Bill No. HB 7077

Amendment No.

<u>Senate</u>
Representative(s) Reagan offered the following:
Amendment (with title amendment)
Remove everything after the enacting clause, and insert:
Section 1. Paragraph (h) of subsection (7) of section
163.01, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of
Florida, is amended to read:
163.01 Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969
(7)
(h)1. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (c), any
separate legal entity consisting of an alliance, as defined in
s. 395.106(2)(a), created pursuant to this paragraph and
controlled by and whose members consist of eligible entities
comprised of special districts created pursuant to a special act
and having the authority to own or operate one or more hospitals
licensed in this state or hospitals licensed in this state that 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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are owned, operated, or funded by a county or municipality, for 17 the purpose of providing property insurance coverage as defined 18 in s. 395.106(2)(b)(c), for such eligible entities, may exercise 19 all powers under this subsection in connection with borrowing 20 21 funds for such purposes, including, without limitation, the authorization, issuance, and sale of bonds, notes, or other 22 23 obligations of indebtedness. Borrowed funds, including, but not limited to, bonds issued by such alliance shall be deemed issued 24 on behalf of such eligible entities that enter into loan 25 26 agreements with such separate legal entity as provided in this 27 paragraph.

28 2. Any such separate legal entity shall have all the powers that are provided by the interlocal agreement under which 29 30 the entity is created or that are necessary to finance, operate, or manage the alliance's property insurance coverage program. 31 Proceeds of bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by such an 32 entity may be loaned to any one or more eligible entities. Such 33 eligible entities are authorized to enter into loan agreements 34 with any separate legal entity created pursuant to this 35 36 paragraph for the purpose of obtaining moneys with which to 37 finance property insurance coverage or claims. Obligations of any eligible entity pursuant to a loan agreement as described in 38 this paragraph may be validated as provided in chapter 75. 39

3. Any bonds, notes, or other obligations to be issued or
incurred by a separate legal entity created pursuant to this
paragraph shall be authorized by resolution of the governing
body of such entity and bear the date or dates; mature at the
time or times, not exceeding 30 years from their respective

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45 dates; bear interest at the rate or rates, which may be fixed or vary at such time or times and in accordance with a specified 46 formula or method of determination; be payable at the time or 47 times; be in the denomination; be in the form; carry the 48 49 registration privileges; be executed in the manner; be payable from the sources and in the medium of payment and at the place; 50 51 and be subject to redemption, including redemption prior to 52 maturity, as the resolution may provide. The bonds, notes, or other obligations may be sold at public or private sale for such 53 price as the governing body of the separate legal entity shall 54 determine. The bonds may be secured by such credit enhancement, 55 56 if any, as the governing body of the separate legal entity deems appropriate. The bonds may be secured by an indenture of trust 57 58 or trust agreement. In addition, the governing body of the separate legal entity may delegate, to such officer or official 59 of such entity as the governing body may select, the power to 60 determine the time; manner of sale, public or private; 61 maturities; rate or rates of interest, which may be fixed or may 62 vary at such time or times and in accordance with a specified 63 formula or method of determination; and other terms and 64 65 conditions as may be deemed appropriate by the officer or official so designated by the governing body of such separate 66 legal entity. However, the amounts and maturities of such bonds, 67 the interest rate or rates, and the purchase price of such bonds 68 shall be within the limits prescribed by the governing body of 69 70 such separate legal entity in its resolution delegating to such officer or official the power to authorize the issuance and sale 71 72 of such bonds. 695989

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73 Bonds issued pursuant to this paragraph may be 4. validated as provided in chapter 75. The complaint in any action 74 75 to validate such bonds shall be filed only in the Circuit Court for Leon County. The notice required to be published by s. 75.06 76 77 shall be published in Leon County and in each county in which an eligible entity that is a member of an alliance is located. The 78 79 complaint and order of the circuit court shall be served only on 80 the State Attorney of the Second Judicial Circuit and on the state attorney of each circuit in each county in which an 81 82 eligible entity receiving bond proceeds is located.

The accomplishment of the authorized purposes of a 83 5. separate legal entity created under this paragraph is deemed in 84 all respects for the benefit, increase of the commerce and 85 86 prosperity, and improvement of the health and living conditions of the people of this state. Inasmuch as the separate legal 87 entity performs essential public functions in accomplishing its 88 purposes, the separate legal entity is not required to pay any 89 taxes or assessments of any kind upon any property acquired or 90 used by the entity for such purposes or upon any revenues at any 91 time received by the entity. The bonds, notes, and other 92 93 obligations of such separate legal entity, the transfer of and income from such bonds, notes, and other obligations, including 94 any profits made on the sale of such bonds, notes, and other 95 obligations, are at all times free from taxation of any kind of 96 the state or by any political subdivision or other agency or 97 98 instrumentality of the state. The exemption granted in this 99 paragraph does not apply to any tax imposed by chapter 220 on

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100 interest, income, or profits on debt obligations owned by 101 corporations.

6. The participation by any eligible entity in an alliance or a separate legal entity created pursuant to this paragraph may not be deemed a waiver of immunity to the extent of liability or any other coverage, and a contract entered regarding such alliance is not required to contain any provision for waiver.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4), paragraph (e) of subsection (5), paragraph (b) of subsection (6), and subsection (16) of section 215.555, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

112

215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.--

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(4) REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS.--

(b)1. The contract shall contain a promise by the board to reimburse the insurer for 45 percent, 75 percent, or 90 percent of its losses from each covered event in excess of the insurer's retention, plus 5 percent of the reimbursed losses to cover loss adjustment expenses.

The insurer must elect one of the percentage coverage 2. 119 120 levels specified in this paragraph and may, upon renewal of a reimbursement contract, elect a lower percentage coverage level 121 if no revenue bonds issued under subsection (6) after a covered 122 event are outstanding, or elect a higher percentage coverage 123 level, regardless of whether or not revenue bonds are 124 125 outstanding. All members of an insurer group must elect the same percentage coverage level. Any joint underwriting association, 126

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127 risk apportionment plan, or other entity created under s.128 627.351 must elect the 90-percent coverage level.

3. The contract shall provide that reimbursement amounts
shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to the
insurer from other sources.

Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this 132 4. 133 section, the board shall make available to insurers that purchased coverage provided by this subparagraph participated in 134 2006, insurers qualifying as limited apportionment companies 135 under s. 627.351(6)(c) which began writing property insurance in 136 2007, and insurers that were approved to participate in 2006 or 137 138 that are approved in 2007 for the Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program pursuant to s. 215.5595, a contract or 139 140 contract addendum that provides an additional amount of reimbursement coverage of up to \$10 million. The premium to be 141 charged for this additional reimbursement coverage shall be 50 142 percent of the additional reimbursement coverage provided, which 143 shall include one prepaid reinstatement. The minimum retention 144 level that an eligible participating insurer must retain 145 associated with this additional coverage layer is 30 percent of 146 147 the insurer's surplus as of December 31, 2006. This coverage shall be in addition to all other coverage that may be provided 148 under this section. The coverage provided by the fund under this 149 subsection shall be in addition to the claims-paying capacity as 150 defined in subparagraph (c)1., but only with respect to those 151 insurers that select the additional coverage option and meet the 152 requirements of this subsection. The claims-paying capacity with 153 154 respect to all other participating insurers and limited 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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155 apportionment companies that do not select the additional coverage option shall be limited to their reimbursement 156 157 premium's proportionate share of the actual claims-paying capacity otherwise defined in subparagraph (c)1. and as provided 158 159 for under the terms of the reimbursement contract. Coverage 160 provided in the reimbursement contract will not be affected by 161 the additional premiums paid by participating insurers 162 exercising the additional coverage option allowed in this 163 subparagraph. This subparagraph expires on May 31, 2008.

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(5) REIMBURSEMENT PREMIUMS. --

If Citizens Property Insurance Corporation assumes or 165 (e) 166 otherwise provides coverage for policies of an insurer placed in 167 liquidation under chapter 631 pursuant to s. 627.351(6), the 168 corporation may, pursuant to conditions mutually agreed to between the corporation and the State Board of Administration, 169 obtain coverage for such policies under its contract with the 170 fund or accept an assignment of the liquidated insurer's 171 contract with the fund. If Citizens Property Insurance 172 Corporation elects to cover these policies under the 173 corporation's contract with the fund, it shall notify the board 174 175 of its insured values with respect to such policies within a specified time mutually agreed to between the corporation and 176 the board, after such assumption or other coverage transaction, 177 and the fund shall treat such policies as having been in effect 178 179 as of June 30 of that year. In the event of an assignment, the 180 fund shall apply that contract to such policies and treat Citizens Property Insurance Corporation as if the corporation 181 182 were the liquidated insurer for the remaining term of the 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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contract, and the corporation shall have all rights and duties 183 of the liquidated insurer beginning on the date it provides 184 185 coverage for such policies, but the corporation is not subject to any preexisting rights, liabilities, or duties of the 186 187 liquidated insurer. The assignment, including any unresolved issues between the liquidated insurer and Citizens Property 188 189 Insurance Corporation under the contract, shall be provided for 190 in the liquidation order or otherwise determined by the court. However, if a covered event occurs before the effective date of 191 192 the assignment, the corporation may not obtain coverage for such policies under its contract with the fund and shall accept an 193 194 assignment of the liquidated insurer's contract as provided in this paragraph. This paragraph expires on June 1, 2007. 195

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(6) REVENUE BONDS.--

(b) Emergency assessments.--

If the board determines that the amount of revenue 198 1. produced under subsection (5) is insufficient to fund the 199 obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the 200 201 corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that 202 portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement 203 premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance Regulation to levy, by order, an emergency assessment on direct 204 premiums for all property and casualty lines of business in this 205 state, including property and casualty business of surplus lines 206 207 insurers regulated under part VIII of chapter 626, but not 208 including any workers' compensation premiums or medical 209 malpractice premiums. As used in this subsection, the term 210 "property and casualty business" includes all lines of business 695989

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identified on Form 2, Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the 211 annual statement required of authorized insurers by s. 624.424 212 and any rule adopted under this section, except for those lines 213 identified as accident and health insurance and except for 214 215 policies written under the National Flood Insurance Program. The assessment shall be specified as a percentage of direct written 216 217 premium and is subject to annual adjustments by the board in 218 order to meet debt obligations. The same percentage shall apply to all policies in lines of business subject to the assessment 219 220 issued or renewed during the 12-month period beginning on the effective date of the assessment. 221

222 2. A premium is not subject to an annual assessment under this paragraph in excess of 6 percent of premium with respect to 223 224 obligations arising out of losses attributable to any one contract year, and a premium is not subject to an aggregate 225 annual assessment under this paragraph in excess of 10 percent 226 of premium. An annual assessment under this paragraph shall 227 continue as long as the revenue bonds issued with respect to 228 which the assessment was imposed are outstanding, including any 229 bonds the proceeds of which were used to refund the revenue 230 231 bonds, unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of the bonds under the documents authorizing issuance of the 232 bonds. 233

3. Emergency assessments shall be collected from policyholders. Emergency assessments shall be remitted by insurers as a percentage of direct written premium for the preceding calendar quarter as specified in the order from the Office of Insurance Regulation. The office shall verify the 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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accurate and timely collection and remittance of emergency assessments and shall report the information to the board in a form and at a time specified by the board. Each insurer collecting assessments shall provide the information with respect to premiums and collections as may be required by the office to enable the office to monitor and verify compliance with this paragraph.

246 With respect to assessments of surplus lines premiums, 4. each surplus lines agent shall collect the assessment at the 247 248 same time as the agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932, and the surplus lines agent shall remit the 249 250 assessment to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office created by s. 626.921 at the same time as the agent remits the surplus 251 252 lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The emergency assessment on each insured procuring coverage and 253 filing under s. 626.938 shall be remitted by the insured to the 254 255 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the insured pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service 256 257 Office. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall remit the 258 collected assessments to the fund or corporation as provided in 259 the order levied by the Office of Insurance Regulation. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify the proper 260 application of such emergency assessments and shall assist the 261 board in ensuring the accurate and timely collection and 262 263 remittance of assessments as required by the board. The Florida 264 Surplus Lines Service Office shall annually calculate the aggregate written premium on property and casualty business, 265 266 other than workers' compensation and medical malpractice, 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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procured through surplus lines agents and insureds procuring coverage and filing under s. 626.938 and shall report the information to the board in a form and at a time specified by the board.

