Florida Senate - 2007

By Senator Justice

16-1343-07 See HB 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to water supply; creating part VII of ch. 373, F.S., relating to water supply 3 4 policy, planning, production, and funding; 5 providing a declaration of policy; providing б definitions; providing for the powers and 7 duties of water management district governing 8 boards; requiring the Department of 9 Environmental Protection to develop the Florida 10 water supply plan; providing components of the plan; requiring water management district 11 12 governing boards to develop water supply plans 13 for their respective regions; providing components of district water supply plans; 14 providing legislative findings and intent with 15 respect to water resource development and water 16 17 supply development; requiring water management districts to fund and implement water resource 18 development; specifying water supply 19 development projects which are eligible to 20 21 receive priority consideration for state or 22 water management district funding assistance; 23 encouraging cooperation in the development of water supplies; providing for alternative water 2.4 supply development; encouraging municipalities, 25 counties, and special districts to create 26 27 regional water supply authorities; establishing 2.8 the primary roles of the water management 29 district in alternative water supply development; establishing the primary roles of 30 local governments, regional water supply 31

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 2882

SB 2882 See HB

1	authorities, special districts, and publicly
2	owned and privately owned water utilities in
3	alternative water supply development; requiring
4	the water management districts to detail the
5	specific allocations to be used for alternative
б	water supply development in their annual budget
7	submission; requiring that the water management
8	districts include the amount needed to
9	implement the water supply development projects
10	in each annual budget; establishing general
11	funding criteria for funding assistance to the
12	state or water management districts;
13	establishing economic incentives for
14	alternative water supply development; providing
15	a funding formula for the distribution of state
16	funds to the water management districts for
17	alternative water supply development; requiring
18	that funding assistance for alternative water
19	supply development be limited to a percentage
20	of the total capital costs of an approved
21	project; establishing a selection process and
22	criteria; providing for cost recovery from the
23	Public Service Commission; requiring a water
24	management district governing board to conduct
25	water supply planning for each region
26	identified in the district water supply plan;
27	providing procedures and requirements with
28	respect to regional water supply plans;
29	providing for joint development of a specified
30	water supply development component of a
31	regional water supply plan within the

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SB 2882 See HB

1	boundaries of the Southwest Florida Water
2	Management District; providing that approval of
3	a regional water supply plan is not subject to
4	the rulemaking requirements of the
5	Administrative Procedures Act; requiring the
б	department to submit annual reports on the
7	status of regional water supply planning in
8	each district; providing construction with
9	respect to the water supply development
10	component of a regional water supply plan;
11	requiring water management districts to present
12	to certain entities the relevant portions of a
13	regional water supply plan; requiring certain
14	entities to provide written notification to
15	water management districts as to the
16	implementation of water supply project options;
17	requiring water management districts to notify
18	local governments of the need for alternative
19	water supply projects; requiring water
20	management districts to assist local
21	governments in the development and future
22	revision of local government comprehensive plan
23	elements or public facilities reports related
24	to water resource issues; providing for the
25	creation of regional water supply authorities;
26	providing purpose of such authorities;
27	specifying considerations with respect to the
28	creation of a proposed authority; specifying
29	authority of a regional water supply authority;
30	providing authority of specified entities to
31	convey title, dedicate land, or grant land-use

3

SB 2882 See HB

1	rights to a regional water supply authority for
2	specified purposes; providing preferential
3	rights of counties and municipalities to
4	purchase water from regional water supply
5	authorities; providing exemption for specified
б	water supply authorities from consideration of
7	certain factors and submissions; providing
8	applicability of such exemptions; authorizing
9	the West Coast Regional Water Supply Authority
10	and its member governments to reconstitute the
11	authority's governance and rename the authority
12	under a voluntary interlocal agreement;
13	providing compliance requirements with respect
14	to the interlocal agreement; providing for
15	supersession of conflicting general or special
16	laws; providing requirements with respect to
17	annual budgets; specifying the annual millage
18	for the authority; authorizing the authority to
19	request the governing board of the district to
20	levy ad valorem taxes within the boundaries of
21	the authority to finance authority functions;
22	providing requirements and procedures with
23	respect to the collection of such taxes;
24	amending ss. 11.80, 120.52, 163.3167, 163.3177,
25	163.3191, 186.009, 189.404, 189.4155, 189.4156,
26	and 367.021, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
27	amending s. 373.016, F.S., relating to the
28	declaration of policy, to conform; amending s.
29	373.019, relating to definitions, to conform;
30	amending s. 373.036, F.S., relating to the
31	Florida water plan and district water

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SB 2882 See HB

1	management plans, to include the Florida water
2	supply plan and district water supply plans and
3	make other conforming changes; amending s.
4	373.042, F.S.; providing for minimum flow and
5	level provisions for alternative water supply
6	project options; amending ss. 373.0421,
7	373.0695, 373.199, 373.223, 373.2234, 373.229,
8	373.414, 373.421, 373.4592, 373.45926,
9	373.4595, 373.470, 373.536, 373.59, 378.212,
10	378.404, 403.031, 403.813, 403.0891, 403.890,
11	556.102, and 682.02, F.S.; conforming
12	cross-references; renumbering s. 373.71, F.S.,
13	relating to the
14	Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint River Basin
15	Compact, to clarify retention of the section in
16	part VI of ch. 373, F.S.; repealing s.
17	373.0361, F.S., relating to regional water
18	<pre>supply planning; repealing s. 373.0391, F.S.,</pre>
19	relating to technical assistance to local
20	governments; repealing s. 373.0831, F.S.,
21	relating to water resource and water supply
22	development; repealing s. 373.196, F.S.,
23	relating to alternative water supply
24	development; repealing s. 373.1961, F.S.,
25	relating to water production and related powers
26	and duties of water management districts;
27	repealing s. 373.1962, F.S., relating to
28	regional water supply authorities; repealing s.
29	373.1963, F.S., relating to assistance to the
30	West Coast Regional Water Supply Authority;
31	providing an effective date.

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1	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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3	Section 1. Part VII of chapter 373, Florida Statutes,
4	consisting of sections 373.701, 373.703, 373.705, 373.707,
5	373.709, 373.711, 373.713, 373.715, 373.717, and 373.719, is
6	created to read:
7	PART VII
8	WATER SUPPLY POLICY, PLANNING, PRODUCTION, AND FUNDING
9	373.701 Declaration of policyIt is declared to be
10	the policy of the Legislature that:
11	(1) Water constitutes a public resource benefiting the
12	entire state, and therefore water supply planning in the state
13	should be conducted on a state and regional basis.
14	(2) The availability of sufficient water for all
15	existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses and natural
16	systems shall be promoted.
17	(3) In order to protect the state's water resources
18	and to meet the current and future needs of those areas with
19	abundant water, the Legislature directs the Department of
20	Environmental Protection and the water management districts to
21	encourage the use of water from sources nearest the area of
22	use or application whenever practicable. Such sources shall
23	include all naturally occurring water sources and all
24	alternative water sources, including, but not limited to,
25	desalination, conservation, reuse of nonpotable reclaimed
26	water and stormwater, and aquifer storage and recovery.
27	(4) In establishing the policy outlined in subsection
28	(3), the Legislature realizes that, under certain
29	circumstances, the need to transport water from distant
30	sources may be necessary for environmental, technical, or
31	economic reasons.

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1	(5) Cooperative efforts between municipalities,
2	counties, water management districts, and the department are
3	mandatory in order to meet the water needs of rapidly
4	urbanizing areas in a manner which will supply adequate and
5	dependable supplies of water where needed without resulting in
б	adverse effects upon the areas from which such water is
7	withdrawn. Such efforts should utilize all practical means of
8	obtaining water, including, but not limited to, withdrawals of
9	surface water and groundwater, the recycling of waste water,
10	and desalination and will necessitate not only cooperation but
11	also well-coordinated activities.
12	(6) Municipalities and counties are encouraged to
13	create regional water supply authorities and
14	multijurisdictional water supply entities as authorized
15	herein.
16	(7) Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the
17	various municipalities and counties from continuing to operate
18	existing water production and transmission facilities or to
19	enter into cooperative agreements with other municipalities
20	and counties for the purpose of meeting their respective needs
21	for dependable and adequate supplies of water, provided the
22	obtaining of water through such operations shall not be done
23	in a manner which results in adverse effects upon the areas
24	from which such water is withdrawn.
25	373.703 DefinitionsAs used in this part or in any
26	rule, regulation, or order adopted pursuant to this part, the
27	following terms shall, unless the context clearly indicates
28	<u>otherwise, mean:</u>
29	(1) "Alternative water supplies" means salt water;
30	brackish surface and groundwater; surface water captured
31	predominately during wet-weather flows; sources made available

1 through the addition of new storage capacity for surface or 2 groundwater, water that has been reclaimed after one or more public supply, municipal, industrial, commercial, or 3 4 agricultural uses; the downstream augmentation of water bodies 5 with reclaimed water; stormwater; and any other water supply 6 source that is designated as nontraditional for a water supply 7 planning region in the applicable regional water supply plan. 8 (2) "Capital costs" means planning, design, engineering, and project construction costs. 9 10 (3) "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection. 11 12 (4) "District water supply plan" means the regional plan developed by a governing board under s. 373.707. 13 (5) "Florida water supply plan" means the state-level 14 plan developed by the department under s. 373.707. 15 (6) "Governing board" means the governing board of a 16 17 water management district. 18 (7) "Multijurisdictional water supply entity" means two or more water utilities or local governments that have 19 20 organized into a larger entity, or entered into an interlocal 21 agreement or contract, for the purpose of more efficiently 2.2 pursuing water supply development or alternative water supply 23 development projects listed pursuant to a regional water 2.4 supply plan. (8) "Regional water supply plan" means a detailed 25 water supply plan developed by a governing board under s. 26 27 373.713. 2.8 (9) "Water management district" means any flood control, resource management, or water management district 29 30 operating under the authority of this chapter. 31

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1	(10) "Water resource development" means the
2	formulation and implementation of regional water resource
3	management strategies, including the collection and evaluation
4	of surface water and groundwater data; structural and
5	nonstructural programs to protect and manage water resources;
6	the development of regional water resource implementation
7	programs; the construction, operation, and maintenance of
8	major public works facilities to provide for surface and
9	underground water storage and groundwater recharge
10	augmentation; and related technical assistance to local
11	governments and to government-owned and privately owned water
12	utilities.
13	(11) "Water supply development" means the planning,
14	design, construction, operation, and maintenance of public or
15	private facilities for water collection, production,
16	treatment, transmission, or distribution for sale, resale, or
17	end use.
18	373.705 Powers and dutiesIn the performance of, and
19	in conjunction with, its other powers and duties, the
20	governing board of a water management district existing
21	pursuant to this chapter:
22	(1) Shall engage in planning to assist counties,
23	municipalities, special districts, publicly owned and
24	privately owned water utilities, multijurisdictional water
25	supply entities, or regional water supply authorities in
26	meeting water supply needs in such manner as will give
27	priority to encouraging conservation and reducing adverse
28	environmental effects of improper or excessive withdrawals of
29	water from concentrated areas. As used in this section and s.
30	373.711, regional water supply authorities are regional water
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1 authorities created under s. 373.717 or other laws of this 2 state. 3 (2) Shall assist counties, municipalities, special 4 districts, publicly owned or privately owned water utilities, 5 multijurisdictional water supply entities, or regional water 6 supply authorities in meeting water supply needs in such 7 manner as will give priority to encouraging conservation and 8 reducing adverse environmental effects of improper or excessive withdrawals of water from concentrated areas. 9 10 (3) May establish, design, construct, operate, and maintain water production and transmission facilities for the 11 12 purpose of supplying water to counties, municipalities, 13 special districts, publicly owned and privately owned water utilities, multijurisdictional water supply entities, or 14 regional water supply authorities. The permit required by part 15 II of this chapter for a water management district engaged in 16 17 water production and transmission shall be granted, denied, or 18 granted with conditions by the department. (4) Shall not engage in local water supply 19 distribution. 20 21 (5) Shall not deprive, directly or indirectly, any 2.2 county wherein water is withdrawn of the prior right to the 23 reasonable and beneficial use of water which is required to supply adequately the reasonable and beneficial needs of the 2.4 county or any of the inhabitants or property owners therein. 25 (6) May provide water and financial assistance to 26 27 regional water supply authorities, but may not provide water 2.8 to counties and municipalities which are located within the area of such authority without the specific approval of the 29 authority or, in the event of the authority's disapproval, the 30 approval of the Governor and Cabinet sitting as the Land and 31

1	Water Adjudicatory Commission. The district may supply water
2	at rates and upon terms mutually agreed to by the parties or,
3	if they do not agree, as set by the governing board and
4	specifically approved by the Governor and Cabinet sitting as
5	the Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission.
6	(7) May acquire title to such interest as is necessary
7	in real property, by purchase, gift, devise, lease, eminent
8	domain, or otherwise, for water production and transmission
9	consistent with this section and s. 373.711. However, the
10	district shall not use any of the eminent domain powers herein
11	granted to acquire water and water rights already devoted to
12	reasonable and beneficial use or any water production or
13	transmission facilities owned by any county, municipality, or
14	regional water supply authority. The district may exercise
15	eminent domain powers outside of its district boundaries for
16	the acquisition of pumpage facilities, storage areas,
17	transmission facilities, and the normal appurtenances thereto,
18	provided that at least 45 days prior to the exercise of
19	eminent domain, the district notifies the district where the
20	property is located after public notice and the district where
21	the property is located does not object within 45 days after
22	notification of such exercise of eminent domain authority.
23	(8) In addition to the power to issue revenue bonds
24	pursuant to s. 373.584, may issue revenue bonds for the
25	purposes of paying the costs and expenses incurred in carrying
26	out the purposes of this chapter or refunding obligations of
27	the district issued pursuant to this section. Such revenue
28	bonds shall be secured by, and be payable from, revenues
29	derived from the operation, lease, or use of its water
30	production and transmission facilities and other water-related
31	facilities and from the sale of water or services relating

1 thereto. Such revenue bonds may not be secured by, or be payable from, moneys derived by the district from the Water 2 Management Lands Trust Fund or from ad valorem taxes received 3 4 by the district. All provisions of s. 373.584 relating to the issuance of revenue bonds which are not inconsistent with this 5 6 section shall apply to the issuance of revenue bonds pursuant 7 to this section. The district may also issue bond anticipation 8 notes in accordance with the provisions of s. 373.584. 9 (9) May join with one or more other water management 10 districts, counties, municipalities, special districts, publicly owned or privately owned water utilities, 11 12 multijurisdictional water supply entities, or regional water 13 supply authorities for the purpose of carrying out any of its powers, and may contract with such other entities to finance 14 acquisitions, construction, operation, and maintenance. The 15 contract may provide for contributions to be made by each 16 17 party thereto, for the division and apportionment of the 18 expenses of acquisitions, construction, operation, and maintenance, and for the division and apportionment of the 19 benefits, services, and products therefrom. The contracts may 2.0 21 contain other covenants and agreements necessary and 2.2 appropriate to accomplish their purposes. 23 373.707 Florida water supply plan; district water 2.4 supply plans. --(1) In cooperation with the water management 25 districts, regional water supply authorities, and others, the 26 27 department shall develop the Florida water supply plan. The 2.8 Florida water supply plan shall include, but not be limited 29 to: 30 (a) The programs and activities of the department related to water supply. 31

