

HB 7047

2007

1 A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to health care; amending s. 409.911, F.S.;  
3 revising the method for calculating disproportionate share  
4 payments to hospitals; amending s. 409.9112, F.S.;  
5 revising the time period during which the Agency for  
6 Health Care Administration is prohibited from distributing  
7 disproportionate share payments to regional perinatal  
8 intensive care centers; amending s. 409.9113, F.S.;  
9 revising the time period for distribution of  
10 disproportionate share payments to teaching hospitals;  
11 amending s. 409.9117, F.S.; revising the time period  
12 during which the agency is prohibited from distributing  
13 certain moneys under the primary care disproportionate  
14 share program; providing an effective date.

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16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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18 Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 409.911, Florida  
19 Statutes, is amended to read:

20 409.911 Disproportionate share program.--Subject to  
21 specific allocations established within the General  
22 Appropriations Act and any limitations established pursuant to  
23 chapter 216, the agency shall distribute, pursuant to this  
24 section, moneys to hospitals providing a disproportionate share  
25 of Medicaid or charity care services by making quarterly  
26 Medicaid payments as required. Notwithstanding the provisions of  
27 s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the

28 | cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a  
 29 | disproportionate share of low-income patients.

30 |       (2) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall use  
 31 | the following actual audited data to determine the Medicaid days  
 32 | and charity care to be used in calculating the disproportionate  
 33 | share payment:

34 |       (a) The average of the 2001, 2002, and 2003 ~~2000, 2001,~~  
 35 | ~~and 2002~~ audited disproportionate share data to determine each  
 36 | hospital's Medicaid days and charity care for the 2007-2008  
 37 | ~~2006-2007~~ state fiscal year.

38 |       (b) If the Agency for Health Care Administration does not  
 39 | have the prescribed 3 years of audited disproportionate share  
 40 | data as noted in paragraph (a) for a hospital, the agency shall  
 41 | use the average of the years of the audited disproportionate  
 42 | share data as noted in paragraph (a) which is available.

43 |       (c) In accordance with s. 1923(b) of the Social Security  
 44 | Act, a hospital with a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate  
 45 | greater than one standard deviation above the statewide mean or  
 46 | a hospital with a low-income utilization rate of 25 percent or  
 47 | greater shall qualify for reimbursement.

48 |       Section 2. Section 409.9112, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 49 | to read:

50 |       409.9112 Disproportionate share program for regional  
 51 | perinatal intensive care centers.--In addition to the payments  
 52 | made under s. 409.911, the Agency for Health Care Administration  
 53 | shall design and implement a system of making disproportionate  
 54 | share payments to those hospitals that participate in the  
 55 | regional perinatal intensive care center program established

56 | pursuant to chapter 383. This system of payments shall conform  
 57 | with federal requirements and shall distribute funds in each  
 58 | fiscal year for which an appropriation is made by making  
 59 | quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding the provisions of  
 60 | s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the  
 61 | cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a  
 62 | disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the state  
 63 | fiscal year 2007-2008 ~~2005-2006~~, the agency shall not distribute  
 64 | moneys under the regional perinatal intensive care centers  
 65 | disproportionate share program.

66 | (1) The following formula shall be used by the agency to  
 67 | calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate  
 68 | in the regional perinatal intensive care center program:

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 70 | 
$$\text{TAE} = \text{HDSP} / \text{THDSP}$$
  
 71 |

72 | Where:

73 | TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive  
 74 | care center.

75 | HDSP = the prior state fiscal year regional perinatal  
 76 | intensive care center disproportionate share payment to the  
 77 | individual hospital.

78 | THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total regional  
 79 | perinatal intensive care center disproportionate share payments  
 80 | to all hospitals.

81 | (2) The total additional payment for hospitals that  
 82 | participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center  
 83 | program shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

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$$\text{TAP} = \text{TAE} \times \text{TA}$$

Where:

TAP = total additional payment for a regional perinatal intensive care center.

TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive care center.

TA = total appropriation for the regional perinatal intensive care center disproportionate share program.

(3) In order to receive payments under this section, a hospital must be participating in the regional perinatal intensive care center program pursuant to chapter 383 and must meet the following additional requirements:

(a) Agree to conform to all departmental and agency requirements to ensure high quality in the provision of services, including criteria adopted by departmental and agency rule concerning staffing ratios, medical records, standards of care, equipment, space, and such other standards and criteria as the department and agency deem appropriate as specified by rule.

(b) Agree to provide information to the department and agency, in a form and manner to be prescribed by rule of the department and agency, concerning the care provided to all patients in neonatal intensive care centers and high-risk maternity care.

(c) Agree to accept all patients for neonatal intensive care and high-risk maternity care, regardless of ability to pay, on a functional space-available basis.

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112 (d) Agree to develop arrangements with other maternity and  
113 neonatal care providers in the hospital's region for the  
114 appropriate receipt and transfer of patients in need of  
115 specialized maternity and neonatal intensive care services.

116 (e) Agree to establish and provide a developmental  
117 evaluation and services program for certain high-risk neonates,  
118 as prescribed and defined by rule of the department.

119 (f) Agree to sponsor a program of continuing education in  
120 perinatal care for health care professionals within the region  
121 of the hospital, as specified by rule.

122 (g) Agree to provide backup and referral services to the  
123 department's county health departments and other low-income  
124 perinatal providers within the hospital's region, including the  
125 development of written agreements between these organizations  
126 and the hospital.

127 (h) Agree to arrange for transportation for high-risk  
128 obstetrical patients and neonates in need of transfer from the  
129 community to the hospital or from the hospital to another more  
130 appropriate facility.

131 (4) Hospitals which fail to comply with any of the  
132 conditions in subsection (3) or the applicable rules of the  
133 department and agency shall not receive any payments under this  
134 section until full compliance is achieved. A hospital which is  
135 not in compliance in two or more consecutive quarters shall not  
136 receive its share of the funds. Any forfeited funds shall be  
137 distributed by the remaining participating regional perinatal  
138 intensive care center program hospitals.

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139 Section 3. Section 409.9113, Florida Statutes, is amended  
140 to read:

141 409.9113 Disproportionate share program for teaching  
142 hospitals.--In addition to the payments made under ss. 409.911  
143 and 409.9112, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall  
144 make disproportionate share payments to statutorily defined  
145 teaching hospitals for their increased costs associated with  
146 medical education programs and for tertiary health care services  
147 provided to the indigent. This system of payments shall conform  
148 with federal requirements and shall distribute funds in each  
149 fiscal year for which an appropriation is made by making  
150 quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding s. 409.915,  
151 counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this  
152 special reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate  
153 share of low-income patients. For the state fiscal year 2007-  
154 2008 ~~2006-2007~~, the agency shall distribute the moneys provided  
155 in the General Appropriations Act to statutorily defined  
156 teaching hospitals and family practice teaching hospitals under  
157 the teaching hospital disproportionate share program. The funds  
158 provided for statutorily defined teaching hospitals shall be  
159 distributed in the same proportion as the state fiscal year  
160 2003-2004 teaching hospital disproportionate share funds were  
161 distributed. The funds provided for family practice teaching  
162 hospitals shall be distributed equally among family practice  
163 teaching hospitals.

