## Florida Senate - 2007

By Senator Bennett

21-600-07

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Florida Commission on
3	Human Relations; amending s. 760.02, F.S.;
4	defining the term "complaint" for purposes of
5	the Civil Rights Act of 1992; amending s.
6	760.11, F.S.; authorizing the commission to
7	require by rule additional information be
8	included in a complaint; providing for a
9	conciliation agreement if unlawful
10	discriminatory practices are discovered;
11	providing a remedy in the form of a civil
12	action if the unlawful discriminatory practices
13	continue; authorizing the commission to seek
14	compensation for attorney's fees and litigation
15	costs if a civil remedy is pursued; authorizing
16	the commission to initiate a civil action in
17	the name of the state on behalf of an aggrieved
18	person; limiting the period for filing a
19	lawsuit alleging a violation of the Civil
20	Rights Act of 1992; providing an effective
21	date.
22	
23	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
24	
25	Section 1. Subsection (12) is added to section 760.02,
26	Florida Statutes, to read:
27	760.02 DefinitionsFor the purposes of ss.
28	760.01-760.11 and 509.092, the term:
29	(12) "Complaint" means any written document that has
30	been signed and verified by an aggrieved party and contains a
31	clear and concise statement of the facts, including pertinent
	1

1 dates, constituting the unlawful employment practice; the 2 name, address, and telephone number of the person filing the complaint; the name, address, and telephone number of the 3 4 respondent; the approximate number of the respondent's employees, if known; and if known or applicable, a statement 5 6 disclosing whether proceedings involving the alleged unlawful 7 employment practice have been commenced before a federal, 8 state, or local agency charged with enforcing fair-employment-practice laws, the date of such commencement, 9 10 and the name of the agency. Section 2. Section 760.11, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 760.11 Administrative and civil remedies; 13 construction. --14 (1) Any person aggrieved by a violation of ss. 15 760.01-760.10 shall may file a complaint with the commission 16 17 within 365 days after of the alleged violation, naming the 18 employer, employment agency, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee, or, in the case of an alleged 19 violation of s. 760.10(5), the person responsible for the 20 21 violation and describing the violation. Any person aggrieved 22 by a violation of s. 509.092 shall may file a complaint with 23 the commission within 365 days <u>after</u> of the alleged violation naming the person responsible for the violation and describing 2.4 the violation. The commission, a commissioner, or the 25 26 Attorney General may in like manner file such a complaint. On 27 the same day the complaint is filed with the commission, the 2.8 commission shall clearly stamp on the face of the complaint 29 the date the complaint was filed with the commission. In lieu of filing the complaint with the commission, a complaint under 30

2 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

this section may be filed with the federal Equal Employment

31

1 Opportunity Commission or with any unit of government of the 2 state which is a fair-employment-practice agency under 29 C.F.R. ss. 1601.70-1601.80. If the date the complaint is filed 3 is clearly stamped on the face of the complaint, that date is 4 the date of filing. The date the complaint is filed with the 5 6 commission for purposes of this section is the earliest date 7 of filing with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, 8 the fair-employment-practice agency, or the commission. The 9 complaint shall contain a short and plain statement of the 10 facts describing the violation and the relief sought. The commission may, as authorized by rule, require that additional 11 12 information to be included in the complaint. The commission, 13 within 5 days <u>after</u> of the complaint being filed, shall by registered mail send a copy of the complaint to the person who 14 allegedly committed the violation. The person who allegedly 15 committed the violation may file an answer to the complaint 16 17 within 25 days after of the date the complaint was filed with 18 the commission. Any answer filed shall be mailed to the aggrieved person by the person filing the answer. Both the 19 complaint and the answer shall be verified. 20 21 (2) If In the event that any other agency of the state 22 or of any other unit of government of the state has 23 jurisdiction of the subject matter of any complaint filed with the commission and has legal authority to investigate the 2.4 complaint, the commission may refer such complaint to such 25 agency for an investigation. Referral of such a complaint by 26 the commission  $\underline{\text{does}}$  shall not constitute agency action within 27 2.8 the meaning of s. 120.52. In the event of any referral under this subsection, the commission shall accord substantial 29 weight to any findings and conclusions of any such agency. 30

