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An act relating to driving without a valid license; creating the "Deputy Michael Callin, Michael Haligowski, and Deputy Ryan C. Sequin Memorial Traffic Safety Act"; amending s. 318.14, F.S.; authorizing the court to withhold adjudication of certain violations related to driving without a valid license if the person cited meets certain conditions; providing that the withholding of adjudication is not a conviction under certain circumstances; amending s. 322.03, F.S.; requiring a written judgment signed by the judge and recorded by the clerk for cases involving a violation of requirements to possess a valid driver license; requiring defendant's fingerprints and a certificate to be affixed to the written judgment of conviction; providing for content of the certificate; requiring the defendant's social security number to be affixed to the written judgment of conviction or the reason for its absence to be indicated; providing that the written judgment constitutes prima facie evidence that the fingerprints are the defendant's fingerprints; amending s. 322.17, F.S.; providing for issuance of a replacement driver license upon notification of a change in the licensee's address; removing the fee for a change of address; amending s. 322.251, F.S.; requiring impoundment and immobilization information to be included with notice to a person whose driver license or driving privilege is being canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified; requiring the Department of Highway Safety

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and Motor Vehicles to make driver license status information available to the public through the Internet and a telephone hotline; requiring the department to certify the date of availability of the information upon request by certain persons; amending s. 322.34, F.S.; providing for application of certain penalty provisions to a person who does not have a valid driver license or whose driver license or driving privilege has been disqualified; revising penalties for driving without a valid license or knowingly driving while driver license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified for specified alcohol-related or drug-related convictions or refusal to submit to certain testing; revising provisions for satisfaction of the element of knowledge; requiring a cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification by the department or a uniform traffic citation to contain a provision notifying the person that his or her driver license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified; requiring impoundment and immobilization information to be included with notice to a person whose driver license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified; revising penalty provisions for a habitual offender driving while his or her license is revoked; providing that a person who causes the death of or serious bodily injury to another person by careless or negligent operation of a motor vehicle while his or her license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, or

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disqualified commits a felony of the third degree; requiring a written judgment signed by the judge and recorded by the clerk for cases involving a violation of requirements to possess a valid driver license; requiring defendant's fingerprints and a certificate to be affixed to the written judgment of conviction; providing for content of the certificate; requiring the defendant's social security number to be affixed to the written judgment of conviction or the reason for its absence to be indicated; providing that the written judgment constitutes prima facie evidence that the fingerprints are the defendant's fingerprints; amending s. 322.34, F.S.; requiring a law enforcement officer who determines that a motor vehicle is being driven by or under the actual physical control of a person whose driver license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified to impound or immobilize the motor vehicle; providing for notice to the driver; providing for impoundment and immobilization of the motor vehicle by the department; providing for notice to registered owners of the motor vehicle and lienholders; providing for the department to commence impoundment or immobilization at the scene where the motor vehicle was immobilized; providing procedures; providing for release of the motor vehicle; requiring department records to contain impoundment and immobilization information; providing for payment of costs; providing for certain fees and distribution of moneys collected; requiring the department

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to authorize release of the motor vehicle upon satisfaction of all requirements; prohibiting operation of an immobilized motor vehicle; providing for an immobilized motor vehicle that is found being operated upon any street or highway in this state before release from immobilization to be seized and subject to forfeit; authorizing the department to contract with vendors; directing the department to inform the person whose driver license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified that any motor vehicle driven by or under the actual physical control of that person is subject to impoundment and immobilization; requiring the department to make driver license status information available to the public through the Internet and a telephone hotline; authorizing the department to adopt rules; providing penalties for knowingly aiding a person whose driver license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified by providing a motor vehicle or authorizing use of a motor vehicle; providing for a rebuttable presumption of satisfaction of the knowledge requirement; amending s. 322.341, F.S.; revising penalty provisions for a person who drives a motor vehicle when his or her driver license has been permanently revoked; amending s. 932.701, F.S.; revising the definition of "contraband article" to include certain seized motor vehicles for purposes of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act; directing the department to inform drivers whose license or driving privilege has been

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canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified and the motoring public of the provisions for impoundment and immobilization of motor vehicles under this act; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Deputy Michael Callin, Michael Haligowski, and Deputy Ryan C. Seguin Memorial Traffic Safety Act."
- Section 2. Subsection (11) of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; procedures.--
- (11) (a) If adjudication is withheld for any person pursuant to subsection (9) or subsection (10) charged or cited under this section, such action is not a conviction.
- (b) If a person is cited for a violation of s.

