A bill to be entitled

An act relating to offenses against officers; amending s. 776.051, F.S.; providing that a person is not justified in resisting with violence a law enforcement officer who is engaged in the execution of a legal duty, regardless of a specified later finding by a court; providing that a person is not justified in using force if a law enforcement officer acts in good faith and is known or appears to be a law enforcement officer; amending s. 784.07, F.S.; providing for reclassification of certain offenses against certain officers who are engaged in the performance of duties; amending s. 843.01, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for resisting with violence an officer who is executing a legal duty; amending s. 843.02, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for resisting without violence an officer who is executing a legal duty; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 776.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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776.051 Use of force in resisting or making an arrest or the execution of a legal duty; prohibition.--

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(1) A person is not justified in the use of force to resist an arrest by a law enforcement officer or to resist a law enforcement officer who is engaged in the execution of a legal duty, regardless of whether a court later finds that the action

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of the law enforcement officer was unlawful, if the law enforcement officer was acting in good faith and he or she is known, or reasonably appears, to be a law enforcement officer.

- (2) A law enforcement officer, or any person whom the officer has summoned or directed to assist him or her, is not justified in the use of force if the arrest or execution of a legal duty is unlawful and known by him or her to be unlawful.
- Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 784.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences.--
- (2) Whenever any person is charged with knowingly committing an assault or battery upon a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical care provider, a traffic accident investigation officer as described in s. 316.640, a nonsworn law enforcement agency employee who is certified as an agency inspector, blood alcohol analyst, or a breath test operator while such employee is in uniform and engaged in processing, testing, evaluating, analyzing, or transporting a person who is detained or under arrest for DUI, a traffic infraction enforcement officer as described in s. 316.640, a parking enforcement specialist as defined in s. 316.640, a person licensed as a security officer as defined in s. 493.6101 and wearing a uniform that bears at least one patch or emblem that is visible at all times that clearly identifies the

employing agency and that clearly identifies the person as a licensed security officer, or a security officer employed by the board of trustees of a community college, while the officer, firefighter, emergency medical care provider, intake officer, traffic accident investigation officer, traffic infraction enforcement officer, inspector, analyst, operator, parking enforcement specialist, public transit employee or agent, or security officer is engaged in the <a href="https://doi.org/lawful">lawful</a> performance of his or her duties, the offense for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows:

- (a) In the case of assault, from a misdemeanor of the second degree to a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- (b) In the case of battery, from a misdemeanor of the first degree to a felony of the third degree.
- (c) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony of the third degree to a felony of the second degree.

  Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person convicted of aggravated assault upon a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years.
- (d) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony of the second degree to a felony of the first degree.

  Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person convicted of aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 5 years.
- Section 3. Section 843.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 843.01 Resisting officer with violence to his or her person.--Whoever knowingly and willfully resists, obstructs, or

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

opposes any officer as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9); member of the Parole Commission or any administrative aide or supervisor employed by the commission; parole and probation supervisor; county probation officer; personnel or representative of the Department of Law Enforcement; or other person legally authorized to execute process in the execution of legal process or in the lawful execution of any legal duty, by offering or doing violence to the person of such officer or legally authorized person, commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 4. Section 843.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

843.02 Resisting officer without violence to his or her person.--Whoever shall resist, obstruct, or oppose any officer as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9); member of the Parole Commission or any administrative aide or supervisor employed by the commission; county probation officer; parole and probation supervisor; personnel or representative of the Department of Law Enforcement; or other person legally authorized to execute process in the execution of legal process or in the lawful execution of any legal duty, without offering or doing violence to the person of the officer, commits shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007.