By Senator Fasano

11-494-07

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to state public officials;
3	creating s. 112.3142, F.S.; defining the terms
4	"cabinet member" and "covered public official";
5	requiring a covered public official to place
6	all of his or her personal investments of
7	stocks and bonds into a publicly traded mutual
8	fund or a qualified blind trust; providing for
9	after-acquired financial interests; setting
10	forth the requirements for a qualifying blind
11	trust; requiring that a copy of the qualified
12	blind trust agreement be filed with the
13	Commission on Ethics within a specified period;
14	providing for the revocation of a qualified
15	blind trust; prohibiting a covered public
16	official from attempting to influence or
17	exercise any control over decisions regarding
18	the management of the qualified blind trust or
19	engaging in any activity involving a violation
20	of the standards of conduct for public officers
21	set forth in law; providing an effective date.
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23	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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25	Section 1. Section 112.3142, Florida Statutes, is
26	created to read:
27	112.3142 Qualified blind trusts
28	(1) As used in this section, the term:
29	(a) "Cabinet" member has the same meaning as in s.
30	<u>20.03.</u>
31	(b) "Commission" means the Commission on Ethics.

1	(c) "Covered public official" means the Governor, the
2	Lieutenant Governor, and each member of the Cabinet.
3	(2)(a) A covered public official shall, before taking
4	office, place all of his or her personal investments of stocks
5	and bonds into a publicly traded mutual fund or a qualified
6	blind trust.
7	(b) During the covered public official's term of
8	office, he or she may not voluntarily acquire any personal
9	investment in a stock or bond except in the form of publicly
10	traded mutual funds.
11	(c) If the covered public official acquires a
12	financial interest in the stock or bond of a business entity
13	during the covered public official's term of office due to
14	events or actions beyond the covered public official's
15	control, the covered public official shall immediately sell
16	the financial interest or place the financial interest in a
17	qualified blind trust.
18	(3) In order to constitute a qualified blind trust,
19	the trust must be established by the covered public official
20	and meet the following requirements:
21	(a) The person appointed as a trustee of the qualified
22	blind trust must be:
23	1. A disinterested party. A disinterested party may
24	not be the covered public official's spouse, child, parent,
25	grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, parent-in-law,
26	brother-in-law, sister-in-law, aunt, uncle, or first cousin,
27	or the spouse of any such person.
28	2. A person who is not an elected or appointed public
29	officer or a public employee.
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1	3. A person who has not been appointed to serve in an
2	agency by the covered public official or by a public officer
3	or public employee supervised by the covered public official.
4	(b) The qualified blind trust agreement must give the
5	trustee complete discretion to manage the trust, including,
6	but not limited to, the power to dispose of or acquire trust
7	assets without consulting or notifying the covered public
8	official.
9	(c) The trustee must notify the covered public
10	official of the date of disposition and value at disposition
11	of any original investment or interest in real property in
12	order that the information may be reported on the covered
13	public official's statement of financial interests and
14	applicable tax returns.
15	(d) The qualified blind trust agreement must prohibit
16	the trustee from disclosing to the covered public official any
17	information concerning replacement assets to the trust, except
18	for information required for inclusion in disclosure forms
19	required under this part and the minimum tax information that
20	lists only the totals of taxable items from the trust and does
21	not describe the source of individual items of income.
22	(4) A copy of the qualified blind trust agreement must
23	be filed with the commission no later than 5 business days
24	after the agreement is executed and must include:
25	(a) A listing of the assets placed in the qualified
26	blind trust;
27	(b) A statement detailing the date the agreement was
28	executed;
29	(c) The name and address of the trustee; and
30	(d) A separate statement signed by the trustee, under
31	penalty of perjury, certifying that he or she has not revealed

1	any information to the covered public official except for
2	information that is authorized under this section, and that,
3	to the best of the trustee's knowledge, the submitted
4	qualified blind trust agreement complies with this section.
5	(5) If the trust is revoked by the covered public
6	official while the official remains a covered public official,
7	or if the covered public official learns of any replacement
8	assets that are added to the qualified blind trust, the
9	covered public official must file an amendment to his or her
10	most recent statement of financial interests. The amendment
11	must be filed no later than 60 days after the date of
12	revocation or the addition of the replacement assets. The
13	covered public official must disclose the previously
14	unreported pro rata share of the qualified blind trust's
15	interests in investments or income deriving from any such
16	investments. For the purpose of this section, any replaced
17	asset of which the covered public official learns shall
18	thereafter be treated as though the asset were an original
19	asset of the qualified blind trust.
20	(6) A covered public official may not:
21	(a) Attempt to influence or exercise any control over
22	decisions regarding the management of the qualified blind
23	trust.
24	(b) Engage, directly or indirectly, in an activity
25	involving any financial interest of the public official which
26	<u>violates s. 112.313.</u>
27	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007.
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********** SENATE SUMMARY Requires a covered public official to place all of his or her personal investments of stocks and bonds into a publicly traded mutual fund or a qualified blind trust. Provides for after-acquired financial interests. Sets forth the requirements for a qualifying blind trust. Requires that a copy of the qualified blind trust agreement be filed with the Commission on Ethics within 5 days. Provides for the revocation of a qualified blind trust. Prohibits a covered public official from attempting to influence or exercise any control over decisions regarding the management of the qualified blind trust or engaging in any activity involving a violation of the standards of conduct for public officers set forth