A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to education; amending s. 1001.03, F.S.; 3 requiring the State Board of Education to review the Sunshine State Standards and replace them with World Class 4 5 Education Standards; establishing requirements for the standards; requiring reports; providing requirements for 6 7 the adoption, review, and revision of the standards; 8 requiring evaluation of proposed standards; requiring 9 reports on student achievement; amending ss. 39.0016 and 445.049, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1000.21, 10 F.S.; revising the systemwide definition of standards; 11 conforming provisions; amending s. 1001.02, F.S.; revising 12 provisions authorizing the State Board of Education to 13 adopt rules; amending s. 1001.215, F.S.; conforming 14 provisions; amending s. 1001.41, F.S.; requiring a school 15 16 district to emphasize certain content in social studies education; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; conforming 17 provisions; creating s. 1001.55, F.S.; requiring certain 18 19 high-performing school districts to submit plans to the 20 State Board of Education and give certain authority to specified school principals; requiring annual reports; 21 amending ss. 1002.33 and 1002.415, F.S.; conforming 22 provisions; amending s. 1003.03, F.S.; providing teaching 23 24 strategies permitted within class-size reduction 25 requirements; providing definitions; amending s. 1003.41, 26 F.S.; specifying requirements for World Class Education Standards; amending s. 1003.428, F.S.; requiring school 27 districts to include a distinguished-honors notation on 28

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diplomas and academic transcripts under specified conditions; conforming provisions; amending s. 1003.43, F.S.; conforming provisions; creating s. 1003.451, F.S.; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt standards for world-language instruction and provide flexibility in foreign-language teacher certification; requiring school districts and schools in the K-8 Virtual School Program to submit plans for elementary school world-language curricula; authorizing use of instructional materials funds; creating s. 1003.59, F.S.; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt a model policy for accelerated learning opportunities for academically talented students; requiring school districts to implement an accelerated learning policy; requiring the Department of Education to submit an annual report; amending ss. 1004.04 and 1007.35, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; requiring the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test to assess students in social studies; requiring the content knowledge and skills of the statewide assessment program and Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test to align to the World Class Education Standards; providing for the expedited revision of the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test; requiring the Commissioner of Education to report certain information; establishing limitations on testing schedules for the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test; providing for a proficiency designation in a subject area for a grade level based on student scores on the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test; creating s. 1008.222, F.S.;

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providing requirements for end-of-course examinations; establishing timelines for implementation and requiring dissemination of information; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; conforming provisions; requiring remediation in social studies; revising requirements for an annual report; amending s. 1008.385, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising expenditures from the guaranteed allocation for gifted students in grades 9 through 12; amending ss. 1012.05, 1012.28, and 1012.52, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; requiring the State Board of Education to align subject area examinations to the World Class Education Standards; conforming provisions; amending s. 1012.585, F.S.; applying certain inservice points toward renewal of an educator professional certificate specialization area; amending s. 1012.72, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1012.98, F.S.; requiring a school district's inservice activities to support state standards; directing districts to align inservice activities to the World Class Education Standards; providing that an individual professional development plan requires instructional employees to complete specified inservice activities; requiring passage of an inservice examination for award of certain inservice points; directing the department to establish examination competencies; requiring statewide standardized delivery of certain inservice activities and outcome measurement of such activities; requiring the department to provide specified statewide standardized professional development

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and requiring educators to participate therein; requiring school districts to inventory professional development programs; establishing priority for use of professional development funds; requiring school districts to submit reports; requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to submit reports relating to after-school programs and gifted student education; providing report requirements; requiring the Commissioner of Education to submit a report on visual and performing arts education; providing report requirements; creating the Public-Private Partnering Task Force within the Department of Management Services; designating members; providing for per diem and travel expenses; requiring the task force to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature; providing report requirements; providing for the future abolishment of the task force; providing an appropriation; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 1001.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.03 Specific powers of State Board of Education. --

- (1) PUBLIC K-12 STUDENT PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.--
- (a) The State Board of Education shall review approve the student performance standards known as the Sunshine State Standards and systematically replace them by adopting World Class Education Standards that prepare Florida's students to

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effectively engage, communicate, and compete in a global economy. As used in this section, the term "World Class Education Standards" means curricular standards by subject area and grade level that integrate critical thinking and problemsolving skills, creativity and innovation skills, communication and information skills, collaboration skills, contextual and applied-learning skills, information and media-literacy skills, and civic-engagement skills. The World Class Education Standards shall, at a minimum:

- 1. Establish the essential content knowledge and skills, by each in key academic subject areas and grade level, that are necessary for student academic achievement;
- 2. Identify the general content knowledge that a student is expected to acquire for reading proficiency;
- 3. Identify the specific content knowledge and skills that a student is expected to acquire and be able to demonstrate for each subject area listed in s. 1003.41 by grade level;
- 4. Provide for the sequential development of a student's content knowledge and skills grade by grade for each subject area; and
- 5. Provide for alignment to curricula appropriate for preparing high school graduates to enter the workforce and compete in high-demand careers in Florida's global economy and to succeed in postsecondary education levels.
- (b) By January 31, 2008, the State Board of Education shall establish an expedited a schedule for to facilitate the adoption periodic review of the World Class Education Standards, and for the periodic review and revision of the standards, to

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ensure <u>superior</u> <u>adequate</u> rigor, relevance, logical student progression, and integration of reading, writing, and mathematics across all subject areas. <u>By January 1, 2009, and by January 1 of each year thereafter, the state board shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the <u>Speaker of the House of Representatives detailing the status of the adoption, implementation, and any subsequent revisions of the World Class Education Standards.</u></u>

- (c) The State Board of Education shall include Florida educators in the development and review of the standards. The state board shall consider the recommendations of educators, citizens, and members of the business community; consult national or international curricular experts in each review by subject area; and consider standards implemented by other states or nations, which standards are regarded as exceptionally rigorous by the curricular experts. The state board shall also must include the participation of curriculum leaders in other content areas, including the arts, to ensure valid content area integration and to address the instructional requirements of different learning styles.
- (d) The process for adoption and revision of the World Class Education Standards review and proposed revisions must include leadership and input from the state's classroom teachers and selected, school administrators, postsecondary institutions and community colleges and universities, and from representatives from business and industry representatives who are identified by Enterprise Florida, Inc.
  - (e) The State Board of Education, before adopting or

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revising the World Class Education Standards for a subject area,
shall submit the proposed standards for evaluation by more than
one nationally recognized foundation, institute, organization,
or board with expertise in performance standards for K-12
curricula. The state board shall submit the evaluations to the
Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
House of Representatives before adopting the proposed standards.
local education foundations. A report including proposed
revisions must be submitted to the Governor, the President of
the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives
annually to coincide with the established review schedule. The
review schedule and an annual status report must be submitted to
the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
the House of Representatives annually not later than January 1.
(f) Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, the State
Board of Education shall submit an annual report on the
achievement results of Florida's students based on instruction
aligned to the World Class Education Standards. The report shall
be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 30 of
each year and shall include data to monitor achievement gains
and to provide academic comparisons of Florida students who are
achieving at or above grade level to other students nationally
and to students at commensurate grade levels in other countries.

- Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and paragraph (d) of subsection (5) of section 39.0016, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 39.0016 Education of abused, neglected, and abandoned Page 7 of 70

children.--

- (4) The department shall enter into agreements with district school boards or other local educational entities regarding education and related services for children known to the department who are of school age and children known to the department who are younger than school age but who would otherwise qualify for services from the district school board. Such agreements shall include, but are not limited to:
  - (b) A requirement that the district school board shall:
- 1. Provide the department with a general listing of the services and information available from the district school board, including, but not limited to, the <u>World Class Education current Sunshine State</u> Standards, the Surrogate Parent Training Manual, and other resources accessible through the Department of Education or local school districts to facilitate educational access for a child known to the department.
- 2. Identify all educational and other services provided by the school and school district which the school district believes are reasonably necessary to meet the educational needs of a child known to the department.
- 3. Determine whether transportation is available for a child known to the department when such transportation will avoid a change in school assignment due to a change in residential placement. Recognizing that continued enrollment in the same school throughout the time the child known to the department is in out-of-home care is preferable unless enrollment in the same school would be unsafe or otherwise impractical, the department, the district school board, and the

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Department of Education shall assess the availability of federal, charitable, or grant funding for such transportation.