  322.34(2)(a) or (b) with a license that has been suspended solely for failure to appear, failure to pay a civil penalty, or failure to attend a driver improvement course pursuant to s.

  322.291 and such person provides to the court a valid or reinstated driver's license and proper proof of maintenance of security as required by s. 316.646, the court may withhold adjudication pursuant to this subsection. If adjudication is withheld for any person pursuant to this paragraph, such action is not a conviction if adjudication has not been withheld under this paragraph for a prior offense during the 3 years before the

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date of the cited offense.

Section 3. Subsection (7) is added to section 322.03, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 322.03 Drivers must be licensed; penalties.--
- (7) (a) Every judgment for a violation of subsection (1), regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, shall be in writing, signed by the judge, and recorded by the clerk of the circuit court.
- 1. In open court and in the presence of the judge, the judge shall cause the fingerprints of the defendant against whom the judgment is rendered to be affixed beneath the judge's signature to the written judgment of conviction. Beneath the fingerprints shall be appended a certificate to the following effect:

- "I hereby certify that the above fingerprints are those of the defendant, (name of defendant), and that they were placed thereon by said defendant in my presence, in open court, this the .... day of ...., (year)."
- 2. The certificate shall be signed by the judge, whose signature shall be followed by the word "Judge."
- 3. At the time the defendant's fingerprints are taken, the judge shall also cause the defendant's social security number to be taken. The defendant's social security number shall be affixed to every written judgment of conviction in open court, in the presence of the judge, and at the time the judgment is rendered. If the defendant is unable or unwilling to provide his or her social security number, the reason for its absence shall

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be indicated on the written judgment.

- (b) Any such written judgment, or a certified copy thereof, shall be admissible in evidence in the several courts of this state as prima facie evidence that the fingerprints appearing thereon and certified by the judge are the fingerprints of the defendant against whom that judgment was rendered.
- Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 322.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 322.17 Duplicate and replacement certificates. --
  - (2) Upon the surrender of the original license and the payment of a \$10 replacement fee, the department shall issue a replacement license to make a change in name, address, or restrictions. Upon written request by the licensee and notification of a change in address, and the payment of a \$10 fee, the department shall issue a replacement license an address sticker which shall be affixed to the back of the license by the licensee. Nine dollars of the fee levied in this subsection shall go to the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund of the department.
  - Section 5. Subsections (1) and (6) of section 322.251, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification of license.--
  - (1) All orders of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification issued under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 318, chapter 324, or ss. 627.732-627.734 shall be given either by personal delivery thereof to the licensee whose

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license is being canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified or by deposit in the United States mail in an envelope, first class, postage prepaid, addressed to the licensee at his or her last known mailing address furnished to the department. Such mailing by the department constitutes notification, and any failure by the person to receive the mailed order will not affect or stay the effective date or term of the cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification of the licensee's driving privilege. Notification of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification given by the department under this section shall also inform the person whose license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified that any motor vehicle driven by or under the actual physical control of that person while the license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified is subject to impoundment and immobilization under s. 322.34; however, any failure by the department to include the impoundment and immobilization information with the notification or any failure by the person to receive that information will not affect or stay the effective date or term of the cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification of the licensee's driving privilege and will not preclude, bar, or otherwise affect the impoundment or immobilization of a motor vehicle under s. 322.34. (6)(a) Whenever a cancellation, suspension, revocation, or

(6) (a) Whenever a cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification occurs, the department shall enter the cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification order on the licensee's driver file 20 days after the notice was

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actually placed in the mail. Any inquiry into the file after the 20-day period shall reveal that the license is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified and whether the license has been received by the department.