31 The referral of a complaint by the commission to a local

3

1 agency does not divest the commission's jurisdiction over the 2 complaint. 3 (3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the 4 commission shall investigate the allegations in the complaint. Within 180 days after of the filing of the complaint, the 5 6 commission shall determine if there is reasonable cause to 7 believe that discriminatory practice has occurred in violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992. When the commission 8 determines whether or not there is reasonable cause, the 9 10 commission by registered mail shall promptly notify the aggrieved person and the respondent of the reasonable cause 11 12 determination, the date of such determination, and the options available under this section. 13 (4) If In the event that the commission determines 14 that there is reasonable cause to believe that a 15 discriminatory practice has occurred in violation of the 16 17 Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992, the commission shall endeavor to eliminate the alleged unlawful practice by 18 conference, conciliation, or persuasion. The terms of a 19 conciliation agreement reached with a respondent may require 2.0 21 him or her to refrain from engaging in unlawful discriminatory practices in the future and make any further provisions as may 22 23 be agreed upon between the commission staff and the 2.4 respondent. (5) If the commission is unsuccessful in eliminating 25 the alleged unlawful practice by conference, conciliation, or 26 27 persuasion after finding that there is reasonable cause to 2.8 believe that a discriminatory practice has occurred in violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992, the 29 30 aggrieved person may either: 31

4

**Florida Senate - 2007** 21-600-07

SB 580

1 (a) Bring a civil action against the person named in 2 the complaint in any court of competent jurisdiction; or (b) Petition the commission to initiate, at its sole 3 4 discretion, a civil action against the respondent in the name of the State of Florida on behalf of the aggrieved person; or 5 б (c) (b) Request an administrative hearing under ss. 7 120.569 and 120.57. 8 If the commission files a civil complaint under this section, 9 10 the commission may seek reimbursement of attorney's fees and litigation costs through means of a conference, conciliation, 11 12 or persuasion. If the commission is unsuccessful in obtaining such fees and costs in an amount deemed acceptable to the 13 commission, it may seek a court order awarding such attorney's 14 fees and litigation costs. Such fees and costs shall be 15 deposited in the commission's trust fund and used solely for 16 17 the purpose of funding litigation pursuant to this section. 18 The election by the aggrieved person of filing a civil action\_ petitioning the commission to file a civil action, or 19 requesting an administrative hearing under this subsection 20 21 constitute is the exclusive procedures procedure available to 22 the aggrieved person pursuant to this act. The commission may 23 not initiate a civil complaint against the state and its agencies and subdivisions under this section. 2.4 (6)(5) In any civil action brought under this section, 25 the court may issue an order prohibiting the discriminatory 26 27 practice and providing affirmative relief from the effects of 2.8 the practice, including back pay. The court may also award 29 compensatory damages, including, but not limited to, damages for mental anguish, loss of dignity, and any other intangible 30 injuries, and punitive damages. The provisions of ss. 768.72 31

5

1 and 768.73 do not apply to this section. The judgment for the 2 total amount of punitive damages awarded under this section to an aggrieved person may shall not exceed \$100,000. In any 3 action or proceeding under this subsection, the court, in its 4 5 discretion, may allow the prevailing party a reasonable б attorney's fee as part of the costs. It is the intent of the 7 Legislature that this provision for attorney's fees be 8 interpreted in a manner consistent with federal case law involving a Title VII action. The right to trial by jury is 9 preserved in any such private right of action in which the 10 aggrieved person is seeking compensatory or punitive damages, 11 12 and any party may demand a trial by jury. The commission's 13 determination of reasonable cause is not admissible into evidence in any civil proceeding, including any hearing or 14 trial, except to establish for the court the right to maintain 15 the private right of action. A civil action brought under this 16 17 section shall be commenced no later than 1 year after the date 18 of determination of reasonable cause by the commission. The commencement of such action shall divest the commission of 19 20 jurisdiction of the complaint, except that the commission may 21 initiate a civil action against the respondent in the name of the State of Florida on behalf of the aggrieved person or may 22 23 intervene in the civil action as a matter of right. Notwithstanding the above, the state and its agencies and 2.4 subdivisions are shall not be liable for punitive damages. 25 The total amount of recovery against the state and its 26 27 agencies and subdivisions may shall not exceed the limitation 2.8 as set forth in s. 768.28(5).