- 4. Provide individualized student intervention or an individual educational plan when a determination has been made through legally appropriate criteria that intervention services are required. The intervention or individual educational plan must include strategies to enable the child known to the department to maximize the attainment of educational goals.
- (5) The department shall incorporate an education component into all training programs of the department regarding children known to the department. Such training shall be coordinated with the Department of Education and the local school districts. The department shall offer opportunities for education personnel to participate in such training. Such coordination shall include, but not be limited to, notice of training sessions, opportunities to purchase training materials, proposals to avoid duplication of services by offering joint training, and incorporation of materials available from the Department of Education and local school districts into the department training when appropriate. The department training components shall include:
- (d) Training of caseworkers regarding the services and information available through the Department of Education and local school districts, including, but not limited to, the <u>World Class Education current Sunshine State</u> Standards, the Surrogate Parent Training Manual, and other resources accessible through the Department of Education or local school districts to facilitate educational access for a child known to the

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253 department.

Section 3. Paragraph (g) of subsection (7) of section 445.049, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

445.049 Digital Divide Council. --

- (7) PROGRAM OBJECTIVES AND GOALS.--The programs authorized by this section shall have the following objectives and goals:
- (g) Using information technology to facilitate achievement of the <u>World Class Education</u> Sunshine State Standards by all children enrolled in the state's K-12 school system who are members of at-risk families.
- Section 4. Subsection (7) of section 1000.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1000.21 Systemwide definitions.--As used in the Florida K-20 Education Code:
- the student content are standards, as described in ss.

  1001.03(1) and 1003.41, that identify what public school students are expected to should know and be able to demonstrate do. The term includes the Sunshine State Standards for a subject area until the standards are replaced under s. 1001.03(1) by the World Class Education Standards for the subject area. These standards delineate the academic achievement of students for which the state will hold its public schools accountable in grades K-2, 3-5, 6-8, and 9-12, in the subjects of language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, the arts, health and physical education, foreign languages, reading, writing, history, government, geography, economics, and computer literacy.

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281 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 1001.02, Florida 282 Statutes, is amended to read: 1001.02 General powers of State Board of Education .--283 284 The State Board of Education is the chief implementing 285 and coordinating body of public education in Florida, and it 286 shall focus on high-level policy decisions. The state board It has authority to adopt rules under <del>pursuant to</del> ss. 120.536(1) 287 288 and 120.54 to implement the provisions of law conferring duties 289 upon the State Board of Education, the Commissioner of 290 Education, and the Department of Education it for the 291 improvement of the state system of K-20 public education. Except as otherwise provided by law herein, the State Board of 292 293 Education it may, as it finds appropriate, delegate its general 294 powers to the Commissioner of Education or the directors of the 295 divisions of the department. Section 6. Subsection (8) of section 1001.215, Florida 296 297 Statutes, is amended to read: 298 Just Read, Florida! Office. -- There is created in 1001.215 299 the Department of Education the Just Read, Florida! Office. The office shall be fully accountable to the Commissioner of 300 301 Education and shall: 302 Periodically review the World Class Education Sunshine 303 State Standards for reading at all grade levels. 304

Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 1001.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.41 General powers of district school board.--The district school board, after considering recommendations submitted by the district school superintendent, shall exercise

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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the following general powers:

- (3) Prescribe and adopt standards and policies to provide each student the opportunity to receive a complete education program, including language arts, reading, and writing; mathematics; science; social studies, including geography and economics, with an emphasis on history, government, civics, and United States patriotism and national sovereignty; health; physical education; foreign languages; visual and performing and the arts; and computer literacy, as defined by the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards. The standards and policies must emphasize integration and reinforcement of reading, writing, and mathematics skills across all subjects, including career awareness, career exploration, and career and technical education.
- Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (16) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.--The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:
- ACCOUNTABILITY.--Maintain a system of school improvement and education accountability as provided by statute and State Board of Education rule. This system of school improvement and education accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented through, the district's continuing system of planning and budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education accountability shall include, but is

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not limited to, the following:

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- School improvement plans. -- Annually approve and require implementation of a new, amended, or continuation school improvement plan for each school in the district. A district school board may establish a district school improvement plan that includes all schools in the district operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. The school improvement plan shall be designed to achieve the state education priorities under pursuant to s. 1000.03(5) and student proficiency on the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards under pursuant to s. 1003.41. Each plan shall address student achievement goals and strategies based on state and school district proficiency standards. The plan may also address issues relative to other academic-related matters, as determined by district school board policy, and shall include an accurate, data-based analysis of student achievement and other school performance data. Beginning with plans approved for implementation in the 2007-2008 school year, each secondary school plan must include a redesign component based on the principles established in s. 1003.413. For each school in the district that earns a school grade of "C" or below, or is required to have a school improvement plan under federal law, the school improvement plan shall, at a minimum, also include:
- 1. Professional development that supports enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies to improve teaching and learning.
  - 2. Continuous use of disaggregated student achievement  ${\sf Page \, 13 \, of \, 70 }$

data to determine effectiveness of instructional strategies.

- 3. Ongoing informal and formal assessments to monitor individual student progress, including progress toward mastery of the <u>World Class Education</u> Sunshine State Standards, and to redesign instruction if needed.
- 4. Alternative instructional delivery methods to support remediation, acceleration, and enrichment strategies.
- Section 9. Section 1001.55, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

receiving a designation for high performance from the State

Board of Education under part VI of chapter 1003 that is based,
at least in part, on school grades or district grades assigned
under s. 1008.34 shall submit to the state board and implement a
plan that gives the district's highest performing principals
significant decisionmaking and budgetary authority over their
respective schools. The school district shall annually audit,
monitor, and report to the state board on the implementation of
this section at each school site. The state board shall submit a
statewide annual report to the Governor, the President of the
Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the
implementation of this section. The state board may adopt rules
under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.--

(6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEW. -- Charter school

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applications are subject to the following requirements:

- (a) A person or entity wishing to open a charter school shall prepare an application that:
- 1. Demonstrates how the school will use the guiding principles and meet the statutorily defined purpose of a charter school.
- 2. Provides a detailed curriculum plan that illustrates how students will be provided services to attain the  $\underline{\text{World Class}}$  Education Sunshine State Standards.
- 3. Contains goals and objectives for improving student learning and measuring that improvement. These goals and objectives must indicate how much academic improvement students are expected to show each year, how success will be evaluated, and the specific results to be attained through instruction.
- 4. Describes the reading curriculum and differentiated strategies that will be used for students reading at grade level or higher and a separate curriculum and strategies for students who are reading below grade level. A sponsor shall deny a charter if the school does not propose a reading curriculum that is consistent with effective teaching strategies that are grounded in scientifically based reading research.
- 5. Contains an annual financial plan for each year requested by the charter for operation of the school for up to 5 years. This plan must contain anticipated fund balances based on revenue projections, a spending plan based on projected revenues and expenses, and a description of controls that will safeguard finances and projected enrollment trends.
  - (7) CHARTER.--The major issues involving the operation of

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a charter school shall be considered in advance and written into the charter. The charter shall be signed by the governing body of the charter school and the sponsor, following a public hearing to ensure community input.

- (a) The charter shall address, and criteria for approval of the charter shall be based on:
- 1. The school's mission, the students to be served, and the ages and grades to be included.
- 2. The focus of the curriculum, the instructional methods to be used, any distinctive instructional techniques to be employed, and identification and acquisition of appropriate technologies needed to improve educational and administrative performance which include a means for promoting safe, ethical, and appropriate uses of technology which comply with legal and professional standards. The charter shall ensure that reading is a primary focus of the curriculum and that resources are provided to identify and provide specialized instruction for students who are reading below grade level. The curriculum and instructional strategies for reading must be consistent with the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards and grounded in scientifically based reading research.
- 3. The current incoming baseline standard of student academic achievement, the outcomes to be achieved, and the method of measurement that will be used. The criteria listed in this subparagraph shall include a detailed description for each of the following:
- a. How the baseline student academic achievement levels and prior rates of academic progress will be established.

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b. How these baseline rates will be compared to rates of academic progress achieved by these same students while attending the charter school.

c. To the extent possible, how these rates of progress will be evaluated and compared with rates of progress of other closely comparable student populations.

The district school board is required to provide academic student performance data to charter schools for each of their students coming from the district school system, as well as rates of academic progress of comparable student populations in the district school system.

