# Barcode 941466

# CHAMBER ACTION

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4	Floor: 1/RE/3R . 04/27/2007 07:44 PM .
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11	Senator Constantine moved the following amendment:
12	benator constantine moved the fortowing amenament.
13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	Delete everything after the enacting clause
15	before everything after the chaeting eraube
16	and insert:
17	Section 1. Subsection (36) of section 97.021, Florida
18	Statutes, is amended to read:
19	97.021 DefinitionsFor the purposes of this code,
20	except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the
21	term:
22	(36) "Third-party registration organization" means any
23	person, entity, or organization soliciting or collecting voter
24	registration applications. A third-party voter registration
25	organization does not include:
26	<del>(a) A political party;</del>
27	(a)(b) A person who seeks only to register to vote or
28	collect voter registration applications from that person's
29	spouse, child, or parent; or
30	(b)(c) A person engaged in registering to vote or
31	collecting voter registration applications as an employee or
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agent of the division, supervisor of elections, Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, or a voter registration 2 agency. 3

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 97.0575, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.0575 Third-party voter registrations.--

- (3) A third-party voter registration organization that collects voter registration applications serves as a fiduciary to the applicant, ensuring that any voter registration application entrusted to the third-party voter registration organization, irrespective of party affiliation, race, ethnicity, or gender shall be promptly delivered to the division or the supervisor of elections. If a voter registration application collected by any third-party voter registration organization is not promptly delivered to the division or supervisor of elections, the individual collecting the voter registration application, the registered agent, and those individuals responsible for the day-to-day operation of the third-party voter registration organization, including, if applicable, the entity's board of directors, president, vice president, managing partner, or such other individuals engaged in similar duties or functions, shall be personally and jointly and severally liable for the following fines:
- (a) A fine in the amount of \$50 \$250 for each application received by the division or the supervisor of elections more than 10 days after the applicant delivered the completed voter registration application to the third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf. A fine in the amount of \$250 for each application received if the third-party registration 31 organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf

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(b) A fine in the amount of \$100 \$500 for each 2 application collected by a third-party voter registration 3 organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, prior to book closing for any given election for 5 federal or state office and received by the division or the 7 supervisor of elections after the book closing deadline for such election. A fine in the amount of \$500 for each 8 application received if the third-party registration 10 organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf 11 acted willfully.

(c) A fine in the amount of \$500 \$5,000 for each application collected by a third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, which is not submitted to the division or supervisor of elections. A fine in the amount of \$1,000 for any application not submitted if the third-party registration organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf acted willfully.

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The aggregate fine pursuant to this subsection which may be

22 <u>assessed against a third-party voter registration</u>

23 organization, including affiliate organizations, for

24 violations committed in a calendar year shall be \$1,000. The

25 | fines provided in this subsection shall be reduced by

26 three-fourths in cases in which the third-party voter

27 registration organization has complied with subsection (1).

28 The secretary shall waive the fines described in this

29 subsection upon a showing that the failure to deliver the

30 voter registration application promptly is based upon force

31 <u>majeure or impossibility of performance.</u>

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Section 3. Effective July 1, 2007, subsections (1), (2), (3), and (6) of section 103.101, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

103.101 Presidential preference primary.--

- (1) Each political party other than a minor political party shall, on the <u>last</u> second Tuesday in <u>January</u> March in each year the number of which is a multiple of 4, elect one person to be the candidate for nomination of such party for President of the United States or select delegates to the national nominating convention, as provided by party rule.
- (2) There shall be a Presidential Candidate Selection Committee composed of the Secretary of State, who shall be a nonvoting chair; the Speaker of the House of Representatives; the President of the Senate; the minority leader of each house of the Legislature; and the chair of each political party required to have a presidential preference primary under this section.
- (a) By October December 31 of the year preceding the Florida presidential preference primary, each political party shall submit to the Secretary of State a list of its presidential candidates to be placed on the presidential preference primary ballot or candidates entitled to have delegates appear on the presidential preference primary ballot. The Secretary of State shall prepare and publish a list of the names of the presidential candidates submitted. The Secretary of State shall submit such list of names of presidential candidates to the selection committee on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the January each year preceding the a presidential preference primary election is held. Each person designated as a 31 | presidential candidate shall have his or her name appear, or

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have his or her delegates' names appear, on the presidential preference primary ballot unless all committee members of the 2 same political party as the candidate agree to delete such 3 candidate's name from the ballot. The selection committee shall meet in Tallahassee on the first Tuesday after the first 5 Monday in November of the January each year preceding the a presidential preference primary is held. The selection committee shall publicly announce and submit to the Department 8 of State no later than 5 p.m. on the following day the names 10 of presidential candidates who shall have their names appear, 11 or who are entitled to have their delegates' names appear, on the presidential preference primary ballot. The Department of 12 13 State shall immediately notify each presidential candidate designated by the committee. Such notification shall be in 14 15 writing, by registered mail, with return receipt requested.

- (b) Any presidential candidate whose name does not appear on the list submitted to the Secretary of State may request that the selection committee place his or her name on the ballot. Such request shall be made in writing to the Secretary of State no later than the second Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the presidential preference primary January.
- (c) If a presidential candidate makes a request that the selection committee reconsider placing the candidate's name on the ballot, the selection committee will reconvene no later than the second Thursday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the presidential preference primary January to reconsider placing the candidate's name on the ballot. The Department of State shall immediately notify such candidate of the selection committee's decision.
- (3) A candidate's name shall be printed on the

1	presidential preference primary ballot unless the candidate
2	submits to the Department of State, prior to the second
3	Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year
4	preceding the presidential preference primary January, an
5	affidavit stating that he or she is not now, and does not
6	presently intend to become, a candidate for President at the
7	upcoming nominating convention. If a candidate withdraws
8	pursuant to this subsection, the Department of State shall
9	notify the state executive committee that the candidate's name
10	will not be placed on the ballot. The Department of State
11	shall, no later than the third Tuesday after the first Monday
12	in November of the year preceding the presidential preference
13	primary January, certify to each supervisor of elections the
14	name of each candidate for political party nomination to be
15	printed on the ballot.
16	(6) Delegates must qualify no later than the second
17	Friday in November of the year preceding the presidential
18	preference primary January in the manner provided by party
19	rule.
20	Section 4. Effective July 1, 2007, subsection (3) is
21	added to section 101.75, Florida Statutes, to read:
22	101.75 Municipal elections; change of dates for
23	cause
24	(3) Notwithstanding any provision of local law, for
25	any municipality whose election is scheduled to be held in
26	March 2008, the governing body of the municipality,
27	notwithstanding any municipal charter provision, may, by
28	ordinance, move the date of the general municipal election in
29	2008 and in each subsequent year that is a multiple of 4 to
30	the date concurrent with the presidential preference primary.
31	The dates for qualifying for the general municipal election
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1	moved by the passage of such an ordinance shall be
2	specifically provided for in the ordinance and shall run for
3	no less than 14 days. The term of office for any elected
4	municipal official shall commence as provided by the relevant
5	municipal charter or ordinance, and the term of office for any
6	elected municipal official whose term was due to expire in
7	March 2008 shall expire as provided by the relevant municipal
8	charter or ordinance.
9	Section 5. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (1) of
10	section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
11	101.151 Specifications for ballots
12	(1)(a) Marksense ballots shall be printed on paper of
13	such thickness that the printing cannot be distinguished from
14	the back and shall meet the specifications of the voting
15	system that will be used to tabulate the ballots.
16	(b) Early voting sites may employ a ballot-on-demand
17	production system to print individual marksense ballots,
18	including provisional ballots, for eligible electors pursuant
19	to s. 101.657. Ballot-on-demand technology may be used to
20	produce marksense absentee ballots. Not later than 30 days
21	before an election, the Secretary of State may also authorize
22	in writing the use of ballot-on-demand technology for the
23	production of election-day ballots.
24	Section 6. Effective July 1, 2008, section 101.56075,
25	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
26	101.56075 Voting methods
27	(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), all voting
28	shall be by marksense ballot utilizing a marking device for
29	the purpose of designating ballot selections.
30	(2) Persons with disabilities may vote on a voter
31	<pre>interface device that meets the voting system accessibility 7</pre>

1	requirements for individuals with disabilities pursuant to
2	section 301 of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and
3	s. 101.56062.
4	(3) By 2012, persons with disabilities shall vote on a
5	voter interface device that meets the voter accessibility
6	requirements for individuals with disabilities under section
7	301 of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and s.
8	101.56062, which are consistent with subsection (1) of this
9	section.
10	Section 7. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (5) is
11	added to section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, to read:
12	101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment
13	(5) Any tests involving marksense ballots pursuant to
14	this section shall employ pre-printed ballots, if pre-printed
15	ballots will be used in the election, and ballot-on-demand
16	ballots, if ballot-on-demand technology will be used to
17	produce ballots in the election, or both.
18	Section 8. Effective July 1, 2008, section 101.591,
19	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
20	(Substantial rewording of section. See
21	s. 101.591, F.S., for present text.)
22	101.591 Voting system audit
23	(1) Immediately following the certification of each
24	election, the county canvassing board or the local board
25	responsible for certifying the election shall conduct a manual
26	audit of the voting systems used in randomly selected
27	precincts.
28	(2) The audit shall consist of a public manual tally
29	of the votes cast in one randomly selected race that appears
30	on the ballot. The tally sheet shall include election-day,
31	absentee, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots, in

1	at least 1 percent but no more than 2 percent of the precincts
2	chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local
3	board responsible for certifying the election. If 1 percent of
4	the precincts is less than one entire precinct, the audit
5	shall be conducted using at least one precinct chosen at
6	random by the county canvassing board or the local board
7	responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall
8	be selected at a publicly-noticed canvassing board meeting.
9	(3) The canvassing board shall post a notice of the
10	audit, including the date, time, and place, in four
11	conspicuous places in the county and on the home page of the
12	county supervisor of elections web site.
13	(4) The audit must be completed and the results made
14	public no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 7th day following
15	certification of the election by the county canvassing board
16	or the local board responsible for certifying the election.
17	(5) Within 15 days after completion of the audit, the
18	county canvassing board or the board responsible for
19	certifying the election shall provide a report with the
20	results of the audit to the Department of State in a standard
21	format as prescribed by the department. The report shall
22	contain, but is not limited to, the following items:
23	(a) The overall accuracy of audit.
24	(b) A description of any problems or discrepancies
25	encountered.
26	(c) The likely cause of such problems or
27	discrepancies.
28	(d) Recommended corrective action with respect to
29	avoiding or mitigating such circumstances in future elections.
30	Section 9. <u>Effective upon this act becoming a law, the</u>
31	Department of State shall adopt rules to implement the

