Bill No. <u>SB 2744</u>

Barcode 234270

CHAMBER ACTION

1	Senate House
1	Comm: 2/WD
2	04/11/2007 09:53 AM .
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11	The Committee on Education Pre-K - 12 (Wise) recommended the
12	following amendment:
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14	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
15	On page 12, between lines 21 and 22,
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17	insert:
18	Section 3. Subsections (1) and (4) , paragraphs (b) ,
19	(c), (e), and (f) of subsection (6), paragraphs (b) and (c) of
20	subsection (7), paragraph (1) of subsection (9), paragraphs
21	(b) and (c) of subsection (17), and paragraphs (d) and (e) of
22	subsection (18) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are
23	amended to read:
24	1002.33 Charter schools
25	(1) AUTHORIZATIONCharter schools shall be part of
26	the state's program of public education. All charter schools
27	in Florida are public schools. Charter schools are established
28	to provide a flexible, innovative, and accountable public
29	education to students in the state. A charter school may be
30	formed by creating a new school or converting an existing
31	public school to charter status. A public school may not use
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Barcode 234270

the term charter in its name unless it has been approved under this section.

(4) UNLAWFUL REPRISAL. --

(a) No district school board, or district school board employee who has control over personnel actions, shall take unlawful reprisal against another district school board employee because that employee is either directly or indirectly involved with an application to establish a charter school. As used in this subsection, with respect to a district school board or a district school board employee, the term "unlawful reprisal" means an action taken by a district school board or a school system employee against an employee who is directly or indirectly involved in a lawful application to establish a charter school, which occurs as a direct result of that involvement, and which results in one or more of the following: disciplinary or corrective action; adverse transfer or reassignment, whether temporary or permanent; suspension, demotion, or dismissal; an unfavorable performance evaluation; a reduction in pay, benefits, or rewards; elimination of the employee's position absent of a reduction in workforce as a result of lack of moneys or work; or other adverse significant changes in duties or responsibilities that are inconsistent with the employee's salary or employment classification. No sponsor or sponsor's staff shall take unlawful reprisal against a charter school that is operating under a charter with the sponsor. As used in this subsection, with respect to a sponsor or a sponsor's staff, the term "unlawful reprisal" means an action taken by a sponsor or a sponsor's employee that directly or indirectly impacts the operations and funding of the charter school, submission of required reports, or the school's compliance with the charter. The following procedures 4:03 PM 04/09/07 s2744c-ed05-t45

Barcode 234270

shall apply to an alleged unlawful reprisal that occurs as a consequence of an employee's direct or indirect involvement with an application to establish a charter school or a charter school's operation:

- 1. Within 60 days after the date upon which a reprisal prohibited by this subsection is alleged to have occurred, an employee or school may file a complaint with the Department of Education.
- 2. Within 3 working days after receiving a complaint under this section, the Department of Education shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint and provide copies of the complaint and any other relevant preliminary information available to each of the other parties named in the complaint, which parties shall each acknowledge receipt of such copies to the complainant.
- 3. If the Department of Education determines that the complaint demonstrates reasonable cause to suspect that an unlawful reprisal has occurred, the Department of Education shall conduct an investigation to produce a fact-finding report.
- 4. Within 90 days after receiving the complaint, the Department of Education shall provide the district school superintendent of the complainant's district and the complainant with a fact-finding report that may include recommendations to the parties or a proposed resolution of the complaint. The fact-finding report shall be presumed admissible in any subsequent or related administrative or judicial review.
- 5. If the Department of Education determines that reasonable grounds exist to believe that an unlawful reprisal has occurred, is occurring, or is to be taken, and is unable $\frac{3}{4:03 \text{ PM}} = 04/09/07$ \$2744c-ed05-t45

Barcode 234270

to conciliate a complaint within 60 days after receipt of the
fact-finding report, the Department of Education shall
terminate the investigation. Upon termination of any
investigation, the Department of Education shall notify the
complainant and the district school superintendent of the
termination of the investigation, providing a summary of
relevant facts found during the investigation and the reasons
for terminating the investigation. A written statement under
this paragraph is presumed admissible as evidence in any
judicial or administrative proceeding.