- (b) 1. The department shall make available on its Internet website the means to determine the status of a person's driver's license by entering the person's driver's license number or the person's name and date of birth and the last four digits of the person's social security number. The department shall also provide a telephone hotline to provide callers with the status of a person's driver's license. The information provided on the Internet website or via the telephone hotline under this subparagraph shall include the date and time that information was first made available to the public.
- 2. Upon request from any law enforcement agency or officer of the court, the department shall certify the date and time the information was first made available to the public under subparagraph 1.
- Section 6. Effective October 1, 2007, subsections (1), (2), (4), (5), and (6) of section 322.34, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:

  322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, or disqualified.--
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) and s. 322.341, any person whose driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, or disqualified, except a "habitual traffic offender" as defined in s. 322.264, who drives a vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license or

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privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked, or disqualified commits is guilty of a moving violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.

- driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, or disqualified as provided by law, except persons defined in s. 322.264, who, knowing of such cancellation, suspension, or disqualification, drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, or any person who drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state without having a valid driver's license as required under s. 322.03, upon:
- (a) A first conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, except that any person whose driver's license or driving privilege was canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified under s. 322.2615 relating to unlawful bloodalcohol level or breath-alcohol level or for refusal to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test authorized by s. 316.1932, s. 322.28(2)(a) for a violation of s. 316.193 or s. 316.1931 prohibiting driving under the influence, s. 316.655(2) for an alcohol-related or drug-related conviction, or s. 316.1939 for refusal to submit to testing is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and the court must order imprisonment for not less than 30 days.
  - (b) A second conviction is guilty of a misdemeanor of the

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first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(c) A third or subsequent conviction is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- The element of knowledge is satisfied if the person has been previously cited as provided in subsection (1); or the person admits to knowledge of the cancellation, suspension, or revocation, or disqualification; or the person received notice as provided in subsection (4). There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the knowledge requirement is satisfied if a judgment or order or a cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification by the department as provided in subsection (4) appears in the department's records for any case except for one involving a suspension by the department for failure to pay a traffic fine or for a financial responsibility violation.
- (4) Any judgment or order rendered by a court or adjudicatory body, any cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification by the department, or any uniform traffic citation that cancels, suspends, or disqualifies a person's driver's license must contain a provision notifying the person that his or her driver's license has been canceled, suspended, or disqualified and must inform the person that any motor vehicle driven by that person while the license is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified shall be impounded or immobilized pursuant to this section.
  - (5) Any person whose driver's license has been revoked

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pursuant to s. 322.264 (habitual offender) and who drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license is revoked commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and the court must order imprisonment for not less than 60 days.

(6) Any person who operates a motor vehicle:

- (a) Without having a driver's license as required under s.322.03; or
- (b) While his or her driver's license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked, or disqualified pursuant to s. 316.655, s. 322.26(8), s. 322.27(2), or s. 322.28(2) or (4),

and who by careless or negligent operation of the motor vehicle causes the death of or serious bodily injury to another human being, commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (10) (a) With respect to any offense governed by the provisions of this section, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, every judgment shall be in writing, signed by the judge, and recorded by the clerk of the circuit court.
- 1. In open court and in the presence of the judge, the judge shall cause the fingerprints of the defendant against whom the judgment is rendered to be affixed beneath the judge's signature to the written judgment of conviction. Beneath the fingerprints shall be appended a certificate to the following effect:

"I hereby certify that the above fingerprints are those of the

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defendant, (name of defendant), and that they were placed thereon by said defendant in my presence, in open court, this the .... day of ...., (year)."

- 2. The certificate shall be signed by the judge, whose signature shall be followed by the word "Judge."
- 3. At the time the defendant's fingerprints are taken, the judge shall also cause the defendant's social security number to be taken. The defendant's social security number shall be affixed to every written judgment of conviction in open court, in the presence of the judge, and at the time the judgment is rendered. If the defendant is unable or unwilling to provide his or her social security number, the reason for its absence shall be indicated on the written judgment.
- (b) Any such written judgment, or a certified copy thereof, shall be admissible in evidence in the several courts of this state as prima facie evidence that the fingerprints appearing thereon and certified by the judge are the fingerprints of the defendant against whom that judgment was rendered.
- Section 7. Effective July 1, 2008, subsections (3) and (8) of section 322.34, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, are amended, and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:
- 322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, or disqualified.--
- (3) In any proceeding for a violation of this section, a court may consider evidence, other than that specified in subsection (2) or subsection (11), that the person knowingly violated this section.