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provisions of s. 101.591, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 8 which prescribe detailed audit procedures for each 2 voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent 3 4 practicable, along with the standard form for audit reports. Section 10. Effective upon this act becoming a law: 5 6 (1) Notwithstanding ss. 101.292-101.295 and s. 7 101.5604, Florida Statutes, as a condition of the state purchasing optical scan voting equipment and ballot-on-demand 8 equipment to replace touchscreen equipment as provided in 10 section 11, each recipient county hereby authorizes the 11 Secretary of State to act as its agent to negotiate the purchase of new equipment and the sale, exchange, or other 12 13 disposition of existing touchscreen voting equipment that is not necessary to conduct voting for individuals with 14 15 disabilities. Further, each such county hereby designates the Secretary of State as the authorized recipient of all proceeds 16 realized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of the 17 voting equipment, after satisfying obligations or indebtedness 18 19 associated with the voting equipment, up to and including the state's cost to fund the county's new equipment. The secretary 20 21 shall deposit the proceeds in the Grants and Donations Trust 22 Fund within 60 days after the sale, exchange, or other 23 disposition. 2.4 (2) A county commission may choose to opt out of this state funding scheme by filing a notice to that effect with 25 the Department of State no later than June 30, 2007. Any 26 27 county choosing to opt out shall continue to be governed by the provisions of ss. 101.292-101.295 and s. 101.5604, Florida 28 29 Statutes, with respect to the purchase of new voting systems and equipment. 30 Section 11. Effective July 1, 2007:

1	(1) The Department of State is authorized to purchase:
2	(a) Election-day optical scan voting equipment, for
3	the following counties: Broward, Charlotte, Collier,
4	Hillsborough, Indian River, Lake, Lee, Martin, Miami-Dade,
5	Nassau, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Sarasota, and Sumter.
6	(b) Ballot-on-demand equipment for use at early voting
7	sites, including optical scan tabulators, for the following
8	counties: Bay, Brevard, Broward, Charlotte, Clay, Collier,
9	Escambia, Hillsborough, Indian River, Jackson, Lake, Lee,
10	Levy, Marion, Martin, Miami-Dade, Nassau, Okaloosa, Orange,
11	Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Santa Rosa, Sarasota,
12	St. Johns, Sumter, Taylor, and Washington.
13	(2) The sum of \$27,861,850 is appropriated from the
14	Grants and Donations Trust Fund to the Division of Elections
15	within the Department of State for the purpose of implementing
16	this section.
17	Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
18	97.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
19	97.041 Qualifications to register or vote
20	(1)
21	(b) A person who is otherwise qualified may
22	preregister on or after that person's 17th birthday or receipt
23	of a valid Florida driver's license, whichever occurs earlier,
24	and may vote in any election occurring on or after that
25	person's 18th birthday.
26	Section 13. Subsections (6) and (7) of section 97.053,
27	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
28	97.053 Acceptance of voter registration
29	applications
30	(6) A voter registration application may be accepted
31	as valid only after the department has verified the

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authenticity or nonexistence of the driver's license number, the Florida identification card number, or the last four 2 digits of the social security number provided by the 3 applicant. If a completed voter registration application has been received by the book-closing deadline but the driver's 5 license number, the Florida identification card number, or the 7 last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant cannot be verified, the applicant shall be notified 8 that the application is incomplete and that the voter must 9 10 provide evidence to the supervisor sufficient to verify the 11 authenticity of the number provided on the application. If the voter provides the necessary evidence, the supervisor shall 12 13 place the voter's name on the registration rolls as an active yoter. If the voter has not provided the necessary evidence or 14 15 the number has not otherwise been verified prior to the applicant presenting himself or herself to vote, the applicant 16 shall be provided a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot 17 shall be counted only if the application is verified by the 18 end of the canvassing period or if the applicant presents 19 20 evidence to the supervisor of elections sufficient to verify the authenticity of the driver's license number, Florida 21 22 identification card number, or last four digits of the social security number provided on the application no later than 5 23 2.4 p.m. of the second third day following the election. (7) All voter registration applications received by a 25 voter registration official shall be entered into the 26 statewide voter registration system within 13 45 days after 27 receipt. Once entered, the application shall be immediately 28 29 forwarded to the appropriate supervisor of elections. Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 30 31 99.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1 99.021 Form of candidate oath.--(1)(a)1. Each candidate, whether a party candidate, a 2 candidate with no party affiliation, or a write-in candidate, 3 in order to qualify for nomination or election to any office other than a judicial office as defined in chapter 105 or a 5 federal office, shall take and subscribe to an oath or 7 affirmation in writing. A printed copy of the oath or affirmation shall be furnished to the candidate by the officer 8 before whom such candidate seeks to qualify and shall be 9 10 substantially in the following form: 11 State of Florida 12 13 County of.... Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths, 14 15 personally appeared ... (please print name as you wish it to 16 appear on the ballot)..., to me well known, who, being sworn, says that he or she is a candidate for the office of ....; 17 that he or she is a qualified elector of .... County, Florida; 18 that he or she is qualified under the Constitution and the 19 laws of Florida to hold the office to which he or she desires 20 21 to be nominated or elected; that he or she has taken the oath 22 required by ss. 876.05-876.10, Florida Statutes; that he or she has qualified for no other public office in the state, the 23 24 term of which office or any part thereof runs concurrent with that of the office he or she seeks; and that he or she has 25 resigned from any office from which he or she is required to 26 27 resign pursuant to s. 99.012, Florida Statutes. 28 ...(Signature of candidate)... 29 ...(Address)... 30 31 | Sworn to and subscribed before me this .... day of ....,

1	(year), at County, Florida.
2	(Signature and title of officer administering oath)
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4	2. Each candidate for federal office, whether a party
5	candidate, a candidate with no party affiliation, or a
6	write-in candidate, in order to qualify for nomination or
7	election to office shall take and subscribe to an oath or
8	affirmation in writing. A printed copy of the oath or
9	affirmation shall be furnished to the candidate by the officer
10	before whom such candidate seeks to qualify and shall be
11	substantially in the following form:
12	
13	State of Florida
14	County of
15	Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths,
16	personally appeared (please print name as you wish it to
17	appear on the ballot), to me well known, who, being sworn,
18	says that he or she is a candidate for the office of
19	; that he or she is qualified under the Constitution
20	and laws of the United States to hold the office to which he
21	or she desires to be nominated or elected; that he or she has
22	qualified for no other public office in the state, the term of
23	which office or any part thereof runs concurrent with that of
24	the office he or she seeks; and that he or she has resigned
25	from any office from which he or she is required to resign
26	pursuant to s. 99.012, Florida Statutes.
27	(Signature of candidate)
28	(Address)
29	
30	Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of
31	(year), at County, Florida.
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(Signature	and title	of offic	cer admin	nistering	oath)
Section 15	. Section	99.061,	Florida	Statutes,	is
amended to read:					

99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election to federal, state, county, or district office. --

- (1) The provisions of any special act to the contrary notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a federal, state, or multicounty district office, other than election to a judicial office as defined in chapter 105 or the office of school board member, shall file his or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the Department of State, or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 with the Department of State, at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be as follows: the 120th day prior to the primary election, but not later than noon of the 116th day prior to the date of the primary election, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal office or to the office of the state attorney or the public defender; and noon of the 71st 50th day prior to the primary election, but not later than noon of the 67th 46th day prior to the date of the primary election, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a state or multicounty district office, other than the office of the state attorney or the public defender.
- (2) The provisions of any special act to the contrary notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a county office, or district or special 31 district office not covered by subsection (1), shall file his

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or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, 2 and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the 3 supervisor of elections of the county, or shall qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 with the supervisor of 5 elections, at any time after noon of the 1st day for 7 qualifying, which shall be the 71st 50th day prior to the primary election or special district election, but not later 8 than noon of the 67th 46th day prior to the date of the 10 primary election or special district election. However, if a 11 special district election is held at the same time as the general election, qualifying shall be the 50th day prior to 12 13 the primary election, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the primary election. Within 30 days 14 15 after the closing of qualifying time, the supervisor of elections shall remit to the secretary of the state executive 16 committee of the political party to which the candidate 17 belongs the amount of the filing fee, two-thirds of which 18 19 shall be used to promote the candidacy of candidates for 20 county offices and the candidacy of members of the Legislature. 21 22 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of any special act 23 to the contrary, each person seeking to qualify for election 2.4 to a special district office shall qualify between noon of the 71st day prior to the primary election and noon of the 67th 25 day prior to the date of the primary election. Candidates for 26 single county special districts shall qualify with the 27 supervisor of elections in the county in which the district is 28 29 located. If the district is a multicounty district, candidates shall qualify with the Department of State. All special 30 31 district candidates shall qualify by paying a filing fee of

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- \$25 or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095. Notwithstanding s. 106.021, a candidate who does not collect 2. contributions and whose only expense is the filing fee or 3 signature verification fee is not required to appoint a campaign treasurer or designate a primary campaign depository. 5
  - (4)(3)(a) Each person seeking to qualify for election to office as a write-in candidate shall file his or her qualification papers with the respective qualifying officer at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, but not later than noon of the last day of the qualifying period for the office sought.
  - (b) Any person who is seeking election as a write-in candidate shall not be required to pay a filing fee, election assessment, or party assessment. A write-in candidate is shall not be entitled to have his or her name printed on any ballot; however, space for the write-in candidate's name to be written in  $\underline{\text{must}}$   $\underline{\text{shall}}$  be provided on the general election ballot.  $\underline{\text{A}}$   $\underline{\text{No}}$ person may <u>not</u> qualify as a write-in candidate if the person has also otherwise qualified for nomination or election to such office.
  - (5) (4) At the time of qualifying for office, each candidate for a constitutional office shall file a full and public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, and a candidate for any other office, including local elective office, shall file a statement of financial interests pursuant to s. 112.3145.
- (6) (5) The Department of State shall certify to the supervisor of elections, within 7 days after the closing date for qualifying, the names of all duly qualified candidates for nomination or election who have qualified with the Department 31 of State.

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(6) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed
in this section, if a candidate has submitted the necessary
petitions by the required deadline in order to qualify by the
petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 as a candidate for
nomination or election and the candidate is notified after the
5th day prior to the last day for qualifying that the required
number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate is
entitled to subscribe to the candidate's oath and file the
qualifying papers at any time within 5 days from the date the
candidate is notified that the necessary number of signatures
has been obtained. Any candidate who qualifies within the time
prescribed in this subsection is entitled to have his or her
name printed on the ballot.

- (7)(a) In order for a candidate to be qualified, the following items must be received by the filing officer by the end of the qualifying period:
- 1. A properly executed check drawn upon the candidate's campaign account in an amount not less than the fee required by s. 99.092 or, in lieu thereof, as applicable, the copy of the notice of obtaining ballot position pursuant to s. 99.095. The filing fee for a special district candidate is not required to be drawn upon the candidate's campaign account. If a candidate's check is returned by the bank for any reason, the filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate and the candidate shall, the end of qualifying notwithstanding, have 48 hours from the time such notification is received, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, to pay the fee with a cashier's check purchased from funds of the campaign account. Failure to pay the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall disqualify the candidate.
  - 2. The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which

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must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought, including the district or group number if applicable; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.

