school
13	board to assign a student to a disciplinary
14	program during the period of suspension or
15	expulsion; requiring that a district school
16	superintendent consider expulsions or
17	suspensions on a case-by-case basis; deleting a
18	requirement that a request to modify a
19	student's disciplinary program be in writing;
20	requiring district school boards, county
21	sheriff's offices, and local police to enter
22	into agreements specifying guidelines for
23	reporting crimes that involve conduct that
24	poses a serious threat to school safety;
25	charging school principals with responsibility
26	for ensuring that all school personnel are
27	aware of their responsibilities regarding
28	crimes and conduct that poses a serious threat
29	to school safety; providing that students found
30	guilty of certain violations may be expelled,
31	suspended, or placed in an alternative school
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1 setting or other program providing appropriate 2 educational services; requiring district school boards to ensure that an offender continues to 3 receive appropriate educational services; 4 providing an effective date. 5 б 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 8 Section 1. Section 1006.13, Florida Statutes, is 9 amended to read: 10 1006.13 Policy of zero tolerance for addressing crime 11 12 and victimization .--13 (1) Each district school board shall adopt a policy of zero tolerance to address for: 14 (a) Crime and substance abuse, including the reporting 15 of delinquent acts and crimes occurring whenever and wherever 16 17 students are under the jurisdiction of the district school 18 board. (b) Victimization of students, including taking 19 appropriate all steps necessary to protect the victim of a any 20 21 violent crime from any further victimization. 22 (2) The zero tolerance policy may shall require that 23 students found to have committed one of the following offenses to be expelled or suspended, with or without continuing 2.4 educational services, from the student's regular school or for 25 26 a period of not less than 1 full year, and to be referred to 27 the criminal justice or juvenile justice system. However, if a 2.8 referred student is not prosecuted or is found not quilty, the student may be returned to the student's regular school. 29 30 (a) Bringing a firearm or weapon, as defined in chapter 790, to school, to any school function, or onto any 31

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1 school-sponsored transportation or possessing a firearm at 2 school. 3 (b) Making a threat or false report, as defined by ss. 790.162 and 790.163, respectively, involving school or school 4 personnel's property, school transportation, or a 5 6 school-sponsored activity. 7 8 District school boards may assign the student to a disciplinary program for the purpose of continuing educational 9 services during the period of expulsion or suspension. 10 District school superintendents shall may consider the 1 year 11 12 expulsion or suspension requirement on a case-by-case basis 13 and request the district school board to modify the requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program 14 or second chance school if the request for modification is in 15 writing and it is determined to be in the best interest of the 16 17 student and the school system. If a student committing any of 18 the offenses in this subsection is a student with a disability, the district school board shall comply with 19 applicable State Board of Education rules. 20 21 (3) Each district school board shall enter into 22 agreements with the county sheriff's office and local police 23 department specifying quidelines for ensuring that felonies and violent misdemeanors, whether committed by a student or 2.4 adult, and delinquent acts that would be felonies or violent 25 misdemeanors if committed by an adult, are reported to law 26 27 enforcement if it involves conduct that poses a serious threat 28 to school safety. Each district school board shall adopt a cooperative agreement, pursuant to s. 1003.52(13) with the 29 Department of Juvenile Justice, that specifies guidelines for 30 ensuring that all no contact orders entered by the court are 31

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20 21 reported and enforced and that all steps necessary are taken to protect the victim of any such crime. Such agreements shall include the role of school resource officers, if applicable, in handling reported incidents, special circumstances in which school officials may handle incidents without filing a report to law enforcement, and a procedure for ensuring that school personnel properly report appropriate delinquent acts and crimes. The school principal shall be responsible for ensuring that all school personnel are properly informed as to their responsibilities regarding crime reporting, that appropriate delinquent acts and crimes that involve conduct that poses a serious threat to school safety are properly reported, and that actions taken in cases with special circumstances are properly taken and documented. (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each district school board shall adopt rules providing that any student found to have committed a violation of s. 784.081(1), (2), or (3) may shall be expelled, suspended, or placed in an alternative school setting or other program with, as appropriate educational services. Upon being charged with the offense, the student shall be removed from the classroom immediately and placed in an alternative school setting