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(8)(a)1. If a law enforcement officer determines that a motor vehicle is being driven by or is under the actual physical control of a person whose driver's license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified, the officer shall immediately impound the motor vehicle or immobilize the motor vehicle by installing an immobilization device on the vehicle or removing the vehicle registration tag. The officer shall serve notice of the impoundment or immobilization upon the driver. The notice shall include the location where the motor vehicle is being held and information on the procedures to have the motor vehicle released from impoundment or immobilization by a department-approved vendor. If the law enforcement officer removes the vehicle registration tag, the tag shall be given to the department or the department's agent and held until the motor vehicle is released from impoundment or immobilization. A law enforcement officer who proceeds in good faith to immobilize or impound a vehicle under this section shall not be responsible for any towing, immobilizing, or impounding fees.

2. A law enforcement officer impounding or immobilizing a motor vehicle under subparagraph 1. shall notify the department or the department's agent within 24 hours to effect impoundment or immobilization under this paragraph. The department or the department's agent shall remove and impound or immobilize the motor vehicle at another location. The motor vehicle may be immobilized by installation of an immobilization device on the vehicle or removal of the vehicle registration tag; however, the impounding company shall not release the motor vehicle for immobilization at another location without proof that the

immobilization vendor is approved by the department. The motor vehicle shall remain in impound or immobilized until the owner or lessee receives authorization from the department for release of the motor vehicle under the provisions of this subsection.

The department is authorized to adopt by rule procedures for removal and immobilization of the motor vehicle by a department-approved vendor from the location where the motor vehicle was impounded or immobilized by the law enforcement officer under subparagraph 1.

- 3. A motor vehicle impounded or immobilized under this paragraph that, according to the records of the department, is owned or leased by the person who was driving or in actual physical control of the motor vehicle when it was stopped and impounded or immobilized under subparagraph 1. shall remain impounded or immobilized until the person's license and driving privilege are reinstated and payment of the fees imposed under paragraph (c) and all costs of towing, impoundment, immobilization, and storage has been made. If department records show a different owner or lessee, the motor vehicle shall be released to that owner or lessee or the owner's or lessee's agent upon payment of the fees imposed under paragraph (c) and all costs of towing, impoundment, immobilization, and storage. The department's records shall reflect that the motor vehicle is immobilized or impounded.
- (b) Within 7 business days after the date the law enforcement agency or the department impounds or immobilizes the motor vehicle under this subsection, the department shall send notice of the impoundment or immobilization by certified mail,

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return receipt requested, to any registered owners or coowners of the motor vehicle other than the driver and to each person of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. The notice shall include the location where the motor vehicle is being held and information on the procedures to have the motor vehicle released from impoundment or immobilization by a department-approved vendor. All costs and fees for the impoundment or immobilization, including the cost of notification, must be paid by the owner of the motor vehicle or, if the motor vehicle is leased, by the person leasing the motor vehicle.

- (c)1. The department shall collect a \$30 processing fee from the owner or lessee prior to release of any motor vehicle immobilized or impounded under this subsection. Moneys collected under this subparagraph shall be forwarded to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the State Transportation Trust Fund created under s. 206.46 to be used to carry out public transit responsibilities of the Department of Transportation under s. 341.041.
- 2. The department shall charge a reasonable fee, not to exceed \$6, to the owner or lessee of the motor vehicle to cover the operational costs of the program and the cost of immobilizing or impounding the motor vehicle. Fees collected under this subparagraph shall be deposited in the Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
- (d) Upon satisfaction of all of the requirements under this subsection for release of the motor vehicle, the department shall authorize release of the motor vehicle to the owner or

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lessee.