271 5. Any assessment authority not used for a particular 272 contract year may be used for a subsequent contract year. If, 273 for a subsequent contract year, the board determines that the 274 amount of revenue produced under subsection (5) is insufficient to fund the obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the 275 276 corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement 277 278 premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance 279 Regulation to levy an emergency assessment up to an amount not 280 exceeding the amount of unused assessment authority from a previous contract year or years, plus an additional 4 percent 281 provided that the assessments in the aggregate do not exceed the 282 283 limits specified in subparagraph 2.

The assessments otherwise payable to the corporation 284 6. under this paragraph shall be paid to the fund unless and until 285 the Office of Insurance Regulation and the Florida Surplus Lines 286 287 Service Office have received from the corporation and the fund a notice, which shall be conclusive and upon which they may rely 288 without further inquiry, that the corporation has issued bonds 289 and the fund has no agreements in effect with local governments 290 under paragraph (c). On or after the date of the notice and 291 292 until the date the corporation has no bonds outstanding, the fund shall have no right, title, or interest in or to the 293

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assessments, except as provided in the fund's agreement with the corporation.

296 7. Emergency assessments are not premium and are not 297 subject to the premium tax, to the surplus lines tax, to any 298 fees, or to any commissions. An insurer is liable for all 299 assessments that it collects and must treat the failure of an 300 insured to pay an assessment as a failure to pay the premium. An 301 insurer is not liable for uncollectible assessments.

302 8. When an insurer is required to return an unearned 303 premium, it shall also return any collected assessment 304 attributable to the unearned premium. A credit adjustment to the 305 collected assessment may be made by the insurer with regard to 306 future remittances that are payable to the fund or corporation, 307 but the insurer is not entitled to a refund.

308 9. When a surplus lines insured or an insured who has 309 procured coverage and filed under s. 626.938 is entitled to the 310 return of an unearned premium, the Florida Surplus Lines Service 311 Office shall provide a credit or refund to the agent or such 312 insured for the collected assessment attributable to the 313 unearned premium prior to remitting the emergency assessment 314 collected to the fund or corporation.

315 10. The exemption of medical malpractice insurance 316 premiums from emergency assessments under this paragraph is 317 repealed May 31, 2010 2007, and medical malpractice insurance 318 premiums shall be subject to emergency assessments attributable 319 to loss events occurring in the contract years commencing on 320 June 1, 2010 2007.

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321 (16) TEMPORARY EMERGENCY OPTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL
 322 COVERAGE. - -

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(a) Findings and intent.--

1. The Legislature finds that:

325 Because of temporary disruptions in the market for a. catastrophic reinsurance, many property insurers were unable to 326 327 procure reinsurance for the 2006 hurricane season with an attachment point below the insurers' respective Florida 328 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund attachment points, were unable to 329 330 procure sufficient amounts of such reinsurance, or were able to procure such reinsurance only by incurring substantially higher 331 332 costs than in prior years.

b. The reinsurance market problems were responsible, at
least in part, for substantial premium increases to many
consumers and increases in the number of policies issued by the
Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.

337 c. It is likely that the reinsurance market disruptions338 will not significantly abate prior to the 2007 hurricane season.

339 2. It is the intent of the Legislature to create a 340 temporary emergency program, applicable to the 2007, 2008, and 341 2009 hurricane seasons, to address these market disruptions and 342 enable insurers, at their option, to procure additional coverage 343 from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.

(b) Applicability of other provisions of this
section.--All provisions of this section and the rules adopted
under this section apply to the program created by this
subsection unless specifically superseded by this subsection.

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(c) Optional coverage.--For the contract year commencing
June 1, 2007, and ending May 31, 2008, the contract year
commencing June 1, 2008, and ending May 31, 2009, and the
contract year commencing June 1, 2009, and ending May 31, 2010,
the board shall offer for each of such years the optional
coverage as provided in this subsection.

354 (d) Additional definitions.--As used in this subsection,355 the term:

356 1. "TEACO options" means the temporary emergency
 357 additional coverage options created under this subsection.

358 2. "TEACO insurer" means an insurer that has opted to 359 obtain coverage under the TEACO options in addition to the 360 coverage provided to the insurer under its reimbursement 361 contract.

362 3. "TEACO reimbursement premium" means the premium charged363 by the fund for coverage provided under the TEACO options.

364 4. "TEACO retention" means the amount of losses below
365 which a TEACO insurer is not entitled to reimbursement from the
366 fund under the TEACO option selected. A TEACO insurer's
367 retention options shall be calculated as follows:

368 a. The board shall calculate and report to each TEACO insurer the TEACO retention multiples. There shall be three 369 370 TEACO retention multiples for defining coverage. Each multiple shall be calculated by dividing \$3 billion, \$4 billion, or \$5 371 372 billion by the total estimated mandatory FHCF TEACO 373 reimbursement premium assuming all insurers selected that 374 option. Total estimated TEACO reimbursement premium for purposes 375 of the calculation under this sub subparagraph shall be 695989

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376 calculated using the assumption that all insurers have selected 377 a specific TEACO retention multiple option and have selected the 378 90-percent coverage level.

The TEACO retention multiples as determined under sub-379 b. 380 subparagraph a. shall be adjusted to reflect the coverage level elected by the insurer. For insurers electing the 90-percent 381 382 coverage level, the adjusted retention multiple is 100 percent of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph a. For insurers 383 electing the 75-percent coverage level, the retention multiple 384 385 is 120 percent of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph a. For insurers electing the 45-percent coverage level, the 386 387 adjusted retention multiple is 200 percent of the amount determined under sub-subparagraph a. 388

c. An insurer shall determine its provisional TEACO
 retention by multiplying its <u>estimated mandatory FHCF</u>
 provisional TEACO reimbursement premium by the applicable
 adjusted TEACO retention multiple and shall determine its actual
 TEACO retention by multiplying its actual <u>mandatory FHCF</u> TEACO
 reimbursement premium by the applicable adjusted TEACO retention
 multiple.

396 d. For TEACO insurers who experience multiple covered 397 events causing loss during the contract year, the insurer's full 398 TEACO retention shall be applied to each of the covered events 399 causing the two largest losses for that insurer. For other 400 covered events resulting in losses, the TEACO option does not 401 apply and the insurer's retention shall be one-third of the full 402 retention as calculated under paragraph (2)(e).

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5. "TEACO addendum" means an addendum to the reimbursement
contract reflecting the obligations of the fund and TEACO
insurers under the program created by this subsection.

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6. "FHCF" means the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.(e) TEACO addendum.--

1. The TEACO addendum shall provide for reimbursement of TEACO insurers for covered events occurring during the contract year, in exchange for the TEACO reimbursement premium paid into the fund under paragraph (f). Any insurer writing covered policies has the option of choosing to accept the TEACO addendum for any of the 3 contract years that the coverage is offered.

414 2. The TEACO addendum shall contain a promise by the board 415 to reimburse the TEACO insurer for 45 percent, 75 percent, or 90 416 percent of its losses from each covered event in excess of the 417 insurer's TEACO retention, plus 5 percent of the reimbursed 418 losses to cover loss adjustment expenses. The percentage shall 419 be the same as the coverage level selected by the insurer under 420 paragraph (4)(b).

3. The TEACO addendum shall provide that reimbursement
amounts shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to
the insurer from other sources.

The TEACO addendum shall also provide that the 424 4. obligation of the board with respect to all TEACO addenda shall 425 not exceed an amount equal to two times the difference between 426 the industry retention level calculated under paragraph (2)(e) 427 and the \$3 billion, \$4 billion, or \$5 billion industry TEACO 428 retention level options actually selected, but in no event may 429 430 the board's obligation exceed the actual claims-paying capacity 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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of the fund plus the additional capacity created in paragraph 431 (q). If the actual claims-paying capacity and the additional 432 capacity created under paragraph (g) fall short of the board's 433 obligations under the reimbursement contract, each insurer's 434 435 share of the fund's capacity shall be prorated based on the premium an insurer pays for its mandatory normal reimbursement 436 437 coverage and the premium paid for its optional TEACO coverage as 438 each such premium bears to the total premiums paid to the fund times the available capacity. 439

5. The priorities, schedule, and method of reimbursements
under the TEACO addendum shall be the same as provided under
subsection (4).

A TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single 443 6. 444 event shall be equal to the product of multiplying its mandatory FHCF premium by the difference between its FHCF retention 445 multiple and its TEACO retention multiple under the TEACO option 446 447 selected and by the coverage selected under paragraph (4)(b), plus an additional 5 percent for loss adjustment expenses. A 448 TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement under the TEACO option 449 selected for a TEACO insurer's two largest events addendum shall 450 451 be twice its maximum reimbursement for a single event calculated by multiplying the insurer's share of the estimated total TEACO 452 453 reimbursement premium as calculated under sub-subparagraph 454 (d)4.a. by an amount equal to two times the difference between the industry retention level calculated under paragraph (2) (e) 455 456 and the \$3 billion, \$4 billion, or \$5 billion industry TEACO retention level specified in sub subparagraph (d)4.a. 457 458 selected by the TEACO insurer. 695989

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(f) TEACO reimbursement premiums.--

1. Each TEACO insurer shall pay to the fund, in the manner
and at the time provided in the reimbursement contract for
payment of reimbursement premiums, a TEACO reimbursement premium
calculated as specified in this paragraph.

2. The TEACO reimbursement premiums shall be calculated
based on the assumption that, if all insurers entering into
reimbursement contracts under subsection (4) also accepted the
TEACO option:

468 a. The <u>insurer's</u> industry TEACO reimbursement premium
469 associated with the \$3 billion retention option <u>shall</u> would be
470 equal to 85 percent of <u>a TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement</u>
471 <u>for a single event as calculated under subparagraph (e)6.</u> the
472 difference between the industry retention level calculated under
473 paragraph (2)(e) and the \$3 billion industry TEACO retention
474 level.

b. The TEACO reimbursement premium associated with the \$4
billion retention option <u>shall</u> would be equal to 80 percent of <u>a</u>
<u>TEACO insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single event as</u>
<u>calculated under subparagraph (e)6.</u> the difference between the
<u>industry retention level calculated under paragraph (2)(e) and</u>
the \$4 billion industry TEACO retention level.

481 c. The TEACO premium associated with the \$5 billion
482 retention option <u>shall</u> would be equal to 75 percent of <u>a TEACO</u>
483 <u>insurer's maximum reimbursement for a single event as calculated</u>
484 <u>under subparagraph (e)6.</u> the difference between the industry
485 retention level calculated under paragraph (2)(e) and the \$5
486 <u>billion industry TEACO retention level.</u>
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487	3. Each insurer's TEACO premium shall be calculated based
488	on its share of the total TEACO reimbursement premiums based on
489	its coverage selection under the TEACO addendum.
490	(g) Effect on claims-paying capacity of the fundFor the
491	contract term commencing June 1, 2007, the contract year
492	commencing June 1, 2008, and the contract term beginning June 1,
493	2009, the program created by this subsection shall increase the
494	claims-paying capacity of the fund as provided in subparagraph
495	(4)(c)1. by an amount equal to two times the difference between
496	the industry retention level calculated under paragraph (2)(e)
497	and the \$3 billion industry TEACO retention level specified in
498	sub-subparagraph (d)4.a. The additional capacity shall apply
499	only to the additional coverage provided by the TEACO option and
500	shall not otherwise affect any insurer's reimbursement from the
501	fund.
502	Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
503	215.5595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
504	215.5595 Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program
505	(2) The purpose of this section is to provide surplus
506	notes to new or existing authorized residential property
507	insurers under the Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program
508	administered by the State Board of Administration, under the
509	following conditions:
510	(b) The insurer must contribute an amount of new capital

(b) The insurer must contribute an amount of new capital to its surplus which is at least equal to the amount of the surplus note and must apply to the board by July 1, 2006. If an insurer applies after July 1, 2006, but before June 1, 2007, the amount of the surplus note is limited to one-half of the new 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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515 capital that the insurer contributes to its surplus, except for an insurer writing only manufactured housing policies, for which 516 517 the amount of the surplus note is equal to the amount of the new 518 capital that the insurer contributes to its surplus. For 519 purposes of this section, new capital must be in the form of 520 cash or cash equivalents as specified in s. 625.012(1). 521 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 624.407, Florida 522 Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, is 523 amended to read: 524 624.407 Capital funds required; new insurers.--To receive authority to transact any one kind or 525 (1)combinations of kinds of insurance, as defined in part V of this 526 527 chapter, an insurer applying for its original certificate of authority in this state after the effective date of this section 528 529 shall possess surplus as to policyholders not less than the greater of: 530 Five million dollars for a property and casualty 531 (a) insurer, or \$2.5 million for any other insurer; 532 533 (b) For life insurers, 4 percent of the insurer's total liabilities; 534 535 (c) For life and health insurers, 4 percent of the insurer's total liabilities, plus 6 percent of the insurer's 536 liabilities relative to health insurance; or 537 For all insurers other than life insurers and life and 538 (d) health insurers, 10 percent of the insurer's total liabilities; 539 540 however, a domestic insurer that transacts residential property 541 542 insurance and is a wholly owned subsidiary of an insurer 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM Page 20 of 88

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543 <u>domiciled</u> authorized to do business in any other state shall 544 possess surplus as to policyholders of at least \$50 million, but 545 no insurer shall be required under this subsection to have 546 surplus as to policyholders greater than \$100 million.

