2007

1 House Joint Resolution 2 A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 3, 6, and 9 of Article VII and the creation of Section 19 of 3 Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII of the State 4 Constitution to provide for an ad valorem tax exemption 5 6 for tangible personal property, clarify that ad valorem 7 tax relief to renters may be provided in the form of tax 8 relief to the owner of the property, authorize counties 9 and school districts to grant a homestead property exemption and impose a discretionary sales surtax upon 10 approval by referendum, authorize qualified electors to 11 petition for a grant of the homestead exemption and 12 imposition of the surtax, provide a methodology for 13 limiting increases in ad valorem taxes, increase the state 14 sales and use tax to replace school district revenues lost 15 16 from not imposing a required local effort on homestead 17 property, and provide applicability, nonseverability, and an effective date. 18 19 20 Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 21 That the following amendments to Sections 3, 6, and 9 of 22 Article VII and the creation of Section 19 of Article VII and

Article VII and the creation of Section 19 of Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

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29 ARTICLE VII 30 FINANCE AND TAXATION SECTION 3. Taxes; exemptions. --31 All property owned by a municipality and used 32 (a) exclusively by it for municipal or public purposes shall be 33 exempt from taxation. A municipality, owning property outside 34 35 the municipality, may be required by general law to make payment to the taxing unit in which the property is located. Such 36 37 portions of property as are used predominantly for educational, literary, scientific, religious or charitable purposes may be 38 exempted by general law from taxation. 39 There shall be exempt from taxation, cumulatively, to 40 (b) every head of a family residing in this state, household goods 41 and personal effects to the value fixed by general law, not less 42 than one thousand dollars, and to every widow or widower or 43 44 person who is blind or totally and permanently disabled, property to the value fixed by general law not less than five 45 hundred dollars. 46 47 (C) Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of its respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this 48 49 subsection and general law, grant community and economic 50 development ad valorem tax exemptions to new businesses and expansions of existing businesses, as defined by general law. 51 Such an exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county 52 or municipality, and only after the electors of the county or 53 54 municipality voting on such question in a referendum authorize the county or municipality to adopt such ordinances. An 55 exemption so granted shall apply to improvements to real 56 Page 2 of 15

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57 property made by or for the use of a new business and 58 improvements to real property related to the expansion of an existing business and shall also apply to tangible personal 59 property of such new business and tangible personal property 60 61 related to the expansion of an existing business. The amount or limits of the amount of such exemption shall be specified by 62 63 general law. The period of time for which such exemption may be granted to a new business or expansion of an existing business 64 65 shall be determined by general law. The authority to grant such exemption shall expire ten years from the date of approval by 66 67 the electors of the county or municipality, and may be renewable by referendum as provided by general law. 68

(d) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, there may be granted an ad valorem tax exemption to a renewable energy source device and to real property on which such device is installed and operated, to the value fixed by general law not to exceed the original cost of the device, and for the period of time fixed by general law not to exceed ten years.

76 Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of its (e) 77 respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this 78 subsection and general law, grant historic preservation ad 79 valorem tax exemptions to owners of historic properties. This exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county or 80 municipality. The amount or limits of the amount of this 81 exemption and the requirements for eligible properties must be 82 specified by general law. The period of time for which this 83

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84 exemption may be granted to a property owner shall be determined85 by general law.

86 (f) By general law and subject to conditions specified
87 therein, tangible personal property up to a value of twenty-five
88 thousand dollars shall be exempt from taxation.

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.--

90 Every person who has the legal or equitable title to (a) real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 91 92 owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, 93 shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of five thousand 94 dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner 95 prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or 96 97 equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a 98 condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership 99 representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 100 ninety-eight years. 101

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

(c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the exemption shall be increased to a total of twentyfive thousand dollars of the assessed value of the real estate Page 4 of 15

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for each school district levy. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the exemption for all other levies may be increased up to an amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars of the assessed value of the real estate if the owner has attained age sixty-five or is totally and permanently disabled and if the owner is not entitled to the exemption provided in subsection (d).

119 By general law and subject to conditions specified (d) 120 therein, the exemption shall be increased to a total of the following amounts of assessed value of real estate for each levy 121 other than those of school districts: fifteen thousand dollars 122 with respect to 1980 assessments; twenty thousand dollars with 123 respect to 1981 assessments; twenty-five thousand dollars with 124 125 respect to assessments for 1982 and each year thereafter. However, such increase shall not apply with respect to any 126 assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in 127 compliance with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency 128 129 designated by general law. This subsection shall stand repealed 130 on the effective date of any amendment to section 4 which provides for the assessment of homestead property at a specified 131 132 percentage of its just value.