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1	(b) The district water supply plans.
2	(c) Goals, objectives, and quidance for the
3	development and review of programs, rules, and plans relating
4	to water supply based on statutory policies and directives.
5	(2)(a) Each governing board shall develop a district
б	water supply plan for its region. The district water supply
7	plan shall be based on at least a 20-year planning period,
8	shall be developed and revised in cooperation with other
9	agencies, regional water supply authorities, units of
10	government, and interested parties and shall be updated at
11	least once every 5 years. The governing board shall hold a
12	public hearing at least 30 days in advance of completing the
13	development or revision of the district water supply plan.
14	(b) The district water supply plan shall include, but
15	not be limited to:
16	1. The scientific methodologies for establishing
17	minimum flows and levels under s. 373.042 and all established
18	minimum flows and levels.
19	2. Identification of one or more water supply planning
20	regions that singly or together encompass the entire district.
21	3. Technical data and information prepared under s.
22	<u>373.715.</u>
23	4. A districtwide water supply assessment which
24	determines for each water supply planning region:
25	a. Existing legal uses, reasonably anticipated future
26	needs, and existing and reasonably anticipated sources of
27	water and conservation efforts.
28	b. Whether existing and reasonably anticipated sources
29	of water and conservation efforts are adequate to supply water
30	for all existing legal uses and reasonably anticipated future
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1	needs and to sustain the water resources and related natural
2	systems.
3	5. Any completed regional water supply plans prepared
4	pursuant to s. 373.713.
5	(c) If necessary for implementation, the governing
6	board shall adopt by rule or order relevant portions of the
7	district water supply plan to the extent of its statutory
8	authority.
9	(d) In the formulation of the district water supply
10	plan, the governing board shall give due consideration to:
11	1. The attainment of maximum reasonable-beneficial use
12	of water resources.
13	2. The maximum economic development of the water
14	resources consistent with other uses.
15	3. The management of water resources for such purposes
16	as environmental protection, drainage, flood control, and
17	water storage.
18	4. The quantity of water available for application to
19	<u>a reasonable-beneficial use.</u>
20	5. The prevention of wasteful, uneconomical,
21	impractical, or unreasonable uses of water resources.
22	6. Presently exercised domestic use and permit rights.
23	7. The state water resources policy as expressed by
24	this chapter.
25	(3) The department and governing board shall give
26	careful consideration to the requirements of public recreation
27	and to the protection and propagation of fish and wildlife.
28	The department or governing board may prohibit or restrict
29	other future uses on certain designated bodies of water which
30	may be inconsistent with these objectives.
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1	(4) The governing board may designate certain uses in
2	connection with a particular source of supply which, because
3	of the nature of the activity or the amount of water required,
4	would constitute an undesirable use for which the governing
5	board may deny a permit.
6	(5) The governing board may designate certain uses in
7	connection with a particular source of supply which, because
8	of the nature of the activity or the amount of water required,
9	would result in an enhancement or improvement of the water
10	resources of the area. Such uses shall be preferred over other
11	uses in the event of competing applications under the
12	permitting systems authorized by this chapter.
13	(6) The department, in cooperation with the Executive
14	Office of the Governor, or its successor agency may add to the
15	Florida water supply plan any other information, directions,
16	or objectives it deems necessary or desirable for the quidance
17	of the governing boards or other agencies in the
18	administration and enforcement of this chapter.
19	373.709 Water resource development; water supply
20	development
21	(1) The Legislature finds that:
22	(a) The proper role of the water management districts
23	in water supply is primarily planning and water resource
24	development, but this does not preclude them from providing
25	assistance with water supply development.
26	(b) The proper role of local government, regional
27	water supply authorities, and government-owned and privately
28	owned water utilities in water supply is primarily water
29	supply development, but this does not preclude them from
30	providing assistance with water resource development.
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1	(c) Water resource development and water supply
2	development must receive priority attention, where needed, to
3	increase the availability of sufficient water for all existing
4	and future reasonable-beneficial uses and natural systems.
5	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
6	(a) Sufficient water be available for all existing and
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	future reasonable-beneficial uses and the natural systems and
8	that the adverse effects of competition for water supplies be
9	avoided.
10	(b) Water management districts take the lead in
11	identifying and implementing water resource development
12	projects and are responsible for securing necessary funding
13	for regionally significant water resource development
14	projects.
15	(c) Local governments, regional water supply
16	authorities, and government-owned and privately owned water
17	utilities take the lead in securing funds for and implementing
18	water supply development projects. Generally, direct
19	beneficiaries of water supply development projects should pay
20	the costs of the projects from which they benefit, and water
21	supply development projects should continue to be paid for
22	through local funding sources.
23	(d) Water supply development be conducted in
24	coordination with water management district regional water
25	supply planning and water resource development.
26	(3) The water management districts shall fund and
27	implement water resource development as defined in s. 373.703.
28	The water management districts are encouraged to implement
29	their responsibility for water resource development and to
30	assist in water supply development as expeditiously as
31	possible in areas subject to regional water supply plans.
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1	(4) Each governing board shall include in its annual
2	budget an amount to be made available for the fiscal year to
3	assist in implementing alternative water supply development
4	projects listed pursuant to s. 373.713(2)(a)2.
5	(5)(a) Water supply development projects which are
6	included in the relevant regional water supply plans and which
7	meet one or more of the following criteria shall receive
8	priority consideration for state or water management district
9	funding assistance:
10	1. The project supports establishment of a dependable,
11	sustainable supply of water from alternative water supplies;
12	2. The project provides substantial environmental
13	benefits by preventing or limiting adverse water resource
14	impacts but requires funding assistance to be economically
15	competitive with other options;
16	3. The project significantly implements the reuse,
17	storage, recharge, or conservation of water in a manner that
18	contributes to the sustainability of regional water sources;
19	or
20	4. The project significantly contributes to a recovery
21	plan pursuant to s. 373.0421 for a minimum flow or level
22	established by a governing board.
23	(b) Water supply development projects which meet the
24	criteria in paragraph (a) and also bring about replacement of
25	existing sources in order to help implement a minimum flow or
26	level shall be given first consideration for state or water
27	management district funding assistance.
28	373.711 Alternative water supply development
29	(1) The purpose of this section is to encourage
30	cooperation in the development of water supplies and to
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1 provide for alternative water supply development. Accordingly, 2 the Legislature finds that: (a) Demands on natural supplies of fresh water to meet 3 4 the needs of a rapidly growing population and the needs of the 5 environment, agriculture, industry, and mining will continue 6 to increase. 7 (b) There is a need for the development of alternative 8 water supplies for Florida to sustain its economic growth, economic viability, and natural resources. 9 10 (c) Alternative water supply development must receive priority funding attention to increase the available supplies 11 12 of water to meet all existing and future reasonable-beneficial 13 uses and to benefit the natural systems. (d) Cooperation between counties, municipalities, 14 regional water supply authorities, multijurisdictional water 15 supply entities, special districts, and publicly owned and 16 17 privately owned water utilities in the development of 18 countywide and multicountywide alternative water supply projects will allow for necessary economies of scale and 19 efficiencies to be achieved in order to accelerate the 2.0 21 development of new, dependable, and sustainable alternative 2.2 water supplies. 23 (e) It is in the public interest that county, municipal, industrial, agricultural, and other public and 2.4 private water users, the Department of Environmental 25 Protection, and the water management districts cooperate and 26 27 work together in the development of alternative water supplies 2.8 to avoid the adverse effects of competition for limited supplies of water. Public moneys or services provided to 29 private entities for alternative water supply development may 30 31

1	constitute public purposes that also are in the public
2	interest.
3	(2) The Legislature also finds with regard to the
4	development of alternative water supplies that:
5	(a) Sufficient water must be available for all
б	existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses and the natural
7	systems, and the adverse effects of competition for water
8	supplies must be avoided.
9	(b) Alternative water supply development must be
10	conducted in coordination with water management district
11	regional water supply planning.
12	(c) Funding for the development of alternative water
13	supplies shall be a shared responsibility of water suppliers
14	and users, the State of Florida, and the water management
15	districts, with water suppliers and users having the primary
16	responsibility and the State of Florida and the water
17	management districts being responsible for providing funding
18	assistance.
19	(3) The primary roles of the water management
20	districts in water resource development as it relates to
21	supporting alternative water supply development are:
22	(a) The formulation and implementation of regional
23	water resource management strategies that support alternative
24	water supply development;
25	(b) The collection and evaluation of surface water and
26	groundwater data to be used for a planning level assessment of
27	the feasibility of alternative water supply development
28	projects;
29	(c) The construction, operation, and maintenance of
30	major public works facilities for flood control, surface and
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1	underground water storage, and groundwater recharge
2	augmentation to support alternative water supply development;
3	(d) Planning for alternative water supply development
4	as provided in regional water supply plans in coordination
5	with local governments, regional water supply authorities,
б	multijurisdictional water supply entities, special districts,
7	and publicly owned and privately owned water utilities and
8	<u>self-suppliers;</u>
9	(e) The formulation and implementation of structural
10	and nonstructural programs to protect and manage water
11	resources in support of alternative water supply projects; and
12	(f) The provision of technical and financial
13	assistance to local governments and publicly owned and
14	privately owned water utilities for alternative water supply
15	projects.
16	(4) The primary roles of local government, regional
17	water supply authorities, multijurisdictional water supply
18	entities, special districts, and publicly owned and privately
19	owned water utilities in alternative water supply development
20	shall be:
21	(a) The planning, design, construction, operation, and
22	maintenance of alternative water supply development projects;
23	(b) The formulation and implementation of alternative
24	water supply development strategies and programs;
25	(c) The planning, design, construction, operation, and
26	maintenance of facilities to collect, divert, produce, treat,
27	transmit, and distribute water for sale, resale, or end use;
28	and
29	(d) The coordination of alternative water supply
30	development activities with the appropriate water management
31	district having jurisdiction over the activity.

1	(5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
2	preclude the various special districts, municipalities, and
3	counties from continuing to operate existing water production
4	and transmission facilities or to enter into cooperative
5	agreements with other special districts, municipalities, and
б	counties for the purpose of meeting their respective needs for
7	dependable and adequate supplies of water; however, the
8	obtaining of water through such operations shall not be done
9	in a manner that results in adverse effects upon the areas
10	from which such water is withdrawn.
11	(6)(a) The statewide funds provided pursuant to the
12	<u>Water Protection and Sustainability Program serve to</u>
13	supplement existing water management district or basin board
14	funding for alternative water supply development assistance
15	and should not result in a reduction of such funding.
16	Therefore, the water management districts shall include in the
17	annual tentative and adopted budget submittals required under
18	this chapter the amount of funds allocated for water resource
19	development that supports alternative water supply development
20	and the funds allocated for alternative water supply projects
21	selected for inclusion in the Water Protection and
22	Sustainability Program. It shall be the goal of each water
23	management district and basin boards that the combined funds
24	allocated annually for these purposes be, at a minimum, the
25	equivalent of 100 percent of the state funding provided to the
26	water management district for alternative water supply
27	development. If this goal is not achieved, the water
28	management district shall provide in the budget submittal an
29	explanation of the reasons or constraints that prevent this
30	goal from being met, an explanation of how the goal will be
31	met in future years, and affirmation of match is required

1 during the budget review process as established under s. 2 373.536(5). The Suwannee River Water Management District and the Northwest Florida Water Management District shall not be 3 4 required to meet the match requirements of this paragraph; however, they shall try to achieve the match requirement to 5 6 the greatest extent practicable. 7 (b) State funds from the Water Protection and 8 Sustainability Program created in s. 403.890 shall be made 9 available for financial assistance for the project 10 construction costs of alternative water supply development projects selected by a water management district governing 11 12 board for inclusion in the program. 13 (7) The water management district shall implement its responsibilities as expeditiously as possible in areas subject 14 to regional water supply plans. Each district's governing 15 16 board shall include in its annual budget the amount needed for 17 the fiscal year to assist in implementing alternative water 18 supply development projects. 19 (8)(a) The water management districts and the state 20 shall share a percentage of revenues with water providers and 21 users, including local governments, water, wastewater, and reuse utilities, municipal, special district, industrial, and 2.2 23 agricultural water users, and other public and private water users, to be used to supplement other funding sources in the 2.4 development of alternative water supplies. 25 (b) Beginning in fiscal year 2007-2008, the state 26 27 shall annually provide a portion of those revenues deposited 2.8 into the Water Protection and Sustainability Trust Fund for the purpose of providing funding assistance for the 29 development of alternative water supplies pursuant to the 30 Water Protection and Sustainability Program. At the beginning 31

1 of each fiscal year, beginning with fiscal year 2007-2008, 2 such revenues shall be distributed by the department into the alternative water supply trust fund accounts created by each 3 4 district for the purpose of alternative water supply development under the following funding formula: 5 б 1. Thirty percent to the South Florida Water 7 Management District; 8 2. Twenty-five percent to the Southwest Florida Water Management District; 9 10 3. Twenty-five percent to the St. Johns River Water Management District; 11 12 Ten percent to the Suwannee River Water Management 4. 13 District; and 5. Ten percent to the Northwest Florida Water 14 Management District. 15 (c) The financial assistance for alternative water 16 17 supply projects allocated in each district's budget as 18 required in s. 373.711(6) shall be combined with the state funds and used to assist in funding the project construction 19 20 costs of alternative water supply projects selected by the 21 governing board. If the district has not completed any regional water supply plan, or the regional water supply plan 2.2 23 does not identify the need for any alternative water supply projects, funds deposited in that district's trust fund may be 2.4 used for water resource development projects, including, but 25 not limited to, springs protection. 26 27 (d) All projects submitted to the governing board for 2.8 consideration shall reflect the total capital cost for implementation. The costs shall be segregated pursuant to the 29 30 categories described in the definition of capital costs. 31

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1	(e) Applicants for projects that may receive funding
2	assistance pursuant to the Water Protection and Sustainability
3	Program shall, at a minimum, be required to pay 60 percent of
4	the project's construction costs. The water management
5	districts may, at their discretion, totally or partially waive
6	this requirement for projects sponsored by financially
7	disadvantaged small local governments as defined in s.
8	403.885(5). The water management districts or basin boards
9	may, at their discretion, use ad valorem or federal revenues
10	to assist a project applicant in meeting the requirements of
11	this paragraph.
12	(f) The governing boards shall determine those
13	projects that will be selected for financial assistance. The
14	governing boards may establish factors to determine project
15	funding; however, significant weight shall be given to the
16	following factors:
17	1. Whether the project provides substantial
18	environmental benefits by preventing or limiting adverse water
19	resource impacts.
20	2. Whether the project reduces competition for water
21	supplies.
22	3. Whether the project brings about replacement of
23	traditional sources in order to help implement a minimum flow
24	<u>or level or a reservation.</u>
25	4. Whether the project will be implemented by a
26	consumptive use permittee that has achieved the targets
27	contained in a goal-based water conservation program approved
28	pursuant to s. 373.227.
29	5. The quantity of water supplied by the project as
30	compared to its cost.
31	

1	6. Projects in which the construction and delivery to
2	<u>end users of reuse water is a major component.</u>
3	7. Whether the project will be implemented by a
4	multijurisdictional water supply entity or regional water
5	supply authority.
6	(q) Additional factors to be considered in determining
7	project funding shall include:
8	1. Whether the project is part of a plan to implement
9	two or more alternative water supply projects, all of which
10	will be operated to produce water at a uniform rate for the
11	participants in a multijurisdictional water supply entity or
12	regional water supply authority.
13	2. The percentage of project costs to be funded by the
14	water supplier or water user.
15	3. Whether the project proposal includes sufficient
16	preliminary planning and engineering to demonstrate that the
17	project can reasonably be implemented within the timeframes
18	provided in the regional water supply plan.
19	4. Whether the project is a subsequent phase of an
20	alternative water supply project that is underway.
21	5. Whether and in what percentage a local government
22	or local government utility is transferring water supply
23	system revenues to the local government general fund in excess
24	of reimbursements for services received from the general fund,
25	including direct and indirect costs and legitimate payments in
26	lieu of taxes.
27	(h) After conducting one or more meetings to solicit
28	public input on eligible projects including input from those
29	entities identified pursuant to s. 373.713(2)(a)3.d. for
30	implementation of alternative water supply projects, the
31	governing board of each water management district shall select

1	projects for funding assistance based upon the criteria set
2	forth in paragraphs (f) and (g). The governing board may
3	<u>select a project identified or listed as an alternative water</u>
4	supply development project in the regional water supply plan,
5	or allocate up to 20 percent of the funding for alternative
6	water supply projects that are not identified or listed in the
7	regional water supply plan but are consistent with the goals
8	of the plan.
9	(i) Without diminishing amounts available through
10	other means described in this paragraph, the governing boards
11	are encouraged to consider establishing revolving loan funds
12	to expand the total funds available to accomplish the
13	objectives of this section. A revolving loan fund created
14	under this paragraph must be a nonlapsing fund from which the
15	water management district may make loans with interest rates
16	below prevailing market rates to public or private entities
17	for the purposes described in this section. The governing
18	board may adopt resolutions to establish revolving loan funds
19	which must specify the details of the administration of the
20	fund, the procedures for applying for loans from the fund, the
21	criteria for awarding loans from the fund, the initial
22	capitalization of the fund, and the goals for future
23	capitalization of the fund in subsequent budget years.
24	<u>Revolving loan funds created under this paragraph must be used</u>
25	to expand the total sums and sources of cooperative funding
26	available for the development of alternative water supplies.
27	The Legislature does not intend for the creation of revolving
28	loan funds to supplant or otherwise reduce existing sources or
29	amounts of funds currently available through other means.
30	(j) For each utility that receives financial
31	assistance from the state or a water management district for
	26

1 an alternative water supply project, the water management 2 district shall require the appropriate rate-setting authority to develop rate structures for water customers in the service 3 4 area of the funded utility that will: 5 1. Promote the conservation of water; and б 2. Promote the use of water from alternative water 7 <u>supplies.</u> 8 (k) The governing boards shall establish a process for the disbursal of revenues pursuant to this subsection. 9 10 (1) All revenues made available pursuant to this subsection must be encumbered annually by the governing board 11 12 when it approves projects sufficient to expend the available 13 revenues. (m) This subsection is not subject to the rulemaking 14 requirements of chapter 120. 15 16 (n) By March 1 of each year, as part of the 17 consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(5), each 18 water management district shall submit a report on the disbursal of all budgeted amounts pursuant to this section. 19 Such report shall describe all alternative water supply 20 21 projects funded as well as the quantity of new water to be 2.2 created as a result of such projects and shall account 23 separately for any other moneys provided through grants, matching grants, revolving loans, and the use of district 2.4 lands or facilities to implement regional water supply plans. 25 (o) The Florida Public Service Commission shall allow 26 27 entities under its jurisdiction constructing or participating 2.8 in constructing facilities that provide alternative water supplies to recover their full, prudently incurred cost of 29 constructing such facilities through their rate structure. If 30 construction of a facility or participation in construction is 31