- 4. The methods used to identify the educational strengths and needs of students and how well educational goals and performance standards are met by students attending the charter school. Included in the methods is a means for the charter school to ensure accountability to its constituents by analyzing student performance data and by evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency of its major educational programs. Students in charter schools shall, at a minimum, participate in the statewide assessment program created under s. 1008.22.
- 5. In secondary charter schools, a method for determining that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in s. 1003.43.
- 6. A method for resolving conflicts between the governing body of the charter school and the sponsor.
- 7. The admissions procedures and dismissal procedures, including the school's code of student conduct.

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8. The ways by which the school will achieve a racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or within the racial/ethnic range of other public schools in the same school district.

- 9. The financial and administrative management of the school, including a reasonable demonstration of the professional experience or competence of those individuals or organizations applying to operate the charter school or those hired or retained to perform such professional services and the description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the policies and practices needed to effectively manage the charter school. A description of internal audit procedures and establishment of controls to ensure that financial resources are properly managed must be included. Both public sector and private sector professional experience shall be equally valid in such a consideration.
- 10. The asset and liability projections required in the application which are incorporated into the charter and which shall be compared with information provided in the annual report of the charter school. The charter shall ensure that, if a charter school internal audit or annual financial audit reveals a state of financial emergency as defined in s. 218.503 or deficit financial position, the auditors are required to notify the charter school governing board, the sponsor, and the Department of Education. The internal auditor shall report such findings in the form of an exit interview to the principal or the principal administrator of the charter school and the chair of the governing board within 7 working days after finding the

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state of financial emergency or deficit position. A final report shall be provided to the entire governing board, the sponsor, and the Department of Education within 14 working days after the exit interview. When a charter school is in a state of financial emergency, the charter school shall file a detailed financial recovery plan with the sponsor. The department, with the involvement of both sponsors and charter schools, shall establish guidelines for developing such plans.

- 11. A description of procedures that identify various risks and provide for a comprehensive approach to reduce the impact of losses; plans to ensure the safety and security of students and staff; plans to identify, minimize, and protect others from violent or disruptive student behavior; and the manner in which the school will be insured, including whether or not the school will be required to have liability insurance, and, if so, the terms and conditions thereof and the amounts of coverage.
- 12. The term of the charter which shall provide for cancellation of the charter if insufficient progress has been made in attaining the student achievement objectives of the charter and if it is not likely that such objectives can be achieved before expiration of the charter. The initial term of a charter shall be for 4 or 5 years. In order to facilitate access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a municipality or other public entity as provided by law are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district school board. A charter lab school is eligible for a

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charter for a term of up to 15 years. In addition, to facilitate access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a private, not-for-profit, s. 501(c)(3) status corporation are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district school board. Such long-term charters remain subject to annual review and may be terminated during the term of the charter, but only according to the provisions set forth in subsection (8).

- 13. The facilities to be used and their location.
- 14. The qualifications to be required of the teachers and the potential strategies used to recruit, hire, train, and retain qualified staff to achieve best value.
- 15. The governance structure of the school, including the status of the charter school as a public or private employer as required in paragraph (12)(i).
- 16. A timetable for implementing the charter which addresses the implementation of each element thereof and the date by which the charter shall be awarded in order to meet this timetable.
- 17. In the case of an existing public school being converted to charter status, alternative arrangements for current students who choose not to attend the charter school and for current teachers who choose not to teach in the charter school after conversion in accordance with the existing collective bargaining agreement or district school board rule in the absence of a collective bargaining agreement. However, alternative arrangements shall not be required for current teachers who choose not to teach in a charter lab school, except

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as authorized by the employment policies of the state university which grants the charter to the lab school.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1002.415, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.415 K-8 Virtual School Program.--Subject to annual legislative appropriation, a kindergarten through grade 8 virtual school program is established within the Department of Education for the purpose of making academic instruction available to full-time students in kindergarten through grade 8 using on-line and distance learning technology. The department shall use an application process to select schools to deliver program instruction.

(2) APPLICATION. --

- (b) In addition to a completed application form, each applicant must provide the department with:
- 1. A detailed plan describing how the school curriculum and course content will conform to the <u>World Class Education</u>

  Sunshine State Standards; and
- 2. An annual financial plan for each year of operation of the school for a minimum of 3 years. The plan must contain anticipated fund balances based on revenue projections, a spending plan based on projected revenues and expenses, and a description of controls that will safeguard finances and projected enrollment trends.
- Section 12. Subsection (5) of section 1003.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1003.03 Maximum class size.--
  - (5) TEAM-TEACHING STRATEGIES. --

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(a) School districts may use teaching strategies that include the assignment of more than one teacher to a classroom of students and that were implemented before July 1, 2005. Effective July 1, 2005, school districts may implement additional teaching strategies that include the assignment of more than one teacher to a classroom of students for the following purposes only:

- 1. Pairing teachers for the purpose of staff development.
- 2. Pairing new teachers with veteran teachers.
- 3. Reducing turnover among new teachers.

- 4. Pairing teachers who are teaching out-of-field with teachers who are in-field.
- 5. Providing for more flexibility and innovation in the classroom.
- 6. Improving learning opportunities for students, including students who have disabilities.
- (b) Teaching strategies, including team teaching, coteaching, or inclusion teaching, implemented on or after July 1, 2005, under pursuant to paragraph (a) may be implemented subject to the following restrictions:
- 1. Reasonable limits shall be placed on the number of students in a classroom so that classrooms are not overcrowded. Teacher-to-student ratios within a curriculum area or grade level must not exceed constitutional limits.
- 2. At least one member of the team must have at least 3 years of teaching experience.
- 3. At least one member of the team must be teaching infield.

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4. The teachers must be trained in team-teaching methods within 1 year after assignment.

- (c) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Team teaching" or "co-teaching" means two or more teachers are assigned to a group of students and each teacher is responsible for all of the students during the entire class period. In a team teaching or co-teaching arrangement, each teacher is responsible for planning, delivering, and evaluating instruction for all students in the class or subject for the entire class period.
- 2. "Inclusion teaching" means two or more teachers are assigned to a group of students, but one of the teachers is responsible for only one student or a small group of students in the classroom.

The use of strategies implemented as outlined in this subsection meets the letter and intent of the Florida Constitution and the Florida Statutes which relate to implementing class-size reduction, and this subsection applies retroactively. A school district may not be penalized financially or otherwise as a result of the use of any legal strategy, including, but not limited to, those set forth in subsection (3) and this subsection.

Section 13. Section 1003.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.41 <u>World Class Education</u> <u>Sunshine State</u>

Standards.--Public K-12 educational instruction in Florida is based on the World Class Education Standards as defined in s.

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- Section 14. Subsection (7) and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

  1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation;
  revised.--
- (7)(a) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) shall be awarded a standard diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education.
- (b) The standard diploma awarded to a student, and the student's high school academic transcript, shall include a notation of distinguished honors if the student earns a score demonstrating superior academic achievement, as determined by the Commissioner of Education, on the grade 10 Florida

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Comprehensive Assessment Test. By the beginning of the 2008-2009 school year, the commissioner shall widely publicize and disseminate information about the distinguished-honors notation, including notice to district superintendents, school principals, teachers, guidance counselors, parents, and students of the scores required to earn distinguished honors. The commissioner shall also publish the information on the department's Internet website.

- (c) (b) A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1), (2), and (3), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (4)(b), paragraph (4)(c), or paragraph (4)(d), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a part-time student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.
- (8)(a) Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the <u>content knowledge and</u> skills <del>and competencies</del> necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation.
- Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section 1003.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1003.43 General requirements for high school graduation.--
- 700 (11)(a) Each district school board must provide

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instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the <u>content knowledge and</u> skills <del>and competencies</del> necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation.

Section 16. Section 1003.451, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

## 1003.451 World-language curricula. --

- (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the state move toward the goal of establishing world-language curricula that begins in elementary school and continues through the middle and high school grades.
  - (2) The State Board of Education shall:
- (a) Encourage school districts to expand foreign-language course offerings to include world languages commonly spoken in nations actively engaged in international commerce in order to prepare Florida's students to effectively engage, communicate, and compete in a global economy;
- (b) Establish content standards for world languages as part of the World Class Education Standards for foreign languages;
- (c) Encourage school districts to offer world-language instruction to students in elementary school; and
- (d) Provide flexibility in foreign-language teacher certification so that Florida schools may benefit from instruction offered by Floridians who are fluent in world languages and are available to provide such instruction.
- (3) By December 1, 2007, each district school board and each school in the K-8 Virtual School Program shall develop and

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submit to the Commissioner of Education a plan for articulated world-language curricula beginning by grade 4 for elementary school students performing at or above grade level. The plan may include the use of video conferencing, technology devices with digital content, or on-line technology.