164 (1) On or before September 15 of each year, the Agency for  
165 Health Care Administration shall calculate an allocation  
166 fraction to be used for distributing funds to state statutory

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167 teaching hospitals. Subsequent to the end of each quarter of the  
168 state fiscal year, the agency shall distribute to each statutory  
169 teaching hospital, as defined in s. 408.07, an amount determined  
170 by multiplying one-fourth of the funds appropriated for this  
171 purpose by the Legislature times such hospital's allocation  
172 fraction. The allocation fraction for each such hospital shall  
173 be determined by the sum of three primary factors, divided by  
174 three. The primary factors are:

175 (a) The number of nationally accredited graduate medical  
176 education programs offered by the hospital, including programs  
177 accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical  
178 Education and the combined Internal Medicine and Pediatrics  
179 programs acceptable to both the American Board of Internal  
180 Medicine and the American Board of Pediatrics at the beginning  
181 of the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the  
182 allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this  
183 factor is the fraction that the hospital represents of the total  
184 number of programs, where the total is computed for all state  
185 statutory teaching hospitals.

186 (b) The number of full-time equivalent trainees in the  
187 hospital, which comprises two components:

188 1. The number of trainees enrolled in nationally  
189 accredited graduate medical education programs, as defined in  
190 paragraph (a). Full-time equivalents are computed using the  
191 fraction of the year during which each trainee is primarily  
192 assigned to the given institution, over the state fiscal year  
193 preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is  
194 calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction

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195 that the hospital represents of the total number of full-time  
196 equivalent trainees enrolled in accredited graduate programs,  
197 where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching  
198 hospitals.

199 2. The number of medical students enrolled in accredited  
200 colleges of medicine and engaged in clinical activities,  
201 including required clinical clerkships and clinical electives.  
202 Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of the  
203 year during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the  
204 given institution, over the course of the state fiscal year  
205 preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is  
206 calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction  
207 that the given hospital represents of the total number of full-  
208 time equivalent students enrolled in accredited colleges of  
209 medicine, where the total is computed for all state statutory  
210 teaching hospitals.

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212 The primary factor for full-time equivalent trainees is computed  
213 as the sum of these two components, divided by two.

214 (c) A service index that comprises three components:

215 1. The Agency for Health Care Administration Service  
216 Index, computed by applying the standard Service Inventory  
217 Scores established by the Agency for Health Care Administration  
218 to services offered by the given hospital, as reported on  
219 Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency  
220 before the date on which the allocation fraction is calculated.  
221 The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the  
222 given hospital represents of the total Agency for Health Care



223 Administration Service Index values, where the total is computed  
 224 for all state statutory teaching hospitals.

225       2. A volume-weighted service index, computed by applying  
 226 the standard Service Inventory Scores established by the Agency  
 227 for Health Care Administration to the volume of each service,  
 228 expressed in terms of the standard units of measure reported on  
 229 Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency  
 230 before the date on which the allocation factor is calculated.  
 231 The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the  
 232 given hospital represents of the total volume-weighted service  
 233 index values, where the total is computed for all state  
 234 statutory teaching hospitals.

235       3. Total Medicaid payments to each hospital for direct  
 236 inpatient and outpatient services during the fiscal year  
 237 preceding the date on which the allocation factor is calculated.  
 238 This includes payments made to each hospital for such services  
 239 by Medicaid prepaid health plans, whether the plan was  
 240 administered by the hospital or not. The numerical value of this  
 241 factor is the fraction that each hospital represents of the  
 242 total of such Medicaid payments, where the total is computed for  
 243 all state statutory teaching hospitals.

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 245 The primary factor for the service index is computed as the sum  
 246 of these three components, divided by three.

247       (2) By October 1 of each year, the agency shall use the  
 248 following formula to calculate the maximum additional  
 249 disproportionate share payment for statutorily defined teaching  
 250 hospitals:

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$$TAP = THAF \times A$$

Where:

TAP = total additional payment.

THAF = teaching hospital allocation factor.

A = amount appropriated for a teaching hospital  
disproportionate share program.

Section 4. Section 409.9117, Florida Statutes, is amended  
to read:

409.9117 Primary care disproportionate share program.--For  
the state fiscal year 2007-2008 ~~2006-2007~~, the agency shall not  
distribute moneys under the primary care disproportionate share  
program.

(1) If federal funds are available for disproportionate  
share programs in addition to those otherwise provided by law,  
there shall be created a primary care disproportionate share  
program.