- 3. The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.
- 4. If the office sought is partisan, the written statement of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b).
- 5. The completed form for the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required by s. 106.021.
- 6. The full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests required by subsection(5) (4). A public officer who has filed the full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests with the Commission on Ethics or the supervisor of elections prior to qualifying for office may file a copy of that disclosure at the time of qualifying.
- (b) If the filing officer receives qualifying papers that do not include all items as required by paragraph (a) prior to the last day of qualifying, the filing officer shall make a reasonable effort to notify the candidate of the missing or incomplete items and shall inform the candidate that all required items must be received by the close of qualifying. A candidate's name as it is to appear on the ballot may not be changed after the end of qualifying.
- (8) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed in this section, a qualifying office may accept and hold qualifying papers submitted not earlier than 14 days prior to the beginning of the qualifying period, to be processed and 31 | filed during the qualifying period.

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1	(9) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed
2	by this section, in each year in which the Legislature
3	apportions the state, the qualifying period for persons
4	seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal
5	office shall be between noon of the 71st 57th day prior to the
6	primary election, but not later than noon of the <u>67th</u> <del>53rd</del> day
7	prior to the primary election.
8	(10) The Department of State may prescribe by rule
9	requirements for filing papers to qualify as a candidate under
10	this section.
11	Section 16. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 99.095,
12	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
13	99.095 Petition process in lieu of a qualifying fee
14	and party assessment
15	(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a
16	candidate <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> obtain the number of signatures of voters
17	in the geographical area represented by the office sought
18	equal to at least 1 percent of the total number of registered
19	voters of that geographical area, as shown by the compilation
20	by the department for the <u>immediately</u> <del>last</del> preceding general
21	election. Signatures may not be obtained until the candidate
22	has filed the appointment of campaign treasurer and
23	designation of campaign depository pursuant to s. 106.021.
24	(b) A candidate for a special district office shall
25	obtain 25 signatures of voters in the geographical area
26	represented by the office sought.
27	$\frac{(c)}{(b)}$ The format of the petition shall be prescribed
28	by the division and shall be used by candidates to reproduce
29	petitions for circulation. If the candidate is running for an

30 office that requires a group or district designation, the

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the signatures are not valid. A separate petition is required for each candidate.

- (4)(a) Certifications for candidates for federal, state, or multicounty district, or multicounty special district office shall be submitted to the division no later than the 7th day before the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The division shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained and shall notify the candidate.
- (b) For candidates for county, or district, or special district office not covered by paragraph (a), the supervisor shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained and shall notify the candidate.

Section 17. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 99.096, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.096 Minor political party candidates; names on ballot.--

(1) No later than noon of the third day prior to the first day of the qualifying period prescribed for federal candidates, the executive committee of a minor political party shall submit to the Department of State a list of federal candidates nominated by the party to be on the general election ballot. No later than noon of the third day prior to the first day of the qualifying period for state candidates, the executive committee of a minor political party shall submit to the filing officer for each of the candidates the official list of the state, multicounty, and county candidates nominated by that party to be on the ballot in the general election. The official list of nominated candidates may not be changed by the party after having been filed with the filing 31 | officers, except that vacancies in nominations may be filled

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(2) Each person seeking to qualify for election as a candidate of a minor political party shall file his or her qualifying papers with, and pay the qualifying fee and, if one has been levied, the party assessment, or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095, with the officer and at the times and under the circumstances provided in s. 99.061.

Section 18. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 99.0965, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 100.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.041 Officers chosen at general election. --

(2)(a) Each county commissioner from an odd-numbered district shall be elected at the general election in each year the number of which is a multiple of 4, for a 4-year term commencing on the second Tuesday following such election, and each county commissioner from an even-numbered district shall be elected at the general election in each even-numbered year the number of which is not a multiple of 4, for a 4-year term commencing on the second Tuesday following such election.  $\underline{A}$ county commissioner is "elected" for purposes of this paragraph on the date that the county canvassing board certifies the results of the election pursuant to s. 102.151.

Section 20. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 100.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.051 Candidate's name on general election ballot .-- The supervisor of elections of each county shall print on ballots to be used in the county at the next general election the names of candidates who have been nominated by a 31 political party, other than a minor political party, and the

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candidates who have otherwise obtained a position on the general election ballot in compliance with the requirements of this code.

Section 21. Section 100.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.061 Primary election. -- In each year in which a general election is held, a primary election for nomination of candidates of political parties shall be held on the Tuesday 10  $\theta$  weeks prior to the general election. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast in each contest in the primary election shall be declared nominated for such office. If two or more candidates receive an equal and highest number of votes for the same office, such candidates shall draw lots to determine which candidate is nominated.

Section 22. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (3) of section 100.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

### 100.111 Filling vacancy.--

(3) Whenever there is a vacancy for which a special election is required pursuant to s. 100.101, the Governor, after consultation with the Secretary of State, shall fix the dates of a special primary election and a special election. Nominees of political parties other than minor political parties shall be chosen under the primary laws of this state in the special primary election to become candidates in the special election. Prior to setting the special election dates, the Governor shall consider any upcoming elections in the jurisdiction where the special election will be held. The dates fixed by the Governor shall be specific days certain and shall not be established by the happening of a condition or 31  $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{I}}$  stated in the alternative. The dates fixed shall provide a

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minimum of 2 weeks between each election. In the event a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator or member of the 2 House of Representatives when the Legislature is in regular 3 legislative session, the minimum times prescribed by this subsection may be waived upon concurrence of the Governor, the 5 Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of 7 the Senate. If a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator and no session of the Legislature is scheduled to be held 8 prior to the next general election, the Governor may fix the 9 10 dates for the special primary election and for the special 11 election to coincide with the dates of the primary election and general election. If a vacancy in office occurs in any 12 13 district in the state Senate or House of Representatives or in any congressional district, and no session of the Legislature, 14 15 or session of Congress if the vacancy is in a congressional district, is scheduled to be held during the unexpired portion 16 of the term, the Governor is not required to call a special 17 election to fill such vacancy. 18

- (a) The dates for candidates to qualify in such special election or special primary election shall be fixed by the Department of State, and candidates shall qualify not later than noon of the last day so fixed. The dates fixed for qualifying shall allow a minimum of 14 days between the last day of qualifying and the special primary election.
- (b) The filing of campaign expense statements by candidates in such special elections or special primaries and by committees making contributions or expenditures to influence the results of such special primaries or special elections shall be not later than such dates as shall be fixed by the Department of State, and in fixing such dates the 31 | Department of State shall take into consideration and be

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governed by the practical time limitations.

- (c) The dates for a candidate to qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 in such special primary or special election shall be fixed by the Department of State. In fixing such dates the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations. Any candidate seeking to qualify by the petition process in a special primary election shall obtain 25 percent of the signatures required by s. 99.095.
- (d) The qualifying fees and party assessments of such candidates as may qualify shall be the same as collected for the same office at the last previous primary for that office. The party assessment shall be paid to the appropriate executive committee of the political party to which the candidate belongs.
- (e) Each county canvassing board shall make as speedy a return of the result of such special primary elections and special elections as time will permit, and the Elections Canvassing Commission likewise shall make as speedy a canvass and declaration of the nominees as time will permit.
- Section 23. Section 100.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 100.191 General election laws applicable to special elections; returns. -- All laws that are applicable to general elections are applicable to special elections or special primary elections to fill a vacancy in office or nomination, except that the canvass of returns by the county canvassing board of each county in which a special election is held shall be made on the day following the election, and the certificate of the result of the canvass shall be immediately forwarded to 31 | the Department of State. The Elections Canvassing Commission

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shall immediately, upon receipt of returns from the county in which a special election is held, proceed to canvass the returns and determine and declare the result thereof.

Section 24. Effective August 1, 2007, subsections (1) and (3) of section 100.371, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsection (6) of that section is renumbered as subsection (7) and amended, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on ballot.--

- (1) Constitutional amendments proposed by initiative shall be placed on the ballot for the general election, provided the initiative petition has been filed with the Secretary of State no later than February 1 of the year the general election is held. A petition shall be deemed to be filed with the Secretary of State upon the date the secretary determines that valid and verified the petition forms have has been signed by the constitutionally required number and distribution of electors under this code, subject to the right of revocation established in this section.
- (3) Each signature shall be dated when made and shall be valid for a period of 4 years following such date, provided all other requirements of law are met. The sponsor shall submit signed and dated forms to the appropriate supervisor of elections for verification as to the number of registered electors whose valid signatures appear thereon. The supervisor shall promptly verify the signatures within 30 days of receipt of the petition forms and upon payment of the fee required by s. 99.097. The supervisor shall promptly record each valid signature in the statewide voter registration system, in the 31 | manner prescribed by the Secretary of State, the date each

1	form is received by the supervisor and the date the signature
2	on the form is verified as valid. The supervisor may verify
3	that the signature on a form is valid only if:
4	(a) The form contains the original signature of the
5	purported elector.
6	(b) The purported elector has accurately recorded on
7	the form the date on which he or she signed the form.
8	(c) The form accurately sets forth the purported
9	elector's name, street address, county, and voter registration
10	number or date of birth.
11	(d) The purported elector is, at the time he or she
12	signs the form, a duly qualified and registered elector
13	authorized to vote in the county in which his or her signature
14	is submitted.
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16	The supervisor shall retain the signature forms for at least 1
17	year following the election in which the issue appeared on the
18	ballot or until the Division of Elections notifies the
19	supervisors of elections that the committee which circulated
20	the petition is no longer seeking to obtain ballot position.
21	(6)(a) An elector's signature on a petition form may
22	be revoked within 150 days of the date on which he or she
23	signed the petition form by submitting to the appropriate
24	supervisor of elections a signed petition-revocation form
25	adopted by rule for this purpose by the division.
26	(b) The petition-revocation form and the manner in
27	which signatures are obtained, submitted, and verified shall
28	be subject to the same relevant requirements and timeframes as
29	the corresponding petition form and processes under this code
30	and shall be approved by the Secretary of State before any
31	signature on a petition-revocation form is obtained.