(4) Notwithstanding chapter 1006, instructional materials used to implement elementary school world-language curricula may include technology devices with digital content and on-line content. The Commissioner of Education shall prescribe uniform standards for technologies that facilitate the sharing of content among school districts. District school boards may use up to 10 percent of instructional materials funds available for the purchase of materials not on the state-adopted list for purposes of this subsection.

Section 17. Section 1003.59, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.59 Accelerated learning opportunities for academically talented students.--

- (1) By June 30, 2008, the State Board of Education shall adopt a model policy for the accelerated learning of academically talented students in grades K-12, regardless of whether the students are classified as gifted. The model policy shall address, but not be limited to, whole-grade acceleration, continuous progress exceeding chronological-age peers, subjectmatter acceleration, virtual-education acceleration, and early postsecondary enrollment. The model policy shall include a plan for:
  - (a) Providing teachers and guidance counselors with

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professional training that addresses effective implementation of the policy, strategies for identifying gifted and academically talented students in the elementary grades, and methods for placing the students in accelerated programming that allows them to work at suitably challenging academic levels; and

- (b) Assisting school district interactions with students and parents to help guide them in making the most appropriate choice for each student.
- (2) Each district school board shall implement an academically talented student acceleration policy beginning with the 2008-2009 school year. The school board shall widely publicize and disseminate the policy so that teachers, students, and parents are aware of accelerated-learning opportunities. The school board shall submit the policy to the Department of Education and publish the policy on the school district's Internet website.
- (3) By December 31, 2009, and by December 31 of each year thereafter, the Department of Education shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on academically talented student acceleration and gifted programs in each school district. The report shall include information concerning district implementation strategies and student achievement gains and provide a comparison of district performance.
- Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (3), paragraph (e) of subsection (5), and paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 1004.04, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1004.04 Public accountability and state approval for teacher preparation programs.--

(2) UNIFORM CORE CURRICULA. --

- (b) The rules to establish uniform core curricula for each state-approved teacher preparation program must include, but are not limited to, a State Board of Education identified foundation in scientifically researched, knowledge-based reading literacy and computational skills acquisition; classroom management; school safety; professional ethics; educational law; human development and learning; and understanding of the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards content measured by state achievement tests, reading and interpretation of data, and use of data to improve student achievement.
- (3) DEVELOPMENT OF TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAMS.--A system developed by the Department of Education in collaboration with postsecondary educational institutions shall assist departments and colleges of education in the restructuring of their programs in accordance with this section to meet the need for producing quality teachers now and in the future.
- (b) Departments and colleges of education shall emphasize the state system of school improvement and education accountability concepts and standards, including the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards.
- (5) CONTINUED PROGRAM APPROVAL.--Notwithstanding subsection (4), failure by a public or nonpublic teacher preparation program to meet the criteria for continued program approval shall result in loss of program approval. The Department of Education, in collaboration with the departments

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and colleges of education, shall develop procedures for continued program approval that document the continuous improvement of program processes and graduates' performance.

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- Continued approval of teacher preparation programs is contingent upon compliance with the student admission requirements of subsection (4) and upon the receipt of at least a satisfactory rating from public schools and private schools that employ graduates of the program. Each teacher preparation program shall guarantee the high quality of its graduates during the first 2 years immediately following graduation from the program or following initial certification, whichever occurs first. Any educator in a Florida school who fails to demonstrate the essential skills specified in subparagraphs 1.-5. shall be provided additional training by the teacher preparation program at no expense to the educator or the employer. Such training must consist of an individualized plan agreed upon by the school district and the postsecondary educational institution that includes specific learning outcomes. The postsecondary educational institution assumes no responsibility for the educator's employment contract with the employer. Employer satisfaction shall be determined by an annually administered survey instrument approved by the Department of Education that, at a minimum, must include employer satisfaction of the graduates' ability to do the following:
- 1. Write and speak in a logical and understandable style with appropriate grammar.
- 2. Recognize signs of students' difficulty with the reading and computational process and apply appropriate measures

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to improve students' reading and computational performance.

- 3. Use and integrate appropriate technology in teaching and learning processes.
- 4. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of  $\underline{\text{the World}}$  Class Education Sunshine State Standards.
- 5. Maintain an orderly and disciplined classroom conducive to student learning.
- (6) PRESERVICE FIELD EXPERIENCE.--All postsecondary instructors, school district personnel and instructional personnel, and school sites preparing instructional personnel through preservice field experience courses and internships shall meet special requirements. District school boards are authorized to pay student teachers during their internships.
- (c) Preservice field experience programs must provide specific guidance and demonstration of effective classroom management strategies, strategies for incorporating technology into classroom instruction, strategies for incorporating scientifically researched, knowledge-based reading literacy and computational skills acquisition into classroom instruction, and ways to link instructional plans to the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards, as appropriate. The length of structured field experiences may be extended to ensure that candidates achieve the competencies needed to meet certification requirements.

Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 1007.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.35 Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement.--

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(6) The partnership shall:

- (c) Provide teacher training and materials that are aligned with the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards and are consistent with best theory and practice regarding multiple learning styles and research on learning, instructional strategies, instructional design, and classroom assessment. Curriculum materials must be based on current, accepted, and essential academic knowledge. Materials for prerequisite courses should, at a minimum, address the skills assessed on the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT).
- Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.--
- (1) PURPOSE.--The primary purposes of the student assessment program are to provide information needed to improve the public schools by enhancing the learning gains of all students and to inform parents of the educational progress of their public school children. The program must be designed to:
- (a) Assess the annual learning gains of each student toward achieving the <u>World Class Education</u> Standards appropriate for the student's grade level.
- (3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.--The commissioner shall design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.

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The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:

- the content knowledge and a list that specifies student skills expected of a student by and competencies to which the goals for education specified in the state plan apply, including, but not limited to, reading, writing, science, and mathematics. The skills and competencies must include problem solving and higher-order skills as appropriate and shall be known as the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards as defined in s. 1000.21. The commissioner shall select such skills and competencies after receiving recommendations from educators, citizens, and members of the business community. The commissioner shall submit to the State Board of Education revisions to the list of student skills and competencies in order to maintain continuous progress toward improvements in student proficiency.
- (c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program to measure reading; writing; science; social studies, with an emphasis on

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history, government, civics, and United States patriotism and national sovereignty; r and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. The assessment of reading and mathematics shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 10. The assessment of writing, and science, and social studies shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. The content knowledge and skills assessed by the FCAT must be aligned to the content knowledge and skills expected of a student by the World Class Education Standards. As the Sunshine State Standards are replaced by the World Class Education Standards under s. 1001.03(1), the commissioner, to the maximum extent practicable, shall expedite revision of the FCAT for alignment to the standards. The commissioner shall report any barriers to expedited alignment to the State Board of Education, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The state board shall consider the use of other validated assessments, including, but not limited to, assessments administered by other states, to expedite alignment of the FCAT to the World Class Education Standards. The commissioner must document the procedures used to ensure that the versions of the FCAT which are taken by students retaking the grade 10 FCAT are equally as challenging and difficult as the tests taken by students in grade 10 which contain performance tasks. The testing program must be designed so that:

1. The tests measure student  $\underline{\text{content knowledge and}}$  skills  $\underline{\text{and competencies}}$  adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report

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student proficiency levels of all students assessed in reading; writing; mathematics; and social studies, with an emphasis on history, government, civics, and United States patriotism and national sovereignty. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input for with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from state educators, assistive technology experts, and the public.

- 2. The testing program will include a combination of norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests and include, to the extent determined by the commissioner, questions that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a manner in which the content knowledge and way that the skills used by the student and competencies he or she uses can be measured.
- 3. Each testing program, whether at the elementary, middle, or high school level, includes a test of writing in which students are required to produce writings that are then scored by appropriate and timely methods.
- 4. A score is designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
- 5. Except as provided in s. 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a passing score on the grade

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10 assessment test described in this paragraph or attain concordant scores as described in subsection (9) in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall only apply to students taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.

Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom instructional accommodations that would not be available or permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate

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the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of the FCAT. However, instructional accommodations are allowable in the classroom if included in a student's individual education plan. Students using instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations on the FCAT may have the FCAT requirement waived under pursuant to the requirements of s. 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b).

- 7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
- 8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the <u>content</u> <u>knowledge and</u> skills <u>and competencies</u> necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, <u>mathematics</u>, <u>science</u>, and <u>social studies math</u>. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required <u>content knowledge and</u> skills <u>and competencies</u> are part of the district instructional programs.
- 9. District school boards must provide opportunities for students to demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized assessment approved by the State Board

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of Education following enrollment in summer academies.

- 10. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the content knowledge and skills and competencies established in the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards.
- 11. For students seeking a special diploma <u>under pursuant</u> to s. 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures the <u>content knowledge and skills and competencies</u> established in the <u>World Class Education Sunshine State</u> Standards for students with disabilities under s. 1003.438.
- 12. The commissioner shall establish a testing schedule that provides for administration of the FCAT as close to the end of the school year as practicable while reporting test scores before the end of the school year. The commissioner shall consider computer-based testing and other strategies for reducing the time for reporting test results. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year, the FCAT Writing assessment may not be administered before March 1 and the other FCAT assessments may not be administered before April 15.
- 13. A student earns the designation of "proficient" in a subject area for a grade level if the student earns a score on the FCAT that demonstrates proficiency in the subject area for that grade level. The commissioner shall determine scores demonstrating proficiency in each subject area and grade level

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of the FCAT. The commissioner's determination shall limit the proficiency designation to scores earned by the highest performing students.

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The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from school districts, design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively monitor educational achievement in the state, including the measurement of educational achievement of the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. Development and refinement of assessments shall include universal design principles and accessibility standards that will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the test. These principles should be applicable to all technology platforms and assistive devices available for the assessments. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the statewide assessment program must include an appropriate percentage of students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the effect of test items on such students.

(4) DISTRICT TESTING PROGRAMS.--Each district school board shall periodically assess student performance and achievement within each school of the district. The assessment programs must be based upon local goals and objectives that are compatible with the state plan for education and that supplement the content knowledge and skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education. All school districts must participate in the statewide assessment program designed to measure annual

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student learning and school performance. All district school boards shall report assessment results as required by the state management information system.

Section 21. Section 1008.222, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

## 1008.222 End-of-course examinations.--

- (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that effective assessment measures be developed and implemented for subject areas that are not included within the statewide assessment system under s. 1008.22 or included as acceptable examinations as provided in section 2 of chapter 2007-3, Laws of Florida.
- examination" means a locally developed, state-developed, or nationally developed comprehensive examination based on the instructional content of a complete semester or year-long course. Comprehensive end-of-course examinations must be aligned to the most currently adopted state standards and must account for at least 15 percent of a student's grade. Comprehensive end-of-course examinations must provide for at least 50 percent of the student assessment to be based on extended written responses, application or performance of content skills, and measures of critical thinking.
- (3) The Department of Education shall disseminate to all school districts information regarding the most effective practices in the development and administration of locally developed, state-developed, and nationally developed comprehensive end-of-course examinations as described in this section. This information must be provided to school districts

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in an electronic format by July 1, 2008, and must be updated a minimum of twice annually.

- (4) Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, school districts that administer end-of-course examinations for merit award programs under s. 1012.225 must comply with this section.
- Section 22. Subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (4), paragraph (b) of subsection (6), paragraph (b) of subsection (7), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1008.25 Public school student progression; remedial instruction; reporting requirements.--
- (1) INTENT.--It is the intent of the Legislature that each student's progression from one grade to another be determined, in part, upon proficiency in reading, writing, science, social studies, and mathematics; that district school board policies facilitate such proficiency; and that each student and his or her parent be informed of that student's academic progress.
- (2) COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAM.--Each district school board shall establish a comprehensive program for student progression which must include:
- (b) Specific levels of performance in reading, writing, science, social studies, and mathematics for each grade level, including the levels of performance on statewide assessments as defined by the commissioner, below which a student must receive remediation, or be retained within an intensive program that is different from the previous year's program and that takes into account the student's learning style.

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(4) ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION. --

- (a) Each student must participate in the statewide assessment tests required by s. 1008.22. Each student who does not meet specific levels of performance as determined by the district school board in reading, writing, science, social studies, and mathematics for each grade level, or who scores below Level 3 in reading or math, must be provided with additional diagnostic assessments to determine the nature of the student's difficulty, the areas of academic need, and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction as described in paragraph (b).
- (c) Upon subsequent evaluation, if the documented deficiency has not been remediated, the student may be retained. Each student who does not meet the minimum performance expectations defined by the Commissioner of Education for the statewide assessment tests in reading, writing, science, social studies, and mathematics must continue to be provided with remedial or supplemental instruction until the expectations are met or the student graduates from high school or is not subject to compulsory school attendance.
  - (6) ELIMINATION OF SOCIAL PROMOTION. --
- (b) The district school board may only exempt students from mandatory retention, as provided in paragraph (5)(b), for good cause. Good cause exemptions shall be limited to the following:
- 1. Limited English proficient students who have had less than 2 years of instruction in an English for Speakers of Other Languages program.

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2. Students with disabilities whose individual education plan indicates that participation in the statewide assessment program is not appropriate, consistent with the requirements of State Board of Education rule.

- 3. Students who demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment approved by the State Board of Education.
- 4. Students who demonstrate, through a student portfolio, that the student is reading on grade level as evidenced by demonstration of mastery of the <u>World Class Education</u> State Standards in reading equal to at least a Level 2 performance on the FCAT.
- 5. Students with disabilities who participate in the FCAT and who have an individual education plan or a Section 504 plan that reflects that the student has received intensive remediation in reading for more than 2 years but still demonstrates a deficiency in reading and was previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or grade 3.
- 6. Students who have received intensive remediation in reading for 2 or more years but still demonstrate a deficiency in reading and who were previously retained in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or grade 3 for a total of 2 years. Intensive reading instruction for students so promoted must include an altered instructional day that includes specialized diagnostic information and specific reading strategies for each student. The district school board shall assist schools and teachers to implement reading strategies that research has shown to be successful in improving reading among low-performing readers.

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(7) SUCCESSFUL PROGRESSION FOR RETAINED READERS. --

- (b) Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, each school district shall:
- 1. Conduct a review of student progress monitoring plans for all students who did not score above Level 1 on the reading portion of the FCAT and did not meet the criteria for one of the good cause exemptions in paragraph (6)(b). The review shall address additional supports and services, as described in this subsection, needed to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency. The school district shall require a student portfolio to be completed for each such student.
- 2. Provide students who are retained under the provisions of paragraph (5)(b) with intensive instructional services and supports to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency, including a minimum of 90 minutes of daily, uninterrupted, scientifically research-based reading instruction and other strategies prescribed by the school district, which may include, but are not limited to:
  - a. Small group instruction.
    - b. Reduced teacher-student ratios.
  - c. More frequent progress monitoring.
- d. Tutoring or mentoring.

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- e. Transition classes containing 3rd and 4th grade students.
  - f. Extended school day, week, or year.
- g. Summer reading camps.
- 3. Provide written notification to the parent of any student who is retained under the provisions of paragraph (5)(b)

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that his or her child has not met the proficiency level required for promotion and the reasons the child is not eligible for a good cause exemption as provided in paragraph (6)(b). The notification must comply with the provisions of s. 1002.20(15) and must include a description of proposed interventions and supports that will be provided to the child to remediate the identified areas of reading deficiency.