- (e) A motor vehicle immobilized under this subsection may not be operated in this state until released from immobilization by the department or the department's agent. A motor vehicle immobilized under this subsection that is found being operated upon any street or highway in this state before being released by the department or the department's agent shall be seized and removed from the street or highway and may be forfeited pursuant to ss. 932.701-932.704.
- (f) The department may contract with vendors to carry out the provisions of this subsection.
- (g) Notification of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification given by the department under s. 322.251 shall also inform the person whose driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified that any motor vehicle driven by or under the actual physical control of that person while the license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified is subject to impoundment and immobilization under this subsection; however, failure to receive the information shall not preclude, bar, or otherwise affect the impoundment or immobilization of a motor vehicle under this subsection.
- (h) The department shall make available on its Internet website the means to determine the status of a person's driver's license by entering the driver's license number or name and date of birth of the licensee. The department shall also provide a telephone hotline to provide callers with the status of a person's driver's license.

(i) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss.

120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this subsection. Upon the arrest of a person for the offense of driving while the person's driver's license or driving privilege is suspended or revoked, the arresting officer shall determine:

- 1. Whether the person's driver's license is suspended or revoked.
- 2. Whether the person's driver's license has remained suspended or revoked since a conviction for the offense of driving with a suspended or revoked license.
- 3. Whether the suspension or revocation was made under s. 316.646 or s. 627.733, relating to failure to maintain required security, or under s. 322.264, relating to habitual traffic offenders.
- 4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or coowner of the vehicle.
- (b) If the arresting officer finds in the affirmative as to all of the criteria in paragraph (a), the officer shall immediately impound or immobilize the vehicle.
- (c) Within 7 business days after the date the arresting agency impounds or immobilizes the vehicle, either the arresting agency or the towing service, whichever is in possession of the vehicle, shall send notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to any coregistered owners of the vehicle other than the person arrested and to each person of record claiming a lien against the vehicle. All costs and fees for the impoundment or immobilization, including the cost of notification, must be paid by the owner of the vehicle or, if the vehicle is leased, by the

person leasing the vehicle.

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(d) Either the arresting agency or the towing service, whichever is in possession of the vehicle, shall determine whether any vehicle impounded or immobilized under this section has been leased or rented or if there are any persons of record with a lien upon the vehicle. Either the arresting agency or the towing service, whichever is in possession of the vehicle, shall notify by express courier service with receipt or certified mail, return receipt requested, within 7 business days after the date of the immobilization or impoundment of the vehicle, the registered owner and all persons having a recorded lien against the vehicle that the vehicle has been impounded or immobilized. A lessor, rental car company, or lienholder may then obtain the vehicle, upon payment of any lawful towing or storage charges. If the vehicle is a rental vehicle subject to a written contract, the charges may be separately charged to the renter, in addition to the rental rate, along with other separate fees, charges, and recoupments disclosed on the rental agreement. If the storage facility fails to provide timely notice to a lessor, rental car company, or lienholder as required by this paragraph, the storage facility shall be responsible for payment of any towing or storage charges necessary to release the vehicle to a lessor, rental car company, or lienholder that accrue after the notice period, which charges may then be assessed against the driver of the vehicle if the vehicle was lawfully impounded or immobilized. (e) Except as provided in paragraph (d), the vehicle shall

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remain impounded or immobilized for any period imposed by the

court until:

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1. The owner presents proof of insurance to the arresting agency; or

2. The owner presents proof of sale of the vehicle to the arresting agency and the buyer presents proof of insurance to the arresting agency.

If proof is not presented within 35 days after the impoundment or immobilization, a lien shall be placed upon such vehicle pursuant to s. 713.78.

(f) The owner of a vehicle that is impounded or immobilized under this subsection may, within 10 days after the date the owner has knowledge of the location of the vehicle, file a complaint in the county in which the owner resides to determine whether the vehicle was wrongfully taken or withheld. Upon the filing of a complaint, the owner may have the vehicle released by posting with the court a bond or other adequate security equal to the amount of the costs and fees for impoundment or immobilization, including towing or storage, to ensure the payment of such costs and fees if the owner does not prevail. When the vehicle owner does not prevail on a complaint that the vehicle was wrongfully taken or withheld, he or she must pay the accrued charges for the immobilization or impoundment, including any towing and storage charges assessed against the vehicle. When the bond is posted and the fee is paid as set forth in s. 28.24, the clerk of the court shall issue a certificate releasing the vehicle. At the time of release, after reasonable inspection, the owner must give a receipt to the

towing or storage company indicating any loss or damage to the vehicle or to the contents of the vehicle.

