27-1366-07 See HB

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public safety; amending s.
3	775.21, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
4	reimbursement of specified costs by sexual
5	predators; revising provisions relating to the
6	residence of sexual predators; providing
7	penalties; creating s. 775.215, F.S.;
8	specifying residency exclusions for sexual
9	offenders or sexual predators; preempting
10	certain local ordinances; amending s. 775.24,
11	F.S.; revising provisions relating to residency
12	exclusions for sexual predators and sexual
13	offenders; amending s. 794.065, F.S.; providing
14	additional residency restrictions on certain
15	offenders; providing penalties; amending s.
16	947.1405, F.S.; providing additional
17	conditional release restrictions for certain
18	offenders; amending s. 947.141, F.S.; revising
19	provisions relating to hearings alleging a
20	violation of community release by specified
21	releasees for failure to comply with specified
22	residency exclusions; amending s. 948.06, F.S.;
23	revising provisions relating to probation or
24	community control for sexual predators and
25	sexual offenders; amending s. 948.063, F.S.;
26	providing that failure of a sexual predator or
27	sexual offender to obtain a residence in
28	compliance with certain requirements is not a
29	defense in certain proceedings; amending s.
30	948.30, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
31	terms and conditions of probation or community

control for certain sex offenses; providing an 2 effective date. 3 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 4 5 6 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3), paragraph 7 (a) of subsection (7) and paragraph (b) of subsection (10), of section 775.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 8 775.21 The Florida Sexual Predators Act.--9 10 (3) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE; LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--11 12 (b) The high level of threat that a sexual predator 13 presents to the public safety, and the long-term effects suffered by victims of sex offenses, provide the state with 14 sufficient justification to implement a strategy that 15 includes: 16 17 1. Incarcerating sexual predators and maintaining adequate facilities to ensure that decisions to release sexual 18 predators into the community are not made on the basis of 19 inadequate space. 20 21 2. Providing for specialized supervision of sexual predators who are in the community by specially trained 23 probation officers with low caseloads, as described in ss. 947.1405(7) and 948.30. The sexual predator is subject to 2.4 specified terms and conditions implemented at sentencing or at 2.5 the time of release from incarceration, with a requirement 26 27 that those sexual predators found to be indigent may defer 2.8 payment pursuant to s. 28.246 of all or part of the costs in accordance with the provisions of that section who are 29

financially able must pay all or part of the costs of

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supervision.

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- 3. Requiring the registration of sexual predators, with a requirement that complete and accurate information be maintained and accessible for use by law enforcement authorities, communities, and the public.
- 4. Providing for community and public notification concerning the presence of sexual predators.
- 5. Prohibiting sexual predators from working with children, either for compensation or as a volunteer.
 - (7) COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC NOTIFICATION. --
- (a) Law enforcement agencies must inform members of the community and the public of a sexual predator's presence. Upon notification of the presence of a sexual predator, the sheriff of the county or the chief of police of the municipality where the sexual predator establishes or maintains a permanent or temporary residence shall notify members of the community and the public of the presence of the sexual predator in a manner deemed appropriate by the sheriff or the chief of police. Within 48 hours after receiving notification of the presence of a sexual predator, the sheriff of the county or the chief of police of the municipality where the sexual predator temporarily or permanently resides shall notify each licensed day care center, elementary school, middle school, and high school, and library within a 1-mile radius of the temporary or permanent residence of the sexual predator of the presence of the sexual predator. Information provided to members of the community and the public regarding a sexual predator must include:
 - 1. The name of the sexual predator;
- 2. A description of the sexual predator, including a photograph;

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3. The sexual predator's current address, including 2 the name of the county or municipality if known; 3 4. The circumstances of the sexual predator's offense 4 or offenses; and 5 5. Whether the victim of the sexual predator's offense 6 or offenses was, at the time of the offense, a minor or an 7 adult. 8 This paragraph does not authorize the release of the name of 9 10 any victim of the sexual predator. (10) PENALTIES. --11 12 (b) A sexual predator who has been convicted of or 13 found to have committed, or has pled nolo contendere or guilty to, regardless of adjudication, any violation, or attempted 14 violation, of s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025(2)(c), where 15 the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's 16 parent; s. 794.011(2), (3), (4), (5), or (8); s. 794.05; s. 796.03; s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 18 847.0145; or s. 985.701(1); or a violation of a similar law of 19 another jurisdiction when the victim of the offense was a 20 21 minor, and who works, whether for compensation or as a 22 volunteer, at any business, school, day care center, park, 23 playground, <u>library</u>, or <u>business or</u> other place where children regularly congregate, commits a felony of the third degree, 2.4 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 2.5 775.084. 26 27 Section 2. Section 775.215, Florida Statutes, is 2.8 created to read:

predators; local ordinances preempted.--

775.215 Residency exclusions for sexual offenders or

(1) The establishment of residency exclusions applicable to the residences of a person required to register 2 as a sexual offender or sexual predator is expressly preempted 3 4 to the state, and the provisions of ss. 794.065, 947.1405, and 948.30 establishing such exclusions supersede any municipal or 5 6 county ordinances imposing different exclusions. 7 (2) A provision of any ordinance adopted by a county or municipality prior to October 1, 2007, imposing residency 8 exclusions for the residences of persons subject to the 9 10 provisions of s. 794.065, s. 947.1405, or s. 948.30 is hereby repealed and abolished as of October 1, 2007. 11 12 Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 775.24, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 775.24 Duty of the court to uphold laws governing 14 sexual predators and sexual offenders. --15 (2) If a person meets the criteria in this chapter for 16 17 designation as a sexual predator or meets the criteria in s. 943.0435, s. 944.606, s. 944.607, or any other law for 18 classification as a sexual offender, the court may not enter 19 an order, for the purpose of approving a plea agreement or for 2.0 21 any other reason, which: 22 (a) Exempts a person who meets the criteria for 23 designation as a sexual predator or classification as a sexual offender from such designation or classification, or exempts 2.4 such person from the requirements for registration or 2.5

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and 948.30;

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community and public notification imposed upon sexual

predators and sexual offenders, or exempts such person from

the residency exclusions contained in ss. 794.065, 947.1405,

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- (b) Restricts the compiling, reporting, or release of public records information that relates to sexual predators or sexual offenders; or
- (c) Prevents any person or entity from performing its duties or operating within its statutorily conferred authority as such duty or authority relates to sexual predators or sexual offenders.
- Section 4. Section 794.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 794.065 Unlawful place of residence for persons convicted of certain sex offenses.--
- (1)(a)1. It is unlawful for any person who has been convicted of a violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, regardless of whether adjudication has been withheld, in which the victim of the offense was less than 16 years of age, to reside within 1,000 feet of any school, day care center, park, or playground.
- 2. A person who violates this section and whose conviction for an offense listed in subparagraph 1. under s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145 was classified as:
- a. A felony of the first degree or higher, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.
 775.082 or s. 775.083. A person who violates this section and whose conviction under s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145 was classified as
- b. A felony of the second or third degree, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- 30 (b)(2) This <u>subsection</u> section applies to any person 31 convicted of <u>an offense listed in subparagraph (a)1. if the</u>

offense occurred a violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 2 827.071, or s. 847.0145 for offenses that occur on or after 3 October 1, 2004. 4 (2)(a)1. It is unlawful for any person who has been convicted of a violation of s. 787.01, s. 787.02, s. 794.011, 5 6 s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, regardless of whether 7 adjudication has been withheld, in which the victim of the 8 offense was less than 16 years of age, to reside within 1,500 feet of any school, day care center, park, playground, 9 10 library, or other business or place where children regularly 11 congregate. 12 2. A person violating this subsection whose conviction of an offense listed in subparagraph 1. was classified as: 13 a. A felony of the first degree or higher, commits a 14 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 15 775.082 or s. 775.083. 16 17 b. A felony of the second or third degree, commits a 18 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 19 (b) The distances in this subsection shall be measured 2.0 21 in a straight line from the offender's place of residence to 2.2 the nearest boundary line of the school, day care center, 23 park, playground, library, or other business or place where children regularly congregate. The distance may not be 2.4 2.5 measured by a pedestrian route or automobile route. (c) This subsection applies to any person convicted of 26 27 an offense listed in subparagraph (a)1. if the offense 2.8 occurred on or after October 1, 2007. Section 5. Subsections (2) and (6) and paragraph (a) 29 30 of subsection (7) of section 947.1405, Florida Statutes, are