6. The Department of Education shall either contract with the Division of Administrative Hearings under s. 120.65, or otherwise provide for a complaint for which the Department of Education determines reasonable grounds exist to believe that an unlawful reprisal has occurred, is occurring, or is to be taken, and is unable to conciliate, to be heard by a panel of impartial persons. Upon hearing the complaint, the panel shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law for a final decision by the Department of Education.

It shall be an affirmative defense to any action brought pursuant to this section that the adverse action was predicated upon grounds other than, and would have been taken absent, the employee's <u>or school's</u> exercise of rights protected by this section.

- (b) In any action brought under this section for which it is determined reasonable grounds exist to believe that an unlawful reprisal against an employee has occurred, is occurring, or is to be taken, the relief shall include the following:
- 1. Reinstatement of the employee to the same position 4 4:03 PM 04/09/07 2744c-ed05-t45

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Barcode 234270

1 held before the unlawful reprisal was commenced, or to an 2 equivalent position, or payment of reasonable front pay as 3 alternative relief.

- 2. Reinstatement of the employee's full fringe benefits and seniority rights, as appropriate.
- 3. Compensation, if appropriate, for lost wages, benefits, or other lost remuneration caused by the unlawful reprisal.
- 4. Payment of reasonable costs, including attorney's fees, to a substantially prevailing employee, or to the prevailing employer if the employee filed a frivolous action in bad faith.
- 5. Issuance of an injunction, if appropriate, by a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - 6. Temporary reinstatement to the employee's former position or to an equivalent position, pending the final outcome of the complaint, if it is determined that the action was not made in bad faith or for a wrongful purpose, and did not occur after a district school board's initiation of a personnel action against the employee that includes documentation of the employee's violation of a disciplinary standard or performance deficiency.
 - (c) In any action brought under this section for which it is determined reasonable grounds exist to believe that an unlawful reprisal against a charter school has occurred, is occurring, or is to be taken, the relief shall include the following:
 - 1. Immediate cease and desist of the sponsor's policies and practices impairing the school's operations.
- 2. Compensation, if appropriate, for lost funding to
 the school caused by the unlawful reprisal.

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Barcode 234270

- 3. Payment of reasonable costs, including attorney's fees, to a substantially prevailing school.
- 4. Issuance of an injunction, if appropriate, by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 5. Issuance of an order granting immediate transfer of the charter to an alternate charter school sponsor willing to accept the transfer of the charter sponsorship duties.
- (6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEW.--Charter school applications are subject to the following requirements:
- (b) A <u>sponsor</u> <u>district school board</u> shall receive and review all applications for a charter school. Beginning with the 2007-2008 school year, a sponsor district school board shall receive and consider charter school applications received on or before August 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be opened at the beginning of the school district's next school year, or to be opened at a time agreed to by the applicant and the sponsor. A charter school is exempt from the requirements of s. 1001.42(4)(f) and shall mutually agree with its sponsor on the school's calendar year district school board. A sponsor district school board may receive applications later than this date if it chooses. A sponsor may not charge an applicant for a charter any fee for the processing or consideration of an application, and a sponsor may not base its consideration or approval of an application upon the promise of future payment of any kind.
- 1. In order to facilitate an accurate budget projection process, a sponsor district school board shall be held harmless for FTE students who are not included in the FTE projection due to approval of charter school applications after the FTE projection deadline. In a further effort to facilitate an accurate budget projection, within 15 calendar 6 \$2744c-ed05-t45

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Barcode 234270

days after receipt of a charter school application, a district school board or other sponsor shall report to the Department of Education the name of the applicant entity, the proposed charter school location, and its projected FTE.