1	pursuant to or in furtherance of a regional water supply plan,
2	the cost shall be deemed to be prudently incurred. Every
3	component of an alternative water supply facility constructed
4	by an investor-owned utility shall be recovered in current
5	rates. Any state or water management district cost-share is
б	not subject to the recovery provisions allowed in this
7	paragraph.
8	(9) Funding assistance provided by the water
9	management districts for a water reuse system may include the
10	following conditions for that project if a water management
11	district determines that such conditions will encourage water
12	use efficiency:
13	(a) Metering of reclaimed water use for residential
14	irrigation, agricultural irrigation, industrial uses, except
15	for electric utilities as defined in s. 366.02(2), landscape
16	irrigation, golf course irrigation, irrigation of other public
17	access areas, commercial and institutional uses such as toilet
18	flushing, and transfers to other reclaimed water utilities;
19	(b) Implementation of reclaimed water rate structures
20	based on actual use of reclaimed water for the reuse
21	<u>activities listed in paragraph (a);</u>
22	(c) Implementation of education programs to inform the
23	public about water issues, water conservation, and the
24	importance and proper use of reclaimed water; or
25	(d) Development of location data for key reuse
26	facilities.
27	373.713 Regional water supply planning
28	(1) The governing board of each water management
29	district shall conduct water supply planning for any water
30	supply planning region within the district identified in the
31	appropriate district water supply plan under s.373.707, where
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1	it determines that existing sources of water are not adequate
2	to supply water for all existing and future
3	reasonable-beneficial uses and to sustain the water resources
4	and related natural systems for the planning period. The
5	planning must be conducted in an open public process, in
б	coordination and cooperation with local governments, regional
7	water supply authorities, government-owned and privately owned
8	water utilities, multijurisdictional water supply entities,
9	self-suppliers, and other affected and interested parties. The
10	districts shall actively engage in public education and
11	outreach to all affected local entities and their officials,
12	as well as members of the public, in the planning process and
13	in seeking input. During preparation, but prior to completion
14	of the regional water supply plan, the district must conduct
15	at least one public workshop to discuss the technical data and
16	modeling tools anticipated to be used to support the regional
17	water supply plan. The district shall also hold several public
18	meetings to communicate the status, overall conceptual intent,
19	and impacts of the plan on existing and future
20	reasonable-beneficial uses and related natural systems. During
21	the planning process, a local government may choose to prepare
22	its own water supply assessment to determine if existing water
23	sources are adequate to meet existing and projected
24	reasonable-beneficial needs of the local government while
25	sustaining water resources and related natural systems. The
26	local government shall submit such assessment, including the
27	data and methodology used, to the district. The district shall
28	consider the local government's assessment during the
29	formation of the plan. A determination by the governing board
30	that initiation of a regional water supply plan for a specific
31	planning region is not needed pursuant to this section shall

1 be subject to s. 120.569. The governing board shall reevaluate 2 such a determination at least once every 5 years and shall initiate a regional water supply plan, if needed, pursuant to 3 4 this subsection. 5 (2) Each regional water supply plan shall be based on б at least a 20-year planning period and shall include, but need 7 not be limited to: 8 (a) A water supply development component for each water supply planning region identified by the district which 9 10 includes: 1. A quantification of the water supply needs for all 11 12 existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses within the 13 planning horizon. The level-of-certainty planning goal associated with identifying the water supply needs of existing 14 and future reasonable-beneficial uses shall be based upon 15 meeting those needs for a 1-in-10-year drought event. 16 17 Population projections used for determining public water 18 supply needs must be based upon the best available data. In 19 determining the best available data, the district shall consider the University of Florida's Bureau of Economic and 20 21 Business Research (BEBR) medium population projections and any 2.2 population projection data and analysis submitted by a local 23 government pursuant to the public workshop described in subsection (1) if the data and analysis support the local 2.4 government's comprehensive plan. Any adjustment of or 25 deviation from the BEBR projections must be fully described, 26 27 and the original BEBR data must be presented along with the 2.8 adjusted data. A list of water supply development project options, 29 2. 30 including traditional and alternative water supply project options, from which local government, government-owned and 31

1	privately owned utilities, regional water supply authorities,
2	multijurisdictional water supply entities, self-suppliers, and
3	others may choose for water supply development. In addition to
4	projects listed by the district, such users may propose
5	specific projects for inclusion in the list of alternative
6	water supply projects. If such users propose a project to be
7	listed as an alternative water supply project, the district
8	shall determine whether it meets the goals of the plan, and,
9	if so, it shall be included in the list. The total capacity of
10	the projects included in the plan shall exceed the needs
11	identified in subparagraph 1. and shall take into account
12	water conservation and other demand management measures, as
13	well as water resources constraints, including adopted minimum
14	flows and levels and water reservations. Where the district
15	determines it is appropriate, the plan should specifically
16	identify the need for multijurisdictional approaches to
17	project options that, based on planning level analysis, are
18	appropriate to supply the intended uses and that, based on
19	such analysis, appear to be permittable and financially and
20	technically feasible. The list of water supply development
21	options must contain provisions that recognize that
22	alternative water supply options for agricultural
23	self-suppliers are limited.
24	3. For each project option identified in subparagraph
25	2., the following shall be provided:
26	a. An estimate of the amount of water to become
27	available through the project.
28	b. The timeframe in which the project option should be
29	implemented and the estimated planning-level costs for capital
30	investment and operating and maintaining the project.

1	c. An analysis of funding needs and sources of
2	possible funding options. For alternative water supply
3	projects the water management districts shall provide funding
4	assistance in accordance with s. 373.711(8).
5	d. Identification of the entity that should implement
б	each project option and the current status of project
7	implementation.
8	(b) A water resource development component that
9	<u>includes:</u>
10	1. A listing of those water resource development
11	projects that support water supply development.
12	2. For each water resource development project listed:
13	a. An estimate of the amount of water to become
14	available through the project.
15	b. The timeframe in which the project option should be
16	implemented and the estimated planning-level costs for capital
17	investment and for operating and maintaining the project.
18	c. An analysis of funding needs and sources of
19	possible funding options.
20	d. Identification of the entity that should implement
21	each project option and the current status of project
22	implementation.
23	(c) The recovery and prevention strategy described in
24	<u>s. 373.0421(2).</u>
25	(d) A funding strategy for water resource development
26	projects, which shall be reasonable and sufficient to pay the
27	cost of constructing or implementing all of the listed
28	projects.
29	(e) Consideration of how the project options addressed
30	in paragraph (a) serve the public interest or save costs
31	overall by preventing the loss of natural resources or
	2.2

1 avoiding greater future expenditures for water resource 2 development or water supply development. However, unless adopted by rule, these considerations do not constitute final 3 4 agency action. 5 (f) The technical data and information applicable to 6 each planning region which are necessary to support the 7 regional water supply plan. (g) The minimum flows and levels established for water 8 resources within each planning region. 9 10 (h) Reservations of water adopted by rule pursuant to s. 373.223(4) within each planning region. 11 12 (i) Identification of surface waters or aquifers for which minimum flows and levels are scheduled to be adopted. 13 (j) An analysis, developed in cooperation with the 14 department, of areas or instances in which the variance 15 provisions of s. 378.212(1)(q) or s. 378.404(9) may be used to 16 17 create water supply development or water resource development 18 projects. 19 (3) The water supply development component of a 20 regional water supply plan which deals with or affects public 21 utilities and public water supply for those areas served by a 2.2 regional water supply authority and its member governments 23 within the boundary of the Southwest Florida Water Management District shall be developed jointly by the authority and the 2.4 district. In areas not served by regional water supply 25 authorities, or other multijurisdictional water supply 26 27 entities, and where opportunities exist to meet water supply 2.8 needs more efficiently through multijurisdictional projects identified pursuant to paragraph (2)(a), water management 29 districts are directed to assist in developing 30 multijurisdictional approaches to water supply project 31

1 development jointly with affected water utilities, special 2 districts, and local governments. (4) Governing board approval of a regional water 3 4 supply plan shall not be subject to the rulemaking 5 requirements of chapter 120. However, any portion of an 6 approved regional water supply plan which affects the 7 substantial interests of a party shall be subject to s. 8 120.569. 9 (5) Annually and in conjunction with the reporting 10 requirements of s. 373.536(6)(a)4., the department shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature a report on the 11 12 status of regional water supply planning in each district. The 13 report shall include: (a) A compilation of the estimated costs of and 14 potential sources of funding for water resource development 15 and water supply development projects as identified in the 16 17 water management district regional water supply plans. 18 (b) The percentage and amount, by district, of district ad valorem tax revenues or other district funds made 19 20 available to develop alternative water supplies. 21 (c) A description of each district's progress toward 2.2 achieving its water resource development objectives, including 23 the district's implementation of its 5-year water resource development work program. 2.4 (d) An assessment of the specific progress being made 25 to implement each alternative water supply project option 26 27 chosen by the entities and identified for implementation in 2.8 the plan. (e) An overall assessment of the progress being made 29 to develop water supply in each district, including, but not 30 limited to, an explanation of how each project, either 31

1	alternative or traditional, will produce, contribute to, or
2	account for additional water being made available for
3	consumptive uses, an estimate of the quantity of water to be
4	produced by each project, and an assessment of the
5	contribution of the district's regional water supply plan in
б	providing sufficient water to meet the needs of existing and
7	future reasonable-beneficial uses for a 1-in-10 year drought
8	event, as well as the needs of the natural systems.
9	(6) Nothing contained in the water supply development
10	component of a regional water supply plan shall be construed
11	to require local governments, government-owned or privately
12	owned water utilities, special districts, self-suppliers,
13	regional water supply authorities, multijurisdictional water
14	supply entities, or other water suppliers to select a water
15	supply development project identified in the component merely
16	because it is identified in the plan. Except as provided in s.
17	373.223(3) and (5), the plan may not be used in the review of
18	permits under part II unless the plan or an applicable portion
19	thereof has been adopted by rule. However, this subsection
20	does not prohibit a water management district from employing
21	the data or other information used to establish the plan in
22	reviewing permits under part II, nor does it limit the
23	authority of the department or governing board under part II.
24	(7) Where the water supply component of a water supply
25	planning region shows the need for one or more alternative
26	water supply projects, the district shall notify the affected
27	local governments and make every reasonable effort to educate
28	and involve local public officials in working toward solutions
29	in conjunction with the districts and, where appropriate,
30	other local and regional water supply entities.
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1	(a) Within 6 months following approval or amendment of
2	its regional water supply plan, each water management district
3	shall notify by certified mail each entity identified in
4	sub-subparagraph (2)(a)3.d. of that portion of the plan
5	relevant to the entity. Upon request of such an entity, the
б	water management district shall appear before and present its
7	findings and recommendations to the entity.
8	(b) Within 1 year after the notification by a water
9	management district pursuant to paragraph (a), each entity
10	identified in sub-subparagraph (2)(a)3.d. shall provide to the
11	water management district written notification of the
12	following: the alternative water supply projects or options
13	identified in paragraph (2)(a) which it has developed or
14	intends to develop, if any; an estimate of the quantity of
15	water to be produced by each project; and the status of
16	project implementation, including development of the financial
17	plan, facilities master planning, permitting, and efforts in
18	coordinating multijurisdictional projects, if applicable. The
19	information provided in the notification shall be updated
20	annually, and a progress report shall be provided by November
21	15 of each year to the water management district. If an entity
22	does not intend to develop one or more of the alternative
23	water supply project options identified in the regional water
24	supply plan, the entity shall propose, within 1 year after
25	notification by a water management district pursuant to
26	paragraph (a), another alternative water supply project option
27	sufficient to address the needs identified in paragraph (2)(a)
28	within the entity's jurisdiction and shall provide an estimate
29	of the quantity of water to be produced by the project and the
30	status of project implementation as described in this
31	paragraph. The entity may request that the water management

1 district consider the other project for inclusion in the 2 regional water supply plan. 373.715 Technical assistance to local governments.--3 4 (1) The water management districts shall assist local 5 governments in the development and future revision of local б government comprehensive plan elements or public facilities 7 report, as required by s. 189.415, related to water supply 8 issues by annually providing to all local governments within the jurisdiction current, relevant information, including, but 9 10 not limited to: (a) Information and data to assist local governments 11 12 in preparation of the 10-year work plan required to be included in the local government comprehensive plan pursuant 13 to paragraph 163.3177(6)(c). 14 (b) A description of regulations, programs, and 15 16 schedules implemented by the district. 17 (c) A description of groundwater characteristics, 18 including existing and planned wellfield sites, existing and 19 anticipated cones of influence, highly productive groundwater 20 areas, aquifer recharge areas, deep well injection zones, 21 contaminated areas, an assessment of regional water resource 2.2 needs and sources for the next 20 years, and water quality. 23 (d) Information reflecting the existing minimum flows for surface watercourses to avoid harm to water resources or 2.4 the ecosystem and information reflecting the existing minimum 25 water levels for aquifers to avoid harm to water resources or 26 27 the ecosystem. 2.8 (e) Information reflecting existing reservations of water for the protection of fish and wildlife or the public 29 30 health and safety pursuant to s. 373.223(4). 31

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1 (f) Identification of surface waters and aquifers for 2 which minimum flows and levels are scheduled to be adopted. 3 (2) Upon request, the district shall provide technical 4 assistance to local governments in the development of water 5 supply development project options identified in s. 6 373.713(2)(a). 7 373.717 Regional water supply authorities .--8 (1) By interlocal agreement between counties, municipalities, or special districts, as applicable pursuant 9 10 to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969 and s. 163.01 and upon the approval of the Secretary of Environmental 11 12 Protection to ensure that such agreement will be in the public 13 interest and complies with the intent and purposes of this act, regional water supply authorities may be created for the 14 purpose of developing, recovering, storing, and supplying 15 water for county or municipal purposes in such a manner as 16 17 will give priority to reducing adverse environmental effects 18 of excessive or improper withdrawals of water from concentrated areas. In approving said agreement, the Secretary 19 of Environmental Protection shall consider, but not be limited 20 21 to, the following: 22 (a) Whether the geographic territory of the proposed 23 authority is of sufficient size and character to reduce the environmental effects of improper or excessive withdrawals of 2.4 25 water from concentrated areas. (b) The maximization of economic development of the 26 27 water resources within the territory of the proposed 2.8 authority. (c) The availability of a dependable and adequate 29 30 water supply. 31

1	(d) The ability of any proposed authority to design,
2	construct, operate, and maintain water supply facilities in
3	the locations and at the times necessary to ensure that an
4	adequate water supply will be available to all citizens within
5	the authority.
6	(e) The effect or impact of any proposed authority on
7	any municipality, county, or existing authority or
8	authorities.
9	(f) The existing needs of the water users within the
10	area of the authority.
11	(2) In addition to other powers and duties agreed upon
12	and notwithstanding the provisions of s. 163.01, such
13	authority may:
14	(a) Upon approval of the electors residing in each
15	county or municipality within the territory to be included in
16	any authority, levy ad valorem taxes, not to exceed 0.5 mill,
17	pursuant to s. 9(b), Art. VII of the State Constitution. No
18	tax authorized by this paragraph shall be levied in any county
19	or municipality without an affirmative vote of the electors
20	residing in such county or municipality.
21	(b) Acquire water; develop, store, and transport
22	water; provide, sell, and deliver water for county or
23	municipal uses and purposes; and provide for the furnishing of
24	such water and water service upon terms and conditions and at
25	rates which will apportion to parties and nonparties an
26	equitable share of the capital cost and operating expense of
27	the authority's work to the purchaser.
28	(c) Collect, treat, and recover waste water.
29	(d) Not engage in local distribution.
30	(e) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner
31	provided by law for the condemnation of private property for
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public use to acquire title to such interest in real property 1 as is necessary to the exercise of the powers herein granted, 2 except water already devoted to reasonable and beneficial use 3 4 or any water production or transmission facilities owned by 5 any county or municipality. б (f) Issue revenue bonds in the manner prescribed by 7 the Revenue Bond Act of 1953, as amended, part I, chapter 159, to be payable solely from funds derived from the sale of water 8 by the authority to any county or municipality. Such bonds may 9 10 be additionally secured by the full faith and credit of any county or municipality, as provided by s. 159.16, or by a 11 12 pledge of excise taxes, as provided by s. 159.19. For the 13 purpose of issuing revenue bonds, an authority shall be considered a "unit," as defined in s. 159.02(2), and as that 14 term is used in the Revenue Bond Act of 1953, as amended. Such 15 bonds may be issued to finance the cost of acquiring 16 17 properties and facilities for the production and transmission 18 of water by the authority to any county or municipality, which cost shall include the acquisition of real property and 19 easements therein for such purposes. Such bonds may be in the 2.0 21 form of refunding bonds to take up any outstanding bonds of 2.2 the authority or of any county or municipality where such 23 outstanding bonds are secured by properties and facilities for production and transmission of water, which properties and 2.4 facilities are being acquired by the authority. Refunding 25 bonds may be issued to take up and refund all outstanding 26 27 bonds of said authority that are subject to call and 2.8 termination and all bonds of said authority that are not subject to call or redemption when the surrender of said bonds 29 can be procured from the holder thereof at prices satisfactory 30 to the authority. Such refunding bonds may be issued at any 31