547 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 548 624.408, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

549 624.408 Surplus as to policyholders required; new and 550 existing insurers.--

(1) (a) To maintain a certificate of authority to transact any one kind or combinations of kinds of insurance, as defined in part V of this chapter, an insurer in this state shall at all times maintain surplus as to policyholders not less than the greater of:

556 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 5. and paragraph557 (b), \$1.5 million;

558 2. For life insurers, 4 percent of the insurer's total559 liabilities;

560 3. For life and health insurers, 4 percent of the
561 insurer's total liabilities plus 6 percent of the insurer's
562 liabilities relative to health insurance; or

563 4. For all insurers other than mortgage guaranty insurers,
564 life insurers, and life and health insurers, 10 percent of the
565 insurer's total liabilities.

5. For property and casualty insurers, \$4 million; 567 <u>however, a domestic insurer that transacts residential property</u> 568 <u>insurance and is a wholly owned subsidiary of an insurer</u>

569 domiciled in any other state shall possess surplus as to

570 <u>policyholders of at least \$50 million</u>. 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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571 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 626.9201, Florida 572 Statutes, is amended to read:

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626.9201 Notice of cancellation or nonrenewal.--

(2) An insurer issuing a policy providing coverage for property, casualty, surety, or marine insurance shall give the named insured written notice of cancellation or termination other than nonrenewal at least 45 days prior to the effective date of the cancellation or termination, including in the written notice the reason or reasons for the cancellation or termination, except that:

(a) When cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, at 581 582 least 10 days' written notice of cancellation accompanied by the reason therefor shall be given. As used in this paragraph, the 583 584 term "nonpayment of premium" means failure of the named insured 585 to discharge when due any of her or his obligations in 586 connection with the payment of premiums on a policy or any 587 installment of such premium, whether the premium is payable directly to the insurer or its agent or indirectly under any 588 589 premium finance plan or extension of credit, or failure to maintain membership in an organization if such membership is a 590 591 condition precedent to insurance coverage. The term "nonpayment 592 of premium" also means the failure of a financial institution to 593 honor an insurance applicant's check after delivery to a 594 licensed agent for payment of a premium, even if the agent has 595 previously delivered or transferred the premium to the insurer. 596 If a dishonored check represents the initial premium payment, 597 the contract and all contractual obligations shall be void ab 598 initio unless the nonpayment is cured within the earlier of 5 695989

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599	days after actual notice by certified mail is received by the
600	applicant or 15 days after notice is sent to the applicant by
601	certified mail or registered mail, and, if the contract is void,
602	any premium received by the insurer from a third party shall be
603	refunded to that party in full; and

604 When such cancellation or termination occurs during (b) 605 the first 90 days during which the insurance is in force and the insurance is canceled or terminated for reasons other than 606 nonpayment, at least 20 days' written notice of cancellation or 607 608 termination accompanied by the reason therefor shall be given except where there has been a material misstatement or 609 610 misrepresentation or failure to comply with the underwriting 611 requirements established by the insurer.

Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 627.0613, Florida
Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, is
amended to read:

615 627.0613 Consumer advocate. -- The Chief Financial Officer must appoint a consumer advocate who must represent the general 616 617 public of the state before the department and the office. The consumer advocate must report directly to the Chief Financial 618 619 Officer, but is not otherwise under the authority of the 620 department or of any employee of the department. The consumer advocate has such powers as are necessary to carry out the 621 duties of the office of consumer advocate, including, but not 622 623 limited to, the powers to:

624 (4) Prepare an annual report card for each authorized625 personal residential property insurer, on a form and using a

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626 letter-grade scale developed by the commission by rule, which627 grades each insurer based on the following factors:

(a) The number and nature of consumer complaints receivedby the department against the insurer.

(b) The disposition of all complaints received by thedepartment.

(c) The average length of time for payment of claims bythe insurer.

(d) Any other factors the commission identifies as
assisting policyholders in making informed choices about
homeowner's insurance.

637 Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
638 627.062, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of
639 Florida, is amended to read:

640

627.062 Rate standards.--

641

(2) As to all such classes of insurance:

642 Insurers or rating organizations shall establish and (a) use rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals to allow the 643 644 insurer a reasonable rate of return on such classes of insurance written in this state. A copy of rates, rating schedules, rating 645 646 manuals, premium credits or discount schedules, and surcharge 647 schedules, and changes thereto, shall be filed with the office under one of the following procedures except as provided in 648 649 subparagraph 3.:

1. If the filing is made at least 90 days before the
proposed effective date and the filing is not implemented during
the office's review of the filing and any proceeding and
judicial review, then such filing shall be considered a "file
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and use" filing. In such case, the office shall finalize its 654 review by issuance of a notice of intent to approve or a notice 655 656 of intent to disapprove within 90 days after receipt of the filing. The notice of intent to approve and the notice of intent 657 658 to disapprove constitute agency action for purposes of the 659 Administrative Procedure Act. Requests for supporting 660 information, requests for mathematical or mechanical 661 corrections, or notification to the insurer by the office of its preliminary findings shall not toll the 90-day period during any 662 663 such proceedings and subsequent judicial review. The rate shall be deemed approved if the office does not issue a notice of 664 665 intent to approve or a notice of intent to disapprove within 90 days after receipt of the filing. 666

667 2. If the filing is not made in accordance with the 668 provisions of subparagraph 1., such filing shall be made as soon 669 as practicable, but no later than 30 days after the effective 670 date, and shall be considered a "use and file" filing. An 671 insurer making a "use and file" filing is potentially subject to 672 an order by the office to return to policyholders portions of 673 rates found to be excessive, as provided in paragraph (h).

3. For all filings made <u>or submitted after January 25,</u> <u>2007, but</u> on or before December 31, 2008, an insurer seeking a rate that is greater than the rate most recently approved by the office shall make a "file and use" filing. <u>This subparagraph</u> <u>applies to property insurance only. For purposes of this</u> <u>subparagraph, motor vehicle collision and comprehensive</u> coverages are not considered to be property coverages.

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The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to workers'
compensation and employer's liability insurance and to motor
vehicle insurance.

685 Section 9. Section 627.0655, Florida Statutes, as created 686 by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

687 627.0655 Policyholder loss or expense-related premium 688 discounts.--An insurer or person authorized to engage in the 689 business of insurance in this state may include, in the premium 690 charged an insured for any policy, contract, or certificate of 691 insurance, a discount based on the fact that another policy, 692 contract, or certificate of any type has been purchased by the 693 insured from the same insurer or insurer group.

694 Section 10. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (j), (m), (n), 695 and (v) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, 696 as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, are amended to 697 read:

698

627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--

699

(6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. --

700 (a)1. It is the public purpose of this subsection to ensure the existence of an orderly market for property insurance 701 702 for Florida's residents and businesses. The Legislature finds 703 that actual and threatened catastrophic losses to property in 704 this state from hurricanes have caused insurers are to be 705 unwilling or unable to provide affordable property insurance 706 coverage in this state to the extent sought and needed. The 707 absence of affordable property insurance threatens the public health, safety, and welfare and likewise threatens the economic 708 709 health of this state. The state therefore has a compelling It is 695989

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710 in the public interest and a public purpose to assist in 711 assuring that property in the state is insured so as to 712 facilitate the remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of 713 damaged or destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the 714 negative effects otherwise resulting to the public health, 715 safety, and welfare; to the economy of the state; and to the 716 revenues of the state and local governments needed to provide 717 for the public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to provide property insurance to applicants who are in good faith entitled 718 719 to procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to do so. The Legislature intends by this subsection that 720 721 property insurance be provided and that it continues to be provided, as long as necessary, through Citizens Property 722 Insurance Corporation, a government entity that is an integral 723 part of the state and that is not a private insurance company. 724 725 To that end, the corporation shall strive an entity organized to 726 achieve efficiencies and economies, while providing service to policyholders, applicants, and agents that is no less than the 727 728 quality generally provided in the voluntary market, for all toward the achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because 729 730 it is essential for such government entity the corporation to have the maximum financial resources to pay claims following a 731 catastrophic hurricane, it is the intent of the Legislature that 732 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation continues to be an 733 integral part of this state and that the income of the 734 735 corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that 736 interest on the debt obligations issued by the corporation be 737 exempt from federal income taxation. 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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738 The Residential Property and Casualty Joint 2. Underwriting Association originally created by this statute 739 740 shall be known, as of July 1, 2002, as the Citizens Property 741 Insurance Corporation. The corporation shall provide insurance 742 for residential and commercial property, for applicants who are in good faith entitled, but are unable, to procure insurance 743 744 through the voluntary market. The corporation shall operate pursuant to a plan of operation approved by order of the 745 Financial Services Commission. The plan is subject to continuous 746 747 review by the commission. The commission may, by order, withdraw approval of all or part of a plan if the commission determines 748 749 that conditions have changed since approval was granted and that 750 the purposes of the plan require changes in the plan. The 751 corporation shall continue to operate pursuant to the plan of operation approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation until 752 753 October 1, 2006. For the purposes of this subsection, 754 residential coverage includes both personal lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by 755 756 homeowner's, mobile home owner's, dwelling, tenant's, condominium unit owner's, and similar policies, and commercial 757 758 lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by condominium association, apartment 759 760 building, and similar policies.

761 3. For the purposes of this subsection, the term762 "homestead property" means:

a. Property that has been granted a homestead exemptionunder chapter 196;

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765 b. Property for which the owner has a current, written lease with a renter for a term of at least 7 months and for 766 767 which the dwelling is insured by the corporation for \$200,000 or 768 less;

769 с. An owner-occupied mobile home or manufactured home, as 770 defined in s. 320.01, which is permanently affixed to real 771 property, is owned by a Florida resident, and has been granted a homestead exemption under chapter 196 or, if the owner does not 772 773 own the real property, the owner certifies that the mobile home 774 or manufactured home is his or her principal place of residence; Tenant's coverage; 775

d.

776

e. Commercial lines residential property; or

777 Any county, district, or municipal hospital; a hospital f. 778 licensed by any not-for-profit corporation qualified under s. 779 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code; or a continuing care retirement community that is certified under 780 781 chapter 651 and that receives an exemption from ad valorem taxes under chapter 196. 782

783 For the purposes of this subsection, the term 4. 784 "nonhomestead property" means property that is not homestead 785 property.

Effective July 1, 2008, a personal lines residential 786 5. structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of \$1 million or 787 more, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling 788 789 and content replacement cost of \$1 million or more is not 790 eligible for coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the corporation on June 30, 2008, may continue to be covered 791 792 by the corporation until the end of the policy term. However, 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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793 such dwellings that are insured by the corporation and become 794 ineligible for coverage due to the provisions of this 795 subparagraph may reapply and obtain coverage in the high-risk 796 account and be considered "nonhomestead property" if the 797 property owner provides the corporation with a sworn affidavit 798 from one or more insurance agents, on a form provided by the 799 corporation, stating that the agents have made their best 800 efforts to obtain coverage and that the property has been 801 rejected for coverage by at least one authorized insurer and at 802 least three surplus lines insurers. If such conditions are met, the dwelling may be insured by the corporation for up to 3 803 804 years, after which time the dwelling is ineligible for coverage. 805 The office shall approve the method used by the corporation for 806 valuing the dwelling replacement cost for the purposes of this 807 subparagraph. If a policyholder is insured by the corporation prior to being determined to be ineligible pursuant to this 808 subparagraph and such policyholder files a lawsuit challenging 809 the determination, the policyholder may remain insured by the 810 811 corporation until the conclusion of the litigation.

6. For properties constructed on or after January 1, 2009, the corporation may not insure any property located within 2,500 feet landward of the coastal construction control line created pursuant to s. 161.053 unless the property meets the requirements of the code-plus building standards developed by the Florida Building Commission.