- 4. Implement a policy for the midyear promotion of any student retained under the provisions of paragraph (5)(b) who can demonstrate that he or she is a successful and independent reader, reading at or above grade level, and ready to be promoted to grade 4. Tools that school districts may use in reevaluating any student retained may include subsequent assessments, alternative assessments, and portfolio reviews, in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education. Students promoted during the school year after November 1 must demonstrate proficiency above that required to score at Level 2 on the grade 3 FCAT, as determined by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall adopt standards that provide a reasonable expectation that the student's progress is sufficient to master appropriate 4th grade level reading skills.
- 5. Provide students who are retained under the provisions of paragraph (5)(b) with a high-performing teacher as determined by student performance data and above-satisfactory performance appraisals.
- 6. In addition to required reading enhancement and acceleration strategies, provide parents of students to be

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retained with at least one of the following instructional options:

- a. Supplemental tutoring in scientifically research-based reading services in addition to the regular reading block, including tutoring before and/or after school.
- b. A "Read at Home" plan outlined in a parental contract, including participation in "Families Building Better Readers Workshops" and regular parent-guided home reading.
  - c. A mentor or tutor with specialized reading training.
- 7. Establish a Reading Enhancement and Acceleration Development (READ) Initiative. The focus of the READ Initiative shall be to prevent the retention of grade 3 students and to offer intensive accelerated reading instruction to grade 3 students who failed to meet standards for promotion to grade 4 and to each K-3 student who is assessed as exhibiting a reading deficiency. The READ Initiative shall:
- a. Be provided to all K-3 students at risk of retention as identified by the statewide assessment system used in Reading First schools. The assessment must measure phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.
- b. Be provided during regular school hours in addition to the regular reading instruction.
- c. Provide a state-identified reading curriculum that has been reviewed by the Florida Center for Reading Research at Florida State University and meets, at a minimum, the following specifications:
- (I) Assists students assessed as exhibiting a reading deficiency in developing the ability to read at grade level.

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(II) Provides skill development in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.

(III) Provides scientifically based and reliable assessment.

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- (IV) Provides initial and ongoing analysis of each student's reading progress.
  - (V) Is implemented during regular school hours.
- (VI) Provides a curriculum in core academic subjects to assist the student in maintaining or meeting proficiency levels for the appropriate grade in all academic subjects.
- 8. Establish at each school, where applicable, an Intensive Acceleration Class for retained grade 3 students who subsequently score at Level 1 on the reading portion of the FCAT. The focus of the Intensive Acceleration Class shall be to increase a child's reading level at least two grade levels in 1 school year. The Intensive Acceleration Class shall:
- a. Be provided to any student in grade 3 who scores at Level 1 on the reading portion of the FCAT and who was retained in grade 3 the prior year because of scoring at Level 1 on the reading portion of the FCAT.
  - b. Have a reduced teacher-student ratio.
- c. Provide uninterrupted reading instruction for the majority of student contact time each day and incorporate opportunities to master the <u>World Class Education Standards for</u> grade 4 <u>Sunshine State Standards</u> in other core subject areas.
- d. Use a reading program that is scientifically researchbased and has proven results in accelerating student reading achievement within the same school year.

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e. Provide intensive language and vocabulary instruction using a scientifically research-based program, including use of a speech-language therapist.

- f. Include weekly progress monitoring measures to ensure progress is being made.
- g. Report to the Department of Education, in the manner described by the department, the progress of students in the class at the end of the first semester.
- 9. Report to the State Board of Education, as requested, on the specific intensive reading interventions and supports implemented at the school district level. The Commissioner of Education shall annually prescribe the required components of requested reports.
- 10. Provide a student who has been retained in grade 3 and has received intensive instructional services but is still not ready for grade promotion, as determined by the school district, the option of being placed in a transitional instructional setting. Such setting shall specifically be designed to produce learning gains sufficient to meet grade 4 performance standards while continuing to remediate the areas of reading deficiency.
  - (8) ANNUAL REPORT. --

(a) In addition to the requirements in paragraph (5)(b), each district school board must annually report to the parent of each student the progress of the student toward achieving state and district expectations for proficiency in reading, writing, science, social studies, and mathematics. The district school board must report to the parent the student's results on each statewide assessment test. The evaluation of each student's

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progress must be based upon the student's classroom work, observations, tests, district and state assessments, and other relevant information. Progress reporting must be provided to the parent in writing in a format adopted by the district school board.

Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1008.385, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.385 Educational planning and information systems. --

(1) EDUCATIONAL PLANNING. --

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(b) Each district school board shall maintain a continuing system of planning and budgeting designed to aid in identifying and meeting the educational needs of students and the public. Provision shall be made for coordination between district school boards and community college boards of trustees concerning the planning for career education and adult educational programs. The major emphasis of the system shall be upon locally determined goals and objectives, the state plan for education, and the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards developed by the Department of Education and adopted by the State Board of Education. The district planning and budgeting system must include consideration of student achievement data obtained pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 1008.34. The system shall be structured to meet the specific management needs of the district and to align the budget adopted by the district school board with the plan the board has also adopted. Each district school board shall utilize its system of planning and budgeting to emphasize a system of school-based management in which individual school centers become the principal planning units

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and to integrate planning and budgeting at the school level.

- Section 24. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.--If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:
- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.--The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
- (e) Funding model for exceptional student education programs.--
- 1.a. The funding model uses basic, at-risk, support levels IV and V for exceptional students and career Florida Education Finance Program cost factors, and a guaranteed allocation for exceptional student education programs. Exceptional education cost factors are determined by using a matrix of services to document the services that each exceptional student will receive. The nature and intensity of the services indicated on the matrix shall be consistent with the services described in each exceptional student's individual educational plan.
- b. In order to generate funds using one of the two weighted cost factors, a matrix of services must be completed at the time of the student's initial placement into an exceptional student education program and at least once every 3 years by

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personnel who have received approved training. Nothing listed in the matrix shall be construed as limiting the services a school district must provide in order to ensure that exceptional students are provided a free, appropriate public education.

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- c. Students identified as exceptional, in accordance with chapter 6A-6, Florida Administrative Code, who do not have a matrix of services as specified in sub-subparagraph b. shall generate funds on the basis of full-time-equivalent student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program at the same funding level per student as provided for basic students. Additional funds for these exceptional students will be provided through the guaranteed allocation designated in subparagraph 2.
- For students identified as exceptional who do not have a matrix of services, there is created a guaranteed allocation to provide these students with a free appropriate public education, in accordance with s. 1001.42(4)(m) and rules of the State Board of Education, which shall be allocated annually to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program, and the amount allocated for each school district shall not be recalculated during the year. These funds shall be used to provide special education and related services for exceptional students. Beginning with the 2007-2008 fiscal year, a school district's expenditure of funds from the guaranteed allocation for students in grades 9 through 12 who are gifted may not be greater than the amount expended during the 2006-2007 fiscal year for gifted students in grades 9

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1429 through 12. Paragraph (o) of subsection (2) of section 1430 Section 25. 1431 1012.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1432 Teacher recruitment and retention. --1433 (2) The Department of Education shall: 1434 Develop and implement an online Teacher Toolkit that 1435 contains a menu of resources, based on the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards, that all teachers can use to enhance 1436 1437 classroom instruction and increase teacher effectiveness, thus 1438 resulting in improved student achievement. 1439 Section 26. Subsection (5) of section 1012.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1440 1441 Public school personnel; duties of school 1012.28 1442 principals. --Each school principal shall perform such duties as may 1443 1444 be assigned by the district school superintendent, pursuant to the rules of the district school board. Such rules shall 1445 include, but are not limited to, rules relating to 1446 1447 administrative responsibility, instructional leadership in implementing the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards 1448 1449 and the overall educational program of the school to which the 1450 school principal is assigned, submission of personnel recommendations to the district school superintendent, 1451 1452 administrative responsibility for records and reports,

1012.52 Teacher quality; legislative findings.--

Subsection (1) of section 1012.52, Florida

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administration of corporal punishment, and student suspension.

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Section 27.

Statutes, is amended to read:

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approach to increase students' academic achievement and improve teaching quality. The Legislature recognizes that professional educators play an important role in shaping the future of this state and the nation by developing the knowledge and skills of our future workforce and laying the foundation for good citizenship and full participation in community and civic life. The Legislature also recognizes its role in meeting the state's educational priorities so as to provide opportunity for all students to achieve at the levels set by the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards.

Section 28. Subsection (4) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.56 Educator certification requirements.--

- (4) MASTERY OF SUBJECT AREA KNOWLEDGE.--Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of subject area knowledge are:
- (a) Achievement of passing scores on subject area examinations required by state board rule;
- (b) Completion of the subject area specialization requirements specified in state board rule and verification of the attainment of the essential subject matter competencies by the district school superintendent of the employing school district or chief administrative officer of the employing state-supported or private school for a subject area for which a subject area examination has not been developed and required by state board rule;
- (c) Completion of the subject area specialization requirements specified in state board rule for a subject

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coverage requiring a master's or higher degree and achievement of a passing score on the subject area examination specified in state board rule;

- (d) A valid professional standard teaching certificate issued by another state; or
- (e) A valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a national educator credentialing board approved by the State Board of Education.