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1 time when, in the judgment of the authority, it will be to the 2 best interest of the authority financially or economically by securing a lower rate of interest on said bonds or by 3 4 extending the time of maturity of said bonds or, for any other reason, in the judgment of the authority, advantageous to said 5 6 authority. 7 (g) Sue and be sued in its own name. (h) Borrow money and incur indebtedness and issue 8 bonds or other evidence of such indebtedness. 9 10 (i) Join with one or more other public corporations for the purpose of carrying out any of its powers and, for 11 12 that purpose, to contract with such other public corporation 13 or corporations for the purpose of financing such acquisitions, construction, and operations. Such contracts may 14 provide for contributions to be made by each party thereto, 15 for the division and apportionment of the expenses of such 16 17 acquisitions and operations and for the division and 18 apportionment of the benefits, services, and products therefrom. Such contract may contain such other and further 19 20 covenants and agreements as may be necessary and convenient to 21 accomplish the purposes hereof. 22 (3) A regional water supply authority is authorized to 23 develop, construct, operate, maintain, or contract for alternative sources of potable water, including desalinated 2.4 water, and pipelines to interconnect authority sources and 25 facilities, either by itself or jointly with a water 26 27 management district; however, such alternative potable water 2.8 sources, facilities, and pipelines may also be privately developed, constructed, owned, operated, and maintained, in 29 which event an authority and a water management district are 30 authorized to pledge and contribute their funds to reduce the 31

1 wholesale cost of water from such alternative sources of 2 potable water supplied by an authority to its member 3 governments. 4 (4) When it is found to be in the public interest, for the public convenience and welfare, for a public benefit, and 5 6 necessary for carrying out the purpose of any regional water 7 supply authority, any state agency, county, water control 8 district existing pursuant to chapter 298, water management district existing pursuant to this chapter, municipality, 9 10 governmental agency, or public corporation in this state holding title to any interest in land is hereby authorized, in 11 12 its discretion, to convey the title to or dedicate land, title 13 to which is in such entity, including tax-reverted land, or to grant use-rights therein, to any regional water supply 14 authority created pursuant to this section. Land granted or 15 conveyed to such authority shall be for the public purposes of 16 17 such authority and may be made subject to the condition that 18 in the event said land is not so used, or if used and subsequently its use for said purpose is abandoned, the 19 20 interest granted shall cease as to such authority and shall 21 automatically revert to the granting entity. 22 (5) Each county, special district or municipality that 23 is a party to an agreement pursuant to subsection (1) shall have a preferential right to purchase water from the regional 2.4 water supply authority for use by such county, special 25 district or municipality. 26 27 (6) In carrying out the provisions of this section, 2.8 any county wherein water is withdrawn by the authority shall not be deprived, directly or indirectly, of the prior right to 29 the reasonable and beneficial use of water which is required 30 adequately to supply the reasonable and beneficial needs of 31

1 the county or any of the inhabitants or property owners 2 therein. 3 (7) Upon a resolution adopted by the governing body of 4 any county or municipality, the authority may, subject to a 5 majority vote of its voting members, include such county or 6 municipality in its regional water supply authority upon such 7 terms and conditions as may be prescribed. 8 (8) The authority shall design, construct, operate, and maintain facilities in the locations and at the times 9 10 necessary to ensure that an adequate water supply will be available to all citizens within the authority. 11 12 (9) Where a water supply authority exists pursuant to 13 this section or s. 373.719 under a voluntary interlocal agreement that is consistent with requirements in s. 14 <u>373.719(1)(b) and receives or maintains consumptive use</u> 15 permits under this voluntary agreement consistent with the 16 17 water supply plan, if any, adopted by the governing board, 18 such authority shall be exempt from consideration by the governing board or department of the factors specified in s. 19 373.223(3)(a)-(q) and the submissions required by s. 2.0 21 373.229(3). Such exemptions shall apply only to water sources 2.2 within the jurisdictional areas of such voluntary water supply 23 interlocal agreements. 373.719 Assistance to Tampa Bay Water .--2.4 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize 25 the implementation of changes in governance recommended by the 26 27 West Coast Regional Water Supply Authority, the predecessor to 2.8 Tampa Bay Water, in its reports to the Legislature dated February 1, 1997, and January 5, 1998. The authority and its 29 member governments may reconstitute the authority's governance 30 and rename the authority under a voluntary interlocal 31

1	agreement with a term of not less than 20 years. The
2	interlocal agreement must comply with this subsection as
3	<u>follows:</u>
4	(a) The authority and its member governments agree
5	that cooperative efforts are mandatory to meet their water
6	needs in a manner that will provide adequate and dependable
7	supplies of water where needed without resulting in adverse
8	environmental effects upon the areas from which the water is
9	withdrawn or otherwise produced.
10	(b) In accordance with s. 4, Art. VIII of the State
11	Constitution and notwithstanding s. 163.01, the interlocal
12	agreement may include the following terms, which are
13	considered approved by the parties without a vote of their
14	electors, upon execution of the interlocal agreement by all
15	member governments and upon satisfaction of all conditions
16	precedent in the interlocal agreement:
17	1. All member governments shall relinguish to the
18	authority their individual rights to develop potable water
19	supply sources, except as otherwise provided in the interlocal
20	agreement.
21	2. The authority shall be the sole and exclusive
22	wholesale potable water supplier for all member governments.
23	3. The authority shall have the absolute and
24	unequivocal obligation to meet the wholesale needs of the
25	member governments for potable water.
26	4. A member government may not restrict or prohibit
27	the use of land within a member's jurisdictional boundaries by
28	the authority for water supply purposes through use of zoning,
29	land use, comprehensive planning, or other form of regulation.
30	5. A member government may not impose any tax, fee, or
31	charge upon the authority in conjunction with the production

1 or supply of water not otherwise provided for in the 2 interlocal agreement. 6. The authority may use the powers provided in part 3 4 II of chapter 159 for financing and refinancing water 5 treatment, production, or transmission facilities, including, 6 but not limited to, desalination facilities. All such water 7 treatment, production, or transmission facilities are considered a "manufacturing plant" for purposes of s. 8 159.27(5) and serve a paramount public purpose by providing 9 10 water to citizens of the state. 7. A member government and any governmental or 11 12 quasi-judicial board or commission established by local 13 ordinance or general or special law where the governing membership of such board or commission is shared, in whole or 14 in part, or appointed by a member government agreeing to be 15 bound by the interlocal agreement shall be limited to the 16 17 procedures set forth therein regarding actions that directly 18 or indirectly restrict or prohibit the use of lands or other activities related to the production or supply of water. 19 20 (c) The authority shall acquire full or lesser 21 interests in all regionally significant member government 2.2 wholesale water supply facilities and tangible assets and each 23 member government shall convey such interests in the facilities and assets to the authority, at an agreed value. 2.4 (d) The authority shall charge a uniform per gallon 25 wholesale rate to member governments for the wholesale supply 26 27 of potable water. All capital, operation, maintenance, and 2.8 administrative costs for existing facilities and acquired facilities, authority master water plan facilities, and other 29 future projects must be allocated to member governments based 30 on water usage at the uniform per gallon wholesale rate. 31

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(e) The interlocal agreement may include procedures for resolving the parties' differences regarding water management district proposed agency action in the water use permitting process within the authority. Such procedures should minimize the potential for litigation and include alternative dispute resolution. Any governmental or guasi-judicial board or commission established by local ordinance or general or special law where the governing members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be bound by the dispute resolution procedures set forth in the
3 management district proposed agency action in the water use 4 permitting process within the authority. Such procedures 5 should minimize the potential for litigation and include 6 alternative dispute resolution. Any governmental or 7 guasi-judicial board or commission established by local 8 ordinance or general or special law where the governing 9 members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in 10 part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be
4 permitting process within the authority. Such procedures 5 should minimize the potential for litigation and include 6 alternative dispute resolution. Any governmental or 7 guasi-judicial board or commission established by local 8 ordinance or general or special law where the governing 9 members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in 10 part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be
5 should minimize the potential for litigation and include 6 alternative dispute resolution. Any governmental or 7 guasi-judicial board or commission established by local 8 ordinance or general or special law where the governing 9 members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in 10 part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be
6 alternative dispute resolution. Any governmental or 7 guasi-judicial board or commission established by local 8 ordinance or general or special law where the governing 9 members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in 10 part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be
7 <u>quasi-judicial board or commission established by local</u> 8 <u>ordinance or general or special law where the governing</u> 9 <u>members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in</u> 10 <u>part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be</u>
8 ordinance or general or special law where the governing 9 members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in 10 part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be
9 members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in 10 part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be
10 part, or appointed by a member government may agree to be
<u>bound by the dispute rebolición procedureb bet forth in the</u>
12 interlocal agreement.
13 (f) Upon execution of the voluntary interlocal
14 agreement provided for herein, the authority shall jointly
15 <u>develop with the Southwest Florida Water Management District</u>
16 <u>alternative sources of potable water and transmission</u>
17 pipelines to interconnect regionally significant water supply
18 sources and facilities of the authority in amounts sufficient
19 to meet the needs of all member governments for a period of at
20 <u>least 20 years and for natural systems. Nothing herein,</u>
21 <u>however, shall preclude the authority and its member</u>
22 governments from developing traditional water sources pursuant
23 to the voluntary interlocal agreement. Development and
24 <u>construction costs for alternative source facilities, which</u>
25 may include a desalination facility and significant regional
26 <u>interconnects, must be borne as mutually agreed to by both the</u>
27 <u>authority and the Southwest Florida Water Management District.</u>
28 Nothing herein shall preclude authority or district cost
29 sharing with private entities for the construction or
30 ownership of alternative source facilities. By December 31,
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46

1 1997, the authority and the Southwest Florida Water Management 2 District shall: 1. Enter into a mutually acceptable agreement 3 4 detailing the development and implementation of directives 5 contained in this paragraph; or б 2. Jointly prepare and submit to the President of the 7 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a 8 report describing the progress made and impediments encountered in their attempts to implement the water resource 9 10 development and water supply development directives contained in this paragraph. Nothing in this section shall be construed 11 12 to modify the rights or responsibilities of the authority or 13 its member governments, except as otherwise provided herein, or of the Southwest Florida Water Management District or the 14 department pursuant to this chapter or chapter 403 and as 15 16 otherwise set forth by statutes. 17 (q) Unless otherwise provided in the interlocal 18 agreement, the authority shall be governed by a board of 19 commissioners consisting of nine voting members, all of whom must be elected officers, as follows: 2.0 21 Three members from Hillsborough County who must be 2.2 selected by the county commission; provided, however, that one 23 member shall be selected by the Mayor of Tampa in the event that the City of Tampa elects to be a member of the authority. 2.4 Three members from Pasco County, two of whom must 25 2. be selected by the county commission and one of whom must be 26 27 selected by the City Council of New Port Richey. 2.8 Three members from Pinellas County, two of whom must be selected by the county commission and one of whom must 29 be selected by the City Council of St. Petersburg. Except as 30 otherwise provided in this section or in the voluntary 31

1 interlocal agreement between the member governments, a 2 majority vote shall bind the authority and its member governments in all matters relating to the funding of 3 4 wholesale water supply, production, delivery, and related 5 activities. б (2) The provisions of this section supersede any 7 conflicting provisions contained in all other general or 8 special laws or provisions thereof as they may apply directly or indirectly to the exclusivity of water supply or withdrawal 9 10 of water, including provisions relating to the environmental effects, if any, in conjunction with the production and supply 11 12 of potable water, and the provisions of this section are 13 intended to be a complete revision of all laws related to a regional water supply authority created under s. 373.717 and 14 15 this section. 16 (3) The authority shall prepare its annual budget in 17 the same manner as prescribed for the preparation of basin 18 budgets, but such authority budget shall not be subject to review by the respective basin boards or by the governing 19 board of the district. 2.0 21 (4) The annual millage for the authority shall be the 2.2 amount required to raise the amount called for by the annual 23 budget when applied to the total assessment on all taxable property within the limits of the authority, as determined for 2.4 25 county taxing purposes. (5) The authority may, by resolution, request the 26 27 governing board of the district to levy ad valorem taxes 2.8 within the boundaries of the authority. Upon receipt of such request, together with formal certification of the adoption of 29 30 its annual budget and of the required tax levy, the authority 31

48

1 tax levy shall be made by the governing board of the district 2 to finance authority functions. (6) The taxes provided for in this section shall be 3 4 extended by the property appraiser on the county tax roll in 5 each county within, or partly within, the authority boundaries 6 and shall be collected by the tax collector in the same manner 7 and time as county taxes, and the proceeds therefrom paid to the district, which shall forthwith pay them over to the 8 authority. Until paid, such taxes shall be a lien on the 9 property against which assessed and enforceable in like manner 10 as county taxes. The property appraisers, tax collectors, and 11 12 clerks of the circuit court of the respective counties shall 13 be entitled to compensation for services performed in connection with such taxes at the same rates as apply to 14 15 county taxes. (7) The governing board of the district shall not be 16 17 responsible for any actions or lack of actions by the 18 authority. Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 11.80, Florida 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 11.80 Joint Legislative Committee on Everglades 2.2 Oversight. --23 (4) Annually, no later than March 1, as part of the consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(5)(7), the 2.4 South Florida Water Management District shall report to the 25 26 Joint Legislative Committee on Everglades Oversight on the 27 status of the implementation of the Everglades Forever Act. 2.8 Such report shall include, but is not limited to: 29 (a) Progress on the Everglades Construction Project. 30 (b) Changes to the Everglades Construction Project. (c) Actual revenues, compared to projected revenues. 31

1 (d) Projected acquisition costs, construction costs, 2 operation and maintenance costs, and projected revenues, over the succeeding 5 years. 3 Section 3. Subsection (12) of section 120.52, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 б 120.52 Definitions.--As used in this act: 7 (12) "Party" means: 8 (a) Specifically named persons whose substantial interests are being determined in the proceeding. 9 10 (b) Any other person who, as a matter of constitutional right, provision of statute, or provision of 11 12 agency regulation, is entitled to participate in whole or in 13 part in the proceeding, or whose substantial interests will be affected by proposed agency action, and who makes an 14 15 appearance as a party. (c) Any other person, including an agency staff 16 17 member, allowed by the agency to intervene or participate in 18 the proceeding as a party. An agency may by rule authorize limited forms of participation in agency proceedings for 19 persons who are not eligible to become parties. 20 21 (d) Any county representative, agency, department, or 22 unit funded and authorized by state statute or county 23 ordinance to represent the interests of the consumers of a county, when the proceeding involves the substantial interests 2.4 of a significant number of residents of the county and the 25 26 board of county commissioners has, by resolution, authorized 27 the representative, agency, department, or unit to represent 2.8 the class of interested persons. The authorizing resolution 29 shall apply to a specific proceeding and to appeals and 30 ancillary proceedings thereto, and it shall not be required to 31

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1 state the names of the persons whose interests are to be 2 represented. 3 4 The term "party" does not include a member government of a 5 regional water supply authority or a governmental or 6 quasi-judicial board or commission established by local 7 ordinance or special or general law where the governing 8 membership of such board or commission is shared with, in whole or in part, or appointed by a member government of a 9 regional water supply authority in proceedings under s. 10 120.569, s. 120.57, or s. 120.68, to the extent that an 11 12 interlocal agreement under ss. 163.01 and 373.717 373.1962 13 exists in which the member government has agreed that its substantial interests are not affected by the proceedings or 14 that it is to be bound by alternative dispute resolution in 15 lieu of participating in the proceedings. This exclusion 16 17 applies only to those particular types of disputes or 18 controversies, if any, identified in an interlocal agreement. Section 4. Subsection (13) of section 163.3167, 19 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 163.3167 Scope of act.--22 (13) Each local government shall address in its 23 comprehensive plan, as enumerated in this chapter, the water supply sources necessary to meet and achieve the existing and 2.4 projected water use demand for the established planning 25 26 period, considering the applicable plan developed pursuant to 27 s. 373.713 373.0361. 2.8 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and paragraphs (c), (d), and (h) of subsection (6) of section 29 30 163.3177, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 31