22 23 pending disposition. (5)(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law 2.4 prohibiting the disclosure of the identity of a minor, 25 whenever any student who is attending public school is 26 27 adjudicated quilty of or delinquent for, or is found to have 2.8 committed, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony violation of: 29 30

1. Chapter 782, relating to homicide;

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2. Chapter 784, relating to assault, battery, and culpable negligence; 3. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping, false imprisonment, luring or enticing a child, and custody offenses; 4. Chapter 794, relating to sexual battery; 5. Chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent exposure; 6. Chapter 827, relating to abuse of children; 7. Section 812.13, relating to robbery; 8. Section 812.131, relating to robbery by sudden snatching; 9. Section 812.133, relating to carjacking; or 10. Section 812.135, relating to home-invasion robbery, and, before or at the time of such adjudication, withholding of adjudication, or plea, the offender was attending a school attended by the victim or a sibling of the victim of the offense, the Department of Juvenile Justice shall notify the appropriate district school board of the adjudication or plea, the requirements of this paragraph, and whether the offender is prohibited from attending that school or riding on a school bus whenever the victim or a sibling of the victim is

attending the same school or riding on the same school bus, except as provided pursuant to a written disposition order under s. 985.455(2). Upon receipt of such notice, the district school board shall take appropriate action to effectuate the provisions of paragraph (b).

30 (b) Any offender described in paragraph (a), who is31 not exempted as provided in paragraph (a), shall not attend

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1 any school attended by the victim or a sibling of the victim 2 of the offense or ride on a school bus on which the victim or a sibling of the victim is riding. The offender shall be 3 permitted by the district school board to attend another 4 school within the district in which the offender resides. 5 6 provided the other school is not attended by the victim or 7 sibling of the victim of the offense; or the offender may be 8 permitted by another district school board to attend a school in that district if the offender is unable to attend any 9 school in the district in which the offender resides. 10 (c) If the offender is unable to attend any other 11 12 school in the district in which the offender resides and is

13 prohibited from attending school in another school district, the district school board in the school district in which the 14 offender resides shall take every reasonable precaution to 15 keep the offender separated from the victim while on school 16 17 grounds or on school transportation. The steps to be taken by a district school board to keep the offender separated from 18 the victim shall include, but are not limited to, in-school 19 suspension of the offender and the scheduling of classes, 20 21 lunch, or other school activities of the victim and the 22 offender so as not to coincide.

23 (d) The offender, or the parents of the offender if the offender is a juvenile, shall be responsible for arranging 2.4 and paying for transportation associated with or required by 25 the offender's attending another school or that would be 26 27 required as a consequence of the prohibition against riding on 2.8 a school bus on which the victim or a sibling of the victim is 29 riding. However, the offender or the parents of the offender 30 shall not be charged for existing modes of transportation that 31

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1 can be used by the offender at no additional cost to the 2 district school board. 3 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), paragraph (c), or 4 paragraph (d), the district school board must ensure that the 5 offender continues to receive appropriate educational 6 services. 7 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007. 8 9 10 SENATE SUMMARY 11 Provides that a district school board shall adopt a policy of zero tolerance in addressing certain crimes and 12 cases of victimization. Provides that a student found to have committed a specified offense may be expelled, 13 suspended, or referred to the criminal justice or juvenile justice system. Provides that a student found not guilty may return to his or her home school. Provides 14 that school boards may assign a student to a disciplinary 15 program during the suspension or expulsion period. Requires that a district school superintendent consider expulsions or suspensions on a case-by-case basis. 16 Removes a requirement that modification requests be in writing. Requires district school boards, county sheriff's offices, and local police to enter into 17 18 agreements specifying guidelines for reporting crimes that involve conduct that poses a serious threat to 19 school safety. Charges school principals with responsibility for ensuring that all school personnel are 20 aware of their responsibilities regarding crimes and conduct that poses a serious threat to school safety. 21 Provides that students found guilty of certain violations may be expelled, suspended, or placed in an alternative school-setting or other program providing appropriate 22 educational services. Provides that district school 23 boards must ensure that an offender continues to receive appropriate educational services. 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 7