1	(c) Supervisors of elections shall provide
2	petition-revocation forms to the public at all main and branch
3	offices.
4	(d) The petition-revocation form shall be filed with
5	the supervisor of elections by February 1 preceding the next
6	general election or, if the initiative amendment is not
7	certified for ballot position in that election, by February 1
8	preceding the next successive general election. The supervisor
9	of elections shall promptly verify the signature on the
10	petition-revocation form and process such revocation upon
11	payment, in advance, of a fee of 10 cents or the actual cost
12	of verifying such signature, whichever is less. The supervisor
13	shall promptly record each valid and verified
14	petition-revocation form in the statewide voter registration
15	system in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State.
16	(7) (6) The Department of State may adopt rules in
17	accordance with s. 120.54 to carry out the provisions of
18	subsections $(1)$ - $(6)$ $(1)$ - $(5)$ .
19	Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 101.043, Florida
20	Statutes, is amended to read:
21	101.043 Identification required at polls
22	(1) The precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461,
23	shall be used at the polls for the purpose of identifying the
24	elector at the polls prior to allowing him or her to vote. The
25	clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering
26	the polling place, to present one of the following current and
27	valid picture identifications:
28	(a) Florida driver's license.
29	(b) Florida identification card issued by the
30	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
31	(c) United States passport. 28

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1	(d) Employee badge or identification.
2	(e) Buyer's club identification.
3	(d) <del>(f)</del> Debit or credit card.
4	<u>(e)<del>(g)</del></u> Military identification.
5	( <u>f)</u> ( <del>h)</del> Student identification.
6	(g)(i) Retirement center identification.
7	$\frac{(h)(j)}{(j)}$ Neighborhood association identification.
8	(i)(k) Public assistance identification.
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10	If the picture identification does not contain the signature
11	of the voter, an additional identification that provides the
12	voter's signature shall be required. The elector shall sign
13	his or her name in the space provided on the precinct register
14	or on an electronic device provided for recording the voter's
15	signature. The clerk or inspector shall compare the signature
16	with that on the identification provided by the elector and
17	enter his or her initials in the space provided on the
18	precinct register or on an electronic device provided for that
19	purpose and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or
20	inspector is satisfied as to the identity of the elector.
21	Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 101.048, Florida
22	Statutes, is amended to read:
23	101.048 Provisional ballots
24	(1) At all elections, a voter claiming to be properly
25	registered in the state and eligible to vote at the precinct
26	in the election but whose eligibility cannot be determined, a
27	person whom an election official asserts is not eligible, and
28	other persons specified in the code shall be entitled to vote
29	a provisional ballot. Once voted, the provisional ballot shall
30	be placed in a secrecy envelope and thereafter sealed in a
31	provisional ballot envelope. The provisional ballot shall be
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deposited in a ballot box. All provisional ballots shall remain sealed in their envelopes for return to the supervisor 2. of elections. The department shall prescribe the form of the 3 provisional ballot envelope. A person casting a provisional ballot shall have the right to present written evidence 5 supporting his or her eligibility to vote to the supervisor of 6 7 elections by not later than 5 p.m. on the second third day following the election. 8 Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 101.573, Florida 9 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 11 101.573 Record of votes by precinct.--(1) Within 35 75 days after the date of a municipal 12 election or runoff, whichever occurs later, a presidential 13 preference primary, a primary election, a special election, or 14 15 a general election, the supervisor of elections shall file with the Department of State precinct-level election results\_ 16 in an electronic format specified by the Department of State, 17 18 for that election cycle, including any primary elections. 19 Precinct-level election results shall <u>separately</u> record for 20 each precinct all demographic data associated with each precinct at book close for each election, individual vote 21 22 history, the returns of ballots cast at the precinct location, 23 to which have been added the returns of absentee ballots cast 2.4 by voters registered in the precinct, and the returns of early ballots cast by voters registered in the precinct. The data 25 are required to be cross referenced by political party and 26 other demographic information as defined by the Department of 27 State. The Department of State shall create a uniform system 28 29 for the collection and reporting of such precinct-level election results and vote history. 30 31 Section 28. Subsections (6) and (8) of section

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101.6103, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 101.6103 Mail ballot election procedure.--2 (6) The canvassing board may begin the canvassing of 3 mail ballots at 7 a.m. on the sixth fourth day before the election, including processing the ballots through the 5 tabulating equipment. However, results may not be released 7 until after 7 p.m. on election day. Any canvassing board member or election employee who releases any result before 7 8 p.m. on election day commits a felony of the third degree, 9 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 10 775.084. 11 (8) Effective July 1, 2005, A ballot that otherwise 12 13 satisfies the requirements of subsection (5) shall be counted even if the elector dies after mailing the ballot but before 14 15 election day, as long as, prior to the death of the voter, the 16 ballot was: (a) Postmarked by the United States Postal Service; 17 18 (b) Date-stamped with a verifiable tracking number by 19 common carrier; or 20 (c) Already in the possession of the supervisor of elections. 21 22 Section 29. Effective July 1, 2007, subsections (1) and (4) of section 101.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to 23 24 read: 101.62 Request for absentee ballots.--25 (1)(a) The supervisor may accept a request for an 26 absentee ballot from an elector in person or in writing. 27 Except as provided in s. 101.694, one request shall be deemed 28

sufficient to receive an absentee ballot for all elections

through the next two regularly scheduled general elections

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the elector's designee indicates at the time the request is made the elections for which the elector desires to receive an absentee ballot. Such request may be considered canceled when any first-class mail sent by the supervisor to the elector is returned as undeliverable.

- (b) The supervisor may accept a written or telephonic request for an absentee ballot from the elector, or, if directly instructed by the elector, a member of the elector's immediate family, or the elector's legal guardian. For purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" has the same meaning as specified in paragraph (4)(b). The person making the request must disclose:
- 13 1. The name of the elector for whom the ballot is 14 requested;
  - 2. The elector's address;
    - 3. The elector's date of birth;
    - 4. The requester's name;
    - 5. The requester's address;
  - 6. The requester's driver's license number, if available;
  - 7. The requester's relationship to the elector; and
- 22 8. The requester's signature (written requests only).
  - (4)(a) To each absent qualified elector overseas who has requested an absentee ballot, the supervisor of elections shall mail an absentee ballot not <u>less</u> fewer than 35 days before the primary election and not less than 45 days before the or general election.
- (b) The supervisor shall provide an absentee ballot to 28 each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made 29 by one of the following means: 30
  - 1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to

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the elector's current mailing address on file with the supervisor, unless the elector specifies in the request that:

- a. The elector is absent from the county and does not plan to return before the day of the election;
- b. The elector is temporarily unable to occupy the residence because of hurricane, tornado, flood, fire, or other emergency or natural disaster; or
- c. The elector is in a hospital, assisted-living facility, nursing home, short-term medical or rehabilitation facility, or correctional facility,

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- in which case the supervisor shall mail the ballot by nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to any other address the elector specifies in the request.
- 2. By forwardable mail to voters who are entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act.
- 3. By personal delivery before 7 p.m. on election day to the elector, upon presentation of the identification required in s. 101.043 s. 101.657.
- 4. By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 5 4 days prior to the day of an election. Any elector may designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more than two absentee ballots per election, other than the designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the designee's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, or sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse. The 31 designee shall provide to the supervisor the written

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authorization by the elector and a picture identification of the designee and must complete an affidavit. The designee shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe the form of the affidavit. If the supervisor is satisfied that the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the signature of the elector on the written authorization matches the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector.

Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 101.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.68 Canvassing of absentee ballot .--

(2)(a) The county canvassing board may begin the canvassing of absentee ballots at 7 a.m. on the sixth fourth day before the election, but not later than noon on the day following the election. In addition, for any county using electronic tabulating equipment, the processing of absentee ballots through such tabulating equipment may begin at 7 a.m. on the sixth fourth day before the election. However, notwithstanding any such authorization to begin canvassing or otherwise processing absentee ballots early, no result shall be released until after the closing of the polls in that county on election day. Any supervisor of elections, deputy supervisor of elections, canvassing board member, election board member, or election employee who releases the results of a canvassing or processing of absentee ballots prior to the closing of the polls in that county on election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.

31 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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- To ensure that all absentee ballots to be counted by the canvassing board are accounted for, the canvassing board shall compare the number of ballots in its possession with the number of requests for ballots received to be counted according to the supervisor's file or list.
- (c)1. The canvassing board shall, if the supervisor has not already done so, compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector in the registration books to see that the elector is duly registered in the county and to determine the legality of that absentee ballot. Effective July 1, 2005, The ballot of an elector who casts an absentee ballot shall be counted even if the elector dies on or before election day, as long as, prior to the death of the voter, the ballot was postmarked by the United States Postal Service, date-stamped with a verifiable tracking number by common carrier, or already in the possession of the supervisor of elections. An absentee ballot shall be considered illegal if it does not include the signature of the elector, as shown by the registration records. However, an absentee ballot shall not be considered illegal if the signature of the elector does not cross the seal of the mailing envelope. If the canvassing board determines that any ballot is illegal, a member of the board shall, without opening the envelope, mark across the face of the envelope: "rejected as illegal." The envelope and the ballot contained therein shall be preserved in the manner that official ballots voted are preserved.
- 2. If any elector or candidate present believes that an absentee ballot is illegal due to a defect apparent on the voter's certificate, he or she may, at any time before the 31 | ballot is removed from the envelope, file with the canvassing

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board a protest against the canvass of that ballot, specifying
the precinct, the ballot, and the reason he or she believes
the ballot to be illegal. A challenge based upon a defect in
the voter's certificate may not be accepted after the ballot
has been removed from the mailing envelope.

(d) The canvassing board shall record the ballot upon

the proper record, unless the ballot has been previously recorded by the supervisor. The mailing envelopes shall be opened and the secrecy envelopes shall be mixed so as to make it impossible to determine which secrecy envelope came out of which signed mailing envelope; however, in any county in which an electronic or electromechanical voting system is used, the ballots may be sorted by ballot styles and the mailing envelopes may be opened and the secrecy envelopes mixed separately for each ballot style. The votes on absentee ballots shall be included in the total vote of the county.

Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 102.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.112 Deadline for submission of county returns to the Department of State.--

(2) Returns must be filed by 5 p.m. on the 7th day following a primary election and by noon 5 p.m. on the 12th 11th day following the general election. However, the Department of State may correct typographical errors, including the transposition of numbers, in any returns submitted to the Department of State pursuant to s. 102.111(1).

Section 32. Present subsections (4) through (9) of section 102.141, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (10), respectively, present

31 subsections (4) and (6) of that section are amended, and a new

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1	subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:
2	102.141 County canvassing board; duties
3	(4) The canvassing board shall submit by 11:59 p.m. on
4	election night the preliminary returns it has received to the
5	Department of State in a format provided by the department.
6	$\frac{(5)}{(4)}$ The canvassing board shall submit on forms or
7	in formats provided by the division unofficial returns to the
8	Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or
9	multicounty office or ballot measure no later than noon on the
10	third day after any primary election and no later than noon on
11	the <u>fourth</u> <del>fifth</del> day after any general or other election. Such
12	returns shall include the canvass of all ballots as required
13	by subsection (2), except for provisional ballots, which
14	returns shall be reported at the time required for official
15	returns pursuant to s. 102.112(2).
16	$\frac{(7)}{(6)}$ If the unofficial returns reflect that a
17	candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by
18	one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such
19	office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office
20	was retained or not retained by one-half of a percent or less
21	of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a
22	measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by
23	one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on such
24	measure, the board responsible for certifying the results of
25	the vote on such race or measure shall order a recount of the

31 | eliminated from contention for such office by one-half of a

26 votes cast with respect to such office or measure. The

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percent or less of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a recount not be made.