51

SB 2882 See HB

1 163.3177 Required and optional elements of 2 comprehensive plan; studies and surveys .--3 (4)(a) Coordination of the local comprehensive plan 4 with the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region; with the appropriate 5 6 water management district's regional water supply plans 7 approved pursuant to s. <u>373.713</u> 373.0361; with adopted rules 8 pertaining to designated areas of critical state concern; and 9 with the state comprehensive plan shall be a major objective of the local comprehensive planning process. To that end, in 10 the preparation of a comprehensive plan or element thereof, 11 12 and in the comprehensive plan or element as adopted, the 13 governing body shall include a specific policy statement indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the 14 area to the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, 15 the county, adjacent counties, or the region and to the state 16 17 comprehensive plan, as the case may require and as such 18 adopted plans or plans in preparation may exist. (6) In addition to the requirements of subsections 19 (1)-(5) and (12), the comprehensive plan shall include the 20 21 following elements: 22 (c) A general sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, 23 potable water, and natural groundwater aquifer recharge element correlated to principles and guidelines for future 2.4 land use, indicating ways to provide for future potable water, 25 26 drainage, sanitary sewer, solid waste, and aquifer recharge protection requirements for the area. The element may be a 27 2.8 detailed engineering plan including a topographic map 29 depicting areas of prime groundwater recharge. The element shall describe the problems and needs and the general 30 facilities that will be required for solution of the problems 31

52

1 and needs. The element shall also include a topographic map 2 depicting any areas adopted by a regional water management district as prime groundwater recharge areas for the Floridan 3 or Biscayne aquifers, pursuant to s. 373.0397. These areas 4 shall be given special consideration when the local government 5 6 is engaged in zoning or considering future land use for said 7 designated areas. For areas served by septic tanks, soil 8 surveys shall be provided which indicate the suitability of soils for septic tanks. Within 18 months after the governing 9 board approves an updated regional water supply plan, the 10 element must incorporate the alternative water supply project 11 12 or projects selected by the local government from those 13 identified in the regional water supply plan pursuant to s. 373.713 373.0361(2)(a) or proposed by the local government 14 under s. <u>373.713</u> 373.0361(7)(b). If a local government is 15 16 located within two water management districts, the local 17 government shall adopt its comprehensive plan amendment within 18 18 months after the later updated regional water supply plan. The element must identify such alternative water supply 19 projects and traditional water supply projects and 20 21 conservation and reuse necessary to meet the water needs 22 identified in s. 373.713 373.0361(2)(a) within the local 23 government's jurisdiction and include a work plan, covering at least a 10 year planning period, for building public, private, 2.4 and regional water supply facilities, including development of 25 26 alternative water supplies, which are identified in the 27 element as necessary to serve existing and new development. 2.8 The work plan shall be updated, at a minimum, every 5 years 29 within 18 months after the governing board of a water management district approves an updated regional water supply 30 plan. Amendments to incorporate the work plan do not count 31

53

SB 2882 See HB

1 toward the limitation on the frequency of adoption of 2 amendments to the comprehensive plan. Local governments, public and private utilities, regional water supply 3 authorities, special districts, and water management districts 4 are encouraged to cooperatively plan for the development of 5 6 multijurisdictional water supply facilities that are 7 sufficient to meet projected demands for established planning 8 periods, including the development of alternative water sources to supplement traditional sources of groundwater and 9 surface water supplies. 10 (d) A conservation element for the conservation, use, 11 12 and protection of natural resources in the area, including 13 air, water, water recharge areas, wetlands, waterwells, estuarine marshes, soils, beaches, shores, flood plains, 14 rivers, bays, lakes, harbors, forests, fisheries and wildlife, 15 16 marine habitat, minerals, and other natural and environmental 17 resources. Local governments shall assess their current, as 18 well as projected, water needs and sources for at least a 10-year period, considering the appropriate regional water 19 supply plan approved pursuant to s. <u>373.713</u> 373.0361, or, in 20 21 the absence of an approved regional water supply plan, the 22 district water supply management plan approved pursuant to s. 23 $373.707 \frac{373.036(2)}{2}$. This information shall be submitted to the appropriate agencies. The land use map or map series contained 2.4 25 in the future land use element shall generally identify and 26 depict the following: 27 1. Existing and planned waterwells and cones of 2.8 influence where applicable. 2. Beaches and shores, including estuarine systems. 29 3. Rivers, bays, lakes, flood plains, and harbors. 30 31 4. Wetlands.

54

1 5. Minerals and soils. 2 3 The land uses identified on such maps shall be consistent with applicable state law and rules. 4 (h)1. An intergovernmental coordination element 5 6 showing relationships and stating principles and guidelines to 7 be used in the accomplishment of coordination of the adopted 8 comprehensive plan with the plans of school boards, regional water supply authorities, and other units of local government 9 providing services but not having regulatory authority over 10 the use of land, with the comprehensive plans of adjacent 11 12 municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region, 13 with the state comprehensive plan and with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.713 14 373.0361, as the case may require and as such adopted plans or 15 plans in preparation may exist. This element of the local 16 17 comprehensive plan shall demonstrate consideration of the 18 particular effects of the local plan, when adopted, upon the development of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent 19 counties, or the region, or upon the state comprehensive plan, 20 21 as the case may require. 22 a. The intergovernmental coordination element shall 23 provide for procedures to identify and implement joint planning areas, especially for the purpose of annexation, 2.4 municipal incorporation, and joint infrastructure service 25 areas. 26 27 b. The intergovernmental coordination element shall 2.8 provide for recognition of campus master plans prepared pursuant to s. 1013.30. 29 c. The intergovernmental coordination element may 30 31 provide for a voluntary dispute resolution process as

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established pursuant to s. 186.509 for bringing to closure in
 a timely manner intergovernmental disputes. A local government
 may develop and use an alternative local dispute resolution
 process for this purpose.

5 2. The intergovernmental coordination element shall б further state principles and quidelines to be used in the 7 accomplishment of coordination of the adopted comprehensive 8 plan with the plans of school boards and other units of local 9 government providing facilities and services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land. In addition, the 10 intergovernmental coordination element shall describe joint 11 12 processes for collaborative planning and decisionmaking on 13 population projections and public school siting, the location and extension of public facilities subject to concurrency, and 14 siting facilities with countywide significance, including 15 locally unwanted land uses whose nature and identity are 16 17 established in an agreement. Within 1 year of adopting their 18 intergovernmental coordination elements, each county, all the municipalities within that county, the district school board, 19 and any unit of local government service providers in that 20 21 county shall establish by interlocal or other formal agreement 22 executed by all affected entities, the joint processes 23 described in this subparagraph consistent with their adopted intergovernmental coordination elements. 2.4 3. To foster coordination between special districts 25 and local general-purpose governments as local general-purpose 26 27 governments implement local comprehensive plans, each 2.8 independent special district must submit a public facilities 29 report to the appropriate local government as required by s. 30 189.415.

56

1 4.a. Local governments must execute an interlocal 2 agreement with the district school board, the county, and nonexempt municipalities pursuant to s. 163.31777. The local 3 government shall amend the intergovernmental coordination 4 element to provide that coordination between the local 5 6 government and school board is pursuant to the agreement and 7 shall state the obligations of the local government under the 8 agreement. 9 b. Plan amendments that comply with this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1). 10 5. The state land planning agency shall establish a 11 12 schedule for phased completion and transmittal of plan 13 amendments to implement subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. from all jurisdictions so as to accomplish their adoption by December 14 31, 1999. A local government may complete and transmit its 15 plan amendments to carry out these provisions prior to the 16 17 scheduled date established by the state land planning agency. 18 The plan amendments are exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1). 19 6. By January 1, 2004, any county having a population 20 21 greater than 100,000, and the municipalities and special 22 districts within that county, shall submit a report to the 23 Department of Community Affairs which: a. Identifies all existing or proposed interlocal 2.4 service-delivery agreements regarding the following: 25 26 education; sanitary sewer; public safety; solid waste; 27 drainage; potable water; parks and recreation; and 2.8 transportation facilities. b. Identifies any deficits or duplication in the 29 provision of services within its jurisdiction, whether capital 30 or operational. Upon request, the Department of Community 31 57

1 Affairs shall provide technical assistance to the local 2 governments in identifying deficits or duplication. 3 7. Within 6 months after submission of the report, the 4 Department of Community Affairs shall, through the appropriate regional planning council, coordinate a meeting of all local 5 6 governments within the regional planning area to discuss the 7 reports and potential strategies to remedy any identified 8 deficiencies or duplications. 8. Each local government shall update its 9 10 intergovernmental coordination element based upon the findings in the report submitted pursuant to subparagraph 6. The report 11 12 may be used as supporting data and analysis for the 13 intergovernmental coordination element. Section 6. Paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section 14 163.3191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 163.3191 Evaluation and appraisal of comprehensive 17 plan.--18 (2) The report shall present an evaluation and assessment of the comprehensive plan and shall contain 19 20 appropriate statements to update the comprehensive plan, 21 including, but not limited to, words, maps, illustrations, or 22 other media, related to: 23 (1) The evaluation must consider the appropriate water management district's regional water supply plan approved 2.4 25 pursuant to s. 373.713. The potable water element must be revised to include a work plan, covering at least a 10-year 26 planning period, for building any water supply facilities that 27 2.8 are identified in the element as necessary to serve existing and new development and for which the local government is 29 responsible The extent to which the local government has been 30 successful in identifying alternative water supply projects 31

1 and traditional water supply projects, including conservation 2 and reuse, necessary to meet the water needs identified in s. 373.0361(2)(a) within the local government's jurisdiction. The 3 4 report must evaluate the degree to which the local government 5 has implemented the work plan for building public, private, б and regional water supply facilities, including development of 7 alternative water supplies, identified in the element as 8 necessary to serve existing and new development. 9 Section 7. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2) of section 10 186.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 186.009 Growth management portion of the state 11 12 comprehensive plan. --13 (2) The growth management portion of the state comprehensive plan shall: 14 (n) Set forth recommendations on how to integrate the 15 Florida water supply plan required by s. 373.707 373.036 and 16 17 transportation plans required by chapter 339. Section 8. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (4) of 18 section 189.404, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 19 20 189.404 Legislative intent for the creation of 21 independent special districts; special act prohibitions; model 22 elements and other requirements; general-purpose local 23 government/Governor and Cabinet creation authorizations.--(4) LOCAL GOVERNMENT/GOVERNOR AND CABINET CREATION 2.4 AUTHORIZATIONS. -- Except as otherwise authorized by general 25 26 law, only the Legislature may create independent special 27 districts. 2.8 (c) The Governor and Cabinet may create an independent 29 special district which shall be established by rule in accordance with s. 190.005 or as otherwise authorized in 30 general law. The Governor and Cabinet may also approve the 31 59

1 establishment of a charter for the creation of an independent 2 special district which shall be in accordance with s. 373.717 373.1962, or as otherwise authorized in general law. 3 (d)1. Any combination of two or more counties may 4 create a regional special district which shall be established 5 6 in accordance with s. 950.001, or as otherwise authorized in 7 general law. 2. Any combination of two or more counties or 8 municipalities may create a regional special district which 9 10 shall be established in accordance with s. 373.717 373.1962, or as otherwise authorized by general law. 11 12 3. Any combination of two or more counties, 13 municipalities, or other political subdivisions may create a regional special district in accordance with s. 163.567, or as 14 otherwise authorized in general law. 15 Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 189.4155, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 189.4155 Activities of special districts; local 18 government comprehensive planning. --19 20 (3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to 21 water management districts created pursuant to s. 373.069, to 22 regional water supply authorities created pursuant to s. 23 373.717 373.1962, or to spoil disposal sites owned or used by the Federal Government. 2.4 Section 10. Section 189.4156, Florida Statutes, is 25 amended to read: 26 27 189.4156 Water management district technical 2.8 assistance; local government comprehensive planning.--Water 29 management districts shall assist local governments in the 30 development of local government comprehensive plan elements 31

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   related to water resource issues as required by s. 373.715
 2
   373.0391.
           Section 11. Subsection (7) of section 367.021, Florida
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   Statutes, is amended to read:
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 5
           367.021 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the
 6
    following words or terms shall have the meanings indicated:
 7
           (7) "Governmental authority" means a political
    subdivision, as defined by s. 1.01(8), a regional water supply
 8
    authority created pursuant to s. 373.717 373.1962, or a
 9
   nonprofit corporation formed for the purpose of acting on
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   behalf of a political subdivision with respect to a water or
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12
    wastewater facility.
13
           Section 12. Subsection (4) of section 373.016, Florida
    Statutes, is amended, and subsections (5) and (6) of that
14
    section are renumbered as subsections (4) and (5),
15
16
   respectively, to read:
17
           373.016 Declaration of policy.--
18
          (4)(a) Because water constitutes a public resource
    benefiting the entire state, it is the policy of the
19
    Legislature that the waters in the state be managed on a state
2.0
21
    and regional basis. Consistent with this directive, the
22
   Legislature recognizes the need to allocate water throughout
23
    the state so as to meet all reasonable beneficial uses.
2.4
    However, the Legislature acknowledges that such allocations
25
   have in the past adversely affected the water resources of
26
    certain areas in this state. To protect such water resources
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    and to meet the current and future needs of those areas with
2.8
    abundant water, the Legislature directs the department and the
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    water management districts to encourage the use of water from
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    sources nearest the area of use or application whenever
   practicable. Such sources shall include all naturally
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SB 2882 See HB

1 occurring water sources and all alternative water sources, 2 including, but not limited to, desalination, conservation, 3 reuse of nonpotable reclaimed water and stormwater, and 4 aquifer storage and recovery. Reuse of potable reclaimed water 5 and stormwater shall not be subject to the evaluation described in s. 373.223(3)(a) (g). However, this directive to 6 7 encourage the use of water, whenever practicable, from sources 8 nearest the area of use or application shall not apply to the 9 transport and direct and indirect use of water within the area 10 encompassed by the Central and Southern Florida Flood Control Project, nor shall it apply anywhere in the state to the 11 12 transport and use of water supplied exclusively for bottled 13 water as defined in s. 500.03(1)(d), nor shall it apply to the transport and use of reclaimed water for electrical power 14 15 production by an electric utility as defined in section 366.02(2). 16 17 (b) In establishing the policy outlined in paragraph 18 the Legislature realizes that under certain circumstances the need to transport water from distant sources may be 19 necessary for environmental, technical, or economic reasons. 20 21 (4) (5) The Legislature recognizes that the water 2.2 resource problems of the state vary from region to region, 23 both in magnitude and complexity. It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to vest in the Department of Environmental 2.4 Protection or its successor agency the power and 25 responsibility to accomplish the conservation, protection, 26 27 management, and control of the waters of the state and with 2.8 sufficient flexibility and discretion to accomplish these ends 29 through delegation of appropriate powers to the various water 30 management districts. The department may exercise any power herein authorized to be exercised by a water management 31

62

1 district; however, to the greatest extent practicable, such 2 power should be delegated to the governing board of a water management district. 3 4 (5) (6) It is further declared the policy of the 5 Legislature that each water management district, to the extent 6 consistent with effective management practices, shall 7 approximate its fiscal and budget policies and procedures to 8 those of the state. Section 13. Section 373.019, Florida Statutes, is 9 10 amended to read: 373.019 Definitions.--When appearing in this chapter 11 12 or in any rule, regulation, or order adopted pursuant thereto, 13 the term: "Alternative water supplies" means salt water; 14 (1) brackish surface and groundwater; surface water captured 15 predominately during wet-weather flows; sources made available 16 17 through the addition of new storage capacity for surface or 18 groundwater, water that has been reclaimed after one or more public supply, municipal, industrial, commercial, or 19 agricultural uses; the downstream augmentation of water bodies 20 21 with reclaimed water; stormwater; and any other water supply 22 source that is designated as nontraditional for a water supply 23 planning region in the applicable regional water supply plan. (2) "Capital costs" means planning, design, 2.4 25 engineering, and project construction costs. (3) "Coastal waters" means waters of the Atlantic 26 27 Ocean or the Gulf of Mexico within the jurisdiction of the 2.8 state. 29 (4) "Department" means the Department of Environmental 30 Protection or its successor agency or agencies. 31

63

1 (5) "District water management plan" means the 2 regional water resource plan developed by a governing board under s. 373.036. 3 4 (6) "Domestic use" means the use of water for the individual personal household purposes of drinking, bathing, 5 б cooking, or sanitation. All other uses shall not be considered 7 domestic. (7) "Florida water plan" means the state-level water 8 resource plan developed by the department under s. 373.036. 9 10 (8) "Governing board" means the governing board of a water management district. 11 12 (9) "Groundwater" means water beneath the surface of 13 the ground, whether or not flowing through known and definite 14 channels. (10) "Impoundment" means any lake, reservoir, pond, or 15 other containment of surface water occupying a bed or 16 17 depression in the earth's surface and having a discernible 18 shoreline. (11) "Independent scientific peer review" means the 19 review of scientific data, theories, and methodologies by a 20 21 panel of independent, recognized experts in the fields of 22 hydrology, hydrogeology, limnology, and other scientific 23 disciplines relevant to the matters being reviewed under s. 373.042. 2.4 (12) "Multijurisdictional water supply entity" means 25 two or more water utilities or local governments that have 26 27 organized into a larger entity, or entered into an interlocal 2.8 agreement or contract, for the purpose of more efficiently pursuing water supply development or alternative water supply 29 development projects listed pursuant to a regional water 30 31 supply plan.