- 2. In order to ensure fiscal responsibility, an application for a charter school shall include a full accounting of expected assets, a projection of expected sources and amounts of income, including income derived from projected student enrollments and from community support, and an expense projection that includes full accounting of the costs of operation, including start-up costs.
- 3. A <u>sponsor</u> <u>district school board</u> shall by a majority vote approve or deny an application no later than 60 calendar days after the application is received, unless the <u>sponsor</u> <u>district school board</u> and the applicant mutually agree in writing to temporarily postpone the vote to a specific date, at which time the <u>sponsor</u> <u>district school board</u> shall by a majority vote approve or deny the application. If the <u>sponsor</u> <u>district school board</u> fails to act on the application, an applicant may appeal to the State Board of Education as provided in paragraph (c). If an application is denied, the <u>sponsor</u> <u>district school board</u> shall, within 10 calendar days, articulate in writing the specific reasons for its denial of the charter application and shall provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department of Education supporting those reasons.
- 4. For budget projection purposes, the district school board or other sponsor shall report to the Department of Education the approval or denial of a charter application within 10 calendar days after such approval or denial. In the event of approval, the report to the Department of Education 7 82744c-ed05-t45

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Barcode 234270

shall include the final projected FTE for the approved charter school.

- 5. Upon approval of a charter application, the initial startup shall commence with the beginning of the public school calendar for the district in which the charter is granted unless the sponsor allows a waiver of this provision for good cause.
- (c) An applicant may appeal any denial of that 8 applicant's application or failure to act on an application to 9 10 the State Board of Education no later than 30 calendar days 11 after receipt of the sponsor's district school board's decision or failure to act and shall notify the sponsor 12 district school board of its appeal. Any response of the 13 sponsor district school board shall be submitted to the State 14 15 Board of Education within 30 calendar days after notification of the appeal. Upon receipt of notification from the State 16 Board of Education that a charter school applicant is filing 17 an appeal, the Commissioner of Education shall convene a 18 19 meeting of the Charter School Appeal Commission to study and make recommendations to the State Board of Education regarding 20 21 its pending decision about the appeal. The commission shall 22 forward its recommendation to the state board no later than 7 calendar days prior to the date on which the appeal is to be 23 24 heard. The State Board of Education shall by majority vote accept or reject the decision of the sponsor district school 25 board no later than 90 calendar days after an appeal is filed 26 in accordance with State Board of Education rule. The Charter 27 28 School Appeal Commission may reject an appeal submission for 29 failure to comply with procedural rules governing the appeals process. The rejection shall describe the submission errors. 30 The appellant may have up to 15 calendar days from notice of 4:03 PM 04/09/07 s2744c-ed05-t45

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Barcode 234270

rejection to resubmit an appeal that meets requirements of State Board of Education rule. An application for appeal submitted subsequent to such rejection shall be considered 3 timely if the original appeal was filed within 30 calendar days after receipt of notice of the specific reasons for the 5 sponsor's district school board's denial of the charter 7 application. The State Board of Education shall remand the application to the sponsor district school board with its 8 written decision that the sponsor district school board 10 approve or deny the application. The sponsor district school 11 board shall implement the decision of the State Board of Education. The decision of the State Board of Education is not 12 subject to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 13 chapter 120. 14

- (e) The <u>sponsor</u> <u>district school board</u> shall act upon the decision of the State Board of Education within 30 calendar days after it is received. The State Board of Education's decision is a final action subject to judicial review in the district court of appeal.
- (f)1. A Charter School Appeal Commission is established to assist the commissioner and the State Board of Education with a fair and impartial review of appeals by applicants whose charter applications have been denied, whose charter contracts have not been renewed, or whose charter contracts have been terminated by their sponsors.
- 2. The Charter School Appeal Commission may receive copies of the appeal documents forwarded to the State Board of Education, review the documents, gather other applicable information regarding the appeal, and make a written recommendation to the commissioner. The recommendation must state whether the appeal should be upheld or denied and 4:03 PM 04/09/07 s2744c-ed05-t45

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include the reasons for the recommendation being offered. The commissioner shall forward the recommendation to the State 2 Board of Education no later than 7 calendar days prior to the 3 date on which the appeal is to be heard. The state board must consider the commission's recommendation in making its 5 decision, but is not bound by the recommendation. The decision 6 7 of the Charter School Appeal Commission is not subject to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 120. 8