- (a) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount shall put each marksense ballot through automatic tabulating equipment and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If any marksense ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by the automatic tabulating equipment during the recount, a true duplicate shall be made of the damaged ballot pursuant to the procedures in s. 101.5614(5). Immediately before the start of the recount, a test of the tabulating equipment shall be conducted as provided in s. 101.5612. If the test indicates no error, the recount tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly. If an error is detected, the cause therefor shall be ascertained and corrected and the recount repeated, as necessary. The canvassing board shall immediately report the error, along with the cause of the error and the corrective measures being taken, to the Department of State. No later than 11 days after the election, the canvassing board shall file a separate incident report with the Department of State, detailing the resolution of the matter and identifying any measures that will avoid a future recurrence of the error.
- (b) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount where touchscreen ballots were used shall examine the counters on the precinct tabulators to ensure that the total of the returns on the precinct tabulators equals the overall election return. If there is a discrepancy between the overall election return and the counters of the precinct tabulators, the counters of the precinct tabulators shall be presumed 31 | correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

1	(c) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in
2	formats provided by the division a second set of unofficial
3	returns to the Department of State for each federal,
4	statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no
5	later than 3 p.m. on the fifth day after any primary election
6	and no later than 3 p.m. on the <u>ninth</u> <del>eighth</del> day after any
7	general election in which a recount was conducted pursuant to
8	this subsection. If the canvassing board is unable to complete
9	the recount prescribed in this subsection by the deadline, the
10	second set of unofficial returns submitted by the canvassing
11	board shall be identical to the initial unofficial returns and
12	the submission shall also include a detailed explanation of
13	why it was unable to timely complete the recount. However, the
14	canvassing board shall complete the recount prescribed in this
15	subsection, along with any manual recount prescribed in s.
16	102.166, and certify election returns in accordance with the
17	requirements of this chapter.
18	(d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules
19	prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified
20	voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent
21	practicable.
22	Section 33. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section
23	102.166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
24	102.166 Manual recounts
25	(5) Procedures for a manual recount are as follows:
26	(b) Each duplicate ballot prepared pursuant to s.
27	101.5614(5) or <u>s. 102.141(7)</u> shall be compared
28	with the original ballot to ensure the correctness of the
29	duplicate.

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1 103.081 Use of party name; political advertising.--(3) A political party may file with the Department of State names of groups or committees associated with the political party. Such filed names may not be used without first obtaining the written permission of the chair of the state executive committee of the party.

Section 35. Subsections (1) and (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 103.091, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

103.091 Political parties.--

(1) Each political party of the state shall be represented by a state executive committee. County executive committees and other committees may be established in accordance with the rules of the state executive committee. A political party may provide for the selection of its national committee and its state and county executive committees in such manner as it deems proper. Unless otherwise provided by party rule, the county executive committee of each political party shall consist of at least two members, a man and a woman, from each precinct, who shall be called the precinct committeeman and committeewoman. For counties divided into 40 or more precincts, the state executive committee may adopt a district unit of representation for such county executive committees. Upon adoption of a district unit of representation, the state executive committee shall request the supervisor of elections of that county, with approval of the board of county commissioners, to provide for election districts as nearly equal in number of registered voters as possible. Each county committeeman or committeewoman shall be a resident of the precinct from which he or she is elected. 31 | Each state committeeman or committeewoman must be a member in

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good standing of the county executive committee for the county in which the state committeeman or committeewoman is a registered voter.

(4) Any political party other than a minor political party may by rule provide for the membership of its state or county executive committee to be elected for 4-year terms at the primary election in each year a presidential election is held. The terms shall commence on the first day of the month following each presidential general election; but the names of candidates for political party offices shall not be placed on the ballot at any other election. The results of such election shall be determined by a plurality of the votes cast. In such event, electors seeking to qualify for such office shall do so with the Department of State or supervisor of elections not earlier than noon of the 71st 57th day, or later than noon of the 67th 53rd day, preceding the primary election. The outgoing chair of each county executive committee shall, within 30 days after the committee members take office, hold an organizational meeting of all newly elected members for the purpose of electing officers. The chair of each state executive committee shall, within 60 days after the committee members take office, hold an organizational meeting of all newly elected members for the purpose of electing officers.

(6)

(b) Each state executive committee shall include, as at-large committeemen and committeewomen, all members of the United States Congress representing the State of Florida who are members of the political party, all statewide elected officials who are members of the party, 10 Florida registered voters who are members of the party as appointed by the 31 Governor if the Governor is a member of the party, and the

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President of the Senate or the Minority Leader in the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives or the 2 Minority Leader in the House of Representatives, whichever is 3 a member of the political party, and 20 members of the Legislature who are members of the political party. Ten of 5 the legislators shall be appointed with the concurrence of the 7 state chair of the respective party, as follows: five to be appointed by the President of the Senate; five by the Minority 8 Leader in the Senate; five by the Speaker of the House of 9 10 Representatives; and five by the Minority Leader in the House. Section 36. Section 103.141, Florida Statutes, is 11 amended to read: 12 13 103.141 Removal of county executive committee member for violation of oath .--14 15 (1) Where the county executive committee by at least a two-thirds majority vote of the members of the committee, 16 attending a meeting held after due notice has been given and 17 at which meeting a quorum is present, determines an incumbent 18 19 county executive committee member to be guilty of an offense involving a violation of the member's oath of office, said 20 member so violating his or her oath shall be removed from 21 22 office and the office shall be deemed vacant. Provided, however, if the county committee wrongfully removes a county 23 24 committee member and the committee member so wrongfully removed files suit in the circuit court alleging his or her 25 removal was wrongful and wins said suit, the committee member 26 shall be restored to office and the county committee shall pay 27 the costs incurred by the wrongfully removed committee member 28 29 in bringing the suit, including reasonable attorney's fees. 30 (2) Any officer, county committeeman, county

1	committeewoman, or member of a county executive committee may
2	be removed from office pursuant to s. 103.161. Either the
3	county or state executive committee is empowered to take
4	judicial action in chancery against a county committee member
5	for alleged violation of the member's oath of office in the
6	circuit court of the county in which that committee member is
7	an elector; provided, however, that the state committee may
8	take such judicial action only when a county committee refuses
9	to take such judicial action within 10 days after a charge is
10	made. Procedure shall be as in other cases in chancery, and if
11	the court shall find as fact that the defendant did violate
12	his or her oath of office, it shall enter a decree removing
13	the defendant from the county committee. If either such
14	executive committee brings suit in the circuit court for the
15	removal of a county committee member and loses said suit, such
16	committee shall pay the court costs incurred in such suit by
17	the committee member, including reasonable attorney's fees.
18	Section 37. <u>Section 103.151, Florida Statutes, is</u>
19	repealed.
20	Section 38. Section 103.161, Florida Statutes, is
21	created to read:
22	103.161 Removal or suspension of officers or members
23	of state executive committee or county executive committee
24	(1) The chairman of the state executive committee is
25	empowered to remove or suspend from an office within the
26	chairman's political party any officer, state committeeman,
27	state committeewoman, county committeeman, county
28	committeewoman, precinct committeeman, precinct
29	committeewoman, or other member of a state executive
30	committee, county executive committee, political party club,
31	or other organization using the political party name as

1	provided in s. 103.081 for a violation of the oath of office
2	taken by such individual or for engaging in other activities
3	described in this section.
4	(2) Such violation may include engaging in activities
5	that have or could have injured the name or status of the
6	political party or interfered with the activities of the
7	political party. The chairman has sole discretion to determine
8	if a violation occurred.
9	(3) Upon the chairman's determination that a violation
10	of the oath of office occurred or that an individual engaged
11	in other activities described in this section, the chairman
12	may remove or suspend the individual from his or her office.
13	If the chairman removes the individual from office, the office
14	shall be deemed vacant upon the delivery of the chairman's
15	written order of removal to the individual. When a vacancy in
16	office is created, the chairman shall appoint an individual to
17	serve through the end of the term of the office. If the
18	chairman suspends the individual, the chairman shall determine
19	the length of the suspension.
20	(4) An individual removed from office by the chairman
21	shall not be eligible to serve on the state executive
22	committee or any county executive committee of the political
23	party for a period of no less than 4 years from the effective
24	date of the removal.
25	Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 105.031, Florida
26	Statutes, is amended to read:
27	105.031 Qualification; filing fee; candidate's oath;
28	items required to be filed
29	(1) TIME OF QUALIFYINGExcept for candidates for
30	judicial office, nonpartisan candidates for multicounty office
31	shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department $44$

1	of State and nonpartisan candidates for countywide or less
2	than countywide office shall qualify with the supervisor of
3	elections. Candidates for judicial office other than the
4	office of county court judge shall qualify with the Division
5	of Elections of the Department of State, and candidates for
6	the office of county court judge shall qualify with the
7	supervisor of elections of the county. Candidates for judicial
8	office shall qualify no earlier than noon of the 120th day,
9	and no later than noon of the 116th day, before the primary
10	election. Candidates for the office of school board member
11	shall qualify no earlier than noon of the $71st - 50th$ day, and
12	no later than noon of the $\underline{67th}$ $\underline{46th}$ day, before the primary
13	election. Filing shall be on forms provided for that purpose
14	by the Division of Elections and furnished by the appropriate
15	qualifying officer. Any person seeking to qualify by the
16	petition process, as set forth in s. 105.035, who has
17	submitted the necessary petitions by the required deadline and
18	is notified after the fifth day prior to the last day for
19	qualifying that the required number of signatures has been
20	obtained, shall be entitled to subscribe to the candidate's
21	oath and file the qualifying papers at any time within 5 days
22	from the date he or she is notified that the necessary number
23	of signatures has been obtained. Any person other than a
24	write-in candidate who qualifies within the time prescribed in
25	this subsection shall be entitled to have his or her name
26	printed on the ballot.
27	Section 40. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
28	106.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
29	106.021 Campaign treasurers; deputies; primary and
30	secondary depositories
31	(1)

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I	(c) Any campaign treasurer or deputy treasurer
	appointed pursuant to this section shall be a registered vote
	in this state and shall, before such appointment may become
	effective, have accepted appointment to such position in
	writing and filed such acceptance with the officer before whom
	the candidate is required to qualify or with the officer with
	whom the political committee is required to file reports. An
	individual may be appointed and serve as campaign treasurer of
	a candidate and a political committee or two or more
	candidates and political committees. A candidate may appoint
	herself or himself as campaign treasurer.
	Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 106.04, Florida
	Statutes, is amended to read:

106.04 Committees of continuous existence.--

- (1) In order to qualify as a committee of continuous existence for the purposes of this chapter, a group, organization, association, or other such entity which is involved in making contributions to candidates, political committees, or political parties, shall meet the following criteria:
- (a) It shall be organized and operated in accordance with a written charter or set of bylaws which contains procedures for the election of officers and directors and which clearly defines membership in the organization; and
- (b) At least 25 percent of the income of such organization, excluding interest, must be derived from dues or assessments payable on a regular basis by its membership pursuant to provisions contained in the charter or bylaws. Dues may be collected by a group, organization, association, or other such entity from its members and forwarded to the 31 | committee of continuous existence. The committee of continuous