29 <u>(7)(6)</u> Any administrative hearing brought pursuant to 30 paragraph(5)(c)(4)(b) shall be conducted under ss. 120.569 31 and 120.57. The commission may hear the case provided that the

SB 580

1

2

3

4

5 6

7

final order is issued by members of the commission who did not conduct the hearing or the commission may request that it be heard by an administrative law judge pursuant to s. 120.569(2)(a). If the commission elects to hear the case, it may be heard by a commissioner. If the commissioner, after the hearing, finds that a violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, the commissioner shall issue an appropriate proposed order in accordance with chapter 120 prohibiting the practice and providing affirmative relief from the effects of the practice, including back pay. If the

an appropriate proposed order in accordance with chapter 120 8 prohibiting the practice and providing affirmative relief from 9 10 the effects of the practice, including back pay. If the administrative law judge, after the hearing, finds that a 11 12 violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has 13 occurred, the administrative law judge shall issue an appropriate recommended order in accordance with chapter 120 14 prohibiting the practice and providing affirmative relief from 15 the effects of the practice, including back pay. Within 90 16 17 days <u>after</u> of the date the recommended or proposed order is rendered, the commission shall issue a final order by 18 adopting, rejecting, or modifying the recommended order as 19 provided under ss. 120.569 and 120.57. The 90-day period may 20 21 be extended with the consent of all the parties. An 22 administrative hearing pursuant to paragraph(5)(c)(4)(b) 23 must be requested no later than 35 days after the date of determination of reasonable cause by the commission. In any 2.4 action or proceeding under this subsection, the commission, in 25 26 its discretion, may allow the prevailing party a reasonable 27 attorney's fee as part of the costs. It is the intent of the 2.8 Legislature that this provision for attorney's fees be interpreted in a manner consistent with federal case law 29 30 involving a Title VII action. 31



CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

7

**Florida Senate - 2007** 21-600-07

1 (8) (7) If the commission determines that there is not 2 reasonable cause to believe that a violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has occurred, the commission shall 3 dismiss the complaint. The aggrieved person may request an 4 administrative hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57, but any 5 6 such request must be made within 35 days <u>after</u> of the date of 7 determination of reasonable cause and any such hearing shall 8 be heard by an administrative law judge and not by the 9 commission or a commissioner. If the aggrieved person does not request an administrative hearing within the 35 days, the 10 claim will be barred. If the administrative law judge finds 11 12 that a violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has 13 occurred, he or she shall issue an appropriate recommended order to the commission prohibiting the practice and 14 recommending affirmative relief from the effects of the 15 practice, including back pay. Within 90 days after of the 16 17 date the recommended order is rendered, the commission shall 18 issue a final order by adopting, rejecting, or modifying the recommended order as provided under ss. 120.569 and 120.57. 19 The 90-day period may be extended with the consent of all the 20 parties. In any action or proceeding under this subsection, 21 22 the commission, in its discretion, may allow the prevailing 23 party a reasonable attorney's fee as part of the costs. It is the intent of the Legislature that this provision for 2.4 attorney's fees be interpreted in a manner consistent with 25 26 federal case law involving a Title VII action. If In the event 27 the final order issued by the commission determines that a 2.8 violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 has 29 occurred, the aggrieved person may bring, within 1 year after of the date of the final order, a civil action under 30 subsection (6)(5) as if there has been a reasonable cause 31