- 3. The commissioner shall appoint the members of the Charter School Appeal Commission. Members shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for travel and per diem expenses in conjunction with their service. One-half of the members must represent currently operating charter schools, and one-half of the members must represent sponsors school districts. The commissioner or a named designee shall chair the Charter School Appeal Commission.
- 4. The chair shall convene meetings of the commission and shall ensure that the written recommendations are completed and forwarded in a timely manner. In cases where the commission cannot reach a decision, the chair shall make the written recommendation with justification, noting that the decision was rendered by the chair.
- 5. Commission members shall thoroughly review the materials presented to them from the appellant and the sponsor. The commission may request information to clarify the documentation presented to it. In the course of its review, the commission may facilitate the postponement of an appeal in those cases where additional time and communication may negate the need for a formal appeal and both parties agree, in writing, to postpone the appeal to the State Board of Education. A new date certain for the appeal shall then be set

Barcode 234270

based upon the rules and procedures of the State Board of
Education. Commission members shall provide a written
recommendation to the state board as to whether the appeal
should be upheld or denied. A fact-based justification for the
recommendation must be included. The chair must ensure that
the written recommendation is submitted to the State Board of
Education members no later than 7 calendar days prior to the
date on which the appeal is to be heard. Both parties in the
case shall also be provided a copy of the recommendation.

- (7) CHARTER.--The major issues involving the operation of a charter school shall be considered in advance and written into the charter. The charter shall be signed by the governing body of the charter school and the sponsor, following a public hearing to ensure community input.
- (b)1. A charter may be renewed provided that a program review demonstrates that the criteria in paragraph (a) have been successfully accomplished and that none of the grounds for nonrenewal established by paragraph (8)(a) has been documented. In order to facilitate long-term financing for charter school construction, charter schools operating for a minimum of 2 years and demonstrating exemplary academic programming and fiscal management shall receive are eligible for a 15-year charter renewal. Such long-term charter is subject to annual review and may be terminated during the term of the charter.
- 2. The 15-year charter renewal that may be granted pursuant to subparagraph 1. shall be granted to a charter school that has received a school grade of "A" or "B" pursuant to s. 1008.34 in 3 of the past 4 years and is not in a state of financial emergency or deficit position as defined by this section. Such long-term charter is subject to annual review

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and may be terminated during the term of the charter pursuant to subsection (8).

- or any renewal term upon the recommendation of the sponsor or the charter school governing board and the approval of both parties to the agreement. The terms of the charter, as agreed upon by both parties, shall be in effect for the duration of the contract.
 - (9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS. --
- (1) The governing body of the charter school shall report its progress annually to its sponsor, which shall forward the report to the Commissioner of Education at the same time as other annual school accountability reports. The Department of Education shall develop a uniform, on-line annual accountability report to be completed by charter schools. This report shall be easy to utilize and contain demographic information, student performance data, and financial accountability information. A charter school shall be allowed to directly correct school data and information in the on-line accountability report. The sponsor shall review the report before final submission to the department not be required to provide information and data that is duplicative and already in the possession of the department. The Department of Education shall include in its compilation a notation if a school failed to file its report by the deadline established by the department. The report shall include at least the following components:
- 1. Student achievement performance data, including the information required for the annual school report and the education accountability system governed by ss. 1008.31 and 1008.345. Charter schools are subject to the same 12 $4:03 \ PM \ 04/09/07$ 52744c-ed05-t45

Barcode 234270

accountability requirements as other public schools, including reports of student achievement information that links baseline student data to the school's performance projections identified in the charter. The charter school shall identify reasons for any difference between projected and actual student performance.

- 2. Financial status of the charter school which must include revenues and expenditures at a level of detail that allows for analysis of the ability to meet financial obligations and timely repayment of debt.
- 3. Documentation of the facilities in current use and any planned facilities for use by the charter school for instruction of students, administrative functions, or investment purposes.
- 4. Descriptive information about the charter school's personnel, including salary and benefit levels of charter school employees, the proportion of instructional personnel who hold professional or temporary certificates, and the proportion of instructional personnel teaching in-field or out-of-field.
- (17) FUNDING.--Students enrolled in a charter school, regardless of the sponsorship, shall be funded as if they are in a basic program or a special program, the same as students enrolled in other public schools in the school district.