(e) By general law and subject to conditions specified
therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are
permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax
levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and
amount established by general law <u>and may be provided in the</u>
form of tax relief to the owner of the property.

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139 The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or (f) 140 municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies 141 and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding fifty thousand 142 143 dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to 144 real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 145 owner and who has attained age sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed twenty 146 147 thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and 148 municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in 149 the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the 150 periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this 151 subsection for changes in the cost of living. 152

153 Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially (q) 154 or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from 155 the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead 156 property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was 157 combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the time of entering the military service of the United States, and 158 159 the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from 160 military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected 161 disability as determined by the United States Department of 162 Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this 163 subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property 164 appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of 165 entering military service, an official letter from the United 166 Page 6 of 15

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167 States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of 168 the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and 169 170 a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property 171 appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must 172 notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, 173 and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature may, by general 174 law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent 175 years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is 176 self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.

(h) A county may provide to every person who qualifies for 177 an exemption under this section an exemption from all ad valorem 178 179 tax levies imposed by all taxing authorities within the county 180 other than school districts and, at the same time, levy a 181 discretionary sales surtax of up to one percent on any 182 transaction or use currently or hereafter subject to tax pursuant to the provisions of chapter 212, Florida Statutes. 183 184 Exemptions from the tax imposed pursuant to chapter 212, Florida 185 Statutes, adopted by general law, shall apply to the surtax. The 186 sales surtax rate levied may not be expected to produce revenues 187 in the first full year it is in effect that exceed the revenues 188 expected to be produced from the ad valorem tax being replaced. 189 The exemption and the imposition of the surtax shall be by ordinance and shall not take effect unless the ordinance is 190 191 approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in a 192 referendum. Upon submission of a petition to the county commission signed by at least fifteen percent of the qualified 193 electors of the county requesting that a referendum be held on 194

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195 an ordinance providing for the exemption and imposition of the 196 surtax as provided in this subsection, the county commission 197 shall adopt such an ordinance and schedule such referendum 198 within 90 days. Proceeds from the surtax shall be distributed to 199 the taxing authorities within the county, other than the school 200 district, based upon a formula developed by the county. Proceeds 201 from the surtax received by a county, municipality, or special district shall be used, prior to any other purpose, to the 202 203 extent necessary for payments relating to bonds or any similar financial obligations, paid from or secured by ad valorem tax 204 205 revenues, that are outstanding on the effective date of this amendment, including any subsequent refunding of such bonds or 206 other similar financial obligations. If a referendum has not 207 208 been held pursuant to this subsection before October 31, 2010, a referendum shall be held in November of 2010. After an ordinance 209 210 adopted under this subsection has been approved by referendum, 211 the exemption granted and surtax imposed shall be permanent and 212 may not be repealed or rescinded. 213 (i) A school district may provide to every person who 214 qualifies for an exemption under this section an exemption from 215 all ad valorem tax levies imposed by the school district and, at 216 the same time, levy a discretionary sales surtax of up to one-217 half of one percent on any transaction or use currently or 218 hereafter subject to tax pursuant to the provisions of chapter 212, Florida Statutes. The sales surtax rate levied may not be 219 220 expected to produce revenues in the first full year it is in 221 effect that exceed the revenues expected to be produced from the ad valorem tax being replaced. Exemptions from the tax imposed 222 Page 8 of 15

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223 pursuant to chapter 212, Florida Statutes, adopted by general 224 law, shall apply to the surtax. The exemption and the imposition of the surtax shall be by resolution adopted by the district 225 226 school board and shall not take effect unless the resolution is 227 approved by a majority of the electors of the school district 228 voting in a referendum. Upon submission of a petition to the 229 district school board signed by at least fifteen percent of the 230 qualified electors of the school district requesting that a 231 referendum be held on a resolution providing for the exemption 232 and imposition of the surtax as provided in this subsection, the 233 district school board shall adopt such a resolution and schedule such referendum within 90 days. Proceeds from the surtax shall 234 be distributed to the school district. Proceeds from the surtax 235 236 received by the school district shall be used, prior to any 237 other purpose, to the extent necessary for payments relating to 238 bonds or any similar financial obligations, paid from or secured by ad valorem tax revenues, that are outstanding on the 239 240 effective date of this amendment, including any subsequent 241 refunding of such bonds or other similar financial obligations. 242 If a referendum has not been held pursuant to this subsection 243 before October 31, 2010, a referendum shall be held in November 244 of 2010. After an ordinance adopted under this subsection has been approved by referendum, the exemption granted and surtax 245 246 imposed shall be permanent and may not be repealed or rescinded. SECTION 9. Local taxes.--247 Counties, school districts, and municipalities shall, 248 (a) and special districts may, be authorized by law to levy ad 249 valorem taxes and may be authorized by general law to levy other 250 Page 9 of 15