amended, and subsection (11) is added to that section, to 2 read: 3 947.1405 Conditional release program.--(2)(a) Any inmate who: 4 5 1. (a) Is convicted of a crime committed on or after 6 October 1, 1988, and before January 1, 1994; and any inmate 7 who is convicted of a crime committed on or after January 1, 8 1994, which crime is or was contained in category 1, category 2, category 3, or category 4 of Rule 3.701 and Rule 3.988, 9 Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure (1993), and who has served 10 at least one prior felony commitment at a state or federal 11 12 correctional institution; or is convicted of any of the 13 following offenses committed on or after October 1, 2007: a. Kidnapping, under s. 787.01(1)(b); 14 b. False imprisonment, under s. 787.02(1)(b); 15 Sexual performance by a child, under s. 827.071; or 16 17 d. Selling or buying of minors, under s. 847.0145; 18 <u>2.(b)</u> Is sentenced as a habitual or violent habitual offender or a violent career criminal pursuant to s. 775.084; 19 20 or 21 3.(c) Is found to be a sexual predator under s. 775.21 22 or former s. 775.23, 23 shall, upon reaching the tentative release date or provisional 2.4 release date, whichever is earlier, as established by the 2.5 26 Department of Corrections, be released under supervision 27 subject to specified terms and conditions, including payment 2.8 of the cost of supervision pursuant to s. 948.09. Such supervision shall be applicable to all sentences within the 29 30 overall term of sentences if an inmate's overall term of 31

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sentences includes one or more sentences that are eligible for conditional release supervision as provided herein.

(b) Effective July 1, 1994, and applicable for offenses committed on or after that date, the commission may require, as a condition of conditional release, that the releasee make payment of the debt due and owing to a county or municipal detention facility under s. 951.032 for medical care, treatment, hospitalization, or transportation received by the releasee while in that detention facility. The commission, in determining whether to order such repayment and the amount of such repayment, shall consider the amount of the debt, whether there was any fault of the institution for the medical expenses incurred, the financial resources of the releasee, the present and potential future financial needs and earning ability of the releasee, and dependents, and other appropriate factors.

(c) If any inmate, other than an inmate required to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435, placed on conditional release supervision is also subject to probation or community control, resulting from a probationary or community control split sentence within the overall term of sentences, the Department of Corrections shall supervise such person according to the conditions imposed by the court and the commission shall defer to such supervision. If the court revokes probation or community control and resentences the offender to a term of incarceration, such revocation also constitutes a sufficient basis for the revocation of the conditional release supervision on any nonprobationary or noncommunity control sentence without further hearing by the commission. If any such supervision on any nonprobationary or noncommunity

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control sentence is revoked, such revocation may result in a forfeiture of all gain-time, and the commission may revoke the resulting deferred conditional release supervision or take other action it considers appropriate. If the term of conditional release supervision exceeds that of the probation or community control, then, upon expiration of the probation or community control, authority for the supervision shall revert to the commission and the supervision shall be subject to the conditions imposed by the commission.

(d) If any inmate required to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435 is placed on conditional release supervision and is also subject to probation or community supervision, the period of court-ordered community supervision shall not be substituted for conditional release supervision and shall follow the term of conditional release supervision.

(e) A panel of no fewer than two commissioners shall establish the terms and conditions of any such release. If the offense was a controlled substance violation, the conditions shall include a requirement that the offender submit to random substance abuse testing intermittently throughout the term of conditional release supervision, upon the direction of the correctional probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(3). The commission shall also determine whether the terms and conditions of such release have been violated and whether such violation warrants revocation of the conditional release.

(6) The commission shall review the recommendations of the department, and such other information as it deems relevant, and may conduct a review of the inmate's record for the purpose of establishing the terms and conditions of the conditional release. The commission may impose any special

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conditions it considers warranted from its review of the release plan and recommendation. If the commission determines that the inmate is eligible for release under this section, the commission shall enter an order establishing the length of supervision and the conditions attendant thereto. However, an inmate who has been convicted of a violation of chapter 794 or found by the court to be a sexual predator is subject to the maximum level of supervision provided, with the mandatory conditions as required in subsection (7), and that supervision shall continue through the end of the releasee's original court-imposed sentence. The length of supervision must not exceed the maximum penalty imposed by the court. The commission may modify the conditions of supervision at any time.