818 7. It is the intent of the Legislature that policyholders, 819 applicants, and agents of the corporation receive service and 820 treatment of the highest possible level but never less than that 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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generally provided in the voluntary market. It also is intended that the corporation be held to service standards no less than those applied to insurers in the voluntary market by the office with respect to responsiveness, timeliness, customer courtesy, and overall dealings with policyholders, applicants, or agents of the corporation.

827 (b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more subject 828 lines of business in this state are subject to assessment by the 829 corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are 830 referred to collectively as "assessable insurers." Insurers writing one or more subject lines of business in this state 831 832 pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable insurers, but insureds who procure one or more subject lines of 833 834 business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are subject to assessment by the corporation and are referred to 835 collectively as "assessable insureds." An authorized insurer's 836 assessment liability shall begin on the first day of the 837 calendar year following the year in which the insurer was issued 838 839 a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state and shall terminate 1 year after 840 841 the end of the first calendar year during which the insurer no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact insurance 842 for subject lines of business in this state. 843

2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and
expenses of the corporation shall be divided into three separate
accounts as follows:

847 (I) A personal lines account for personal residential
 848 policies issued by the corporation or issued by the Residential
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Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed by the corporation that provide comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for such policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas;

A commercial lines account for commercial residential 856 (II)and commercial nonresidential policies issued by the corporation 857 858 or issued by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed by the corporation that 859 860 provide coverage for basic property perils on risks that are not 861 located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 862 863 1, 2002, and for such policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas; and 864

865 (III) A high-risk account for personal residential policies and commercial residential and commercial 866 867 nonresidential property policies issued by the corporation or 868 transferred to the corporation that provide coverage for the 869 peril of wind on risks that are located in areas eligible for 870 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. Subject to the 871 approval of a business plan by the Financial Services Commission 872 873 and Legislative Budget Commission as provided in this sub-sub-874 subparagraph, but no earlier than March 31, 2007, the 875 corporation may offer policies that provide multiperil coverage 876 and the corporation shall continue to offer policies that 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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877 provide coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in areas eligible for coverage in the high-risk account. In issuing 878 879 multiperil coverage, the corporation may use its approved policy forms and rates for the personal lines account. An applicant or 880 881 insured who is eligible to purchase a multiperil policy from the corporation may purchase a multiperil policy from an authorized 882 883 insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's 884 eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides coverage only for the peril of wind from the corporation. An 885 886 applicant or insured who is eligible for a corporation policy that provides coverage only for the peril of wind may elect to 887 888 purchase or retain such policy and also purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from an authorized insurer without 889 890 prejudice to the applicant's or insured's eligibility to 891 prospectively purchase a policy that provides multiperil coverage from the corporation. It is the goal of the Legislature 892 893 that there would be an overall average savings of 10 percent or more for a policyholder who currently has a wind-only policy 894 895 with the corporation, and an ex-wind policy with a voluntary insurer or the corporation, and who then obtains a multiperil 896 897 policy from the corporation. It is the intent of the Legislature that the offer of multiperil coverage in the high-risk account 898 be made and implemented in a manner that does not adversely 899 affect the tax-exempt status of the corporation or 900 901 creditworthiness of or security for currently outstanding 902 financing obligations or credit facilities of the high-risk 903 account, the personal lines account, or the commercial lines 904 account. By March 1, 2007, the corporation shall prepare and 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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905 submit for approval by the Financial Services Commission and 906 Legislative Budget Commission a report detailing the 907 corporation's business plan for issuing multiperil coverage in 908 the high-risk account. The business plan shall be approved or 909 disapproved within 30 days after receipt, as submitted or 910 modified and resubmitted by the corporation. The business plan 911 must include: the impact of such multiperil coverage on the corporation's financial resources, the impact of such multiperil 912 coverage on the corporation's tax-exempt status, the manner in 913 914 which the corporation plans to implement the processing of applications and policy forms for new and existing 915 916 policyholders, the impact of such multiperil coverage on the 917 corporation's ability to deliver customer service at the high 918 level required by this subsection, the ability of the 919 corporation to process claims, the ability of the corporation to quote and issue policies, the impact of such multiperil coverage 920 921 on the corporation's agents, the impact of such multiperil coverage on the corporation's existing policyholders, and the 922 923 impact of such multiperil coverage on rates and premium. The 924 high-risk account must also include quota share primary 925 insurance under subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for coverage under the high-risk account also includes the area 926 927 within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the City of Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana 928 929 River, and bordered on the north by Federal Government property. 930 The three separate accounts must be maintained as long b.

931 as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm 932 Underwriting Association or Residential Property and Casualty 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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933 Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing documents. When 934 935 the financing obligations are no longer outstanding, in accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing 936 937 documents, the corporation may use a single account for all revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the 938 939 corporation. Consistent with the requirement of this subparagraph and prudent investment policies that minimize the 940 cost of carrying debt, the board shall exercise its best efforts 941 942 to retire existing debt or to obtain approval of necessary parties to amend the terms of existing debt, so as to structure 943 944 the most efficient plan to consolidate the three separate accounts into a single account. By February 1, 2007, the board 945 946 shall submit a report to the Financial Services Commission, the 947 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which includes an analysis of consolidating the 948 accounts, the actions the board has taken to minimize the cost 949 950 of carrying debt, and its recommendations for executing the most efficient plan. 951

952 Creditors of the Residential Property and Casualty с. 953 Joint Underwriting Association shall have a claim against, and 954 recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-subparagraphs 955 a.(I) and (II) and shall have no claim against, or recourse to, the account referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III). 956 957 Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 958 shall have a claim against, and recourse to, the account referred to in sub-subparagraph a.(III) and shall have no 959

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960 claim against, or recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-961 sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II).

d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses not
attributable to particular accounts shall be prorated among the
accounts.

965 e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the
966 corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the
967 requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance of
968 bonds under this subsection.

969 f. No part of the income of the corporation may inure to 970 the benefit of any private person.

971

3. With respect to a deficit in an account:

a. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year
is not greater than 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct
written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior
calendar year, the entire deficit shall be recovered through
regular assessments of assessable insurers under paragraph (p)
and assessable insureds.

978 When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year b. 979 exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written 980 premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year, the corporation shall levy regular assessments on 981 assessable insurers under paragraph (p) and on assessable 982 insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 10 percent of the 983 984 deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written 985 premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 986 987 assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 695989

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988 Each assessable insurer's share of the amount being с. assessed under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. shall 989 990 be in the proportion that the assessable insurer's direct 991 written premium for the subject lines of business for the year 992 preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct 993 written premium for the subject lines of business for that year. 994 The assessment percentage applicable to each assessable insured 995 is the ratio of the amount being assessed under sub-subparagraph 996 a. or sub-subparagraph b. to the aggregate statewide direct 997 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable 998 999 insurers under sub-subparagraphs a. and b. shall be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation and paragraph 1000 1001 (p). Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the 1002 aggregate amount of a regular assessment for a deficit incurred in a particular calendar year shall be reduced by the estimated 1003 1004 amount to be received by the corporation from the Citizens policyholder surcharge under subparagraph (c) 10.11. and the 1005 1006 amount collected or estimated to be collected from the assessment on Citizens policyholders pursuant to sub-1007 1008 subparagraph i. Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds under sub-subparagraphs a. and b. shall be 1009 collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus 1010 lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 1011 1012 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines Service 1013 Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. Upon 1014 1015 receipt of regular assessments from surplus lines agents, the 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1016 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall transfer the1017 assessments directly to the corporation as determined by the1018 corporation.

Upon a determination by the board of governors that a 1019 d. 1020 deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be recovered through regular assessments under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-1021 1022 subparagraph b., the board shall levy, after verification by the 1023 office, emergency assessments, for as many years as necessary to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers and 1024 1025 the corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines of business, 1026 1027 excluding National Flood Insurance policies. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a 1028 1029 uniform percentage of that year's direct written premium for 1030 subject lines of business and all accounts of the corporation, excluding National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as 1031 annually determined by the board and verified by the office. The 1032 office shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the 1033 1034 board's determination within 30 days after receipt of the information on which the determination was based. 1035 1036 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the corporation and each assessable insurer that writes subject lines of business 1037 shall collect emergency assessments from its policyholders 1038 without such obligation being affected by any credit, 1039 1040 limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency assessments 1041 levied by the corporation on assessable insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus 1042 1043 lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines Service 1044 Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the surplus 1045 1046 lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly 1047 1048 to the corporation on a periodic basis as determined by the corporation and shall be held by the corporation solely in the 1049 1050 applicable account. The aggregate amount of emergency 1051 assessments levied for an account under this sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent of 1052 1053 the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated 1054 1055 with financing of the original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of 1056 1057 business and for all accounts of the corporation for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and 1058 other costs associated with financing the original deficit. 1059

1060 The corporation may pledge the proceeds of assessments, e. projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 1061 1062 Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, policyholder surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds available to 1063 1064 the corporation as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds issued under paragraph (p), bonds or other indebtedness issued 1065 under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing 1066 mechanisms issued or created under this subsection, or to retire 1067 any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving 1068 1069 rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines 1070 1071 of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1072 resources to assist the corporation in covering claims and expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this 1073 1074 subsection, the term "assessments" includes regular assessments 1075 under sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., or subparagraph 1076 (p)1. and emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 1077 Emergency assessments collected under sub-subparagraph d. are 1078 not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not 1079 subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to 1080 1081 pay premium. The emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness 1082 1083 incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been 1084 1085 made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness 1086 pursuant to the documents governing such bonds or other indebtedness. 1087

1088 As used in this subsection for purposes of any deficit f. incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject lines 1089 of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or 1090 procured by assessable insureds for all property and casualty 1091 1092 lines of business in this state, but not including workers' compensation or medical malpractice. As used in the sub-1093 subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of business" 1094 includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, Exhibit of 1095 1096 Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of 1097 authorized insurers by s. 624.424 and any rule adopted under this section, except for those lines identified as accident and 1098 1099 health insurance and except for policies written under the 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1100 National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop Insurance 1101 Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term 1102 "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation 1103 insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance.

1104 g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 1105 determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in 1106 subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and 1107 shall report that information to the corporation in a form and 1108 at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the 1109 corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and the 1110 corporation's financing obligations.

h. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify
the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment
percentages for regular assessments and emergency assessments
levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and shall
assist the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely
collection and payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as
required by the corporation.

i. If a deficit is incurred in any account in 2008 or 1118 thereafter, the board of governors shall levy an immediate 1119 1120 assessment against the premium of each nonhomestead property policyholder in all accounts of the corporation, as a uniform 1121 percentage of the premium of the policy of up to 10 percent of 1122 such premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit. 1123 If this assessment is insufficient to eliminate the deficit, the 1124 board of governors shall levy an additional assessment against 1125 all policyholders of the corporation, which shall be collected 1126 1127 at the time of issuance or renewal of a policy, as a uniform 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1128 percentage of the premium for the policy of up to 10 percent of 1129 such premium, which funds shall be used to further offset the 1130 deficit.

j. The board of governors shall maintain separate accounting records that consolidate data for nonhomestead properties, including, but not limited to, number of policies, insured values, premiums written, and losses. The board of governors shall annually report to the office and the Legislature a summary of such data.

1137

(c) The plan of operation of the corporation:

1138 1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and 1139 casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and 1140 nonresidential property insurance forms, which forms must be 1141 approved by the office prior to use. The corporation shall adopt 1142 the following policy forms:

a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are
comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a
residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the
private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.

b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which coverage is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

1152 c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy 1153 forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full 1154 coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and

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1155 commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary
1156 market.

d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance
forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are
applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas
eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in
sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

1167 f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy 1168 forms listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. that contain more 1169 restrictive coverage.

1170 2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in 1171 which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota 1172 share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as 1173 defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt 1174 property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the 1175 peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the term:

"Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement 1176 (I)in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is 1177 provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an 1178 authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are 1179 each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane 1180 coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share 1181 1182 primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an 695989

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authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The 1183 1184 responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay 1185 its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible risk, as set forth in the quota share primary insurance 1186 1187 agreement, may not be altered by the inability of the other party to the agreement to pay its specified percentage of 1188 1189 hurricane losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane 1190 coverage through a quota share primary insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of 1191 1192 the corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance 1193 1194 provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and conspicuously and clearly state that neither the authorized 1195 1196 insurer nor the corporation may be held responsible beyond its 1197 specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses.