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taxes, for their respective purposes, except ad valorem taxes on intangible personal property and taxes prohibited by this constitution.

Ad valorem taxes, exclusive of taxes levied for the 254 (b) 255 payment of bonds and taxes levied for periods not longer than 256 two years when authorized by vote of the electors who are the 257 owners of freeholds therein not wholly exempt from taxation, 258 shall not be levied in excess of the following millages upon the 259 assessed value of real estate and tangible personal property: for all county purposes, ten mills; for all municipal purposes, 260 261 ten mills; for all school purposes, ten mills; for water management purposes for the northwest portion of the state lying 262 263 west of the line between ranges two and three east, 0.05 mill; for water management purposes for the remaining portions of the 264 state, 1.0 mill; and for all other special districts a millage 265 266 authorized by law approved by vote of the electors who are 267 owners of freeholds therein not wholly exempt from taxation. A 268 county furnishing municipal services may, to the extent 269 authorized by law, levy additional taxes within the limits fixed for municipal purposes. 270

271 (c) Subject to the limitations provided for in subsection
272 (b):

(1)a. Ad valorem taxes may not be levied in excess of a millage rate equal to the rolled-back rate adjusted by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1982-84 = 100, or successor reports, for the 12-month period through June prior to the beginning of the fiscal year as initially reported by the

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279 United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "rolled-back rate" 280 281 means a millage rate that, exclusive of new construction, 282 additions to structures, deletions, increases in the value of 283 improvements that have undergone a substantial rehabilitation 284 that increased the assessed value of such improvements by at 285 least one hundred percent, and property added due to geographic 286 boundary changes, will provide the same ad valorem tax revenue 287 for each taxing authority as was levied during the immediately 288 preceding year. The rolled-back rate applicable for the year 289 tangible personal property is first exempt pursuant to Section 3 290 of this Article or homestead property is first exempt pursuant 291 to Section (6)(h) or (i) or Section 19 of this Article shall be 292 calculated by using the ad valorem tax revenue levied during the immediately preceding year reduced by the taxes levied on the 293 294 property being first exempt. 295 This paragraph does not apply to taxing authorities b. 296 that have levied ad valorem taxes for less than five years and 297 to millage rates required by the legislature to be levied by 298 school boards as required local effort from ad valorem taxes. 299 For the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2008, ad (2)a. 300 valorem taxes may not be levied in excess of the maximum millage 301 rate that would have resulted from the application of paragraph (1) if paragraph (1) had been in effect beginning on January 1, 302 2004, and had been applied each year up to and including the 303 304 fiscal year beginning October 1, 2007. A taxing authority that begins levying taxes after 305 b. 306 January 1, 1999, may not levy ad valorem taxes in excess of the

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2007 307 maximum millage rate that would have resulted from the application of paragraph (1) if paragraph (1) had been in effect in the fifth full fiscal year in which the authority levied ad valorem taxes and had been applied up to and including the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2007. This paragraph does not apply to ad valorem taxes с. levied by school districts and independent special districts as defined by general law. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature shall exempt taxes levied by hospital and health care districts, children's services districts, fiscally constrained counties, municipalities located in a county considered a fiscally constrained county pursuant to general law, and municipalities located in a rural area of critical economic concern established pursuant to general law from the provisions of this paragraph. (3) Ad valorem taxes may be levied in excess of the limitations provided in this subsection upon approval by a unanimous vote of the full membership of the governing body adopting the millage rate. This subsection does not apply to ad valorem taxes (4)levied for the payment of bonds issued pursuant to Section 12 of this Article or levied for periods not longer than two years when authorized by a vote of the electors. The aggregate amount of required local effort for all (d) school districts collectively to be raised from ad valorem taxes each year may not exceed the aggregate amount required in the immediately preceding prior year, adjusted by the percentage 333 that additions to the ad valorem tax base represent to the