- (7)(a) Any inmate who is convicted of a crime committed on or after October 1, 1995, or who has been previously convicted of a crime committed on or after October 1, 1995, in violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, and is subject to conditional release supervision, shall have, in addition to any other conditions imposed, the following special conditions imposed by the commission:
- 1. A mandatory curfew from 10 p.m. to 6 a.m. The commission may designate another 8-hour period if the offender's employment precludes the above specified time, and such alternative is recommended by the Department of Corrections. If the commission determines that imposing a curfew would endanger the victim, the commission may consider alternative sanctions.
- 2.<u>a.</u> If the victim was under the age of 18, a prohibition on living within 1,000 feet of a school, day care

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center, park, playground, designated public school bus stop, or other place where children regularly congregate. A releasee who is subject to this subparagraph may not relocate to a residence that is within 1,000 feet of a public school bus stop.

b. Beginning October 1, 2004, the commission or the department may not approve a residence that is located within 1,000 feet of a school, day care center, park, playground, designated school bus stop, or other place where children regularly congregate for any releasee who is subject to this subparagraph. On October 1, 2004, the department shall notify each affected school district of the location of the residence of a releasee 30 days prior to release and thereafter, if the releasee relocates to a new residence, shall notify any affected school district of the residence of the releasee within 30 days after relocation. If, on October 1, 2004, any public school bus stop is located within 1,000 feet of the existing residence of such releasee, the district school board shall relocate that school bus stop. Beginning October 1, 2004, a district school board may not establish or relocate a public school bus stop within 1,000 feet of the residence of a releasee who is subject to this subparagraph. The failure of the district school board to comply with this subparagraph shall not result in a violation of conditional release supervision.

c. Beginning October 1, 2007, neither the commission
nor the department may approve a residence located within
1,500 feet of a school, day care center, park, playground,
designated school bus stop, library, or other business or
place where children regularly congregate for any releasee who
is subject to this subparagraph. The distance provided in this

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sub-subparagraph shall be measured in a straight line from the 2 offender's place of residence to the nearest boundary line of the school, day care center, park, playground, library, or 4 other business or place where children regularly congregate. The distance may not be measured by a pedestrian route or 5 automobile route.

- 3. Active participation in and successful completion of a sex offender treatment program with qualified practitioners specifically trained to treat sex offenders, at the releasee's own expense. If a qualified practitioner is not available within a 50-mile radius of the releasee's residence, the offender shall participate in other appropriate therapy.
- 4. A prohibition on any contact with the victim, directly or indirectly, including through a third person, unless approved by the victim, the offender's therapist, and the sentencing court.
- 5. If the victim was under the age of 18, a prohibition against contact with children under the age of 18 without review and approval by the commission. The commission may approve supervised contact with a child under the age of 18 if the approval is based upon a recommendation for contact issued by a qualified practitioner who is basing the recommendation on a risk assessment. Further, the sex offender must be currently enrolled in or have successfully completed a sex offender therapy program. The commission may not grant supervised contact with a child if the contact is not recommended by a qualified practitioner and may deny supervised contact with a child at any time. When considering whether to approve supervised contact with a child, the commission must review and consider the following:

a. A risk assessment completed by a qualified 2 practitioner. The qualified practitioner must prepare a written report that must include the findings of the 3 assessment and address each of the following components: 4 5 (I) The sex offender's current legal status; 6 (II) The sex offender's history of adult charges with 7 apparent sexual motivation; 8 (III) The sex offender's history of adult charges without apparent sexual motivation; 9 10 (IV) The sex offender's history of juvenile charges, whenever available; 11 12 (V) The sex offender's offender treatment history, 13 including a consultation from the sex offender's treating, or most recent treating, therapist; 14 (VI) The sex offender's current mental status; 15 (VII) The sex offender's mental health and substance 16 17 abuse history as provided by the Department of Corrections; (VIII) The sex offender's personal, social, 18 educational, and work history; 19 (IX) The results of current psychological testing of 20 21 the sex offender if determined necessary by the qualified 22 practitioner; 23 (X) A description of the proposed contact, including the location, frequency, duration, and supervisory 2.4 25 arrangement; (XI) The child's preference and relative comfort level 26 27 with the proposed contact, when age-appropriate; 2.8 (XII) The parent's or legal guardian's preference 29 regarding the proposed contact; and 30 (XIII) The qualified practitioner's opinion, along with the basis for that opinion, as to whether the proposed

contact would likely pose significant risk of emotional or physical harm to the child.

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The written report of the assessment must be given to the commission.