(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.

b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary
insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation
coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

1206 c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage 1207 levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share 1208 primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the 1209 corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However,

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1210 the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level 1211 may not exceed 90 percent.

d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must
provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of
hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the
corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized
insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance
agreement.

e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is
subject to review and approval by the office. However, such
agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts
entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is
already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

1225 f. For all eligible risks covered under guota share primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels 1226 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be 1227 1228 reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under quota 1229 1230 share primary insurance agreements, the corporation and the authorized insurer shall maintain complete and accurate records 1231 for the purpose of exposure and loss reimbursement audits as 1232 required by Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund rules. The 1233 corporation and the authorized insurer shall each maintain 1234 duplicate copies of policy declaration pages and supporting 1235 1236 claims documents.

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g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the terms of quota share agreements, pricing of quota share agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies or adjusting claims.

1243 The quota share primary insurance agreement between the h. 1244 corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but 1245 1246 not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer 1247 1248 producing the business, the reporting of information concerning eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and 1249 1250 arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel 1251 of the authorized insurer. Entering into a guota sharing 1252 1253 insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized insurer shall be voluntary and at the discretion of the 1254 1255 authorized insurer.

1256 May provide that the corporation may employ or 3. 1257 otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide administrative or professional services that may be appropriate 1258 to effectuate the plan. The corporation shall have the power to 1259 borrow funds, by issuing bonds or by incurring other 1260 indebtedness, and shall have other powers reasonably necessary 1261 to effectuate the requirements of this subsection, including, 1262 without limitation, the power to issue bonds and incur other 1263 1264 indebtedness in order to refinance outstanding bonds or other 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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indebtedness. The corporation may, but is not required to, seek 1265 judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness under 1266 1267 chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other 1268 indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of 1269 local government pursuant to subparagraph (g)2., in the absence 1270 of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a 1271 determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the 1272 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the 1273 financial obligations of the corporation and that such 1274 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The corporation is authorized 1275 1276 to take all actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for any such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or 1277 1278 other affiliated entities. The corporation shall have the authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from the 1279 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance 1280 recoverables, market equalization and other surcharges, and 1281 other funds available to the corporation as security for bonds 1282 or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the 1283 State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of 1284 1285 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing 1286 agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such 1287 bond or other indebtedness. 1288

1289 4.a. Must require that the corporation operate subject to 1290 the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting 1291 of eight individuals who are residents of this state, from 1292 different geographical areas of this state. The Governor, the 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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Chief Financial Officer, the President of the Senate, and the 1293 1294 Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint two 1295 members of the board. At least one of the two members appointed by each appointing officer must have demonstrated expertise in 1296 1297 insurance. The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the pleasure 1298 1299 of the appointing officer. All members of the board of governors 1300 are subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed them. All board members, including the chair, must be appointed 1301 1302 to serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date designated by the plan. Any board vacancy shall be filled for 1303 the unexpired term by the appointing officer. The Chief 1304 Financial Officer shall appoint a technical advisory group to 1305 1306 provide information and advice to the board of governors in 1307 connection with the board's duties under this subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the corporation shall 1308 be engaged by the board and serve at the pleasure of the board. 1309 Any executive director appointed on or after July 1, 2006, is 1310 subject to confirmation by the Senate. The executive director is 1311 responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may 1312 1313 require, subject to review and concurrence by the board.

The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory 1314 b. Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of 1315 its rates and its customer and agent service levels in 1316 relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar 1317 coverage. The members of the advisory committee shall consist of 1318 the following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by 1319 1320 the members of the committee: four representatives, one 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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appointed by the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by 1321 the Florida Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one 1322 1323 by the Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the 1324 Latin American Association of Insurance Agencies; three 1325 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest voluntary market share of residential property insurance 1326 1327 business in the state; one representative from the Office of 1328 Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the 1329 1330 committee; one representative appointed by the Florida Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the 1331 1332 Florida Bankers Association. All members must serve for 3-year terms and may serve for consecutive terms. The committee shall 1333 1334 report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance market issues which may include rates and rate competition with 1335 the voluntary market; service, including policy issuance, claims 1336 processing, and general responsiveness to policyholders, 1337 applicants, and agents; and matters relating to depopulation. 1338

13395. Must provide a procedure for determining the1340eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

1341 a. Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines residential risks, if the risk is offered 1342 coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved 1343 rate under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, 1344 if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed 1345 with the office, a basic policy including wind coverage, for a 1346 new application to the corporation for coverage, the risk is not 1347 1348 eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1349 premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 25 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from 1350 the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such 1351 offer, the risk is eligible for either a standard policy 1352 1353 including wind coverage or a basic policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation; however, if the risk could 1354 1355 not be insured under a standard policy including wind coverage regardless of market conditions, the risk shall be eligible for 1356 a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected under 1357 subparagraph 8. However, with regard to a policyholder of the 1358 corporation or a policyholder removed from the corporation 1359 through an assumption agreement until the end of the assumption 1360 period, the policyholder remains eliqible for coverage from the 1361 1362 corporation regardless of any offer of coverage from an 1363 authorized insurer or surplus lines insurer. The corporation shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis 1364 of objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and 1365 based on generally accepted underwriting practices. 1366

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a
mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is
issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30
days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who
submitted the application to the plan or to the corporation is
not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy 695989
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1377 written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of 1378 the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less
than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the
insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission
for the type of policy written.

1385 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1386 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1387 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the
greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the
type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary
commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period
of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater
of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary
commission for the type of policy written.

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1403 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1404 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1405 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

With respect to commercial lines residential risks, for 1406 b. 1407 a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from 1408 1409 an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not 1410 eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 25 1411 1412 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such 1413 1414 offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation. However, with regard to a 1415 policyholder of the corporation or a policyholder removed from 1416 the corporation through an assumption agreement until the end of 1417 the assumption period, the policyholder remains eligible for 1418 coverage from the corporation regardless of any offer of 1419 coverage from an authorized insurer or surplus lines insurer. 1420

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a
mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is
issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30
days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who
submitted the application to the plan or the corporation is not
currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy 695989
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1431 written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of 1432 the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

1439 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1440 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1441 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the
greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the
type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary
commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period
of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater
of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary
commission for the type of policy written.

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1457 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1458 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1459 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

c. For purposes of determining comparable coverage under 1460 sub-subparagraphs a. and b., the comparison shall be based on 1461 those forms and coverages that are reasonably comparable. The 1462 1463 corporation may rely on a determination of comparable coverage 1464 and premium made by the producing agent who submits the application to the corporation, which determination shall be 1465 1466 presumed correct and deemed to be made in the agent's capacity as the corporation's agent. A comparison may be made solely of 1467 the premium with respect to the main building or structure only 1468 on the following basis: the same coverage A or other building 1469 1470 limits; the same percentage hurricane deductible that applies on 1471 an annual basis or that applies to each hurricane for commercial residential property; the same percentage of ordinance and law 1472 1473 coverage, if the same limit is offered by both the corporation and the authorized insurer; the same mitigation credits, to the 1474 extent the same types of credits are offered both by the 1475 corporation and the authorized insurer; the same method for loss 1476 1477 payment, such as replacement cost or actual cash value, if the same method is offered both by the corporation and the 1478 authorized insurer in accordance with underwriting rules; and 1479 1480 any other form or coverage that is reasonably comparable as determined by the board. Any other differences in coverage may 1481 1482 be ignored. If an application is submitted to the corporation for wind-only coverage in the high-risk account, the premium for 1483 1484 the corporation's wind-only policy plus the premium for the ex-695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1485	wind policy that is offered by an authorized insurer to the
1486	applicant shall be compared to the premium for multiperil
1487	coverage offered by an authorized insurer, subject to the
1488	standards for comparison specified in this subparagraph. If the
1489	corporation or the applicant requests from the authorized
1490	insurer a breakdown of the premium of the offer by types of
1491	coverage so that a comparison may be made by the corporation or
1492	its agent and the authorized insurer refuses or is unable to
1493	provide such information, the corporation may treat the offer as
1494	not being an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer at the
1495	insurer's approved rate.

1496 6. Must provide by July 1, 2007, that an application for coverage for a new policy is subject to a waiting period of 10 1497 1498 days before coverage is effective, during which time the corporation shall make such application available for review by 1499 general lines agents and authorized property and casualty 1500 1501 insurers. The board shall approve an exception that allows for coverage to be effective before the end of the 10-day waiting 1502 1503 period, for coverage issued in conjunction with a real estate 1504 closing. The board may approve such other exceptions as the 1505 board determines are necessary to prevent lapses in coverage.

1506 <u>6.7</u>. Must include rules for classifications of risks and 1507 rates therefor.

1508 <u>7.8.</u> Must provide that if premium and investment income 1509 for an account attributable to a particular calendar year are in 1510 excess of projected losses and expenses for the account 1511 attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus 1512 in the account. Such surplus shall be available to defray 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1513 deficits in that account as to future years and shall be used 1514 for that purpose prior to assessing assessable insurers and 1515 assessable insureds as to any calendar year.

1516 <u>8.9.</u> Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be 1517 uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an 1518 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making 1519 this determination and in establishing the criteria and 1520 procedures, the following shall be considered:

a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
class; and

b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individualrisk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.

1527 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall1528 be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the1529 provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply.

1530 <u>9.10.</u> Must provide that the corporation shall make its 1531 best efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable 1532 rates, to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as 1533 determined by the board of governors.

1534 <u>10.11.</u> Must provide that in the event of regular deficit 1535 assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph (b)3.b., in the personal lines account, the commercial lines 1537 residential account, or the high-risk account, the corporation 1538 shall levy upon corporation policyholders in its next rate 1539 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a 1540 Citizens policyholder surcharge arising from a regular 695989

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1541 assessment in such account in a percentage equal to the total amount of such regular assessments divided by the aggregate 1542 1543 statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business 1544 for the prior calendar year. For purposes of calculating the 1545 Citizens policyholder surcharge to be levied under this subparagraph, the total amount of the regular assessment to 1546 1547 which this surcharge is related shall be determined as set forth 1548 in subparagraph (b)3., without deducting the estimated Citizens policyholder surcharge. Citizens policyholder surcharges under 1549 1550 this subparagraph are not considered premium and are not subject 1551 to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay 1552 a market equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to 1553 pay premium.

1554 <u>11.12.</u> The policies issued by the corporation must provide 1555 that, if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains 1556 an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its 1557 approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal 1558 through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this 1559 subsection.

1560 <u>12.13.</u> Corporation policies and applications must include 1561 a notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, 1562 be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer that 1563 does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by 1564 the corporation. The notice shall also specify that acceptance 1565 of corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that 1566 the applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

1567 <u>13.14.</u> May establish, subject to approval by the office, 1568 different eligibility requirements and operational procedures 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1569 for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or 1570 area if the board determines that such changes to the 1571 eligibility requirements and operational procedures are 1572 justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable 1573 and competitive in such area or for such line or type of 1574 coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to 1575 obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary 1576 methods would continue to have access to coverage from the 1577 corporation. When coverage is sought in connection with a real 1578 property transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage later than the date of 1579 1580 the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender. 1581

1582 14.15. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk 1583 account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or more 1584 1585 of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the office, within the first 90 days of each 1586 1587 calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A regular assessment levied by the corporation on a limited 1588 1589 apportionment company for a deficit incurred by the corporation for the high-risk account in 2006 or thereafter may be paid to 1590 the corporation on a monthly basis as the assessments are 1591 collected by the limited apportionment company from its insureds 1592 1593 pursuant to s. 627.3512, but the regular assessment must be paid 1594 in full within 12 months after being levied by the corporation. A limited apportionment company shall collect from its 1595 1596 policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1597 subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan shall provide that, if the office 1598 determines that any regular assessment will result in an 1599 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, 1600 the office may direct that all or part of such assessment be 1601 deferred as provided in subparagraph (g)4. However, there shall 1602 be no limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be 1603 collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d.

1604 <u>15.16.</u> Must provide that the corporation appoint as its 1605 licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment 1606 as defined in s. 626.015(3) with an insurer who at the time of 1607 the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is authorized 1608 to write and is actually writing personal lines residential 1609 property coverage, commercial residential property coverage, or 1610 commercial nonresidential property coverage within the state.