1	existence shall report such dues as if it had received the
2	dues directly from its members, in the manner prescribed in
3	subsection (4).
4	Section 42. Section 106.055, Florida Statutes, is
5	amended to read:
6	106.055 Valuation of in-kind contributionsAny
7	person who makes an in-kind contribution shall, at the time of
8	making such contribution, place a value on such contribution,
9	which valuation shall be the fair market value of such
10	contribution. Travel conveyed upon private aircraft shall be
11	valued at the actual cost of per person commercial air travel
12	for the same or a substantially similar route.
13	Section 43. Subsection (10) is added to section
14	106.08, Florida Statutes, to read:
15	106.08 Contributions; limitations on
16	(10) Contributions to a political committee or
17	committee of continuous existence may be received by an
18	affiliated organization and transferred to the bank account of
19	the political committee or committee of continuous existence
20	via check written from the affiliated organization if such
21	contributions are specifically identified as intended to be
22	contributed to the political committee or committee of
23	continuous existence. All contributions received in this
24	manner shall be reported pursuant to s. 106.07 by the
25	political committee or committee of continuous existence as
26	having been made by the original contributor.
27	Section 44. Section 106.09, Florida Statutes, is
28	amended to read:
29	106.09 Cash contributions and contribution by
30	cashier's checks
31	(1) A person may not make or accept a cash

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contribution or contribution by means of a cashier's check in excess of \$50 \$100.

- (2)(a) Any person who makes or accepts a contribution in excess of \$50 \$100 in violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes or accepts a contribution in excess of \$5,000 in violation of this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 11 Section 45. Subsection (1) of section 106.143, Florida 12 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 13 106.143 Political advertisements circulated prior to election; requirements.--
- (1)(a) Any political advertisement that is paid for by a candidate and that is published, displayed, or circulated prior to, or on the day of, any election must prominently state: "Political advertisement paid for and approved by ...(name of candidate)..., ...(party affiliation)..., for ...(office sought)...."
  - (b) Any other political advertisement published, displayed, or circulated prior to, or on the day of, any election must prominently:
  - 1. Be marked "paid political advertisement" or with the abbreviation "pd. pol. adv."
  - State the name and address of the persons sponsoring the advertisement.
- 3.a.(I) State whether the advertisement and the cost
  of production is paid for or provided in kind by or at the
  expense of the entity publishing, displaying, broadcasting, or
  circulating the political advertisement; or

1	(II) State who provided or paid for the advertisement
2	and cost of production, if different from the source of
3	sponsorship.
4	b. This subparagraph does not apply if the source of
5	the sponsorship is patently clear from the content or format
6	of the political advertisement.
7	(c) Any political advertisement made pursuant to s.
8	106.021(3)(d) must be marked "paid political advertisement" or
9	with the abbreviation "pd. pol. adv." and must prominently
10	state, "Paid for and sponsored by(name of person paying
11	for political advertisement). Approved by(names of persons,
12	party affiliation, and offices sought in the political
13	advertisement)."
14	
15	This subsection does not apply to campaign messages used by a
16	candidate and the candidate's supporters if those messages are
17	designed to be worn by a person.
18	Section 46. Section 106.17, Florida Statutes, is
19	amended to read:
20	106.17 Polls and surveys relating to candidaciesAny
21	candidate, political committee, committee of continuous
22	existence, electioneering communication organization, or state
23	or county executive committee of a political party may
24	authorize or conduct a political poll, survey, index, or
25	measurement of any kind relating to candidacy for public
26	office so long as the candidate, political committee,
27	committee of continuous existence, electioneering
28	communication organization, or political party maintains
29	complete jurisdiction over the poll in all its aspects.
30	Section 47. Section 106.25, Florida Statutes, is
31	amended to read:

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106.25 Reports of alleged violations to Florida Elections Commission; disposition of findings.--

- (1) Jurisdiction to investigate and determine violations of this chapter and chapter 104 is vested in the Florida Elections Commission; however, nothing in this section limits the jurisdiction of any other officers or agencies of government empowered by law to investigate, act upon, or dispose of alleged violations of this code.
- (2) The commission shall investigate all violations of this chapter and chapter 104, but only after having received either a sworn complaint or information reported to it under this subsection by the Division of Elections. Such sworn complaint must be based upon personal information or information other than hearsay. Any person, other than the division, having information of any violation of this chapter or chapter 104 shall file a sworn complaint with the commission. The commission shall investigate only those alleged violations specifically contained within the sworn complaint. If any complainant fails to allege all violations that arise from the facts or allegations alleged in a complaint, the commission shall be barred from investigating a subsequent complaint from such complainant that is based upon such facts or allegations that were raised or could have been raised in the first complaint. If the complaint includes allegations of violations relating to expense items reimbursed by a candidate, committee, or organization to the campaign account before a sworn complaint is filed, the commission shall be barred from investigating such allegations. Such sworn complaint shall state whether a complaint of the same violation has been made to any state attorney. Within 5 days 31 | after receipt of a sworn complaint, the commission shall

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transmit a copy of the complaint to the alleged violator. If the executive director finds that the complaint is legally 2. sufficient, the respondent shall be notified of such finding 3 by letter, which sets forth the statutory provisions alleged to have been violated and the alleged factual basis that 5 supports the finding. All sworn complaints alleging violations 7 of the Florida Election Code over which the commission has jurisdiction shall be filed with the commission within 2 years 8 after the alleged violations. The period of limitations is 9 10 tolled on the day a sworn complaint is filed with the 11 commission. The complainant may withdraw the sworn complaint at any time prior to a probable cause hearing if good cause is 12 shown. Withdrawal shall be requested in writing, signed by the 13 complainant, and witnessed by a notary public, stating the 14 15 facts and circumstances constituting good cause. The executive director shall prepare a written recommendation regarding 16 disposition of the request which shall be given to the 17 commission together with the request. "Good cause" shall be 18 19 determined based upon the legal sufficiency or insufficiency 20 of the complaint to allege a violation and the reasons given by the complainant for wishing to withdraw the complaint. If 21 22 withdrawal is permitted, the commission must close the investigation and the case. No further action may be taken. 23 2.4 The complaint will become a public record at the time of withdrawal. 25 (3) For the purposes of commission jurisdiction, a 26 violation shall mean the willful performance of an act 27 28 prohibited by this chapter or chapter 104 or the willful 29 failure to perform an act required by this chapter or chapter 104. Willfulness is a determination of fact; however, at the 30 31 request of the respondent, willfulness may be considered and

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- (4) The commission shall undertake a preliminary investigation to determine if the facts alleged in a sworn complaint or a matter initiated by the division constitute probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred. The respondent, the complainant, and their respective counsel shall be permitted to attend the hearing at which the probable cause determination is made. Notice of the hearing shall be sent to the respondent and the complainant at least 14 days prior to the date of the hearing. The respondent and his or her counsel shall be permitted to make a brief oral statement in the nature of oral argument to the commission before the probable cause determination. The commission's determination shall be based upon the investigator's report, the complaint, and staff recommendations, as well as any written statements submitted by the respondent and any oral statements made at the hearing. No testimony or other evidence shall be accepted at the hearing. Upon completion of the preliminary investigation, the commission shall, by written report, find probable cause or no probable cause to believe that this chapter or chapter 104 has been violated.
- (a) When the investigator's report is completed, the executive director shall notify the respondent that the report is completed and shall send to the respondent a copy of the investigator's report. The investigatory file and main complaint file shall be open for inspection by the respondent and the respondent's counsel at that time, and copies may be obtained at no more than cost.
- (b) The respondent shall be given not less than 14 days from the date of mailing of the investigator's report to 31 <u>file with the commission a written response to the</u>

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investigator's report. This time period may be shortened with the consent of the respondent, or without the consent of the 2 respondent when the passage of time could reasonably be 3 4 expected to render moot the ultimate disposition of the matter by the commission so long as reasonable notice under the 5 6 circumstances is given. 7 (c) Counsel for the commission shall review the investigator's report and shall make a written recommendation 8 to the commission for the disposition of the complaint. If the 9 10 counsel for the commission recommends that the commission find 11 probable cause, the recommendation shall include a statement of what charges shall be at issue. A copy of the 12 13 recommendation shall be furnished to the respondent. The respondent shall be given not less than 14 days from the date 14 15 of mailing of the recommendation of counsel for the commission 16 to file with the commission a written response to the recommendation. This time period may be shortened with the 17 consent of the respondent, or without the consent of the 18 respondent when the passage of time could reasonably be 19 expected to render moot the ultimate disposition of the matter 20 21 by the commission, so long as the recommendation is furnished 22 to the respondent within a reasonable period of time under the 23 circumstances. 2.4 (d) The respondent and each complainant, their counsel, and the counsel for the commission shall be permitted 25 to attend the hearing at which the probable cause 26 determination is made. Notice of the hearing shall be sent to 27 the respondent, each complainant, and counsel for the 28 29 commission at least 14 days before the hearing. This time period may be shortened with the consent of the respondent, or 30 31 without the consent of the respondent when the passage of time

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could reasonably be expected to render moot the ultimate disposition of the matter by the commission, so long as the 2 notice is furnished within a reasonable period of time under 3 4 the circumstances. (e) The probable cause determination is the conclusion 5 6 of the preliminary investigation. The respondent and the 7 counsel for the commission shall be permitted to make brief oral statements in the nature of oral argument to the 8 commission, based on the investigator's report, before the 9 10 probable cause determination. The commission's determination 11 shall be based upon the investigator's report, the recommendation of counsel for the commission, the complaint, 12 13 and staff recommendations, as well as any written statements submitted by the respondent and any oral statements made at 14 15 the hearing. No testimony or other evidence will be accepted 16 at the hearing. (f) At its meeting to determine probable cause, the 17 18 commission may continue its determination to allow further investigation; may order the issuance of a public report of 19 its investigation if it finds no probable cause to believe 20 21 that there has been a violation of this chapter or chapter 22 104, concluding the matter before it; may order a final, public hearing of the complaint if it finds probable cause to 23 24 believe that there has been a violation of this chapter or 2.5 chapter 104; or may take such other action as it deems necessary to resolve the complaint, consistent with due 26 process of law. In making its determination, the commission 2.7 28 may consider: 29 1. The sufficiency of the evidence against the respondent, as contained in the investigator's report; 30 31 2. The admissions and other stipulations of the