 Funding for a charter lab school shall be as provided in s. 1002.32.
- (b) The basis for the agreement for funding students enrolled in a charter school shall be the sum of the school district's operating funds from the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations Act, including gross state and local funds, 13
 4:03 PM 04/09/07 \$2744c-ed05-t45

Barcode 234270

discretionary lottery funds, and funds from the school district's current operating discretionary millage levy; divided by total funded weighted full-time equivalent students 3 in the school district; multiplied by the weighted full-time equivalent students for the charter school. Charter schools 5 whose students or programs meet the eligibility criteria in 7 law shall be entitled to their proportionate share of categorical program funds included in the total funds 8 available in the Florida Education Finance Program by the 10 Legislature, including transportation. Total funding for each 11 charter school shall be recalculated during the year to reflect the revised calculations under the Florida Education 12 Finance Program by the state and the actual weighted full-time 13 equivalent students reported by the charter school during the 14 15 full-time equivalent student survey periods designated by the 16 Commissioner of Education. Florida Education Finance Program funds for a charter school shall be distributed monthly to the 17 charter school by the sponsor within 10 days after receipt 18 19 from the state. 20 (c) If the <u>sponsor</u> district school board is providing programs or services to students funded by federal funds, any 21 22 eligible students enrolled in charter schools in the school district shall be provided federal funds for the same level of 23 2.4 service provided students in the schools operated by the district school board. Pursuant to provisions of 20 U.S.C. 25 8061 s. 10306, all charter schools shall receive all federal 26 funding for which the school is otherwise eligible, including, 27 but not limited to, Title I funding, Individuals with 28 29 Disabilities Education Act funding, and all other federal funds, not later than 5 months after the charter school first 30 opens and within 5 months after any subsequent expansion of 4:03 PM 04/09/07 s2744c-ed05-t45

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enrollment.

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(18) FACILITIES.--

from all fees and assessments, including, but not limited to, fees and assessments for building permits except as provided in s. 553.80, building and occupational licenses, fire inspections, and health inspections and impact fees, service availability fees, and assessments for special benefits.

Charter school facilities are exempt from assessments of fees for building permits, except as provided in s. 553.80, fees for building and occupational licenses, and impact fees or service availability fees.

(e) If a district school board facility or property is available because it is surplus, marked for disposal, or otherwise unused, it shall be provided for a charter school's use on the same basis as it is made available to other public schools in the district. When a school district closes a public school, the property and facilities shall first be made available within 60 days, for lease or purchase, to charter schools within the district to be used for educational purposes. A charter school receiving property from the school district may not sell or dispose of such property without written permission of the school district. Similarly, for an existing public school converting to charter status, no rental or leasing fee for the existing facility or for the property normally inventoried to the conversion school may be charged by the district school board to the parents and teachers organizing the charter school. The charter school shall agree to reasonable maintenance provisions in order to maintain the facility in a manner similar to district school board standards. The Public Education Capital Outlay maintenance 4:03 PM 04/09/07 s2744c-ed05-t45

	Barcode 234270
1	funds or any other maintenance funds generated by the facility
2	operated as a conversion school shall remain with the
3	conversion school.
4	Section 4. The Legislature finds that a proper and
5	legitimate state purpose is served when employees and retirees
6	of the state and its political subdivisions, as well as the
7	dependents, survivors, and beneficiaries of such employees and
8	retirees, are extended the basic protections afforded by
9	governmental retirement systems that provide fair and adequate
10	benefits and that are managed, administered, and funded in an
11	actuarially sound manner as required by s. 14, Art. X of the
12	State Constitution and part VII of chapter 112, Florida
13	Statutes. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares
14	that the amendment of s. 121.091, Florida Statutes, by this
15	act fulfills an important state interest.
16	
17	(Redesignate subsequent sections.)
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20	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
21	And the title is amended as follows:
22	On page 1, line 14, after the semicolon,
23	
24	insert:
25	amending s. 1002.33, F.S., relating to charter
26	schools; prohibiting unlawful reprisal against
27	a charter school by the school's sponsor;
28	providing for relief of a charter school;
29	providing duties of a sponsor relating to the
30	charter school application process and review;
31	revising provisions relating to charter school 16
	4:03 PM 04/09/07 s2744c-ed05-t45

Bill No. <u>SB 2744</u>

Barcode 234270

1	renewal terms; providing for monthly
2	distribution of funds to charter schools;
3	revising charter school facility fee
4	exemptions; providing for availability to
5	charter schools of public school property and
6	facilities; providing a declaration of
7	important state interest;
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