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b. A recommendation made as a part of the risk-assessment report as to whether supervised contact with the child should be approved;

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legal guardian, if the parent or legal guardian is not the sex offender, agreeing to the sex offender having supervised contact with the child after receiving full disclosure of the sex offender's present legal status, past criminal history, and the results of the risk assessment. The commission may not approve contact with the child if the parent or legal guardian

c. A written consent signed by the child's parent or

approve contact with the child if the parent or legal g
refuses to give written consent for supervised contact;

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d. A safety plan prepared by the qualified practitioner, who provides treatment to the offender, in collaboration with the sex offender, the child's parent or legal guardian, and the child, when age appropriate, which details the acceptable conditions of contact between the sex offender and the child. The safety plan must be reviewed and approved by the Department of Corrections before being

submitted to the commission; and

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e. Evidence that the child's parent or legal guardian, if the parent or legal guardian is not the sex offender, understands the need for and agrees to the safety plan and has agreed to provide, or to designate another adult to provide, constant supervision any time the child is in contact with the offender.

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The commission may not appoint a person to conduct a risk assessment and may not accept a risk assessment from a person who has not demonstrated to the commission that he or she has met the requirements of a qualified practitioner as defined in this section.

- 6. If the victim was under age 18, a prohibition on working for pay or as a volunteer at any school, day care center, park, playground, <u>library</u>, or other <u>business or</u> place where children regularly congregate, as prescribed by the commission.
- 7. Unless otherwise indicated in the treatment plan provided by the sexual offender treatment program, a prohibition on viewing, owning, or possessing any obscene, pornographic, or sexually stimulating visual or auditory material, including telephone, electronic media, computer programs, or computer services that are relevant to the offender's deviant behavior pattern.
- 8. Effective for a releasee whose crime is committed on or after July 1, 2005, a prohibition on accessing the Internet or other computer services until the offender's sex offender treatment program, after a risk assessment is completed, approves and implements a safety plan for the offender's accessing or using the Internet or other computer services.
- 9. A requirement that the releasee must submit two specimens of blood to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement to be registered with the DNA database.
- 10. A requirement that the releasee make restitution to the victim, as determined by the sentencing court or the commission, for all necessary medical and related professional

services relating to physical, psychiatric, and psychological 2 care. 3 11. Submission to a warrantless search by the community control or probation officer of the probationer's or 4 5 community controllee's person, residence, or vehicle. Such 6 warrantless search includes the use of electronic monitoring 7 or other means in the case of a person convicted of an offense 8 under s. 775.21(4)(a)1. (11) Effective for a releasee whose crime was a 9 10 violation of s. 787.01(1)(b) or s. 787.02(1)(b) committed on or after October 1, 2007, and whose crime involved a victim 11 12 less than 16 years of age and an offender 18 years of age or 13 older, in addition to any other provision of this section, the commission must order electronic monitoring for the duration 14 of the releasee's supervision. 15 Section 6. Subsection (8) is added to section 947.141, 16 17 Florida Statutes, to read: 947.141 Violations of conditional release, control 18 release, or conditional medical release or addiction-recovery 19 supervision. --2.0 21 (8) Because of the compelling state interest in 2.2 protecting the public from sexual offenders or sexual 23 predators granted the privilege of conditional release, in any hearing alleging a violation of community release by a 2.4 releasee for failure to comply with the residency exclusion in 2.5 s. 947.1405, the inability of the releasee to locate a 2.6 27 residence in compliance with s. 947.1405 shall not be a 2.8 defense to the finding of a violation under this section. Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 948.06, Florida 29 30 Statutes, is amended to read:

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948.06 Violation of probation or community control; revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay restitution or cost of supervision.--

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a probationer or an offender in community control who is arrested for violating his or her probation or community control in a material respect may be taken before the court in the county or circuit in which the probationer or offender was arrested. That court shall advise him or her of such charge of a violation and, if such charge is admitted, shall cause him or her to be brought before the court which granted the probation or community control. If such violation is not admitted by the probationer or offender, the court may commit him or her or release him or her with or without bail to await further hearing. However, if the probationer or offender is under supervision for any criminal offense proscribed in chapter 794, s. 800.04(4), (5), (6), s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, or is a registered sexual predator or a registered sexual offender, or is under supervision for a criminal offense for which he or she would meet the registration criteria in s. 775.21, s. 943.0435, or s. 944.607 but for the effective date of those sections, the court must make a finding that the probationer or offender poses no is not a danger to the public prior to release with or without bail. In determining that the offender poses no danger to the public the danger posed by the offender's or probationer's release, the court may consider the nature and circumstances of the violation and any new offenses charged; the offender's or probationer's past and present conduct, including convictions of crimes; any record of arrests without conviction for crimes involving violence or sexual crimes; any other evidence of