(2) The following formula shall be used by the agency to  
calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate  
in the primary care disproportionate share program:

$$TAE = HDSP/THDSP$$

Where:

TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in  
the primary care disproportionate share program.

278 HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care  
 279 disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital.

280 THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total primary care  
 281 disproportionate share payments to all hospitals.

282 (3) The total additional payment for hospitals that  
 283 participate in the primary care disproportionate share program  
 284 shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

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 286 
$$TAP = TAE \times TA$$

287  
 288 Where:

289 TAP = total additional payment for a primary care hospital.

290 TAE = total amount earned by a primary care hospital.

291 TA = total appropriation for the primary care  
 292 disproportionate share program.

293 (4) In the establishment and funding of this program, the  
 294 agency shall use the following criteria in addition to those  
 295 specified in s. 409.911, payments may not be made to a hospital  
 296 unless the hospital agrees to:

297 (a) Cooperate with a Medicaid prepaid health plan, if one  
 298 exists in the community.

299 (b) Ensure the availability of primary and specialty care  
 300 physicians to Medicaid recipients who are not enrolled in a  
 301 prepaid capitated arrangement and who are in need of access to  
 302 such physicians.

303 (c) Coordinate and provide primary care services free of  
 304 charge, except copayments, to all persons with incomes up to 100  
 305 percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise

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306 covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a  
307 governmental entity, and to provide such services based on a  
308 sliding fee scale to all persons with incomes up to 200 percent  
309 of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by  
310 Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental  
311 entity, except that eligibility may be limited to persons who  
312 reside within a more limited area, as agreed to by the agency  
313 and the hospital.

314 (d) Contract with any federally qualified health center,  
315 if one exists within the agreed geopolitical boundaries,  
316 concerning the provision of primary care services, in order to  
317 guarantee delivery of services in a nonduplicative fashion, and  
318 to provide for referral arrangements, privileges, and  
319 admissions, as appropriate. The hospital shall agree to provide  
320 at an onsite or offsite facility primary care services within 24  
321 hours to which all Medicaid recipients and persons eligible  
322 under this paragraph who do not require emergency room services  
323 are referred during normal daylight hours.

324 (e) Cooperate with the agency, the county, and other  
325 entities to ensure the provision of certain public health  
326 services, case management, referral and acceptance of patients,  
327 and sharing of epidemiological data, as the agency and the  
328 hospital find mutually necessary and desirable to promote and  
329 protect the public health within the agreed geopolitical  
330 boundaries.

331 (f) In cooperation with the county in which the hospital  
332 resides, develop a low-cost, outpatient, prepaid health care

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333 program to persons who are not eligible for the Medicaid  
334 program, and who reside within the area.

335 (g) Provide inpatient services to residents within the  
336 area who are not eligible for Medicaid or Medicare, and who do  
337 not have private health insurance, regardless of ability to pay,  
338 on the basis of available space, except that nothing shall  
339 prevent the hospital from establishing bill collection programs  
340 based on ability to pay.

341 (h) Work with the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, the  
342 Florida Health Care Purchasing Cooperative, and business health  
343 coalitions, as appropriate, to develop a feasibility study and  
344 plan to provide a low-cost comprehensive health insurance plan  
345 to persons who reside within the area and who do not have access  
346 to such a plan.

347 (i) Work with public health officials and other experts to  
348 provide community health education and prevention activities  
349 designed to promote healthy lifestyles and appropriate use of  
350 health services.

351 (j) Work with the local health council to develop a plan  
352 for promoting access to affordable health care services for all  
353 persons who reside within the area, including, but not limited  
354 to, public health services, primary care services, inpatient  
355 services, and affordable health insurance generally.

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357 Any hospital that fails to comply with any of the provisions of  
358 this subsection, or any other contractual condition, may not  
359 receive payments under this section until full compliance is  
360 achieved.

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Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007.