1611 <u>16.17.</u> Must provide, by July 1, 2007, a premium payment 1612 plan option to its policyholders which allows <u>at a minimum</u> for 1613 quarterly and semiannual payment of premiums. <u>A monthly payment</u> 1614 <u>plan may, but is not required to, be offered.</u>

1615 17.18. Must provide, effective June 1, 2007, that the corporation contract with each insurer providing the non-wind 1616 1617 coverage for risks insured by the corporation in the high-risk account, requiring that the insurer provide claims adjusting 1618 services for the wind coverage provided by the corporation for 1619 such risks. An insurer is required to enter into this contract 1620 as a condition of providing non-wind coverage for a risk that is 1621 1622 insured by the corporation in the high-risk account unless the board approves an exemption for good cause finds, after a 1623 1624 hearing, that the insurer is not capable of providing adjusting

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1625 services at an acceptable level of quality to corporation policyholders. The terms and conditions of such contracts must 1626 1627 be substantially the same as the contracts that the corporation executed with insurers under the "adjust-your-own" program in 1628 1629 2006, except as may be mutually agreed to by the parties and except for such changes that the board determines are necessary 1630 1631 to ensure that claims are adjusted appropriately. The corporation shall provide a process for neutral arbitration of 1632 1633 any dispute between the corporation and the insurer regarding 1634 the terms of the contract. The corporation shall review and monitor the performance of insurers under these contracts. 1635

1636 <u>18.19.</u> Must limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured 1637 homes built prior to 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling 1638 rather than replacement costs of the dwelling.

1639 <u>19.20.</u> May provide such limits of coverage as the board
1640 determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection.

1641 <u>20.21.</u> May require commercial property to meet specified 1642 hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of 1643 eligibility for coverage.

(d)1. All prospective employees for senior management
positions, as defined by the plan of operation, are subject to
background checks as a prerequisite for employment. The office
shall conduct background checks on such prospective employees
pursuant to ss. 624.34, 624.404(3), and 628.261.

1649 2. On or before July 1 of each year, employees of the 1650 corporation are required to sign and submit a statement 1651 attesting that they do not have a conflict of interest, as 1652 defined in part III of chapter 112. As a condition of 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1653 employment, all prospective employees are required to sign and submit to the corporation a conflict-of-interest statement. 1654 3. Senior managers and members of the board of governors 1655 are subject to the provisions of ss. 112.313, 112.3135, 1656 112.3143, 112.3145, 112.316, and 112.317, which apply to 1657 political subdivisions of the state part III of chapter 112, 1658 1659 including, but not limited to, the code of ethics and public 1660 disclosure and reporting of financial interests, pursuant to s. 1661 112.3145. For purposes of the filing requirements in s. 1662 112.3145, senior managers and board members are also required to file such disclosures with the Commission on Ethics and the 1663 Office of Insurance Regulation. The executive director of the 1664 corporation or his or her designee shall notify each newly 1665 1666 appointed and existing appointed member of the board of 1667 governors and senior managers of their duty to comply with the reporting requirements of s. 112.3145 part III of chapter 112. 1668 1669 At least quarterly, the executive director or his or her designee shall submit to the Commission on Ethics a list of 1670 1671 names of the senior managers and members of the board of governors who are subject to the public disclosure requirements 1672 1673 under s. 112.3145. Notwithstanding s. 112.313, if a member of the board of governors has been appointed by his or her 1674 appointing officer because of demonstrated expertise in 1675 1676 insurance, such member may be an employee, officer, owner, or 1677 director of an insurance agency or insurance company or other 1678 insurance entity that has a contractual relationship with the corporation. Such board member may participate in and vote on a 1679 1680 matter if the applicable provisions of s. 112.3143 are met and 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1681	if the insurance entity would not obtain a special or unique
1682	benefit that would not apply to other similar insurance entities
1683	that have a contractual relationship with the corporation. For
1684	purposes of the applicable sections of chapter 112 cited in this
1685	subparagraph, senior managers of the corporation are subject to
1686	those provisions applicable to employees of political
1687	subdivisions of the state and board members are subject to those
1688	provisions applicable to appointed public officers or public
1689	officials of political subdivisions of the state and, for
1690	purposes of s. 112.3143(2), board members are considered state
1691	public officers.
1 6 0 0	4 Notwithstanding a 112 2140 and a 112 2140 an and

1692 Notwithstanding s. 112.3148 or s. 112.3149, or any 4. other provision of law, an employee or board member may not 1693 1694 knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, any gift or expenditure from a person or entity, or an employee or 1695 representative of such person or entity, that has a contractual 1696 1697 relationship with the corporation or who is under consideration for a contract. An employee or board member who fails to comply 1698 1699 with subparagraph 3. or this subparagraph is subject to penalties provided under s. ss. 112.317 and 112.3173. 1700

5. Any senior manager of the corporation who is employed on or after January 1, 2007, regardless of the date of hire, who subsequently retires or terminates employment is prohibited from representing another person or entity before the corporation for 2 years after retirement or termination of employment from the corporation.

1707 6. Any <u>senior manager</u> employee of the corporation who is 1708 employed on or after January 1, 2007, regardless of the date of 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1709 hire, who subsequently retires or terminates employment is 1710 prohibited from having any employment or contractual 1711 relationship for 2 years with an insurer that has <u>entered into</u> 1712 <u>received</u> a take-out bonus <u>agreement with</u> <u>from</u> the corporation.

1713 (i)1. The corporation shall establish and maintain a unit or division to investigate possible fraudulent claims by 1714 1715 insureds or by persons making claims for services or repairs against policies held by insureds; or it may contract with 1716 others to investigate possible fraudulent claims for services or 1717 repairs against policies held by the corporation pursuant to s. 1718 626.9891. The corporation must comply with reporting 1719 1720 requirements of s. 626.9891. An employee of the corporation shall notify the corporation's Office of the Internal Auditor 1721 1722 Division of Insurance Fraud within 48 hours after having 1723 information that would lead a reasonable person to suspect that fraud may have been committed by any employee of the 1724 1725 corporation.

1726 2. The corporation shall establish a unit or division
1727 responsible for receiving and responding to consumer complaints,
1728 which unit or division is the sole responsibility of a senior
1729 manager of the corporation.

Rates for coverage provided by the corporation shall 1730 (m)1. be actuarially sound and subject to the requirements of s. 1731 627.062, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. The 1732 corporation shall file its recommended rates with the office at 1733 1734 least annually. The corporation shall provide any additional information regarding the rates which the office requires. The 1735 1736 office shall consider the recommendations of the board and issue 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1737 a final order establishing the rates for the corporation within 1738 45 days after the recommended rates are filed. The corporation 1739 may not pursue an administrative challenge or judicial review of 1740 the final order of the office.

1741 2. In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant 1742 to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and collect an 1743 amount equal to the premium tax provided for in s. 624.509 to 1744 augment the financial resources of the corporation.

After the public hurricane loss-projection model under 1745 3. 1746 s. 627.06281 has been found to be accurate and reliable by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, 1747 1748 that model shall serve as the minimum benchmark for determining the windstorm portion of the corporation's rates. This 1749 1750 subparagraph does not require or allow the corporation to adopt 1751 rates lower than the rates otherwise required or allowed by this 1752 paragraph.

1753 The rate filings for the corporation which were 4. approved by the office and which took effect January 1, 2007, 1754 1755 are rescinded, except for those rates that were lowered. As soon 1756 as possible, the corporation shall begin using the lower rates 1757 that were in effect on December 31, 2006, and shall provide refunds to policyholders who have paid higher rates as a result 1758 of that rate filing. The rates in effect on December 31, 2006, 1759 shall remain in effect through at least December 31, 2007, for 1760 the 2007 calendar year except for any rate change that results 1761 1762 in a lower rate. The next rate change that may increase rates shall be filed with the office by take effect January 1, 2008, 1763 1764 pursuant to a new rate filing recommended by the corporation and 695989

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1765 established by the office, subject to the requirements of this 1766 paragraph.

(n) If coverage in an account is deactivated pursuant to
paragraph (f), coverage through the corporation shall be
reactivated by order of the office only under one of the
following circumstances:

1771 If the market assistance plan receives a minimum of 100 1. 1772 applications for coverage within a 3-month period, or 200 applications for coverage within a 1-year period or less for 1773 1774 residential coverage, unless the market assistance plan provides a quotation from admitted carriers at their filed rates for at 1775 1776 least 90 percent of such applicants. Any market assistance plan 1777 application that is rejected because an individual risk is so 1778 hazardous as to be uninsurable using the criteria specified in 1779 subparagraph (c) 7.8. shall not be included in the minimum percentage calculation provided herein. In the event that there 1780 1781 is a legal or administrative challenge to a determination by the office that the conditions of this subparagraph have been met 1782 1783 for eligibility for coverage in the corporation, any eligible risk may obtain coverage during the pendency of such challenge. 1784

1785 2. In response to a state of emergency declared by the 1786 Governor under s. 252.36, the office may activate coverage by 1787 order for the period of the emergency upon a finding by the 1788 office that the emergency significantly affects the availability 1789 of residential property insurance.

1790

(v) Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

1791 1. The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security 1792 interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1793 corporation created or purported to be created pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of 1794 1795 the corporation shall be and remain valid and enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation 1796 1797 of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or 1798 1799 similar proceeding against the corporation under the laws of 1800 this state.

1801 2. No such proceeding shall relieve the corporation of its
1802 obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its
1803 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect,
1804 assessments, market equalization or other surcharges under
1805 subparagraph (c)<u>9.10.</u>, or any other rights, revenues, or other
1806 assets of the corporation pledged pursuant to any financing
1807 documents.

Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security 1808 3. interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or 1809 security interest, any such assessments, market equalization or 1810 other surcharges, or other rights, revenues, or other assets 1811 which are collected, or levied and collected, after the 1812 1813 commencement of and during the pendency of, or after, any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding. As used 1814 in this subsection, the term "financing documents" means any 1815 agreement or agreements, instrument or instruments, or other 1816 document or documents now existing or hereafter created 1817 evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the corporation or 1818 pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been 1819 1820 or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1821 other assets of the corporation are pledged or sold to secure 1822 the repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the 1823 payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the 1824 payment of any other obligation or financial product, as defined 1825 in the plan of operation of the corporation related to such 1826 bonds or indebtedness.

1827 4. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 1828 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the corporation shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 1829 1830 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, or contract rights or other rights or 1831 1832 assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 1833 1834 valid, binding, and enforceable against the corporation or other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against 1835 and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any 1836 other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, 1837 asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, or contract 1838 rights or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and 1839 in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in 1840 1841 the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without 1842 the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or 1843 other action. 1844

1845 5. As long as the corporation has any bonds outstanding,
1846 the corporation may not file a voluntary petition under chapter
1847 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter
1848 or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, and a public 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1849 officer or any organization, entity, or other person may not 1850 authorize the corporation to be or become a debtor under chapter 1851 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter 1852 or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, during any 1853 such period.

1854 6. If ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, the
1855 corporation may assume policies or otherwise provide coverage
1856 for policyholders of an insurer placed in liquidation under
1857 chapter 631, under such forms, rates, terms, and conditions as
1858 the corporation deems appropriate, subject to approval by the
1859 office.

1860 Section 11. Subsection (4) of section 627.3511, Florida1861 Statutes, is amended to read:

1862 627.3511 Depopulation of Citizens Property Insurance1863 Corporation.--

1864 (4) AGENT BONUS.--When the corporation enters into a
1865 contractual agreement for a take-out plan that provides a bonus
1866 to the insurer, the producing agent of record of the corporation
1867 policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on such
1868 policy, and the insurer shall either:

(a) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the
greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the
type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary
commission of the corporation; or

(b) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1877 of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary 1878 commission for the type of policy written.

