By the Committee on Community Affairs; and Senator Rich

578-2003-07

A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to local business taxes; amending s. 205.0535, F.S.; authorizing certain 3 municipalities to reclassify businesses and 4 5 occupations and establish new business tax 6 rates before a specified date; providing that 7 ch. 205, F.S., does not prohibit a municipality 8 or county from decreasing or repealing a local 9 business tax; providing an effective date. 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 13 Section 1. Section 205.0535, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 205.0535 Reclassification and rate structure 15 16 revisions.--(1) By October 1, 1995, any municipality or county 17 18 may, by ordinance, reclassify businesses, professions, and occupations and may establish new rate structures, if the 19 conditions specified in subsections (2) and (3) are met. 20 However, a municipality that adopted a local business tax by 2.1 ordinance on or after October 1, 1995, may, before October 1, 22 23 2008, reclassify businesses, professions, and occupations and establish new rate structures by ordinance if the conditions 2.4 specified in subsections (2) and (3) are met. A person who is 25 engaged in the business of providing local exchange telephone 26 27 service or a pay telephone service in a municipality or in the 2.8 unincorporated area of a county and who pays the business tax 29 under the category designated for telephone companies or a pay telephone service provider certified pursuant to s. 364.3375 30 is deemed to have but one place of business or business

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location in each municipality or unincorporated area of a county. Pay telephone service providers may not be assessed a business tax on a per-instrument basis.

- (2) Before adopting a reclassification and revision ordinance, the municipality or county must establish an equity study commission and appoint its members. Each member of the study commission must be a representative of the business community within the local government's jurisdiction. Each equity study commission shall recommend to the appropriate local government a classification system and rate structure for business taxes.
- revisions have been transmitted to and considered by the appropriate local governing body, it may adopt by majority vote a new business tax ordinance. Except that a minimum tax of up to \$25 is permitted, the reclassification may not increase the tax by more than the following: for receipts costing \$150 or less, 200 percent; for receipts costing more than \$150 but not more than \$500, 100 percent; for receipts costing more than \$500 but not more than \$2,500, 75 percent; for receipts costing more than \$10,000, 50 percent; and for receipts costing more than \$10,000, 10 percent; however, in no case may the tax on any receipt be increased more than \$5,000.
- (b) The total annual revenue generated by the new rate structure for the fiscal year following the fiscal year during which the rate structure is adopted may not exceed:
- 1. For municipalities, the sum of the revenue base and 10 percent of that revenue base. The revenue base is the sum of the business tax revenue generated by receipts issued for the most recently completed local fiscal year or the amount of

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revenue that would have been generated from the authorized increases under s. 205.043(1)(b), whichever is greater, plus any revenue received from the county under s. 205.033(4).

- 2. For counties, the sum of the revenue base, 10 percent of that revenue base, and the amount of revenue distributed by the county to the municipalities under s. 205.033(4) during the most recently completed local fiscal year. The revenue base is the business tax revenue generated by receipts issued for the most recently completed local fiscal year or the amount of revenue that would have been generated from the authorized increases under s. 205.033(1)(b), whichever is greater, but may not include any revenues distributed to municipalities under s. 205.033(4).
- (c) In addition to the revenue increases authorized by paragraph (b), revenue increases attributed to the increases in the number of receipts issued are authorized.
- (4) After the conditions specified in subsections (2) and (3) are met, municipalities and counties may, every other year thereafter, increase or decrease by ordinance the rates of business taxes by up to 5 percent. The increase, however, may not be enacted by less than a majority plus one vote of the governing body. This chapter does not prohibit a municipality or county from decreasing or repealing a local business tax authorized under this chapter.
- (5) A receipt may not be issued unless the federal employer identification number or social security number is obtained from the person to be taxed.
- Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	Senate Bill 656
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4	The committee substitute expands the window of time, from October 1, 2007 to October 1, 2008, during which a
5	municipality that adopted a local business tax ordinance on or after October 1, 1995, may reclassify businesses, professions,
6	and occupations, and establish a new rate structure.
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