School districts are encouraged to provide mechanisms for those middle school teachers holding only a K-6 teaching certificate to obtain a subject area coverage for middle grades through postsecondary coursework or district add-on certification. As the Sunshine State Standards are replaced by the World Class Education Standards under s. 1001.03(1), the State Board of Education shall align the subject area examinations to the World Class Education Standards.

- (7) PROFESSIONAL PREPARATION ALTERNATIVE CERTIFICATION AND EDUCATION COMPETENCY PROGRAM.--
- (a) The Department of Education shall develop and each school district must provide a cohesive competency-based professional preparation alternative certification program by which members of a school district's instructional staff may satisfy the mastery of professional preparation and education competence requirements specified in this subsection and rules of the State Board of Education. Participants must hold a state-issued temporary certificate. A school district shall provide a competency-based alternative certification preparation program

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developed by the Department of Education or developed by the district and approved by the Department of Education. The program shall include the following components:

- 1. A minimum period of initial preparation prior to assuming duties as the teacher of record.
- 2. An option for collaboration between school districts and other supporting agencies for implementation.
  - 3. Experienced peer mentors.

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- 4. An assessment that provides for:
- a. An initial evaluation of each educator's competencies to determine an appropriate individualized professional development plan.
- b. A postevaluation to assure successful completion of the program.
  - 5. Professional education preparation content knowledge that includes, but is not limited to, the following:
  - a. Requirements specified in state board rule for professional preparation.
  - b. The educator-accomplished practices approved by the state board.
    - c. A variety of data indicators for student progress.
  - d. Methodologies, including technology-based methodologies, for teaching subject content that supports the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards for students.
    - e. Techniques for effective classroom management.
- f. Techniques and strategies for operationalizing the role of the teacher in assuring a safe learning environment for students.

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g. Methodologies for assuring the ability of all students to read, write, and compute.

- 6. Required achievement of passing scores on the professional education competency examination required by state board rule.
- Section 29. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1012.585, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1548 1012.585 Process for renewal of professional 1549 certificates.--

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- (3) For the renewal of a professional certificate, the following requirements must be met:
- The applicant must earn a minimum of 6 college credits or 120 inservice points or a combination thereof. For each area of specialization to be retained on a certificate, the applicant must earn at least 3 of the required credit hours or equivalent inservice points in the specialization area. Education in "clinical educator" training under <del>pursuant to</del> s. 1004.04(6)(b) and credits or points that provide training in the area of scientifically researched, knowledge-based reading literacy and computational skills acquisition, exceptional student education, normal child development, and the disorders of development may be applied toward any specialization area. Credits or points that provide training in the areas of drug abuse, child abuse and neglect, strategies in teaching students having limited proficiency in English, or dropout prevention, or training in areas identified in the educational goals and performance standards adopted under pursuant to ss. 1000.03(5) and 1008.345 may be applied toward any specialization area. Credits or points

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earned through approved summer institutes may be applied toward the fulfillment of these requirements. <u>Inservice points earned under s. 1012.98(4)(b)5.d.</u> for inservice activities on the content and instruction of the World Class Education Standards may be applied toward any specialization area. Inservice points may also be earned by participation in professional growth components approved by the State Board of Education and specified <u>under pursuant to s. 1012.98</u> in the district's approved master plan for inservice educational training, including, but not limited to, serving as a trainer in an approved teacher training activity, serving on an instructional materials committee or a state board or commission that deals with educational issues, or serving on an advisory council created <u>under pursuant to s. 1001.452.</u>

Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 1012.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.72 Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program. --

(1) The Legislature recognizes that teachers play a critical role in preparing students to achieve the high levels of academic performance expected by the World Class Education Sunshine State Standards. The Legislature further recognizes the importance of identifying and rewarding teaching excellence and of encouraging good teachers to become excellent teachers. The Legislature finds that the National Board of Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) has established high and rigorous standards for accomplished teaching and has developed a national voluntary system for assessing and certifying teachers who demonstrate teaching excellence by meeting those standards. It

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is therefore the Legislature's intent to provide incentives for teachers to seek NBPTS certification and to reward teachers who demonstrate teaching excellence by attaining NBPTS certification and sharing their expertise with other teachers.

Section 31. Subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (12) and (13) are added to that section, to read:

1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.--

- (1) The Department of Education, public postsecondary educational institutions, public school districts, public schools, state education foundations, consortia, and professional organizations in this state shall work collaboratively to establish a coordinated system of professional development. The purpose of the professional development system is to increase student achievement, enhance classroom instructional strategies that promote rigor and relevance throughout the curriculum, and prepare students for continuing education and the workforce. The system of professional development must align to the World Class Education Standards adopted by the state and support the framework for standards adopted by the National Staff Development Council.
- (4) The Department of Education, school districts, schools, community colleges, and state universities share the responsibilities described in this section. These responsibilities include the following:
- (b) Each school district shall develop a professional development system as specified in subsection (3). The system shall be developed in consultation with teachers, teacher-

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educators of community colleges and state universities, business and community representatives, and local education foundations, consortia, and professional organizations. The professional development system must:

1. Be approved by the department. All substantial revisions to the system <u>must</u> shall be submitted to the department for review for continued approval.

- 2. Be based on analyses of student achievement data and instructional strategies and methods that support rigorous, relevant, and challenging curricula for all students. Schools and districts, in developing and refining the professional development system, shall also review and monitor school discipline data; school environment surveys; assessments of parental satisfaction; performance appraisal data of teachers, managers, and administrative personnel; and other performance indicators to identify school and student needs that can be met by improved professional performance.
- 3. Provide inservice activities coupled with followup support appropriate to accomplish state, district, district—level and school school level improvement goals and standards. The inservice activities for instructional personnel shall focus on analysis of student achievement data, ongoing formal and informal assessments of student achievement, identification and use of enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies that emphasize rigor, relevance, and reading in the content areas, enhancement of subject content expertise, integrated use of classroom technology that enhances teaching and learning, classroom management, parent involvement, and school safety. As

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the Sunshine State Standards are replaced by the World Class Education Standards under s. 1001.03(1), a school district must align its inservice activities to the World Class Education Standards.

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- Include a master plan for inservice activities, in 4. accordance with pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education, for all district employees from all fund sources. The master plan shall be updated annually by September 1, must be based on input from teachers and district and school instructional leaders, and must use the latest available student achievement data and research to enhance rigor and relevance in the classroom. Each district inservice plan must be aligned to and support the school-based inservice plans and school improvement plans under pursuant to s. 1001.42(16). District plans must be approved by the district school board annually in order to ensure compliance with subsection (1) and to allow for dissemination of research-based best practices to other districts. District school boards must submit verification of their approval to the Commissioner of Education by no later than October 1 of each year, annually.
- 5. Require each school principal to establish and maintain an individual professional development plan for each instructional employee assigned to the school as a seamless component to the school improvement plans developed <u>under pursuant to</u> s. 1001.42(16). The individual professional development plan must:
- a. Be related to specific performance data for the students to whom the teacher is assigned.

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b. Define the inservice objectives and specific measurable improvements expected in student performance as a result of the inservice activity.

c. Include an evaluation component that determines the effectiveness of the professional development plan.

- d. Require the instructional employee to earn at least 20 inservice points for inservice activities on the content and instruction of the World Class Education Standards. The award of inservice points is conditioned upon the employee's passage of an inservice examination of the knowledge and skills presented through the inservice activities. An instructional employee is required to take only those parts of an inservice examination on subject areas for which the employee holds certification or endorsement. If an instructional employee passes the inservice examination after completing less than 20 inservice hours, the employee is awarded a total of 20 inservice points. The Department of Education shall establish minimum competencies for the inservice examinations. An instructional employee must earn the inservice points for at least one subject area by the end of the next school year after:
- (I) Initial adoption of the World Class Education Standards for the subject area; and
- (II) Subsequent adoption of the World Class Education

  Standards for the subject area if the Commissioner of Education

  determines that the standards for the subject area are

  substantially revised from the previously adopted standards.

If the instructional employee holds certification or endorsement

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in more than one subject area, the employee must earn the required inservice points for the remaining subject areas before the employee's educator certificate is required to be renewed.

However, if this sub-subparagraph requires the instructional employee to earn the inservice points within the last 2 years of the employee's recertification period, the employee must earn the inservice points for at least one subject area per year and must earn all of the inservice points for the remaining subject areas within 2 years after the employee's educator certificate is required to be renewed.

