Florida Senate - 2007

By Senator Wilson

```
33-22-07
 1
                        A bill to be entitled
 2
           An act relating to mandatory school attendance;
           amending ss. 1002.20, 1003.21, and 1003.51,
 3
           F.S.; changing the ending age for mandatory
 4
 5
           school attendance from 16 years to 18 years;
 б
           providing an effective date.
 7
   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
 8
 9
10
           Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of
    section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
11
12
           1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.--Parents of
13
    public school students must receive accurate and timely
    information regarding their child's academic progress and must
14
   be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in
15
    school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous
16
17
    statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:
           (2) ATTENDANCE.--
18
           (a) Compulsory school attendance.--The compulsory
19
    school attendance laws apply to all children between the ages
20
21
    of 6 and <u>18</u> <del>16</del> years, as provided in s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a),
22
    and, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.21(1) and
23
    (2)(a):
           1. A student who attains the age of 16 years during
2.4
    the school year has the right to file a formal declaration of
25
    intent to terminate school enrollment if the declaration is
26
27
    signed by the parent. The parent has the right to be notified
2.8
    by the school district of the district's receipt of the
    student's declaration of intent to terminate school
29
30
    enrollment.
31
                                   1
```

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2007 33-22-07

1 2. Students who become or have become married or who 2 are pregnant and parenting have the right to attend school and receive the same or equivalent educational instruction as 3 other students. 4 (b) Regular school attendance.--Parents of students 5 6 who have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any 7 school year but who have not attained the age of $\frac{18}{16}$ years 8 must comply with the compulsory school attendance laws. Parents have the option to comply with the school attendance 9 laws by attendance of the student in a public school; a 10 parochial, religious, or denominational school; a private 11 12 school; a home education program; or a private tutoring 13 program, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1003.01(13). Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of 14 section 1003.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 15 1003.21 School attendance.--16 17 (1)(a)1. All children who have attained the age of 6 18 years or who will have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school year or who are older than 6 years of age but 19 who have not attained the age of 18 16 years, except as 20 21 otherwise provided, are required to attend school regularly 22 during the entire school term. 23 2. Children who will have attained the age of 5 years on or before September 1 of the school year are eligible for 2.4 admission to public kindergartens during that school year 25 under rules adopted by the district school board. 26 27 (c) A student who attains the age of 18 16 years 2.8 during the school year is not subject to compulsory school 29 attendance beyond the date upon which he or she attains that age if the student files a formal declaration of intent to 30 terminate school enrollment with the district school board. 31 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

31

1 Public school students who have attained the age of 18 16 years and who have not graduated are subject to compulsory 2 school attendance until the formal declaration of intent is 3 filed with the district school board. The declaration must 4 acknowledge that terminating school enrollment is likely to 5 6 reduce the student's earning potential and must be signed by 7 the student and the student's parent. The school district must 8 notify the student's parent of receipt of the student's declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment. The 9 student's guidance counselor or other school personnel must 10 conduct an exit interview with the student to determine the 11 12 reasons for the student's decision to terminate school 13 enrollment and actions that could be taken to keep the student in school. The student must be informed of opportunities to 14 continue his or her education in a different environment, 15 including, but not limited to, adult education and GED test 16 17 preparation. Additionally, the student must complete a survey 18 in a format prescribed by the Department of Education to provide data on student reasons for terminating enrollment and 19 actions taken by schools to keep students enrolled. 20 21 Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 1003.51, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 1003.51 Other public educational services.--(4) The Department of Education shall ensure that 2.4 district school boards notify students in juvenile justice 25 26 residential or nonresidential facilities who attain the age of 27 18 16 years of the provisions of law regarding compulsory 2.8 school attendance and make available the option of enrolling 29 in a program to attain a Florida high school diploma by taking the general educational development test prior to release from 30

3 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

the facility. District school boards or community colleges, or

Florida Senate - 2007 33-22-07

1 2

3

4

5

6

both, shall waive GED testing fees for youth in Department of Juvenile Justice residential programs and shall, upon request, designate schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs as GED testing centers, subject to GED testing center requirements. The administrative fees for the

7 general education development test required by the Department 8 of Education are the responsibility of district school boards and may be required of providers by contractual agreement. 9 10 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007. 11 ****** 12 13 SENATE SUMMARY 14 Changes the ending age for mandatory school attendance from 16 years to 18 years. 15 16 17 18 19 20

SB 360

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.