64

1 (13) "Nonregulated use" means any use of water which 2 is exempted from regulation by the provisions of this chapter. 3 (14) "Other watercourse" means any canal, ditch, or 4 other artificial watercourse in which water usually flows in a defined bed or channel. It is not essential that the flowing 5 6 be uniform or uninterrupted. 7 (15) "Person" means any and all persons, natural or 8 artificial, including any individual, firm, association, 9 organization, partnership, business trust, corporation, company, the United States of America, and the state and all 10 political subdivisions, regions, districts, municipalities, 11 12 and public agencies thereof. The enumeration herein is not 13 intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. (16) "Reasonable-beneficial use" means the use of 14 water in such quantity as is necessary for economic and 15 16 efficient utilization for a purpose and in a manner which is 17 both reasonable and consistent with the public interest. 18 (17) "Regional water supply plan" means a detailed water supply plan developed by a governing board under s. 19 373.0361. 20 21 (17)(18) "Stream" means any river, creek, slough, or 22 natural watercourse in which water usually flows in a defined 23 bed or channel. It is not essential that the flowing be uniform or uninterrupted. The fact that some part of the bed 2.4 or channel has been dredged or improved does not prevent the 25 26 watercourse from being a stream. 27 (18)(19) "Surface water" means water upon the surface 2.8 of the earth, whether contained in bounds created naturally or 29 artificially or diffused. Water from natural springs shall be classified as surface water when it exits from the spring onto 30 the earth's surface. 31

65

1 (19)(20) "Water" or "waters in the state" means any 2 and all water on or beneath the surface of the ground or in the atmosphere, including natural or artificial watercourses, 3 lakes, ponds, or diffused surface water and water percolating, 4 5 standing, or flowing beneath the surface of the ground, as 6 well as all coastal waters within the jurisdiction of the 7 state. 8 (20)(21) "Water management district" means any flood 9 control, resource management, or water management district operating under the authority of this chapter. 10 11 (22) "Water resource development" means the 12 formulation and implementation of regional water resource 13 management strategies, including the collection and evaluation of surface water and groundwater data; structural and 14 15 nonstructural programs to protect and manage water resources; 16 the development of regional water resource implementation 17 programs; the construction, operation, and maintenance of 18 major public works facilities to provide for flood control, 19 surface and underground water storage, and groundwater 2.0 recharge augmentation; and related technical assistance to 21 local governments and to government owned and privately owned 22 water utilities. 23 (21)(23) "Water resource implementation rule" means the rule authorized by s. 373.036, which sets forth goals, 2.4 objectives, and guidance for the development and review of 25 26 programs, rules, and plans relating to water resources, based 27 on statutory policies and directives. The waters of the state 2.8 are among its most basic resources. Such waters should be 29 managed to conserve and protect water resources and to realize 30 the full beneficial use of these resources. 31

66

1 (24) "Water supply development" means the planning, 2 design, construction, operation, and maintenance of public or 3 private facilities for water collection, production, 4 treatment, transmission, or distribution for sale, resale, or 5 end use. б (22) (25) For the sole purpose of serving as the basis 7 for the unified statewide methodology adopted pursuant to s. 8 373.421(1), as amended, "wetlands" means those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a 9 10 frequency and a duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation 11 12 typically adapted for life in saturated soils. Soils present 13 in wetlands generally are classified as hydric or alluvial, or possess characteristics that are associated with reducing soil 14 conditions. The prevalent vegetation in wetlands generally 15 consists of facultative or obligate hydrophytic macrophytes 16 17 that are typically adapted to areas having soil conditions 18 described above. These species, due to morphological, physiological, or reproductive adaptations, have the ability 19 to grow, reproduce, or persist in aquatic environments or 20 21 anaerobic soil conditions. Florida wetlands generally include 22 swamps, marshes, bayheads, bogs, cypress domes and strands, 23 sloughs, wet prairies, riverine swamps and marshes, hydric seepage slopes, tidal marshes, mangrove swamps and other 2.4 similar areas. Florida wetlands generally do not include 25 longleaf or slash pine flatwoods with an understory dominated 26 27 by saw palmetto. Upon legislative ratification of the 2.8 methodology adopted pursuant to s. 373.421(1), as amended, the 29 limitation contained herein regarding the purpose of this 30 definition shall cease to be effective. 31

67

1 (23)(26) "Works of the district" means those projects 2 and works, including, but not limited to, structures, impoundments, wells, streams, and other watercourses, together 3 with the appurtenant facilities and accompanying lands, which 4 have been officially adopted by the governing board of the 5 6 district as works of the district. 7 Section 14. Section 373.036, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 373.036 Florida water plan; district water management plans.--10 (1) FLORIDA WATER PLAN. -- In cooperation with the water 11 12 management districts, regional water supply authorities, and 13 others, the department shall develop the Florida water plan. The Florida water plan shall include, but not be limited to: 14 (a) The programs and activities of the department 15 16 related to water supply, water quality, flood protection and 17 floodplain management, and natural systems. 18 (b) The Florida water supply plan. (c) (b) The water quality standards of the department. 19 (d)(c) The district water management plans. 20 21 (e)(d) Goals, objectives, and guidance for the 22 development and review of programs, rules, and plans relating 23 to water resources, based on statutory policies and directives. The state water policy rule, renamed the water 2.4 resource implementation rule pursuant to s. 373.019(21)(23), 25 shall serve as this part of the plan. Amendments or additions 26 27 to this part of the Florida water plan shall be adopted by the 2.8 department as part of the water resource implementation rule. In accordance with s. 373.114, the department shall review 29 rules of the water management districts for consistency with 30 this rule. Amendments to the water resource implementation 31

68

SB 2882 See HB

1 rule must be adopted by the secretary of the department and be 2 submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives within 7 days after publication 3 in the Florida Administrative Weekly. Amendments shall not 4 become effective until the conclusion of the next regular 5 б session of the Legislature following their adoption. 7 (2) DISTRICT WATER MANAGEMENT PLANS.--8 (a) Each governing board shall develop a district 9 water management plan for water resources within its region, 10 which plan addresses water supply, water quality, flood protection and floodplain management, and natural systems. The 11 12 district water management plan shall be based on at least a 13 20-year planning period, shall be developed and revised in cooperation with other agencies, regional water supply 14 authorities, units of government, and interested parties, and 15 shall be updated at least once every 5 years. The governing 16 17 board shall hold a public hearing at least 30 days in advance of completing the development or revision of the district 18 water management plan. 19 (b) The district water management plan shall include, 20 21 but not be limited to: 22 The district water supply plan. 1. 2.1. The scientific methodologies for establishing 23 minimum flows and levels under s. 373.042, and all established 2.4 25 minimum flows and levels. 2. Identification of one or more water supply planning 26 27 regions that singly or together encompass the entire district. 2.8 3. Technical data and information prepared under s. 373.0391. 29 30 31

1 4. A districtwide water supply assessment, to be 2 completed no later than July 1, 1998, which determines for 3 each water supply planning region: 4 a. Existing legal uses, reasonably anticipated future needs, and existing and reasonably anticipated sources of 5 б water and conservation efforts; and 7 b. Whether existing and reasonably anticipated sources 8 of water and conservation efforts are adequate to supply water 9 for all existing legal uses and reasonably anticipated future 10 needs and to sustain the water resources and related natural 11 systems. 12 5. Any completed regional water supply plans. 13 (c) If necessary for implementation, the governing board shall adopt by rule or order relevant portions of the 14 district water management plan, to the extent of its statutory 15 16 authority. 17 (d) In the formulation of the district water 18 management plan, the governing board shall give due consideration to: 19 1. The attainment of maximum reasonable beneficial use 20 21 of water resources. 22 2 The maximum economic development of the water 23 resources consistent with other uses. 1.3. The management of water resources for such 2.4 purposes as environmental protection, drainage, flood control, 25 26 and water storage. 27 4. The quantity of water available for application to 2.8 a reasonable beneficial use. 29 5. The prevention of wasteful, uneconomical, 30 impractical, or unreasonable uses of water resources. 6. Presently exercised domestic use and permit rights. 31

1 2.7. The preservation and enhancement of the water 2 quality of the state. 3 3.8. The state water resources policy as expressed by 4 this chapter. 5 (e) At its option, a governing board may substitute an 6 annual strategic plan for the requirement to develop a 7 district water management plan and the district water 8 management plan annual report required by subparagraph (7)(b)1., provided that nothing herein affects any other 9 provision or requirement of law concerning the completion of 10 the regional water supply plan and the strategic plan meets 11 12 the following minimum requirements: 13 1. The strategic plan establishes the water management district's strategic priorities for at least a future 5-year 14 15 period. 2. The strategic plan identifies the goals, 16 17 strategies, success indicators, funding sources, deliverables, and milestones to accomplish the strategic priorities. 18 3. The strategic plan development process includes at 19 least one publicly noticed meeting to allow public 20 21 participation in its development. 22 4. The strategic plan includes separately, as an 23 addendum, an annual work plan report on the implementation of the strategic plan for the previous fiscal year, addressing 2.4 success indicators, deliverables, and milestones. 25 (3) The department and governing board shall give 26 27 careful consideration to the requirements of public recreation 2.8 and to the protection and procreation of fish and wildlife. The department or governing board may prohibit or restrict 29 other future uses on certain designated bodies of water which 30 may be inconsistent with these objectives. 31

71

1 (4) The governing board may designate certain uses 2 connection with a particular source of supply which, because 3 the nature of the activity or the amount of water required, 4 would constitute an undesirable use for which the governing 5 board may deny a permit. The governing board may designate certain uses in б (5)7 connection with a particular source of supply which, because 8 the nature of the activity or the amount of water required, would result in an enhancement or improvement of the water 9 resources of the area. Such uses shall be preferred over other 10 11 uses in the event of competing applications under the 12 permitting systems authorized by this chapter. 13 (4) (6) The department, in cooperation with the Executive Office of the Governor, or its successor agency, may 14 add to the Florida water plan any other information, 15 directions, or objectives it deems necessary or desirable for 16 17 the guidance of the governing boards or other agencies in the 18 administration and enforcement of this chapter. (5)(7) CONSOLIDATED WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT ANNUAL 19 REPORT. --20 21 (a) By March 1, 2006, and annually thereafter, each 22 water management district shall prepare and submit to the 23 department, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a consolidated water 2.4 management district annual report on the management of water 25 26 resources. In addition, copies must be provided by the water 27 management districts to the chairs of all legislative 2.8 committees having substantive or fiscal jurisdiction over the districts and the governing board of each county in the 29 district having jurisdiction or deriving any funds for 30 operations of the district. Copies of the consolidated annual 31

1 report must be made available to the public, either in printed 2 or electronic format. (b) The consolidated annual report shall contain the 3 4 following elements, as appropriate to that water management district: 5 б 1. A district water management plan annual report or 7 the annual work plan report allowed in subparagraph (2)(e)4. 8 2. The department-approved minimum flows and levels annual priority list and schedule required by s. 373.042(2). 9 10 3. The annual 5-year capital improvements plan required by s. 373.536(6)(a)3. 11 12 4. The alternative water supplies annual report 13 required by s. <u>373.705</u> 373.1961(3)(n). 5. The final annual 5-year water resource development 14 work program required by s. 373.536(6)(a)4. 15 6. The Florida Forever Water Management District Work 16 17 Plan annual report required by s. 373.199(7). 18 7. The mitigation donation annual report required by s. 373.414(1)(b)2. 19 (c) Each of the elements listed in paragraph (b) is to 20 21 be addressed in a separate chapter or section within the 22 consolidated annual report, although information common to 23 more than one of these elements may be consolidated as deemed appropriate by the individual water management district. 2.4 (d) Each water management district may include in the 25 consolidated annual report such additional information on the 26 27 status or management of water resources within the district as 2.8 it deems appropriate. 29 (e) In addition to the elements specified in paragraph 30 (b), the South Florida Water Management District shall include in the consolidated annual report the following elements: 31

1 1. The Lake Okeechobee Protection Program annual 2 progress report required by s. 373.4595(3)(h)(g). 2. The Everglades annual progress reports specified in 3 s. 373.4592(4)(d)5., (13), and (14). 4 5 3. The Everglades restoration annual report required б by s. 373.470(7). 7 4. The Everglades Forever Act annual implementation 8 report required by s. 11.80(4). 5. The Everglades Trust Fund annual expenditure report 9 required by s. 373.45926(3). 10 Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 373.042, Florida 11 12 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that 13 section, to read: 373.042 Minimum flows and levels.--14 (2) By November 15, 1997, and annually thereafter, 15 each water management district shall submit to the department 16 17 for review and approval a priority list and schedule for the establishment of minimum flows and levels for surface 18 watercourses, aquifers, and surface waters within the 19 district. The priority list shall also identify those water 20 21 bodies for which the district will voluntarily undertake 22 independent scientific peer review. By March 1, 2006, and 23 annually thereafter, each water management district shall include its approved priority list and schedule in the 2.4 consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(5)(7). The 25 26 priority list shall be based upon the importance of the waters 27 to the state or region and the existence of or potential for 2.8 significant harm to the water resources or ecology of the state or region, and shall include those waters which are 29 experiencing or may reasonably be expected to experience 30 adverse impacts. Each water management district's priority 31

74

1 list and schedule shall include all first magnitude springs, 2 and all second magnitude springs within state or federally owned lands purchased for conservation purposes. The specific 3 schedule for establishment of spring minimum flows and levels 4 5 shall be commensurate with the existing or potential threat to б spring flow from consumptive uses. Springs within the Suwannee 7 River Water Management District, or second magnitude springs 8 in other areas of the state, need not be included on the priority list if the water management district submits a 9 report to the Department of Environmental Protection 10 demonstrating that adverse impacts are not now occurring nor 11 12 are reasonably expected to occur from consumptive uses during 13 the next 20 years. The priority list and schedule shall not be subject to any proceeding pursuant to chapter 120. Except as 14 provided in subsection (3), the development of a priority list 15 and compliance with the schedule for the establishment of 16 17 minimum flows and levels pursuant to this subsection shall 18 satisfy the requirements of subsection (1). (6) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this 19 section, where a local water utility, water supply authority, 20 21 or other water supply entity seeks to develop an alternative 22 water supply project option identified in s. 373.713(2)(a)2., 23 the minimum flow and level for the proposed source of water supply shall be added to the priority list developed by the 2.4 district and approved by the department pursuant to subsection 25 26 (2), with an assigned schedule for the completion as 27 determined by the district. 2.8 Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 373.0421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 30 373.0421 Establishment and implementation of minimum flows and levels.--31

1 (2) If the existing flow or level in a water body is 2 below, or is projected to fall within 20 years below, the applicable minimum flow or level established pursuant to s. 3 373.042, the department or governing board, as part of the 4 regional water supply plan described in s. 373.713 373.0361, 5 6 shall expeditiously implement a recovery or prevention 7 strategy, which includes the development of additional water 8 supplies and other actions, consistent with the authority 9 granted by this chapter, to: 10 (a) Achieve recovery to the established minimum flow or level as soon as practicable; or 11 12 (b) Prevent the existing flow or level from falling 13 below the established minimum flow or level. Section 17. Subsection (4) of section 373.0695, 14 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 373.0695 Duties of basin boards; authorized 16 17 expenditures.--(4) In the exercise of the duties and powers granted 18 herein, the basin boards shall be subject to all the 19 limitations and restrictions imposed on the water management 20 21 districts in s. <u>373.705</u> 373.1961. 22 Section 18. Subsection (7) of section 373.199, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 373.199 Florida Forever Water Management District Work 2.4 25 Plan.--By June 1, 2001, each district shall file with the 26 (7) 27 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 2.8 Representatives, and the Secretary of Environmental Protection 29 the initial 5-year work plan as required under subsection (2). By March 1 of each year thereafter, as part of the 30 consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(5)(7), each 31

1 district shall report on acquisitions completed during the 2 year together with modifications or additions to its 5-year work plan. Included in the report shall be: 3 (a) A description of land management activity for each 4 5 property or project area owned by the water management 6 district. 7 (b) A list of any lands surplused and the amount of 8 compensation received. (c) The progress of funding, staffing, and resource 9 10 management of every project funded pursuant to s. 259.101, s. 259.105, or s. 373.59 for which the district is responsible. 11 12 13 The secretary shall submit the report referenced in this subsection to the Board of Trustees of the Internal 14 Improvement Trust Fund together with the Acquisition and 15 Restoration Council's project list as required under s. 16 17 259.105. Section 19. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 18 373.223, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 19 373.223 Conditions for a permit.--20 21 (3) Except for the transport and use of water supplied 22 by the Central and Southern Florida Flood Control Project, and 23 anywhere in the state when the transport and use of water is supplied exclusively for bottled water as defined in s. 2.4 500.03(1)(d), any water use permit applications pending as of 25 April 1, 1998, with the Northwest Florida Water Management 26 27 District and self-suppliers of water for which the proposed 2.8 water source and area of use or application are located on contiguous private properties, when evaluating whether a 29 potential transport and use of ground or surface water across 30 county boundaries is consistent with the public interest, 31