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(11) Any owner or lessee of a motor vehicle who knowingly allows, permits, or authorizes a person whose driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified to drive the motor vehicle upon the streets or highways of this state or knowingly gives, leases, lends, or otherwise provides the motor vehicle to a person whose driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. The element of knowledge is satisfied if the owner or lessee has been previously charged under this subsection for providing a motor vehicle to the same person; the owner admits to knowledge of the cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification of the driver's license or driving privilege of the driver; or the owner received notice as provided in subsection (8) relating to the same driver. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the knowledge requirement is satisfied if the cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification appears in the department's records and that information is available to the public through the department's Internet website or a telephone hotline.

Section 8. Effective October 1, 2007, section 322.341, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.341 Driving while license permanently revoked.--Any person whose driver's license or driving privilege has been

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permanently revoked pursuant to s. 322.26 or s. 322.28 and who drives a motor vehicle upon the highways of this state <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and the court must order imprisonment for not less than 90 days.

- Section 9. Effective July 1, 2008, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 932.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 932.701 Short title; definitions.--
  - (2) As used in the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act:
  - (a) "Contraband article" means:

- 1. Any controlled substance as defined in chapter 893 or any substance, device, paraphernalia, or currency or other means of exchange that was used, was attempted to be used, or was intended to be used in violation of any provision of chapter 893, if the totality of the facts presented by the state is clearly sufficient to meet the state's burden of establishing probable cause to believe that a nexus exists between the article seized and the narcotics activity, whether or not the use of the contraband article can be traced to a specific narcotics transaction.
- 2. Any gambling paraphernalia, lottery tickets, money, currency, or other means of exchange which was used, was attempted, or intended to be used in violation of the gambling laws of the state.
- 3. Any equipment, liquid or solid, which was being used, is being used, was attempted to be used, or intended to be used in violation of the beverage or tobacco laws of the state.

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4. Any motor fuel upon which the motor fuel tax has not been paid as required by law.

- 5. Any personal property, including, but not limited to, any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, vehicle of any kind, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, or currency, which was used or was attempted to be used as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of, any felony, whether or not comprising an element of the felony, or which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of a violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.
- 6. Any real property, including any right, title, leasehold, or other interest in the whole of any lot or tract of land, which was used, is being used, or was attempted to be used as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of, any felony, or which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of a violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.
- 7. Any personal property, including, but not limited to, equipment, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, currency, or any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, or vehicle of any kind in the possession of or belonging to any person who takes aquaculture products in violation of s. 812.014(2)(c).
- 8. Any motor vehicle offered for sale in violation of s. 320.28.
- 9. Any motor vehicle used during the course of committing an offense in violation of s. 322.34(8)(e) or (9)(a).

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10. Any photograph, film, or other recorded image, including an image recorded on videotape, a compact disc, digital tape, or fixed disk, that is recorded in violation of s. 810.145 and is possessed for the purpose of amusement, entertainment, sexual arousal, gratification, or profit, or for the purpose of degrading or abusing another person.

11. Any real property, including any right, title, leasehold, or other interest in the whole of any lot or tract of land, which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of Medicaid fraud under s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201; any personal property, including, but not limited to, equipment, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, or currency; or any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, or vehicle of any kind in the possession of or belonging to any person which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of Medicaid fraud under s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201.

Section 10. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor
Vehicles shall inform the motoring public of the changes to s.

322.34, Florida Statutes, made by this act relating to
impoundment or immobilization of a motor vehicle being driven by
a person whose driver license is canceled, suspended, revoked,
or disqualified and shall provide such information in newly
printed driver license educational materials after July 1, 2007,
and in public service announcements produced in cooperation with
the Florida Highway Patrol.

Section 11. <u>During the period from July 1, 2007, to July</u>
1, 2008, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles

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shall notify by mail persons whose driver license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, revoked, or disqualified of the changes to s. 322.34, Florida Statutes, made by this act relating to impoundment or immobilization of a motor vehicle being driven by such person; however, failure to receive such notification shall not preclude, bar, or otherwise affect the impoundment or immobilization of a motor vehicle under s. 322.34, Florida Statutes.

Section 12. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2007.

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