1	respondent, if any;
2	3. The nature and circumstances of the respondent's
3	actions;
4	4. The expense of further proceedings; and
5	5. Such other factors as it deems material to its
6	decision.
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8	If the commission finds probable cause, the commission shall
9	determine what charges shall be at issue.
10	$\frac{(g)(a)}{(a)}$ If no probable cause is found, the commission
11	shall dismiss the case and the case shall become a matter of
12	public record, except as otherwise provided in this section,
13	together with a written statement of the findings of the
14	preliminary investigation and a summary of the facts which the
15	commission shall send to the complainant and the alleged
16	violator. A finding of no probable cause by the commission is
17	a full adjudication of all such matters. The commission may
18	not charge a respondent in a subsequent complaint alleging
19	violations based upon the same actions, nonactions, or
20	circumstances wherein the commission found no probable cause.
21	$\frac{(h)}{(b)}$ If probable cause is found, the commission
22	shall so notify the complainant and the alleged violator in
23	writing. All documents made or received in the disposition of
24	the complaint shall become public records upon a finding by
25	the commission.
26	(i)1. Upon a commission finding of probable cause, the
27	counsel for the commission shall attempt to reach a consent
28	agreement with the respondent.
29	2. A consent agreement is not binding upon either
30	party unless and until it is signed by the respondent and by
31	counsel for the commission upon approval by the commission.  55

1	3. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the
2	commission from entering into a consent agreement with a
3	respondent prior to a commission finding of probable cause if
4	a respondent indicates in writing a desire to enter into
5	negotiations directed towards reaching such a consent
6	agreement. Any consent agreement reached under this
7	subparagraph is subject to the provisions of subparagraph 2.
8	and shall have the same force and effect as a consent
9	agreement reached after the commission finding of probable
10	cause.
11	(j) If a consent agreement is reached between the
12	commission and the respondent, counsel for the commission
13	shall send a copy of the signed agreement to both complainant
14	and respondent.
15	
16	In a case where probable cause is found, the commission shall
17	make a preliminary determination to consider the matter or to
18	refer the matter to the state attorney for the judicial
19	circuit in which the alleged violation occurred.
20	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the
21	commission may, at its discretion, dismiss any complaint at
22	any stage of disposition if it determines that the public
23	interest would not be served by proceeding further, in which
24	case the commission shall issue a public report stating with
25	particularity its reasons for the dismissal.
26	(5) <u>Unless</u> <del>When there are disputed issues of material</del>
27	fact in a proceeding conducted under ss. 120.569 and 120.57, a
28	person alleged by the Elections Commission to have committed a
29	violation of this chapter or chapter 104 <u>elects</u> <del>may elect</del> ,
30	within 30 days after the date of the filing of the
31	commission's allegations, to have a <u>formal or informal hearing</u> 56

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conducted before the commission, or elects to resolve the
complaint by consent order, such person shall be entitled to a
formal administrative hearing conducted by an administrative
law judge in the Division of Administrative Hearings. The
administrative law judge in such proceedings shall enter a
final order subject to appeal as provided in s. 120.68.

- (6) It is the duty of a state attorney receiving a complaint referred by the commission to investigate the complaint promptly and thoroughly; to undertake such criminal or civil actions as are justified by law; and to report to the commission the results of such investigation, the action taken, and the disposition thereof. The failure or refusal of a state attorney to prosecute or to initiate action upon a complaint or a referral by the commission shall not bar further action by the commission under this chapter.
- chapter with the commission, every investigation and investigative report or other paper of the commission with respect to a violation of this chapter or chapter 104, and every proceeding of the commission with respect to a violation of this chapter or chapter 104 is confidential, is exempt from the provisions of ss. 119.07(1) and 286.011, and is exempt from publication in the Florida Administrative Weekly of any notice or agenda with respect to any proceeding relating to such violation, except under the following circumstances:
  - (a) As provided in subsection (6);
- (b) Upon a determination of probable cause or no probable cause by the commission; or
- 29 (c) For proceedings conducted with respect to appeals
  30 of fines levied by filing officers for the late filing of
  31 reports required by this chapter.

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However, a complainant is not bound by the confidentiality provisions of this section. In addition, confidentiality may be waived in writing by the person against whom the complaint has been filed or the investigation has been initiated. If a finding of probable cause in a case is entered within 30 days prior to the date of the election with respect to which the alleged violation occurred, such finding and the proceedings and records relating to such case shall not become public until noon of the day following such election. When two or more persons are being investigated by the commission with respect to an alleged violation of this chapter or chapter 104, the commission may not publicly enter a finding of probable cause or no probable cause in the case until a finding of probable cause or no probable cause for the entire case has been determined. However, once the confidentiality of any case has been breached, the person or persons under investigation have the right to waive the confidentiality of the case, thereby opening up the proceedings and records to the public. Any person who discloses any information or matter made confidential by the provisions of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (8) Any person who files a complaint pursuant to this section while knowing that the allegations contained in such complaint are false or without merit commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- 29 (9) The commission shall maintain a database of all
  30 final orders and agency actions. Such database shall be
  31 available to the public and shall be maintained in such a

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1	manner as to be searchable, at a minimum, by issue, statutes,
2	individuals, or entities referenced.
3	Section 48. Subsection (4) of section 106.35, Florida
4	Statutes, is amended to read:
5	106.35 Distribution of funds
6	(4) Distribution of funds shall be made beginning on
7	the 32nd day prior to the primary within 7 days after the
8	<del>close of qualifying</del> and every 7 days thereafter.
9	Section 49. Section 112.51, Florida Statutes, is
10	amended to read:
11	112.51 Municipal officers; suspension; removal from
12	office
13	(1) By executive order stating the grounds for the
14	suspension and filed with the Secretary of State, the Governor
15	may suspend from office any elected or appointed municipal
16	official for malfeasance, misfeasance, neglect of duty,
17	habitual drunkenness, incompetence, or permanent inability to
18	perform official duties.
19	(2) Whenever any elected or appointed municipal
20	official is arrested for a felony or for a misdemeanor related
21	to the duties of office or is indicted or informed against for
22	the commission of a federal felony or misdemeanor or state
23	felony or misdemeanor, the Governor has the power to suspend
24	such municipal official from office.
25	(3) The suspension of such official by the Governor
26	creates a temporary vacancy in such office during the
27	suspension. Any temporary vacancy in office created by
28	suspension of an official under the provisions of this section
29	shall be filled by a temporary appointment to such office for
30	the period of the suspension. Such temporary appointment

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which a permanent vacancy in such office is filled as provided by law. If no provision for filling a permanent vacancy in such office is provided by law, the temporary appointment shall be made by the Governor.

- (4) No municipal official who has been suspended from office under this section may perform any official act, duty, or function during his or her suspension; receive any pay or allowance during his or her suspension; or be entitled to any of the emoluments or privileges of his or her office during suspension.
- (5) If the municipal official is convicted of any of the charges contained in the indictment or information by reason of which he or she was suspended under the provisions of this section, the Governor shall remove such municipal official from office. <u>If a person was selected to fill the</u> temporary vacancy pursuant to subsection (3), that person shall serve the remaining balance, if any, of the removed official's term of office. Otherwise, any vacancy created by the removal shall be filled as provided by law. For the purposes of this section, any person who pleads guilty or nolo contendere or who is found guilty shall be deemed to have been convicted, notwithstanding a suspension of sentence or a withholding of adjudication.
- (6) If the municipal official is acquitted or found not guilty or is otherwise cleared of the charges which were the basis of the arrest, indictment, or information by reason of which he or she was suspended under the provisions of this section, then the Governor shall forthwith revoke the suspension and restore such municipal official to office; and the official shall be entitled to and be paid full back pay 31 | and such other emoluments or allowances to which he or she

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would have been entitled for the full period of time of the suspension. If, during the suspension, the term of office of 2 the municipal official expires and a successor is either 3 appointed or elected, such back pay, emoluments, or allowances shall only be paid for the duration of the term of office 5 during which the municipal official was suspended under the 6 7 provisions of this section, and he or she shall not be reinstated. 8

Section 50. Section 106.37, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 51. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 189.405, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

189.405 Elections; general requirements and procedures; education programs. --

- (2)(a) Any independent special district located entirely in a single county may provide for the conduct of district elections by the supervisor of elections for that county. Any independent special district that conducts its elections through the office of the supervisor shall make election procedures consistent with the Florida Election Code.
- (b) Any independent special district not conducting district elections through the supervisor of elections shall report to the supervisor in a timely manner the purpose, date, authorization, procedures, and results of each election conducted by the district.
- (c) A candidate for a position on a governing board of a single-county special district that has its elections conducted by the supervisor of elections shall qualify for the office with the county supervisor of elections in whose jurisdiction the district is located. Elections for governing 31 | board members elected by registered electors shall be

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nonpartisan, except when partisan elections are specified by a district's charter. Candidates shall qualify as directed by chapter 99. by paying a filing fee equal to 3 percent of the salary or honorarium paid for the office, or a filing fee of \$25, whichever is more. Alternatively, candidates may qualify by submitting a petition that contains the signatures of at least 3 percent of the district's registered electors, or any lesser amount of signatures directed by chapter 99, chapter 582, or other general or special law. No election or party assessment shall be levied if the election is nonpartisan. The qualifying fee shall be remitted to the general revenue fund of the qualifying officer to help defray the cost of the election. The petition form shall be submitted and checked in the same manner as those for nonpartisan judicial candidates pursuant to s. 105.035.

- (3)(a) If a multicounty special district has a popularly elected governing board, elections for the purpose of electing members to such board shall conform to the Florida Election Code, chapters 97-106.
- (b) With the exception of those districts conducting elections on a one-acre/one-vote basis, qualifying for multicounty special district governing board positions shall be coordinated by the Department of State. Elections for governing board members elected by registered electors shall be nonpartisan, except when partisan elections are specified by a district's charter. Candidates shall qualify as directed by chapter 99. by paying a filing fee equal to 3 percent of the salary or honorarium paid for the office, or a filing fee of \$25, whichever is more. Alternatively, candidates may qualify by submitting a petition that contains the signatures 31 of at least 3 percent of the district's registered electors,

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or any lesser amount of signatures directed by chapter 99, 2 chapter 582, or other general or special law. No election or party assessment shall be levied if the election is 3 nonpartisan. The qualifying fee shall be remitted to the Department of State. The petition form shall be submitted and 5 checked in the same manner as those for nonpartisan judicial 6 7 candidates pursuant to s. 105.035. Section 52. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 8 191.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 191.005 District boards of commissioners; membership, 11 officers, meetings.--(1)(a) With the exception of districts whose governing 12 13 boards are appointed collectively by the Governor, the county commission, and any cooperating city within the county, the 14 15 business affairs of each district shall be conducted and administered by a five-member board. All three-member boards 16 existing on the effective date of this act shall be converted 17 to five-member boards, except those permitted to continue as a 18 19 three-member board by special act adopted in 1997 or 20 thereafter. The board shall be elected in nonpartisan elections by the electors of the district. Except as provided 21 22 in this act, such elections shall be held at the time and in the manner prescribed by law for holding general elections in 23 24 accordance with s. 189.405(2)(a) and (3), and each member shall be elected for a term of 4 years and serve until the 25 member's successor assumes office. Candidates for the board of 26 a district shall qualify as directed by chapter 99. with the 27 county supervisor of elections in whose jurisdiction the 28 29 district is located. If the district is a multicounty district, candidates shall qualify with the Department of 30 31 | State. All candidates may qualify by paying a filing fee of

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\$25 or by obtaining the signatures of at least 25 registered electors of the district on petition forms provided by the supervisor of elections which petitions shall be submitted and checked in the same manner as petitions filed by nonpartisan judicial candidates pursuant to s. 105.035. Notwithstanding s. 106.021, a candidate who does not collect contributions and whose only expense is the filing fee is not required to appoint a campaign treasurer or designate a primary campaign depository.