77

1 pursuant to paragraph (1)(c), the governing board or department shall consider: 2 (a) The proximity of the proposed water source to the 3 4 area of use or application. 5 (b) All impoundments, streams, groundwater sources, or 6 watercourses that are geographically closer to the area of use 7 or application than the proposed source, and that are technically and economically feasible for the proposed 8 9 transport and use. (c) All economically and technically feasible 10 alternatives to the proposed source, including, but not 11 12 limited to, desalination, conservation, reuse of nonpotable 13 reclaimed water and stormwater, and aquifer storage and recovery. 14 (d) The potential environmental impacts that may 15 result from the transport and use of water from the proposed 16 17 source, and the potential environmental impacts that may result from use of the other water sources identified in 18 paragraphs (b) and (c). 19 (e) Whether existing and reasonably anticipated 20 21 sources of water and conservation efforts are adequate to 22 supply water for existing legal uses and reasonably 23 anticipated future needs of the water supply planning region in which the proposed water source is located. 2.4 (f) Consultations with local governments affected by 25 the proposed transport and use. 26 27 (g) The value of the existing capital investment in 2.8 water-related infrastructure made by the applicant. 29 Where districtwide water supply assessments and regional water 30 supply plans have been prepared pursuant to ss. <u>373.707</u> 31 78

1 373.036 and 373.713 373.0361, the governing board or the department shall use the applicable plans and assessments as 2 the basis for its consideration of the applicable factors in 3 4 this subsection. (5) In evaluating an application for consumptive use 5 6 of water which proposes the use of an alternative water supply 7 project as described in the regional water supply plan and 8 provides reasonable assurances of the applicant's capability to design, construct, operate, and maintain the project, the 9 governing board or department shall presume that the 10 alternative water supply use is consistent with the public 11 12 interest under paragraph (1)(c). However, where the governing 13 board identifies the need for a multijurisdictional water supply entity or regional water supply authority to develop 14 15 the alternative water supply project pursuant to s. 16 $373.713(2)(a)2. \frac{373.0361(2)(a)2}{a}$, the presumption shall be 17 accorded only to that use proposed by such entity or 18 authority. This subsection does not effect evaluation of the use pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (1)(a) and (b), 19 subsections (2) and (3), and ss. 373.2295 and 373.233. 20 21 Section 20. Section 373.2234, Florida Statutes, is 22 amended to read: 23 373.2234 Preferred water supply sources.--The governing board of a water management district is authorized 2.4 to adopt rules that identify preferred water supply sources 25 26 for consumptive uses for which there is sufficient data to 27 establish that a preferred source will provide a substantial 2.8 new water supply to meet the existing and projected 29 reasonable-beneficial uses of a water supply planning region identified pursuant to s. <u>373.713(1)</u> 373.0361(1), while 30 sustaining existing water resources and natural systems. At a 31

79

SB 2882 See HB

1 minimum, such rules must contain a description of the 2 preferred water supply source and an assessment of the water the preferred source is projected to produce. If an applicant 3 proposes to use a preferred water supply source, that 4 5 applicant's proposed water use is subject to s. 373.223(1), 6 except that the proposed use of a preferred water supply 7 source must be considered by a water management district when 8 determining whether a permit applicant's proposed use of water 9 is consistent with the public interest pursuant to s. 373.223(1)(c). A consumptive use permit issued for the use of 10 a preferred water supply source must be granted, when 11 12 requested by the applicant, for at least a 20-year period and 13 may be subject to the compliance reporting provisions of s. 373.236(4). Nothing in this section shall be construed to 14 exempt the use of preferred water supply sources from the 15 provisions of ss. 373.701(3) 373.016(4) and 373.223(2) and 16 17 (3), or be construed to provide that permits issued for the 18 use of a nonpreferred water supply source must be issued for a duration of less than 20 years or that the use of a 19 nonpreferred water supply source is not consistent with the 20 21 public interest. Additionally, nothing in this section shall 22 be interpreted to require the use of a preferred water supply 23 source or to restrict or prohibit the use of a nonpreferred water supply source. Rules adopted by the governing board of a 2.4 water management district to implement this section shall 25 26 specify that the use of a preferred water supply source is not 27 required and that the use of a nonpreferred water supply 2.8 source is not restricted or prohibited. Section 21. Subsection (3) of section 373.229, Florida 29 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 373.229 Application for permit.--31

80

SB 2882 See HB

1 (3) In addition to the information required in 2 subsection (1), all permit applications filed with the governing board or the department which propose the transport 3 and use of water across county boundaries shall include 4 information pertaining to factors to be considered, pursuant 5 б to s. 373.223(3), unless exempt under s. <u>373.717</u> 373.1962(9). 7 Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 373.421, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 373.421 Delineation methods; formal determinations.--9 10 (1) The Environmental Regulation Commission shall adopt a unified statewide methodology for the delineation of 11 12 the extent of wetlands as defined in s. $373.019(22)\frac{(25)}{(25)}$. This 13 methodology shall consider regional differences in the types of soils and vegetation that may serve as indicators of the 14 extent of wetlands. This methodology shall also include 15 provisions for determining the extent of surface waters other 16 17 than wetlands for the purposes of regulation under s. 373.414. This methodology shall not become effective until ratified by 18 the Legislature. Subsequent to legislative ratification, the 19 wetland definition in s. 373.019(22)(25) and the adopted 20 21 wetland methodology shall be binding on the department, the 22 water management districts, local governments, and any other 23 governmental entities. Upon ratification of such wetland methodology, the Legislature preempts the authority of any 2.4 water management district, state or regional agency, or local 25 26 government to define wetlands or develop a delineation 27 methodology to implement the definition and determines that 2.8 the exclusive definition and delineation methodology for 29 wetlands shall be that established pursuant to s. 373.019(22)(25) and this section. Upon such legislative 30 ratification, any existing wetlands definition or wetland 31

81

SB 2882 See HB

1 delineation methodology shall be superseded by the wetland definition and delineation methodology established pursuant to 2 this chapter. Subsequent to legislative ratification, a 3 delineation of the extent of a surface water or wetland by the 4 5 department or a water management district, pursuant to a 6 formal determination under subsection (2), or pursuant to a 7 permit issued under this part in which the delineation was 8 field-verified by the permitting agency and specifically 9 approved in the permit, shall be binding on all other governmental entities for the duration of the formal 10 determination or permit. All existing rules and methodologies 11 12 of the department, the water management districts, and local 13 governments, regarding surface water or wetland definition and delineation shall remain in full force and effect until the 14 common methodology rule becomes effective. However, this shall 15 16 not be construed to limit any power of the department, the 17 water management districts, and local governments to amend or 18 adopt a surface water or wetland definition or delineation methodology until the common methodology rule becomes 19 effective. 2.0 Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 21 22 373.414, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 373.414 Additional criteria for activities in surface waters and wetlands.--2.4 (1) As part of an applicant's demonstration that an 25 activity regulated under this part will not be harmful to the 26 27 water resources or will not be inconsistent with the overall 2.8 objectives of the district, the governing board or the 29 department shall require the applicant to provide reasonable assurance that state water quality standards applicable to 30 waters as defined in s. 403.031(13) will not be violated and 31

82

1 reasonable assurance that such activity in, on, or over surface waters or wetlands, as delineated in s. 373.421(1), is 2 not contrary to the public interest. However, if such an 3 activity significantly degrades or is within an Outstanding 4 Florida Water, as provided by department rule, the applicant 5 6 must provide reasonable assurance that the proposed activity 7 will be clearly in the public interest. 8 (b) If the applicant is unable to otherwise meet the 9 criteria set forth in this subsection, the governing board or the department, in deciding to grant or deny a permit, shall 10 consider measures proposed by or acceptable to the applicant 11 12 to mitigate adverse effects that may be caused by the 13 regulated activity. Such measures may include, but are not limited to, onsite mitigation, offsite mitigation, offsite 14 regional mitigation, and the purchase of mitigation credits 15 from mitigation banks permitted under s. 373.4136. It shall be 16 17 the responsibility of the applicant to choose the form of 18 mitigation. The mitigation must offset the adverse effects caused by the regulated activity. 19 20 1. The department or water management districts may 21 accept the donation of money as mitigation only where the 22 donation is specified for use in a duly noticed environmental 23 creation, preservation, enhancement, or restoration project, endorsed by the department or the governing board of the water 2.4 management district, which offsets the impacts of the activity 25 permitted under this part. However, the provisions of this 26 subsection shall not apply to projects undertaken pursuant to 27 2.8 s. 373.4137 or chapter 378. Where a permit is required under 29 this part to implement any project endorsed by the department or a water management district, all necessary permits must 30 have been issued prior to the acceptance of any cash donation. 31

83

1 After the effective date of this act, when money is donated to 2 either the department or a water management district to offset impacts authorized by a permit under this part, the department 3 or the water management district shall accept only a donation 4 that represents the full cost to the department or water 5 6 management district of undertaking the project that is 7 intended to mitigate the adverse impacts. The full cost shall 8 include all direct and indirect costs, as applicable, such as those for land acquisition, land restoration or enhancement, 9 perpetual land management, and general overhead consisting of 10 costs such as staff time, building, and vehicles. The 11 12 department or the water management district may use a 13 multiplier or percentage to add to other direct or indirect costs to estimate general overhead. Mitigation credit for such 14 a donation shall be given only to the extent that the donation 15 covers the full cost to the agency of undertaking the project 16 17 that is intended to mitigate the adverse impacts. However, 18 nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the department or a water management district from accepting a donation 19 representing a portion of a larger project, provided that the 20 21 donation covers the full cost of that portion and mitigation 22 credit is given only for that portion. The department or water 23 management district may deviate from the full cost requirements of this subparagraph to resolve a proceeding 2.4 brought pursuant to chapter 70 or a claim for inverse 25 26 condemnation. Nothing in this section shall be construed to 27 require the owner of a private mitigation bank, permitted 2.8 under s. 373.4136, to include the full cost of a mitigation 29 credit in the price of the credit to a purchaser of said 30 credit. 31

84

SB 2882 See HB

1 2. The department and each water management district 2 shall report by March 1 of each year, as part of the consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(5)(7), all 3 cash donations accepted under subparagraph 1. during the 4 preceding water management district fiscal year for wetland 5 6 mitigation purposes. The report shall exclude those 7 contributions pursuant to s. 373.4137. The report shall 8 include a description of the endorsed mitigation projects and, except for projects governed by s. 373.4135(6), shall address, 9 as applicable, success criteria, project implementation status 10 and timeframe, monitoring, long-term management, provisions 11 12 for preservation, and full cost accounting. 13 3. If the applicant is unable to meet water quality standards because existing ambient water quality does not meet 14 standards, the governing board or the department shall 15 16 consider mitigation measures proposed by or acceptable to the 17 applicant that cause net improvement of the water quality in 18 the receiving body of water for those parameters which do not meet standards. 19 20 4. If mitigation requirements imposed by a local 21 government for surface water and wetland impacts of an 22 activity regulated under this part cannot be reconciled with 23 mitigation requirements approved under a permit for the same activity issued under this part, including application of the 2.4 uniform wetland mitigation assessment method adopted pursuant 25 26 to subsection (18), the mitigation requirements for surface 27 water and wetland impacts shall be controlled by the permit 2.8 issued under this part. Section 24. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) and 29 subsections (13) and (14) of section 373.4592, Florida 30 Statutes, are amended to read: 31

85

SB 2882 See HB

1 373.4592 Everglades improvement and management.--2 (4) EVERGLADES PROGRAM. --(d) Everglades research and monitoring program. --3 1. The department and the district shall review and 4 evaluate available water quality data for the Everglades 5 6 Protection Area and tributary waters and identify any 7 additional information necessary to adequately describe water 8 quality in the Everglades Protection Area and tributary waters. The department and the district shall also initiate a 9 research and monitoring program to generate such additional 10 information identified and to evaluate the effectiveness of 11 12 the BMPs and STAs, as they are implemented, in improving water 13 quality and maintaining designated and existing beneficial uses of the Everglades Protection Area and tributary waters. 14 As part of the program, the district shall monitor all 15 discharges into the Everglades Protection Area for purposes of 16 17 determining compliance with state water quality standards. 18 2. The research and monitoring program shall evaluate the ecological and hydrological needs of the Everglades 19 Protection Area, including the minimum flows and levels. 20 21 Consistent with such needs, the program shall also evaluate 22 water quality standards for the Everglades Protection Area and 23 for the canals of the EAA, so that these canals can be classified in the manner set forth in paragraph (e) and 2.4 protected as an integral part of the water management system 25 26 which includes the STAs of the Everglades Construction Project 27 and allows landowners in the EAA to achieve applicable water 2.8 quality standards compliance by BMPs and STA treatment to the extent this treatment is available and effective. 29 30 3. The research and monitoring program shall include research seeking to optimize the design and operation of the 31

86

1 STAs, including research to reduce outflow concentrations, and 2 to identify other treatment and management methods and regulatory programs that are superior to STAs in achieving the 3 intent and purposes of this section. 4 5 4. The research and monitoring program shall be б conducted to allow the department to propose a phosphorus 7 criterion in the Everglades Protection Area, and to evaluate 8 existing state water quality standards applicable to the 9 Everglades Protection Area and existing state water quality standards and classifications applicable to the EAA canals. In 10 developing the phosphorus criterion, the department shall also 11 12 consider the minimum flows and levels for the Everglades 13 Protection Area and the district's water supply plans for the Lower East Coast. 14 5. Beginning March 1, 2006, as part of the 15 consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(5)(7), the 16 17 district and the department shall annually issue a 18 peer-reviewed report regarding the research and monitoring program that summarizes all data and findings. The report 19 shall identify water quality parameters, in addition to 20 21 phosphorus, which exceed state water quality standards or are 22 causing or contributing to adverse impacts in the Everglades 23 Protection Area. 6. The district shall continue research seeking to 2.4 optimize the design and operation of STAs and to identify 25 26 other treatment and management methods that are superior to STAs in achieving optimum water quality and water quantity for 27 2.8 the benefit of the Everglades. The district shall optimize the 29 design and operation of the STAs described in the Everglades 30 Construction Project prior to expanding their size. Additional 31

87

1 methods to achieve compliance with water quality standards 2 shall not be limited to more intensive management of the STAs. 3 (13) ANNUAL REPORTS.--Beginning March 1, 2006, as part of the consolidated annual report required by s. 4 373.036(5)(7), the district shall report on implementation of 5 6 the section. The annual report will include a summary of the 7 water conditions in the Everglades Protection Area, the status 8 of the impacted areas, the status of the construction of the STAs, the implementation of the BMPs, and actions taken to 9 monitor and control exotic species. The district must prepare 10 the report in coordination with federal and state agencies. 11 12 (14) EVERGLADES FUND. -- The South Florida Water 13 Management District is directed to separately account for all moneys used for the purpose of funding the Everglades 14 Construction Project as part of the consolidated annual report 15 required by s. 373.036<u>(5)</u>(7). 16 17 Section 25. Subsection (3) of section 373.45926, 18 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 373.45926 Everglades Trust Fund; allocation of 19 revenues and expenditure of funds for conservation and 20 21 protection of natural resources and abatement of water 22 pollution. --23 (3) The South Florida Water Management District shall furnish, as part of the consolidated annual report required by 2.4 s. 373.036(5)(7), a detailed copy of its expenditures from the 25 Everglades Trust Fund to the Governor, the President of the 26 27 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and 2.8 shall make copies available to the public. The information 29 shall be provided in a format approved by the Joint Legislative Committee on Everglades Oversight. At the 30 direction of the Joint Legislative Committee on Everglades 31

88

1 Oversight, an audit may be made from time to time by the 2 Auditor General, and such audit shall be within the authority of said Auditor General to make. 3 Section 26. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 4 373.4595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 б 373.4595 Lake Okeechobee Protection Program. --7 (3) LAKE OKEECHOBEE PROTECTION PROGRAM. -- A protection 8 program for Lake Okeechobee that achieves phosphorus load 9 reductions for Lake Okeechobee shall be immediately 10 implemented as specified in this subsection. The program shall address the reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake from 11 12 both internal and external sources. Phosphorus load reductions 13 shall be achieved through a phased program of implementation. Initial implementation actions shall be technology-based, 14 based upon a consideration of both the availability of 15 16 appropriate technology and the cost of such technology, and 17 shall include phosphorus reduction measures at both the source 18 and the regional level. The initial phase of phosphorus load reductions shall be based upon the district's Technical 19 Publication 81-2 and the district's WOD program, with 20 21 subsequent phases of phosphorus load reductions based upon the 22 total maximum daily loads established in accordance with s. 23 403.067. In the development and administration of the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program, the coordinating agencies shall 2.4 maximize opportunities provided by federal cost-sharing 25 26 programs and opportunities for partnerships with the private 27 sector. 2.8 (h) Annual progress report.--Each March 1, beginning 29 in 2006, the district shall report on implementation of this section as part of the consolidated annual report required in 30 s. 373.036(5)(7). The annual report shall include a summary of 31