1879

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1880 1881 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with paragraph (a). The requirement of this subsection that the 1882 1883 producing agent of record is entitled to retain the unearned 1884 commission on an association policy does not apply to a policy for which coverage has been provided in the association for 30 1885 1886 days or less or for which a cancellation notice has been issued pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(c)10.11. during the first 30 days of 1887 1888 coverage.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section (3) of section

1892 627.3515 Market assistance plan; property and casualty1893 risks.--

The plan and the corporation shall develop a 1894 (3)(a) business plan and present it to the Financial Services 1895 Commission for approval by September 1, 2007, to provide for the 1896 1897 implementation of an electronic database for the purpose of confirming eligibility pursuant to s. 627.351(6). The business 1898 plan may provide that authorized insurers or agents of 1899 1900 authorized insurers may submit to the plan or the corporation in 1901 electronic form, as determined by the plan or the corporation, 1902 information determined necessary by the plan or the corporation to deny coverage to risks ineligible for coverage by the 1903 1904 corporation. Any authorized insurer submitting such information 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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1905	that results in a risk being denied coverage by the corporation
1906	is required to provide coverage to the risk at its approved
1907	rates, for the coverage and premium quoted, for at least 1 year.
1908	Section 13. Section 627.3517, Florida Statutes, is amended
1909	to read:

1910

627.3517 Consumer choice.--

1911 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), No provision of 1912 s. 627.351, s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515 shall be construed to impair the right of any insurance risk apportionment plan 1913 1914 policyholder, upon receipt of any keepout or take-out offer, to retain his or her current agent, so long as that agent is duly 1915 1916 licensed and appointed by the insurance risk apportionment plan or otherwise authorized to place business with the insurance 1917 1918 risk apportionment plan. This right shall not be canceled, suspended, impeded, abridged, or otherwise compromised by any 1919 rule, plan of operation, or depopulation plan, whether through 1920 1921 keepout, take-out, midterm assumption, or any other means, of any insurance risk apportionment plan or depopulation plan, 1922 1923 including, but not limited to, those described in s. 627.351, s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515. The commission shall adopt any rules 1924 1925 necessary to cause any insurance risk apportionment plan or market assistance plan under such sections to demonstrate that 1926 the operations of the plan do not interfere with, promote, or 1927 allow interference with the rights created under this section. 1928 1929 If the policyholder's current agent is unable or unwilling to be 1930 appointed with the insurer making the take-out or keepout offer, the policyholder shall not be disqualified from participation in 1931 1932 the appropriate insurance risk apportionment plan because of an 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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offer of coverage in the voluntary market. An offer of full 1933 property insurance coverage by the insurer currently insuring 1934 1935 either the ex-wind or wind-only coverage on the policy to which the offer applies shall not be considered a take-out or keepout 1936 1937 offer. Any rule, plan of operation, or plan of depopulation, through keepout, take-out, midterm assumption, or any other 1938 1939 means, of any property insurance risk apportionment plan under 1940 s. 627.351(2) or (6) is subject to ss. 627.351(2)(b) and (6)(c) and 627.3511(4). 1941

1942 (2) This section does not apply during the first 10 days
1943 after a new application for coverage has been submitted to
1944 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation under s. 627.351(6),
1945 whether or not coverage is bound during this period.

Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 627.4035, Florida
Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, is
amended to read:

1949

627.4035 Cash payment of premiums; claims.--

The premiums for insurance contracts issued in this 1950 (1)state or covering risk located in this state shall be paid in 1951 cash consisting of coins, currency, checks, or money orders or 1952 1953 by using a debit card, credit card, automatic electronic funds transfer, or payroll deduction plan. By July 1, 2007, insurers 1954 issuing personal lines residential and commercial property 1955 policies shall provide a premium payment plan option to their 1956 policyholders which allows for a minimum of quarterly and 1957 semiannual payment of premiums. Insurers may, but are not 1958 required to, offer monthly payment plans. Insurers issuing such 1959

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1960	policies must submit their premium payment plan option to the
1961	office for approval before use.
1962	Section 15. Subsection (7) is added to section 627.4133,
1963	Florida Statutes, to read:
1964	627.4133 Notice of cancellation, nonrenewal, or renewal
1965	premium
1966	(7)(a) Effective August 1, 2007, with respect to any
1967	residential property insurance policy, every notice of renewal
1968	premium must specify:
1969	1. The dollar amounts recouped for assessments by the
1970	Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, the Citizens Property
1971	Insurance Corporation, and the Florida Insurance Guaranty
1972	Association. The actual names of the entities must appear next
1973	to the dollar amounts.
1974	2. The dollar amount of any premium increase that is due
1975	to an approved rate increase and the dollar amounts that are due
1976	to coverage changes.
1977	(b) The Financial Services Commission may adopt rules
1978	pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this
1979	subsection.
1980	Section 16. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) and
1981	paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 627.701, Florida
1982	Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, are
1983	amended to read:
1984	627.701 Liability of insureds; coinsurance; deductibles
1985	(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
1986	prior to issuing a personal lines residential property insurance
1987	policy, the insurer must offer alternative deductible amounts 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM
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applicable to hurricane losses equal to \$500, 2 percent, 5 1988 percent, and 10 percent of the policy dwelling limits, unless 1989 1990 the specific percentage deductible is less than \$500. The written notice of the offer shall specify the hurricane or wind 1991 1992 deductible to be applied in the event that the applicant or policyholder fails to affirmatively choose a hurricane 1993 1994 deductible. The insurer must provide such policyholder with 1995 notice of the availability of the deductible amounts specified 1996 in this paragraph in a form approved by the office in 1997 conjunction with each renewal of the policy. The failure to provide such notice constitutes a violation of this code but 1998 1999 does not affect the coverage provided under the policy.

2000 With respect to a policy covering a risk with dwelling (C) 2001 limits of at least \$100,000, but less than \$250,000, the insurer 2002 may, in lieu of offering a policy with a \$500 hurricane or wind deductible as required by paragraph (a), offer a policy that the 2003 2004 insurer quarantees it will not nonrenew for reasons of reducing hurricane loss for one renewal period and that contains up to a 2005 2006 2 percent hurricane or wind deductible as required by paragraph (a). 2007

2008 (4)

(d)1. A personal lines residential property insurance policy covering a risk valued at less than \$500,000 may not have a hurricane deductible in excess of 10 percent of the policy dwelling limits, unless the following conditions are met:

a. The policyholder must personally write and provide to
the insurer the following statement in his or her own
handwriting and sign his or her name, which must also be signed 695989
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2016 by every other named insured on the policy, and dated: "I do not 2017 want the insurance on my home to pay for the first (specify 2018 dollar value) of damage from hurricanes. I will pay those costs. 2019 My insurance will not."

2020 b. If the structure insured by the policy is subject to a 2021 mortgage or lien, the policyholder must provide the insurer with 2022 a written statement from the mortgageholder or lienholder 2023 indicating that the mortgageholder or lienholder approves the 2024 policyholder electing to have the specified deductible.

2025 2. A deductible subject to the requirements of this
2026 paragraph applies for the term of the policy and for each
2027 renewal thereafter unless the policyholder elects otherwise.
2028 Changes to the deductible percentage may be implemented only as
2029 of the date of renewal.

2030 3. An insurer shall keep the original copy of the signed 2031 statement required by this paragraph, electronically or 2032 <u>otherwise</u>, and provide a copy to the policyholder providing the 2033 signed statement. A signed statement meeting the requirements of 2034 this paragraph creates a presumption that there was an informed, 2035 knowing election of coverage.

4. The commission shall adopt rules providing appropriate alternative methods for providing the statements required by this section for policyholders who have a handicapping or disabling condition that prevents them from providing a handwritten statement.

2041 Section 17. Subsection (5) of section 627.70131, Florida 2042 Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, is 2043 amended to read: 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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2044 627.70131 Insurer's duty to acknowledge communications 2045 regarding claims; investigation.--

2046 (5) Within 90 days after an insurer receives notice of 2047 loss of a residential property insurance claim from a 2048 policyholder, the insurer shall pay or deny such claim unless the failure to pay such claim is caused by factors beyond the 2049 2050 control of the insurer which reasonably prevent such payment. 2051 Within 90 days after an insurer receives notice of loss of a commercial property insurance claim from a policyholder, the 2052 2053 insurer shall pay or deny such claim unless the insurer provides specific reasons to the policyholder why the claim cannot be 2054 paid within the 90-day period. Any overdue payment of a claim 2055 2056 shall bear interest at the rate as set forth in s. 55.03. 2057 Interest on an overdue payment for a claim begins to accrue from 2058 the date the insurer receives notice of the claim. The interest 2059 is payable with the payment of the claim. The provisions of this 2060 subsection may not be waived, voided, or nullified by contract. The exclusive remedy for a violation of this subsection is a 2061 2062 regulatory action under this code. Failure to comply with this subsection constitutes a violation of this code. 2063

2064 Section 18. Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of section 2065 627.712, Florida Statutes, as created by chapter 2007-1, Laws of 2066 Florida, are amended to read:

2067627.712Residential hurricane coverage required;2068availability of exclusions for windstorm or contents.--

(1) An insurer issuing a residential property insurance policy must provide hurricane or windstorm coverage as defined in s. 627.4025. This subsection does not apply with respect to 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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2072 risks that are eligible for wind-only coverage from Citizens2073 Property Insurance Corporation under s. 627.351(6).

2074 (2) <u>A property</u> An insurer that is subject to subsection
2075 (1) must make available, at the option of the policyholder, an
2076 exclusion of hurricane coverage or windstorm coverage <u>as</u>
2077 provided within the applicable policy. The coverage may be
2078 excluded only if:

2079 (a)1. When the policyholder is a natural person, the policyholder personally writes and provides to the insurer the 2080 2081 following statement in his or her own handwriting and signs his or her name, which must also be signed by every other named 2082 2083 insured on the policy, and dated: "I do not want the insurance 2084 on my (home/mobile home/condominium unit) to pay for damage from 2085 windstorms or hurricanes. I will pay those costs. My insurance 2086 will not."

2087 When the policyholder is other than a natural person, 2. 2088 the policyholder provides to the insurer on the policyholder's letterhead the following statement that must be signed by the 2089 2090 policyholder's authorized representative and dated: "(Name of entity) does not want the insurance on its (type of structure) 2091 2092 to pay for damage from windstorms or hurricanes. (Name of entity) will be responsible for these costs. (Name of entity)'s 2093 2094 insurance will not."

(b) If the structure insured by the policy is subject to a mortgage or lien, the policyholder must provide the insurer with a written statement from the mortgageholder or lienholder indicating that the mortgageholder or lienholder approves the policyholder electing to exclude windstorm coverage or hurricane 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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2100 coverage from his or her <u>or its</u> residential property insurance 2101 policy.

(4) An insurer shall keep the original copy of a signed
statement required by this section, electronically or otherwise,
and provide a copy to the policyholder providing the signed
statement. A signed statement meeting the requirements of this
section creates a presumption that there was an informed,
knowing rejection of coverage.

(5) The exclusions authorized by this section apply for the term of the policy and for each renewal thereafter. Changes to the exclusions authorized by this section may be implemented only as of the date of renewal. The exclusions authorized by this section are valid for the term of the contract and for each renewal unless the policyholder elects otherwise.

2114 Section 19. Section 627.713, Florida Statutes, as created 2115 by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

627.713 Report of hurricane loss data.--

2117 (1) The office may require property insurers to report 2118 data regarding hurricane claims and underwriting costs, 2119 including, but not limited to:

2120 (a) (1) Number of claims.

2116

2127

2121 (b) (2) Amount of claim payments made.

2122 (c)(3) Number and amount of total-loss claims.

2123 (d) (4) Amount and percentage of losses covered by 2124 reinsurance or other loss-transfer agreements.

2125 <u>(e) (5)</u> Amount of losses covered under specified 2126 deductibles.

(f) (6) Claims and payments for specified insured values. 695989

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2128	(g) (7) Claims and payments for specified dollar values.
2129	(h) (8) Claims and payments for specified types of
2130	construction or mitigation features.
2131	(i) (9) Claims and payments for policies under specified
2132	underwriting criteria.
2133	(j) (10) Claims and payments for contents, additional
2134	living expense, and other specified coverages.
2135	(k) (11) Claims and payments by county for the information
2136	specified in this section.
2137	(1) (12) Any other data that the office requires.
2138	(2) The office may not require a property insurer to
2139	report the data specified in paragraph (1)(f), paragraph (1)(g),
2140	paragraph (1)(h), paragraph (1)(i), or paragraph (1)(j) for a
2141	particular year until January of the following year or later.
2142	Section 20. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 627.7277,
2143	Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida,
2144	are amended to read:
2145	627.7277 Notice of renewal premium
2146	(4) Every notice of renewal premium must specify:
2147	(a) The dollar amounts recouped for assessments by the
2148	Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, the Citizens Property
2149	Insurance Corporation, and the Florida Insurance Guaranty
2150	Association. The actual names of the entities must appear next
2151	to the dollar amounts.
2152	(b) The dollar amount of any premium increase that is due
2153	to a rate increase and the dollar amounts that are due to
2154	coverage changes.
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2155	(5) The Financial Services Commission may adopt rules
2156	pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this section.
2157	Section 21. Subsection (11) of section 631.52, Florida
2158	Statutes, is amended to read:
2159	631.52 ScopeThis part shall apply to all kinds of
2160	direct insurance, except:
2161	(11) Self-insurance and any kind of self-insurance fund,
2162	liability pool, or risk management fund;
2163	Section 22. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section
2164	631.57, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-1, Laws of
2165	Florida, is amended to read:
2166	631.57 Powers and duties of the association
2167	(3)
2168	(e)1.a. In addition to assessments otherwise authorized in
2169	paragraph (a) and to the extent necessary to secure the funds
2170	for the account specified in s. 631.55(2)(c) for the direct
2171	payment of covered claims of insurers rendered insolvent by the
2172	effects of a hurricane homeowners' insurers and to pay the
2173	reasonable costs to administer such claims, or to retire
2174	indebtedness, including, without limitation, the principal,
2175	redemption premium, if any, and interest on, and related costs
2176	of issuance of, bonds issued under s. 631.695 and the funding of
2177	any reserves and other payments required under the bond
2178	resolution or trust indenture pursuant to which such bonds have
2179	been issued, the office, upon certification of the board of
2180	directors, shall levy emergency assessments upon insurers
2181	holding a certificate of authority. The emergency assessments
2182	payable under this paragraph by any insurer shall not exceed in 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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any single year more than 2 percent of that insurer's direct written premiums, net of refunds, in this state during the preceding calendar year for the kinds of insurance within the account specified in s. 631.55(2)(c).