Section 53. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 582.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

582.18 Election of supervisors of each district.--

- (1) The election of supervisors for each soil and water conservation district shall be held every 2 years. The elections shall be held at the time of the general election provided for by s. 100.041. The office of the supervisor of a soil and water conservation district is a nonpartisan office, and candidates for such office are prohibited from campaigning or qualifying for election based on party affiliation.
- (a) Each candidate for supervisor for such district shall qualify as directed by chapter 99. be nominated by nominating petition subscribed by 25 or more qualified electors of such district. Candidates shall obtain signatures on petition forms prescribed by the Department of State and furnished by the appropriate qualifying officer. In multicounty districts, the appropriate qualifying officer is the Secretary of State; in single-county districts, the appropriate qualifying officer is the supervisor of elections. Such forms may be obtained at any time after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January preceding the election, but 31 | prior to the 21st day preceding the first day of the

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1	qualifying period for state office. Each petition shall be
2	submitted, prior to noon of the 21st day preceding the first
3	day of the qualifying period for state office, to the
4	supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition
5	was circulated. The supervisor of elections shall check the
6	signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors
7	in the district. Prior to the first date for qualifying, the
8	supervisor of elections shall determine whether the required
9	single-county signatures have been obtained; and she or he
10	shall so notify the candidate. In the case of a multicounty
11	candidate, the supervisor of elections shall check the
12	signatures on petitions and shall, prior to the first date for
13	qualifying for office, certify to the Department of State the
14	number shown as registered electors of the district. The
15	Department of State shall determine if the required number of
16	signatures has been obtained for multicounty candidates and
17	shall so notify the candidate. If the required number of
18	signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to
19	be placed on the ballot, the candidate shall, during the time
20	prescribed for qualifying for office in s. 99.061, submit a
21	copy of the notice to, and file her or his qualification
22	papers with, the qualifying officer and take the oath
23	prescribed in s. 99.021.
24	Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 876.05, Florida
25	Statutes, is amended to read:
26	876.05 Public employees; oath
27	(1) All persons who now or hereafter are employed by
28	or who now or hereafter are on the payroll of the state, or
29	any of its departments and agencies, subdivisions, counties,
30	cities, school boards and districts of the free public school
31	system of the state or counties, or institutions of higher 65

1	learning, and all candidates for public office, except
2	candidates for federal office, are required to take an oath
3	before any person duly authorized to take acknowledgments of
4	instruments for public record in the state in the following
5	form:
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7	I,, a citizen of the State of Florida and of the
8	United States of America, and being employed by or an officer
9	of and a recipient of public funds as such employee or
10	officer, do hereby solemnly swear or affirm that I will
11	support the Constitution of the United States and of the State
12	of Florida.
13	Section 55. At the time of qualification, all write-in
14	candidates must reside within the district represented by the
15	office sought.
16	Section 56. If any provision of this act or its
17	application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
18	invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of
19	the act which can be given effect without the invalid
20	provision or application, and to this end the provisions of
21	this act are severable.
22	Section 57. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
23	this act and except for this section, which shall take effect
24	upon becoming a law, this act shall take effect January 1,
25	2008.
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28	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========
29	And the title is amended as follows:
30	Delete everything before the enacting clause
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1	and insert:
2	A bill to be entitled
3	An act relating to elections; amending s.
4	97.021, F.S.; redefining the term "third-party
5	registration organization"; amending s.
6	97.0575, F.S.; revising fines applicable to
7	violations of requirements relating to
8	third-party voter registrations; amending s.
9	103.121, F.S.; revising the dates relating to
10	the presidential preference primary; amending
11	s. 101.75, F.S.; authorizing municipalities to
12	move their election date by ordinance to
13	coincide with the presidential preference
14	primary; amending s. 101.151, F.S.; authorizing
15	the use of ballot-on-demand technology to
16	produce certain marksense ballots; creating s.
17	101.56075, F.S.; requiring all voting to be by
18	marksense ballot; providing an exemption for
19	voters with disabilities; requiring voter
20	interface devices for individuals with
21	disabilities by a specified date; amending s.
22	101.5612, F.S.; requiring the use of certain
23	marksense ballots for pre-election testing;
24	amending s. 101.591, F.S.; requiring
25	<pre>post-election, random audits of voting systems;</pre>
26	providing general audit procedures; mandating
27	that audit results be reported to the
28	Department of State; prescribing requirements
29	for audit reports; granting rulemaking
30	authority to the department to adopt detailed,
31	uniform audit procedures and a standard audit

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reporting form; providing procedures for the
purchase of new voting systems and ballot
equipment and the disposition of existing
touchscreen voting systems for certain
counties; authorizing the Department of State
to purchase optical scan voting equipment and
ballot-on-demand equipment for certain
counties; appropriating funds for such purpose;
amending s. 97.041, F.S.; authorizing qualified
persons to preregister to vote on or after
receipt of a valid driver's license; amending
s. 97.053, F.S.; requiring an applicant for
voter registration to be notified when the
application cannot be verified; providing for
registration upon presentation of evidence of a
driver's license number, identification card
number, or the last four digits of the
applicant's social security number; changing
the time within which a person casting a
provisional ballot may present evidence of
eligibility to vote; changing the time for
voter registrations to be entered into the
statewide voter registration system; amending
s. 99.021, F.S.; prescribing form of oath for
candidates for federal office; amending s.
99.061, F.S.; prescribing times for qualifying
for nomination or election; prescribing
specific procedures for qualifying for special
district office; providing that the filing fee
of a candidate for a special district election
need not be drawn on a campaign account; 68

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amending s. 99.095, F.S.; prescribing the number of signatures required for a candidate for special district office to qualify by petition; prescribing the time for certification to the Division of Elections of certain candidates qualifying by petition; amending s. 99.096, F.S.; changing manner of candidate selection by minor political parties; repealing s. 99.0965, F.S., relating to the selection of minor party candidates; amending s. 100.041, F.S.; prescribing the time when a county commissioner is deemed elected; amending s. 100.051, F.S.; revising requirements relating to candidates' whose names must be printed on general election ballots; amending s. 100.061, F.S.; changing the date of the primary election; amending s. 100.111, F.S.; revising provisions relating to choosing political party nominees for a special election; amending s. 100.191, F.S.; revising the time for canvassing special election returns; amending s. 100.371, F.S.; requiring initiative petition forms to be signed by the constitutionally required distribution of electors; amending timeframes for verifying petition signatures; prescribing information that must be on a petition initiative form, and conditions with which the elector signing it must comply, before the form may be verified; providing procedures for revocation of a signature on a petition form; amending s.

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101.043, F.S.; revising forms of identification accepted at the polls; amending s. 101.048, F.S.; changing the time within which a person casting a provisional ballot may present evidence of eligibility to vote; amending s. 101.573, F.S.; changing the time for filing precinct-level election results; requiring such results to be filed with respect to special elections; prescribing requirements for such data; amending s. 101.6103, F.S.; changing the time to begin canvassing mail ballots; amending s. 101.62, F.S.; revising the period of effectiveness of a request for an absentee ballot; revising the time for sending an absentee ballot to an overseas elector; revising time period for providing absentee ballots; amending s. 101.68, F.S.; changing the time to begin canvassing absentee ballots; amending s. 102.112, F.S.; changing the deadline for submitting county returns to the Department of State; amending s. 102.141, F.S.; requiring submission of preliminary returns in certain format by election night to the Department of State; changing the time to submit unofficial returns; amending s. 102.166, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 103.081, F.S.; allowing political parties to file with the Department of State names of groups associated with a party; prescribing conditions on the use of those filed names; amending s. 103.091, F.S.; revising the number

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of and the qualifications for state committeemen and committeewomen; changing the times for qualifying for election to a political party executive committee; amending s. 103.141, F.S.; providing that officers and members of a county executive committee may be removed from office pursuant to s. 103.161; repealing s. 103.151, F.S., relating to the removal of a state executive committee member for violation of the member's oath of office; creating s. 103.161, F.S.; providing for the removal or suspension of officers and members of a state or county executive committee for violation of the officer's or member's oath of office; prescribing procedures for such removal and restrictions after removal; amending s. 105.031, F.S.; changing the times for qualifying for school board candidates; amending s. 106.021, F.S.; revising qualifications for a campaign treasurer and deputy treasurer for a candidate or political committee; amending s. 106.04, F.S.; authorizing certain entities to collect and forward membership dues to committees of continuous existence; amending s. 106.055, F.S.; prescribing valuation method for travel on a private aircraft; amending s. 106.08, F.S.; prescribing procedures for receiving and transferring contributions made to political committees and committees of continuous existence; amending s. 106.09, F.S.; revising

1	prohibition on making or accepting a cash
2	contribution; amending s. 106.143, F.S.;
3	providing disclosure requirements for political
4	advertisements made pursuant to s.
5	106.021(3)(d), F.S.; amending s. 106.17, F.S.;
6	revising who may authorize or conduct polls or
7	surveys relating to candidates; amending s.
8	106.25, F.S.; revising requirements for
9	complaints filed alleging violations of
10	chapters 106 and 104, F.S.; revising procedures
11	after certain complaints are filed; providing
12	for the withdrawal of certain complaints;
13	providing for the Florida Elections Commission
14	to maintain a searchable database of all final
15	orders and agency actions and providing
16	requirements for such database; amending s.
17	106.35, F.S.; revising the time for the
18	Division of Elections to distribute funds to
19	candidates; amending s. 112.51, F.S.; providing
20	for filling vacancies created when a municipal
21	officer has been removed from office; repealing
22	s. 106.37, F.S., relating to willful violations
23	of campaign finance laws; amending s. 189.405,
24	F.S.; revising qualification procedures for
25	candidates for special district office;
26	amending s. 191.005, F.S.; revising
27	qualification procedures for candidates for
28	independent special fire control district
29	boards of commissioners; amending s. 582.18,
30	F.S.; revising qualification procedures for
31	candidates for soil and water conservation 72
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1	district supervisors; amending s. 876.05, F.S.;
2	exempting candidates for federal office from
3	taking the public employees' oath; requiring
4	that all write-in candidates reside within the
5	district of the office sought at the time of
6	qualification; providing for severability;
7	providing effective dates.
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