89

1 water quality and habitat conditions in Lake Okeechobee and 2 the Lake Okeechobee watershed and the status of the Lake Okeechobee Construction Project. The district shall prepare 3 the report in cooperation with the other coordinating 4 5 agencies. б Section 27. Subsection (7) of section 373.470, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 373.470 Everglades restoration.--9 (7) ANNUAL REPORT. -- To provide enhanced oversight of and accountability for the financial commitments established 10 under this section and the progress made in the implementation 11 12 of the comprehensive plan, the following information must be 13 prepared annually as part of the consolidated annual report required by s. 373.036(5)(7): 14 (a) The district, in cooperation with the department, 15 shall provide the following information as it relates to 16 17 implementation of the comprehensive plan: 1. An identification of funds, by source and amount, 18 received by the state and by each local sponsor during the 19 fiscal year. 20 21 2. An itemization of expenditures, by source and 22 amount, made by the state and by each local sponsor during the 23 fiscal year. 3. A description of the purpose for which the funds 2.4 were expended. 25 4. The unencumbered balance of funds remaining in 26 27 trust funds or other accounts designated for implementation of 2.8 the comprehensive plan. 29 5. A schedule of anticipated expenditures for the next 30 fiscal year. 31

90

SB 2882 See HB

1	(b) The department shall prepare a detailed report on
2	all funds expended by the state and credited toward the
3	state's share of funding for implementation of the
4	comprehensive plan. The report shall include:
5	1. A description of all expenditures, by source and
6	amount, from the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund,
7	the Land Acquisition Trust Fund, the Preservation 2000 Trust
8	Fund, the Florida Forever Trust Fund, the Save Our Everglades
9	Trust Fund, and other named funds or accounts for the
10	acquisition or construction of project components or other
11	features or facilities that benefit the comprehensive plan.
12	2. A description of the purposes for which the funds
13	were expended.
14	3. The unencumbered fiscal-year-end balance that
15	remains in each trust fund or account identified in
16	subparagraph 1.
17	(c) The district, in cooperation with the department,
18	shall provide a detailed report on progress made in the
19	implementation of the comprehensive plan, including the status
20	of all project components initiated after the effective date
21	of this act or the date of the last report prepared under this
22	subsection, whichever is later.
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24	The information required in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) shall
25	be provided as part of the consolidated annual report required
26	by s. $373.036(5)(7)$. The initial report is due by November 30,
27	2000, and each annual report thereafter is due by March 1.
28	Section 28. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section
29	373.536, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
30	373.536 District budget and hearing thereon
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91

(6) FINAL BUDGET; ANNUAL AUDIT; CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS 1 2 PLAN; WATER RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT WORK PROGRAM .--3 (a) Each district must, by the date specified for each 4 item, furnish copies of the following documents to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the 5 6 House of Representatives, the chairs of all legislative 7 committees and subcommittees having substantive or fiscal 8 jurisdiction over the districts, as determined by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of 9 Representatives as applicable, the secretary of the 10 department, and the governing board of each county in which 11 12 the district has jurisdiction or derives any funds for the 13 operations of the district: 1. The adopted budget, to be furnished within 10 days 14 after its adoption. 15 2. A financial audit of its accounts and records, to 16 17 be furnished within 10 days after its acceptance by the 18 governing board. The audit must be conducted in accordance with the provisions of s. 11.45 and the rules adopted 19 thereunder. In addition to the entities named above, the 20 district must provide a copy of the audit to the Auditor 21 22 General within 10 days after its acceptance by the governing 23 board. 3. A 5-year capital improvements plan, to be included 2.4 in the consolidated annual report required by s. 25 26 373.036(5)(7). The plan must include expected sources of 27 revenue for planned improvements and must be prepared in a 2.8 manner comparable to the fixed capital outlay format set forth in s. 216.043. 29 30 4. A 5-year water resource development work program to be furnished within 30 days after the adoption of the final 31 92

SB 2882 See HB

1 budget. The program must describe the district's 2 implementation strategy for the water resource development component of each approved regional water supply plan 3 developed or revised under s. <u>373.713</u> 373.0361. The work 4 program must address all the elements of the water resource 5 6 development component in the district's approved regional 7 water supply plans and must identify which projects in the 8 work program will provide water, explain how each water resource development project will produce additional water 9 10 available for consumptive uses, estimate the quantity of water to be produced by each project, and provide an assessment of 11 12 the contribution of the district's regional water supply plans 13 in providing sufficient water to meet the water supply needs of existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses for a 14 1-in-10-year drought event. Within 30 days after its 15 submittal, the department shall review the proposed work 16 17 program and submit its findings, questions, and comments to 18 the district. The review must include a written evaluation of the program's consistency with the furtherance of the 19 district's approved regional water supply plans, and the 20 21 adequacy of proposed expenditures. As part of the review, the 22 department shall give interested parties the opportunity to 23 provide written comments on each district's proposed work program. Within 45 days after receipt of the department's 2.4 evaluation, the governing board shall state in writing to the 25 department which changes recommended in the evaluation it will 26 27 incorporate into its work program submitted as part of the 2.8 March 1 consolidated annual report required by s. 29 373.036(5)(7) or specify the reasons for not incorporating the changes. The department shall include the district's responses 30 in a final evaluation report and shall submit a copy of the 31

93

1 report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 2 Speaker of the House of Representatives. Section 29. Subsection (11) of section 373.59, Florida 3 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 373.59 Water Management Lands Trust Fund.--5 6 (11) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to 7 the contrary, the governing board of a water management 8 district may request, and the Secretary of Environmental Protection shall release upon such request, moneys allocated 9 to the districts pursuant to subsection (8) for purposes 10 consistent with the provisions of s. 373.713 373.0361, s. 11 12 373.709 373.0831, s. 373.139, or ss. 373.451-373.4595 and for 13 legislatively authorized land acquisition and water restoration initiatives. No funds may be used pursuant to this 14 subsection until necessary debt service obligations, 15 requirements for payments in lieu of taxes, and land 16 17 management obligations that may be required by this chapter 18 are provided for. Section 30. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 19 378.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 378.212 Variances.--22 (1) Upon application, the secretary may grant a 23 variance from the provisions of this part or the rules adopted pursuant thereto. Variances and renewals thereof may be 2.4 granted for any one of the following reasons: 25 (g) To accommodate reclamation that provides water 26 27 supply development or water resource development not 2.8 inconsistent with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. <u>373.713</u> 373.0361, provided adverse 29 impacts are not caused to the water resources in the basin. A 30 variance may also be granted from the requirements of part IV 31

1 of chapter 373, or the rules adopted thereunder, when a 2 project provides an improvement in water availability in the 3 basin and does not cause adverse impacts to water resources in 4 the basin. Section 31. Subsection (9) of section 378.404, Florida 5 б Statutes, is amended to read: 7 378.404 Department of Environmental Protection; powers 8 and duties .-- The department shall have the following powers 9 and duties: 10 (9) To grant variances from the provisions of this part to accommodate reclamation that provides for water supply 11 12 development or water resource development not inconsistent 13 with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.713 373.0361, appropriate stormwater 14 management, improved wildlife habitat, recreation, or a 15 mixture thereof, provided adverse impacts are not caused to 16 17 the water resources in the basin and public health and safety 18 are not adversely affected. Section 32. Subsection (14) of section 403.031, 19 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 403.031 Definitions.--In construing this chapter, or 22 rules and regulations adopted pursuant hereto, the following 23 words, phrases, or terms, unless the context otherwise indicates, have the following meanings: 2.4 (14) "State water resource implementation rule" means 25 the rule authorized by s. <u>373.707</u> 373.036, which sets forth 26 27 goals, objectives, and guidance for the development and review 2.8 of programs, rules, and plans relating to water resources, 29 based on statutory policies and directives. The waters of the state are among its most basic resources. Such waters should 30 31

95

1 be managed to conserve and protect water resources and to 2 realize the full beneficial use of these resources. Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 3 403.0891, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 403.0891 State, regional, and local stormwater 6 management plans and programs. -- The department, the water 7 management districts, and local governments shall have the 8 responsibility for the development of mutually compatible 9 stormwater management programs. 10 (3)(a) Each local government required by chapter 163 to submit a comprehensive plan, whose plan is submitted after 11 12 July 1, 1992, and the others when updated after July 1, 1992, 13 in the development of its stormwater management program described by elements within its comprehensive plan shall 14 consider the water resource implementation rule, district 15 16 stormwater management goals, plans approved pursuant to the 17 Surface Water Improvement and Management Act, ss. 18 373.451-373.4595, and technical assistance information provided by the water management districts pursuant to s. 19 373.715 373.0391. 20 21 Section 34. Paragraphs (r) and (u) of subsection (2) 22 of section 403.813, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 23 403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.--2.4 (2) A permit is not required under this chapter, 25 chapter 373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 26 27 or chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, for activities 2.8 associated with the following types of projects; however, 29 except as otherwise provided in this subsection, nothing in this subsection relieves an applicant from any requirement to 30 obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of 31

1 Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or any water 2 management district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from complying with applicable local pollution 3 control programs authorized under this chapter or other 4 requirements of county and municipal governments: 5 б (r) The removal of aquatic plants, the removal of 7 tussocks, the associated replanting of indigenous aquatic 8 plants, and the associated removal from lakes of organic 9 detrital material when such planting or removal is performed and authorized by permit or exemption granted under s. 369.20 10 or s. 369.25, provided that: 11 12 1. Organic detrital material that exists on the 13 surface of natural mineral substrate shall be allowed to be removed to a depth of 3 feet or to the natural mineral 14 substrate, whichever is less; 15 2. All material removed pursuant to this paragraph 16 17 shall be deposited in an upland site in a manner that will prevent the reintroduction of the material into waters in the 18 state except when spoil material is permitted to be used to 19 create wildlife islands in freshwater bodies of the state when 20 a governmental entity is permitted pursuant to s. 369.20 to 21 22 create such islands as a part of a restoration or enhancement 23 project; 3. All activities are performed in a manner consistent 2.4 25 with state water quality standards; and 4. No activities under this exemption are conducted in 26 wetland areas, as defined by s. 373.019(22)(25), which are 27 2.8 supported by a natural soil as shown in applicable United 29 States Department of Agriculture county soil surveys, except 30 when a governmental entity is permitted pursuant to s. 369.20 31

97

1 to conduct such activities as a part of a restoration or 2 enhancement project. 3 4 The department may not adopt implementing rules for this paragraph, notwithstanding any other provision of law. 5 б (u) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in 7 this subsection, a permit or other authorization under chapter 8 253, chapter 369, chapter 373, or this chapter is not required for an individual residential property owner for the removal 9 of organic detrital material from freshwater rivers or lakes 10 that have a natural sand or rocky substrate and that are not 11 12 Aquatic Preserves or for the associated removal and replanting 13 of aquatic vegetation for the purpose of environmental enhancement, providing that: 14 1. No activities under this exemption are conducted in 15 wetland areas, as defined by s. 373.019(22)(25), which are 16 17 supported by a natural soil as shown in applicable United States Department of Agriculture county soil surveys. 18 2. No filling or peat mining is allowed. 19 3. No removal of native wetland trees, including, but 20 21 not limited to, ash, bay, cypress, gum, maple, or tupelo, 2.2 occurs. 23 4. When removing organic detrital material, no portion of the underlying natural mineral substrate or rocky substrate 2.4 is removed. 25 5. Organic detrital material and plant material 26 27 removed is deposited in an upland site in a manner that will 2.8 not cause water quality violations. 29 6. All activities are conducted in such a manner, and with appropriate turbidity controls, so as to prevent any 30 water quality violations outside the immediate work area. 31 98

SB 2882 See HB

1 7. Replanting with a variety of aquatic plants native 2 to the state shall occur in a minimum of 25 percent of the preexisting vegetated areas where organic detrital material is 3 removed, except for areas where the material is removed to 4 bare rocky substrate; however, an area may be maintained clear 5 6 of vegetation as an access corridor. The access corridor width 7 may not exceed 50 percent of the property owner's frontage or 8 50 feet, whichever is less, and may be a sufficient length waterward to create a corridor to allow access for a boat or 9 swimmer to reach open water. Replanting must be at a minimum 10 density of 2 feet on center and be completed within 90 days 11 12 after removal of existing aquatic vegetation, except that 13 under dewatered conditions replanting must be completed within 90 days after reflooding. The area to be replanted must extend 14 waterward from the ordinary high water line to a point where 15 normal water depth would be 3 feet or the preexisting 16 17 vegetation line, whichever is less. Individuals are required 18 to make a reasonable effort to maintain planting density for a period of 6 months after replanting is complete, and the 19 plants, including naturally recruited native aquatic plants, 20 21 must be allowed to expand and fill in the revegetation area. 22 Native aquatic plants to be used for revegetation must be 23 salvaged from the enhancement project site or obtained from an aquatic plant nursery regulated by the Department of 2.4 Agriculture and Consumer Services. Plants that are not native 25 26 to the state may not be used for replanting. 27 8. No activity occurs any farther than 100 feet 2.8 waterward of the ordinary high water line, and all activities must be designed and conducted in a manner that will not 29 unreasonably restrict or infringe upon the riparian rights of 30 adjacent upland riparian owners. 31

99

1	9. The person seeking this exemption notifies the
2	applicable department district office in writing at least 30
3	days before commencing work and allows the department to
4	conduct a preconstruction site inspection. Notice must include
5	an organic-detrital-material removal and disposal plan and, if
6	applicable, a vegetation-removal and revegetation plan.
7	10. The department is provided written certification
8	of compliance with the terms and conditions of this paragraph
9	within 30 days after completion of any activity occurring
10	under this exemption.
11	Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and
12	paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 403.890, Florida
13	Statutes, are amended to read:
14	403.890 Water Protection and Sustainability Program;
15	intent; goals; purposes
16	(1) Effective July 1, 2006, revenues transferred from
17	the Department of Revenue pursuant to s. 201.15(1)(d)2. shall
18	be deposited into the Water Protection and Sustainability
19	Program Trust Fund in the Department of Environmental
20	Protection. These revenues and any other additional revenues
21	deposited into or appropriated to the Water Protection and
22	Sustainability Trust Fund shall be distributed by the
23	Department of Environmental Protection in the following
24	manner:
25	(a) Sixty percent to the Department of Environmental
26	Protection for the implementation of an alternative water
27	supply program as provided in s. <u>373.717</u> 373.1961 .
28	(2) For fiscal year 2005-2006, funds deposited or
29	appropriated into the Water Protection and Sustainability
30	Trust Fund shall be distributed as follows:
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1 (a) One hundred million dollars to the Department of 2 Environmental Protection for the implementation of an 3 alternative water supply program as provided in s. 373.717 373.1961. 4 Section 36. Subsection (6) of section 556.102, Florida 5 б Statutes, is amended to read: 7 556.102 Definitions.--As used in this act: 8 (6) "Excavate" or "excavation" means any manmade cut, 9 cavity, trench, or depression in the earth's surface, formed by removal of earth, intended to change the grade or level of 10 land, or intended to penetrate or disturb the surface of the 11 12 earth, including land beneath the waters of the state, as 13 defined in s. 373.019(19)(20), and the term includes pipe bursting and directional drilling or boring from one point to 14 another point beneath the surface of the earth, or other 15 16 trenchless technologies. 17 Section 37. Section 682.02, Florida Statutes, is 18 amended to read: 19 682.02 Arbitration agreements made valid, irrevocable, and enforceable; scope. -- Two or more parties may agree in 20 21 writing to submit to arbitration any controversy existing 22 between them at the time of the agreement, or they may include 23 in a written contract a provision for the settlement by arbitration of any controversy thereafter arising between them 2.4 relating to such contract or the failure or refusal to perform 25 26 the whole or any part thereof. This section also applies to 27 written interlocal agreements under ss. 163.01 and 373.717 2.8 373.1962 in which two or more parties agree to submit to 29 arbitration any controversy between them concerning water use permit applications and other matters, regardless of whether 30 or not the water management district with jurisdiction over 31

101

1	the subject application is a party to the interlocal agreement
2	or a participant in the arbitration. Such agreement or
3	provision shall be valid, enforceable, and irrevocable without
4	regard to the justiciable character of the controversy;
5	provided that this act shall not apply to any such agreement
б	or provision to arbitrate in which it is stipulated that this
7	law shall not apply or to any arbitration or award thereunder.
8	Section 38. <u>Section 373.71, Florida Statutes, is</u>
9	renumbered as section 373.69, Florida Statutes.
10	Section 39. <u>Sections 373.0361, 373.0391, 373.0831,</u>
11	<u>373.196, 373.1961, 373.1962, and 373.1963, Florida Statutes,</u>
12	are repealed.
13	Section 40. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007.
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