allegations of unlawful sexual conduct or the use of violence 2 by the offender or probationer; the offender's or probationer's family ties, length of residence in the 3 community, employment history, and mental condition; his or 4 her history and conduct during the probation or community 5 control supervision from which the violation arises and any 7 other previous supervisions, including disciplinary records of previous incarcerations; the likelihood that the offender or 8 9 probationer will engage again in a criminal course of conduct; the weight of the evidence against the offender or 10 probationer; whether or not the probationer is currently 11 12 subject to electronic monitoring; and any other facts the 13 court considers relevant. The court, as soon as is practicable, shall give the probationer or offender an 14 opportunity to be fully heard on his or her behalf in person 15 or by counsel. After such hearing, the court shall make 16 17 findings of fact and forward the findings to the court which 18 granted the probation or community control and to the probationer or offender or his or her attorney. The findings 19 of fact by the hearing court are binding on the court which 20 21 granted the probation or community control. Upon the 22 probationer or offender being brought before it, the court 23 which granted the probation or community control may revoke, modify, or continue the probation or community control or may 2.4 place the probationer into community control as provided in 2.5 26 this section. 27 Section 8. Subsection (3) is added to section 948.063, 2.8 Florida Statutes, to read: 29 948.063 Violations of probation or community control 30 by designated sexual offenders and sexual predators. --31

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(3) Because of the compelling state interest in protecting the public from sexual predators or sexual offenders on probation, in any hearing alleging a violation of probation by a releasee for failure to comply with the residency exclusion in s. 948.30, the inability of the probationer to locate a residence in compliance with s. 948.30 shall not be a defense to the finding of a violation under this section.

Section 9. Paragraphs (b) and (k) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 948.30, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

948.30 Additional terms and conditions of probation or community control for certain sex offenses.--Conditions imposed pursuant to this section do not require oral pronouncement at the time of sentencing and shall be considered standard conditions of probation or community control for offenders specified in this section.

- (1) Effective for probationers or community controllees whose crime was committed on or after October 1, 1995, and who are placed under supervision for violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, the court must impose the following conditions in addition to all other standard and special conditions imposed:
- (b)1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., if the victim was under the age of 18, a prohibition on living within 1,000 feet of a school, day care center, park, playground, or other place where children regularly congregate, as prescribed by the court. The 1,000-foot distance shall be measured in a straight line from the offender's place of residence to the nearest boundary line of the school, day care center, park, playground, or other place where children regularly

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congregate. The distance may not be measured by a pedestrian route or automobile route.

- 2. For probationers or community controllees whose crime was committed on or after October 1, 2007, if the victim was under the age of 18, a prohibition on living within 1,500 feet of a school, day care center, park, playground, library, or other business or place where children regularly congregate, as prescribed by the court. This distance shall be measured in a straight line from the offender's place of residence to the nearest boundary line of the school, day care center, park, playground, library, or other business or place where children regularly congregate. The distance may not be measured by a pedestrian route or automobile route.
- (k) Submission to a warrantless search by the community control or probation officer of the probationer's or community controllee's person, residence, or vehicle. Such a warrantless search includes the use of electronic monitoring or other means in the case of a person convicted of an offense under s. 775.21(4)(a)1.
- (3) Effective for a probationer or community controllee whose crime was committed on or after September 1, 2005, and who:
- 23 (a) Is placed on probation or community control for a
 24 violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04(4), (5), or (6), s.
 25 827.071, or s. 847.0145 and the unlawful sexual activity
 26 involved a victim under 16 15 years of age or younger and the
 27 offender is 18 years of age or older;
- 28 (b) Is designated a sexual predator pursuant to s. 29 775.21; or
- 30 (c) Has previously been convicted of a violation of 31 chapter 794, s. 800.04(4), (5), or (6), s. 827.071, or s.

847.0145 and the unlawful sexual activity involved a victim 2 under 16 15 years of age or younger and the offender is 18 3 years of age or older, 4 5 the court must order, in addition to any other provision of this section, mandatory electronic monitoring as a condition 7 of the probation or community control supervision. (4) Effective for a probationer or community 8 9 controllee whose crime was committed on or after October 1, 10 2007, who has previously been convicted of a violation of s. 11 787.01(1)(b) or s. 787.02(1)(b), and the unlawful sexual 12 activity involved a victim under 16 years of age and the 13 offender is 18 years of age or older, the court must order, in addition to any other provision of this section, mandatory 14 electronic monitoring as a condition of the probation or 15 community control supervision. 16 Section 10. This act shall take effect October 1, 2007. 18 19 20 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30