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335 entire ad valorem tax base and by the percentage change in the 336 Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1982-84 = 100, or successor reports, for the 12-month 337 338 period through June prior to the beginning of the fiscal year as 339 initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, 340 Bureau of Labor Statistics. For purposes of this subsection, the 341 term "additions to the ad valorem tax base" means new 342 construction, additions to structures, deletions, increases in 343 the value of improvements that have undergone a substantial 344 rehabilitation that increased the assessed value of such improvements by at least one hundred percent, and property added 345 due to geographic boundary changes. 346 347 SECTION 19. Increased state sales and use tax.--348 Beginning July 1, 2008, the tax imposed on any (a) 349 transaction or use currently or hereafter subject to tax pursuant to the provisions of chapter 212, Florida Statutes, is 350 351 increased by adding one percent to the tax rate imposed by 352 chapter 212, Florida Statutes. Exemptions from the tax imposed 353 pursuant to chapter 212, Florida Statutes, adopted by general 354 law, shall apply to the tax increase provided by this section. 355 (b) The proceeds of the tax increase provided by this 356 section shall be set aside for distribution to school districts 357 and shall replace the imposition of the required local effort for all school districts collectively that has historically been 358 359 raised from ad valorem taxes each year from persons who qualify 360 for an exemption under Section 6 of this Article. 361 (C) Proceeds received by a school district shall be used, prior to any other purpose, to the extent necessary for payments 362

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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	Fι	- 0	R		D	А	H	ł	0	U	S	Е	0	F		R	Е	Ρ	R	Е	S	Е	Ν	Т	Α	Т		V	Е	S
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363	relating to bonds or any similar financial obligations, paid
364	from or secured by ad valorem tax revenues, that are outstanding
365	on the effective date of this amendment, including any
366	subsequent refunding of such bonds or other similar financial
367	obligations.
368	ARTICLE XII
369	SCHEDULE
370	SECTION 27. Property tax relief reform; nonseverability
371	(a) The amendments to Sections 3, 6, and 9 of Article VII
372	and the creation of Section 19 of Article VII and this section
373	of this constitution contained in this revision shall take
374	effect January 1, 2008.
375	(b) The amendments to Sections 3, 6, and 9 of Article VII
376	and the creation of Section 19 of Article VII of this
377	constitution contained in this revision are not severable. If
378	any portion of this revision is held invalid under any provision
379	of this constitution, the effect of such declaration shall be
380	that the amendments to Sections 3, 6, and 9 of Article VII and
381	the creation of Section 19 of Article VII of this constitution
382	contained in this revision shall be null, void, and without
383	effect.
384	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
385	placed on the ballot:
386	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
387	ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 3, 6, 9, 19
388	ARTICLE XII, SECTION 27
389	PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS; DISCRETIONARY SALES SURTAXES; AD
390	VALOREM TAX MILLAGE LIMITATION; INCREASED SALES TAXProposing
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391 amendment of the State Constitution to provide for a \$25,000 392 exemption from ad valorem taxes for tangible personal property; to clarify that ad valorem tax relief to renters may be provided 393 394 in the form of tax relief to the owner of the property; to 395 provide that counties may grant homestead property an exemption 396 from all ad valorem tax levies other than school district levies 397 together with the imposition of a discretionary sales surtax of up to 1 percent upon approval by referendum and authorize the 398 399 qualified electors to petition for a referendum providing for 400 the exemption and imposing the surtax; to provide that school 401 districts may grant homestead property an exemption from all school district ad valorem tax levies together with the 402 imposition of a discretionary sales surtax of up to 0.5 percent 403 404 upon approval by referendum and authorize the qualified electors to petition for a referendum providing for the exemption and 405 406 imposing the surtax; to provide a methodology for limiting 407 increases in ad valorem taxes, including an override by a 408 unanimous vote of the governing body levying the millage; to 409 limit the aggregate amount of required local effort for all school districts collectively; to increase the state sales and 410 411 use tax by 1 percent, dedicate the increased revenues to 412 replacing the required local effort for all school districts collectively, and provide for distribution and application of 413 such revenues; to require that provisions of the revision are 414 not severable such that if any are held invalid, all will be 415 invalid; and to provide an effective date of January 1, 2008. 416

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