Any emergency assessments authorized under this 2187 b. paragraph shall be levied by the office upon insurers referred 2188 2189 to in sub-subparagraph a., upon certification as to the need for 2190 such assessments by the board of directors. In the event the board of directors participates in the issuance of bonds in 2191 accordance with s. 631.695, emergency assessments shall be 2192 2193 levied in each year that bonds issued under s. 631.695 and 2194 secured by such emergency assessments are outstanding, in such amounts up to such 2-percent limit as required in order to 2195 2196 provide for the full and timely payment of the principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on, and related costs 2197 of issuance of, such bonds. The emergency assessments provided 2198 for in this paragraph are assigned and pledged to the 2199 municipality, county, or legal entity issuing bonds under s. 2200 2201 631.695 for the benefit of the holders of such bonds, in order to enable such municipality, county, or legal entity to provide 2202 2203 for the payment of the principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on such bonds, the cost of issuance of such bonds, 2204 2205 and the funding of any reserves and other payments required under the bond resolution or trust indenture pursuant to which 2206 such bonds have been issued, without the necessity of any 2207 further action by the association, the office, or any other 2208 party. To the extent bonds are issued under s. 631.695 and the 2209 2210 association determines to secure such bonds by a pledge of 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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revenues received from the emergency assessments, such bonds, upon such pledge of revenues, shall be secured by and payable from the proceeds of such emergency assessments, and the proceeds of emergency assessments levied under this paragraph shall be remitted directly to and administered by the trustee or custodian appointed for such bonds.

2217 c. Emergency assessments under this paragraph may be 2218 payable in a single payment or, at the option of the 2219 association, may be payable in 12 monthly installments with the 2220 first installment being due and payable at the end of the month 2221 after an emergency assessment is levied and subsequent 2222 installments being due not later than the end of each succeeding 2223 month.

d. If emergency assessments are imposed, the report
required by s. 631.695(7) shall include an analysis of the
revenues generated from the emergency assessments imposed under
this paragraph.

e. If emergency assessments are imposed, the references in sub-subparagraph (1)(a)3.b. and s. 631.695(2) and (7) to assessments levied under paragraph (a) shall include emergency assessments imposed under this paragraph.

2232 2. In order to ensure that insurers paying emergency 2233 assessments levied under this paragraph continue to charge rates 2234 that are neither inadequate nor excessive, within 90 days after 2235 being notified of such assessments, each insurer that is to be 2236 assessed pursuant to this paragraph shall submit a rate filing 2237 for coverage included within the account specified in s.

2238 631.55(2)(c) and for which rates are required to be filed under 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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s. 627.062. If the filing reflects a rate change that, as a percentage, is equal to the difference between the rate of such assessment and the rate of the previous year's assessment under this paragraph, the filing shall consist of a certification so stating and shall be deemed approved when made. Any rate change of a different percentage shall be subject to the standards and procedures of s. 627.062.

2246 3. In the event the board of directors participates in the issuance of bonds in accordance with s. 631.695, an annual 2247 assessment under this paragraph shall continue while the bonds 2248 issued with respect to which the assessment was imposed are 2249 2250 outstanding, including any bonds the proceeds of which were used 2251 to refund bonds issued pursuant to s. 631.695, unless adequate 2252 provision has been made for the payment of the bonds in the 2253 documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds.

4. Emergency assessments under this paragraph are not premium and are not subject to the premium tax, to any fees, or to any commissions. An insurer is liable for all emergency assessments that the insurer collects and shall treat the failure of an insured to pay an emergency assessment as a failure to pay the premium. An insurer is not liable for uncollectible emergency assessments.

2261 Section 23. Paragraphs (g), (h), and (i) of subsection (1) 2262 and subsections (2) and (6) of section 631.695, Florida 2263 Statutes, are amended to read:

2264 631.695 Revenue bond issuance through counties or 2265 municipalities.--

(1) The Legislature finds: 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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(g) To achieve the foregoing purposes, it is proper to authorize municipalities and counties of this state substantially affected by the landfall of a hurricane to issue bonds to assist the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association in expediting the handling and payment of covered claims of insolvent insurers.

(h) In order to avoid the needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, it is in the best interests of the residents of this state to authorize municipalities and counties severely affected by a hurricane to provide for the payment of covered claims beyond their territorial limits in the implementation of such programs.

(i) It is a paramount public purpose for municipalities
and counties substantially affected by the landfall of a
hurricane to be able to issue bonds for the purposes described
in this section. Such issuance shall provide assistance to
residents of those municipalities and counties as well as to
other residents of this state.

The governing body of any municipality or county, the 2286 (2)2287 residents of which have been substantially affected by a hurricane, may issue bonds to fund an assistance program in 2288 conjunction with, and with the consent of, the Florida Insurance 2289 Guaranty Association for the purpose of paying claimants' or 2290 policyholders' covered claims, as defined in s. 631.54, arising 2291 2292 through the insolvency of an insurer, which insolvency is determined by the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association to have 2293 2294 been a result of a hurricane, regardless of whether the 695989 4/25/2007 1:40:39 PM

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2295 claimants or policyholders are residents of such municipality or county or the property to which the claim relates is located 2296 2297 within or outside the territorial jurisdiction of the municipality or county. The power of a municipality or county to 2298 2299 issue bonds, as described in this section, is in addition to any powers granted by law and may not be abrogated or restricted by 2300 2301 any provisions in such municipality's or county's charter. A 2302 municipality or county issuing bonds for this purpose shall enter into such contracts with the Florida Insurance Guaranty 2303 2304 Association or any entity acting on behalf of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association as are necessary to implement the 2305 2306 assistance program. Any bonds issued by a municipality or county 2307 or a combination thereof under this subsection shall be payable 2308 from and secured by moneys received by or on behalf of the 2309 municipality or county from assessments levied under s. 631.57(3)(a) and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the 2310 municipality or county for the benefit of the holders of the 2311 2312 bonds in connection with the assistance program. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the state or any 2313 municipality or county shall not be pledged for the payment of 2314 2315 such bonds.

(6) Two or more municipalities or counties, the residents
of which have been substantially affected by a hurricane, may
create a legal entity pursuant to s. 163.01(7)(g) to exercise
the powers described in this section as well as those powers
granted in s. 163.01(7)(g). References in this section to a
municipality or county includes such legal entity.

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2322	Section 24. (1) Notwithstanding section 9 of chapter
2323	2007-1, Laws of Florida, the internal design option provided in
2324	s. 1609.1.4.1. of the Florida Building Code shall remain in
2325	effect until June 1, 2007, for a building permit application
2326	made prior to that date.
2327	(2) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming
2328	a law and shall apply retroactively to January 25, 2007. This
2329	section shall apply to any actions taken on any building permit
2330	affected by section 9 of chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida,
2331	including any actions, legal or ministerial, pertaining to the
2332	issuance, revocation, or modifications of any building permit
2333	initiated or issued prior to, on, after, or pending as of
2334	January 25, 2007. If the retroactive application of any
2335	provision of this section is held invalid, the invalidity shall
2336	not affect the retroactive application of other provisions of
2337	this section.
2338	Section 25. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
2339	act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2007.
2340	
2341	====== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =======
2342	Remove the entire title, and insert:
2343	A bill to be entitled
2344	An act relating to insurance; amending s. 163.01, F.S.;
2345	correcting a cross-reference; amending s. 215.555, F.S.;
2346	revising certain reimbursement contract requirements;
2347	deleting an expiration provision relating to obtaining
2348	coverage for liquidated insurers; delaying repeal of an
2349	exemption of medical malpractice insurance premiums from
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2350	emergency assessments; revising criteria, requirements,
2351	and limitations on temporary emergency options for
2352	additional coverage under the Florida Hurricane
2353	Catastrophe Fund; amending s. 215.5595, F.S.; providing an
2354	exception to certain surplus note limitations for certain
2355	manufactured housing insurers; amending s. 624.407, F.S.;
2356	revising an insurer criterion for capital funds
2357	requirements for new insurers; amending s. 624.408, F.S.;
2358	specifying an additional surplus to policyholder amount
2359	requirement for certain insurers; amending s. 626.9201,
2360	F.S.; defining the term "nonpayment of premium"; providing
2361	additional criterion for cancellation for nonpayment of
2362	premium; amending s. 627.0613, F.S.; limiting application
2363	of certain annual report card preparation powers of the
2364	consumer advocate to personal residential property
2365	insurers; amending s. 627.062, F.S.; specifying
2366	application of certain "file and use" requirements to
2367	property insurance only; excluding certain motor vehicle
2368	coverages; amending s. 627.0655, F.S.; revising criteria
2369	for certain inclusion of discounts in certain premiums;
2370	amending s. 627.351, F.S.; revising legislative findings
2371	and intent; limiting application of the term "subject
2372	lines of business" to deficit assessments; revising a
2373	provision for determining eligibility of a risk for
2374	coverage; providing requirements for determining
2375	comparable coverage; revising requirements relating to
2376	senior management employees and members of the board of
2377	governors; revising provisions requiring the corporation
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2378	to establish and maintain a fraudulent claims unit or
2379	division; revising rate filings provisions; amending s.
2380	627.3511, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; amending s.
2381	627.3515, F.S.; revising criteria for an electronic
2382	database for a business plan; amending s. 627.3517, F.S.;
2383	deleting a provision specifying nonapplication for a
2384	certain period; amending s. 627.4035, F.S.; revising a
2385	premium payment plan option provision for certain
2386	insurers; amending s. 627.4133, F.S.; specifying
2387	requirements for notices of renewal premium of property
2388	insurance policies; authorizing the Financial Services
2389	Commission to adopt rules; amending s. 627.701, F.S.;
2390	revising requirements for deductibles for certain personal
2391	lines residential property insurance policies; amending s.
2392	627.70131, F.S.; revising certain payment or denial of
2393	claim requirements; requiring an insurer to pay or deny a
2394	claim within a certain time period; providing requirements
2395	for payment of interest on overdue claims; prohibiting
2396	contractual waivers, voidances, or nullifications;
2397	specifying regulatory action as an exclusive remedy for
2398	certain violations; amending s. 627.712, F.S.; limiting
2399	application of certain residential hurricane coverage
2400	requirements to property insurance policies; specifying
2401	separate coverage exclusion statements for policyholders
2402	that are natural persons and other than natural persons;
2403	specifying a period of application of certain exclusions;
2404	providing for implementation of changes to certain
2405	exclusions; amending s. 627.713, F.S.; prohibiting the
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2406	office from requiring property insurers to report certain
2407	claims and payment data for a particular year until the
2408	following year; amending s. 627.7277, F.S.; deleting
2409	certain notice of renewal premium requirements; deleting
2410	authority of the commission to adopt rules; amending s.
2411	631.52, F.S.; expanding an exception to application to
2412	self insurance of provisions relating to Florida Insurance
2413	Guaranty of Payment; amending s. 631.57, F.S.; revising
2414	certain emergency assessment provisions relating to
2415	insurers rendered insolvent by the effects of hurricanes;
2416	amending s. 631.695, F.S.; deleting provisions limiting
2417	application of certain revenue bond issuance authority to
2418	certain counties; preserving certain Florida Building Code
2419	internal design options for certain building permits for a
2420	certain time; providing for retroactive application;
2421	providing severability; providing effective dates.