SB 580

8

**Florida Senate - 2007** 21-600-07

1 determination or accept the affirmative relief offered by the 2 commission, but not both. 3 (9)(8) If In the event that the commission fails to 4 conciliate or determine whether there is reasonable cause on any complaint under this section within 180 days after of the 5 б filing of the complaint, an aggrieved person may proceed under 7 subsection (4), as if the commission determined that there was 8 reasonable cause. However, any lawsuit filed under this subsection must be commenced no later than 4 years following 9 10 the date of the alleged violation giving rise to the complaint. 11 12 (10) (10) (9) No liability for back pay shall accrue from a 13 date more than 2 years prior to the filing of a complaint with the commission. 14 (11)(10) A judgment for the amount of damages and 15 costs assessed pursuant to a final order by the commission may 16 17 be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof and may be 18 enforced as any other judgment. 19 (12) (11) If a complaint is within the jurisdiction of the commission, the commission shall simultaneously with its 20 21 other statutory obligations attempt to eliminate or correct 22 the alleged discrimination by informal methods of conference, 23 conciliation, and persuasion. Nothing said or done in the course of such informal endeavors may be made public or used 2.4 as evidence in a subsequent civil proceeding, trial, or 25 hearing. The commission may initiate dispute resolution 26 27 procedures, including voluntary arbitration, by special 2.8 magistrates or mediators. The commission may adopt rules as to the qualifications of persons who may serve as special 29 30 magistrates and mediators. 31

9

**Florida Senate - 2007** 21-600-07

1	(13)(12) All complaints filed with the commission and
2	all records and documents in the custody of the commission,
3	which relate to and identify a particular person, including,
4	but not limited to, a complainant, employer, employment
5	agency, labor organization, or joint labor-management
6	committee <u>are</u> <del>shall be</del> confidential and <u>may</u> <del>shall</del> not be
7	disclosed by the commission, except to the parties or in the
8	course of a hearing or proceeding under this section. The
9	restriction of this subsection <u>does</u> shall not apply to any
10	record or document that which is part of the record of any
11	hearing or court proceeding.
12	<u>(14)(13)</u> Final orders of the commission are subject to
13	judicial review pursuant to s. 120.68. The commission's
14	determination of reasonable cause is not final agency action
15	that is subject to judicial review. Unless specifically
16	ordered by the court, the commencement of an appeal does not
17	suspend or stay the order of the commission, except as
18	provided in the Rules of Appellate Procedure. In any action
19	or proceeding under this subsection, the court <del>, in its</del>
20	discretion, may allow the prevailing party a reasonable
21	attorney's fee as part of the cost. It is the intent of the
22	Legislature that this provision for attorney's fees be
23	interpreted in a manner consistent with federal case law
24	involving a Title VII action. If $\frac{1}{2}$ In the event the order of the
25	court determines that a violation of the Florida Civil Rights
26	Act of 1992 has occurred, the court shall remand the matter to
27	the commission for appropriate relief. The aggrieved party
28	has the option to accept the relief offered by the commission
29	or may bring, within 1 year <u>after</u> <del>of</del> the date of the court
30	order, a civil action under subsection (6)(5) as if there has
31	been a reasonable cause determination.

SB 580

10

**Florida Senate - 2007** 21-600-07

1

2

3

4

5

б

7

8

9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17 18

19

(15)<del>(14)</del> The commission may adopt, promulgate, amend, and rescind rules to effectuate the purposes and policies of this section and to govern the proceedings of the commission under this section. (16)(15) In any civil action or administrative proceeding brought pursuant to this section, a finding that a person employed by the state or any governmental entity or agency has violated s. 760.10 shall as a matter of law constitute just or substantial cause for such person's discharge. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007. SENATE SUMMARY Authorizes the Florida Commission on Human Relations to require additional information in a complaint. Provides for a conciliation agreement if unlawful employment practices or discrimination is discovered. Provides a remedy in the form of civil action if the unlawful employment practices or discrimination continues. Allows the commission to seek attorney's fees and litigation costs if a civil remedy is pursued. Allows the commission to initiate a civil action in the name of the State of Florida on behalf of an aggrieved person.

11