Florida Senate - 2007

By Senator Wise

5-1374A-07 See HB 1203 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to charter schools capital outlay funding; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; 3 providing eligibility for funding to a charter 4 5 school operated by the operator of one or more б charter schools that meet certain requirements; 7 providing additional uses for charter school 8 capital outlay funds; amending s. 199.133, F.S.; providing for the distribution of an 9 10 amount of nonrecurring taxes to the Charter Schools Capital Outlay Trust Fund; providing an 11 12 effective date. 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 15 Section 1. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1013.62, 16 17 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1013.62 Charter schools capital outlay funding .--18 (1) In each year in which funds are appropriated for 19 charter school capital outlay purposes, the Commissioner of 20 21 Education shall allocate the funds among eligible charter 22 schools. To be eligible for a funding allocation, a charter 23 school must: (a)1. Have been in operation for 3 or more years; 2.4 2. Be an expanded feeder chain of a charter school 25 within the same school district that is currently receiving 26 27 charter school capital outlay funds; or 28 3. Have been accredited by the Commission on Schools of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; or-29 30 4. Be a charter school operated by an existing charter school operator of one or more charter schools that are 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 currently receiving charter school capital outlay funds, 50 2 percent or more of which charter schools received a school grade designation of "A" or "B" pursuant to s. 1008.34 during 3 the previous school year. 4 5 (b) Have financial stability for future operation as a б charter school. 7 (c) Have satisfactory student achievement based on 8 state accountability standards applicable to the charter 9 school. 10 (d) Have received final approval from its sponsor pursuant to s. 1002.33 for operation during that fiscal year. 11 12 (e) Serve students in facilities that are not provided 13 by the charter school's sponsor. 14 The first priority for charter school capital outlay funding 15 shall be to allocate to the charter schools that received 16 17 funding in the 2005-2006 fiscal year an allocation of the same amount per capital outlay full-time equivalent student up to 18 the lesser of the actual number of capital outlay full-time 19 equivalent students in the current year or the capital outlay 20 21 full-time equivalent students in the 2005-2006 fiscal year. 22 After calculating the first priority, the second priority 23 shall be to allocate excess funds remaining in the appropriation in an amount equal to the per capital outlay 2.4 full-time equivalent student amount in the first priority 25 26 calculation to eligible charter schools not included in the 27 first priority calculation and to schools in the first 2.8 priority calculation with growth in excess of the 2005-2006 29 capital outlay full-time equivalent students. After calculating the first and second priorities, excess funds 30 remaining in the appropriation shall be allocated to all 31

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1 eligible charter schools. A charter school's allocation shall 2 not exceed one-fifteenth of the cost per student station specified in s. 1013.64(6)(b). Prior to the release of capital 3 outlay funds to a school district on behalf of the charter 4 school, the Department of Education shall ensure that the 5 6 district school board and the charter school governing board 7 enter into a written agreement that includes provisions for 8 the reversion of any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with public education funds to the 9 ownership of the district school board, as provided for in 10 subsection (3), in the event that the school terminates 11 12 operations. Any funds recovered by the state shall be 13 deposited in the General Revenue Fund. A charter school is not eligible for a funding allocation if it was created by the 14 conversion of a public school and operates in facilities 15 provided by the charter school's sponsor for a nominal fee or 16 17 at no charge or if it is directly or indirectly operated by 18 the school district. Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, the funding allocation for each eligible 19 charter school shall be determined by multiplying the school's 20 21 projected student enrollment by one-fifteenth of the 22 cost-per-student station specified in s. 1013.64(6)(b) for an 23 elementary, middle, or high school, as appropriate. If the funds appropriated are not sufficient, the commissioner shall 2.4 prorate the available funds among eligible charter schools. 25 26 However, no charter school or charter lab school shall receive 27 state charter school capital outlay funds in excess of the 2.8 one-fifteenth cost per student station formula if the charter 29 school's combination of state charter school capital outlay funds, capital outlay funds calculated through the reduction 30 in the administrative fee provided in s. 1002.33(20), and 31

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1 capital outlay funds allowed in s. 1002.32(9)(e) and (h) 2 exceeds the one-fifteenth cost per student station formula. Funds shall be distributed on the basis of the capital outlay 3 full-time equivalent membership by grade level, which shall be 4 calculated by averaging the results of the second and third 5 б enrollment surveys. The Department of Education shall 7 distribute capital outlay funds monthly, beginning in the 8 first quarter of the fiscal year, based on one-twelfth of the 9 amount the department reasonably expects the charter school to receive during that fiscal year. The commissioner shall adjust 10 subsequent distributions as necessary to reflect each charter 11 12 school's actual student enrollment as reflected in the second 13 and third enrollment surveys. The commissioner shall establish the intervals and procedures for determining the projected and 14 actual student enrollment of eligible charter schools. 15 16 (2) A charter school's governing body may use charter 17 school capital outlay funds for the following purposes: 18 (a) Purchase of real property. (b) Construction of school facilities. 19 (c) Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of permanent or 20 21 relocatable school facilities. 22 (d) Purchase of vehicles to transport students to and 23 from the charter school. (e) Renovation, repair, and maintenance of school 2.4 25 facilities that the charter school owns or is purchasing 26 through a lease-purchase or long-term lease of 5 years or 27 longer. 2.8 (f) Furnishing and equipping the charter school. 29 Conversion charter schools may use capital outlay funds 30 received through the reduction in the administrative fee 31

Florida Senate - 2007 5-1374A-07

provided in s. 1002.33(20) for construction, renovation, 1 2 repair, and maintenance of school facilities that are owned by 3 the sponsor. Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 199.133, Florida 4 5 Statutes, is amended to read: б 199.133 Levy of nonrecurring tax.--7 (1) A one-time nonrecurring tax of 2 mills is hereby 8 imposed on each dollar of the just valuation of all notes, 9 bonds, and other obligations for payment of money which are 10 secured by mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien upon real property situated in this state. This tax shall be assessed 11 12 and collected as provided by this chapter. Of the amount collected, an amount equal to 0.75 mills shall be distributed 13 to the Charter Schools Capital Outlay Trust Fund created under 14 <u>s. 1013.625.</u> 15 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007. 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31