- 6. Include inservice activities for school administrative personnel that address updated skills necessary for instructional leadership and effective school management <u>under pursuant to</u> s. 1012.986.
- 7. Provide for systematic consultation with regional and state personnel designated to provide technical assistance and evaluation of local professional development programs.
- 8. Provide for delivery of professional development by distance learning and other technology-based delivery systems to reach more educators at lower costs.
- 9. Provide for the continuous evaluation of the quality and effectiveness of professional development programs in order to eliminate ineffective programs and strategies and to expand effective ones. Evaluations must consider the impact of such activities on the performance of participating educators and their students' achievement and behavior.
- (12) The State Board of Education shall require the statewide standardized delivery of inservice activities for

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Florida educators on the content and instruction of the World Class Education Standards. The effectiveness of the inservice activities shall be evaluated using performance outcomes of both the educator and the educator's students.

- standardized professional development for educators on the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test, and all Florida educators must participate in the professional development. The professional development shall include, at a minimum, instruction on how the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test is developed and scored, what information is available to parents and students about the test, the ethical and professional standards of instruction aligned to state-adopted standards and the importance of not teaching to the test, and the process used in grading schools for the state's accountability system.
  - Section 32. Funding for professional development.--
- (1) By January 15, 2008, each school district shall submit to the Department of Education, in the format prescribed by the department, an inventory of all professional development programs offered by the district during the 2006-2007 fiscal year. The department shall compile a statewide inventory of the programs using the information submitted by each district.
- (2) (a) The Department of Education and school districts shall give priority in the allocation and use of professional development funds provided for the 2008-2009 fiscal year to professional development programs on the World Class Education Standards that have measurable outcomes, with an emphasis on programs delivered through the use of information technology.

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1765	(b) By December 31, 2009, each school district shall
1766	submit to the Department of Education, in the format prescribed
1767	by the department, a report detailing the district's use of
1768	professional development funds during the 2008-2009 fiscal year.
1769	The report, at a minimum, shall identify each program within the
1770	district that is provided state funds, the portion of the
1771	program devoted to professional development on the World Class
1772	Education Standards, and the measurable outcomes of the program.
1773	Section 33. After-school programs
1774	(1) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
1775	Accountability, by January 1, 2008, shall submit a report to the
1776	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
1777	House of Representatives on after-school programs. The report
1778	shall:
1779	(a) Review different types of public and private after-
1780	school programs available for families;
1781	(b) Identify strong accountability measures, including
1782	outcomes, that could be used to measure the success of after-
1783	school programs;
1784	(c) Review existing research that analyzes the types of
1785	after-school programs that provide important educational
1786	benefits for students and families;
1787	(d) Include options for providing incentives to create
1788	public-private partnerships to expand after-school programs;

- public-private partnerships to expand after-school programs;
- Review how the state could maximize federal funding of after-school programs, including, but not limited to, an examination of current methods for obtaining funding from the Federal Government, including grants, and other methods for

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obtaining federal funding; and

- (f) Provide options for correcting the state's deficiencies in obtaining federal funding for after-school programs, if the report finds any deficiencies, and the projected cost of implementing those options.
- Accountability, in conducting research for the report, shall consult with the Department of Education, the Department of Children and Family Services, and other interested entities that may offer unique experiences and perspectives on after-school programs.

Section 34. Gifted student education. --

- (1) By December 1, 2007, the Office of Program Policy
  Analysis and Government Accountability shall submit a report to
  the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
  House of Representatives, and the Commissioner of Education on
  gifted services and programming provided to public school
  students in kindergarten through grade 12. The report shall
  include findings based on the following:
  - (a) A survey of each school district to identify:
- 1. The methods used to identify gifted students, which may include, but are not limited to, screenings of the general population and referral-based intelligence quotient testing, and the grade levels and number of schools using each method.
- 2. The number of gifted students identified under each of the methods specified under subparagraph 1. during the 2005-2006 and 2006-2007 school years.
  - 3. Whether the district implements a plan under rule 6A-

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6.03019(2)(b), Florida Administrative Code, to increase the participation of students from underrepresented groups in gifted programming and the number of students by grade level who were identified as gifted under such a plan in the 2005-2006 and 2006-2007 school years.

- 4. The types of services and programming provided to gifted students according to grade level, the number of schools in which the services and programming are offered, and the number of students by grade level who received the services and programming during the 2005-2006 and 2006-2007 school years.

  Services and programming identified for high school students shall be limited to core courses coded with state course code numbers identifying the courses as honors or gifted.
- 5. The amount of the exceptional student education guaranteed allocation expended by the district during the 2005-2006 and 2006-2007 school years for gifted services and programming according to each grade level and school within the district.
- (b) An assessment of the advantages and disadvantages of current Florida law that classifies gifted students as exceptional students.
- (c) An evaluation of the gifted eligibility criteria in rule 6A-6.03019, Florida Administrative Code, and in school district plans under paragraph (2)(b) of that rule and a determination of the effect that applying the criteria has on the racial and ethnic diversity of gifted services and programming.
  - (d) A review of the practices of other states for

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identifying gifted students and for providing and funding gifted services and programming.

- (e) An examination of peer-reviewed literature concerning best practices for serving gifted and otherwise academically talented students.
- (2) The report shall include, but is not limited to, a summary, discussion, and evaluation of the findings under subsection (1); recommendations for the improvement of gifted identification practices and services and programming provided to students in kindergarten through grade 12 who are gifted or otherwise academically talented; and proposed statutory changes to implement the report's recommendations.

Section 35. Visual and performing arts education.--By
February 1, 2008, the Commissioner of Education shall submit a
report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
Speaker of the House of Representatives on the opportunities
available to students in this state for participation in visual
and performing arts education in K-12 public schools. The report
shall include the following elements:

- (1) Enrollment data for students enrolled in visual and performing arts courses for the previous 5 school years, reported separately for music, visual arts, theatre, and dance by grade level; and
- (2) An analysis of the correlation between a student's participation in visual and performing arts education and overall student performance. The analysis shall examine the number of credits in visual and performing arts taken by grade 12 students in public high school during the previous 5 school

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years compared to the students' high school graduation rates, grade point averages, and attendance.

Section 36. Public-Private Partnering Task Force. --

- (1) Effective upon this act becoming a law, there is created the Public-Private Partnering Task Force. The task force is composed of the following members: the Secretary of

  Management Services or the secretary's designee, who shall serve as chair; the chair of the State Board of Education or the chair's designee, who shall serve as vice chair; and five members who are not members of the Legislature or school district officers or employees and who have a broad variety of business experience in public-private partnering, one of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, two of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, and two of whom shall be appointed by Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (2) The members of the task force shall be appointed by July 1, 2007, and shall convene the initial meeting of the task force by August 1, 2007.
- (3) The task force is assigned to the Department of
  Management Services for administrative purposes. Members of the
  task force are entitled to per diem and travel expenses under s.
  112.061, Florida Statutes, and are subject to the Code of Ethics
  for Public Officers and Employees under part III of chapter 112,
  Florida Statutes.
- (4) By February 1, 2008, the task force shall submit recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The recommendations shall include, but are not limited to, the

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## 1905 following:

- (a) Recommendations on public-private partnering for school construction, leasing, and maintenance that relate to:
- 1. The feasibility and advisability of, and possible methodologies for, achieving greater facilities construction and maintenance cost efficiencies and reducing construction times through public-private partnering.
- 2. Optimal design and performance standards for safe and functional school facilities that are space efficient and technologically advanced.
- 3. Optimal construction standards that ensure appropriate industry standards and optimal life cycles, including, but not limited to, standards for optimal size of core facility space, design-build performance contracting, energy efficiency, and life-cycle systems costing.
- 4. Maintenance, repair, renovation, remodeling, and site acquisition standards, guidelines, and protocols.
- 5. Optimal use of permanent versus relocatable facilities and protocols for decisionmaking regarding both facility options.
- 6. Protocols for regular assessments of facility capacity to ensure maximization of space utilization.
- 7. Energy performance contracting with guaranteed annual energy savings.
- (b) Recommendations on public-private partnering for school transportation services that relate to:
  - 1. Fuel and bus efficiencies.
- 2. Route planning, times, and design efficiencies.

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L933	(c) Recommendations on public-private partnering for
L934	school food services that relate to:
L935	1. Relevant federal law and implications.
L936	2. Potential liability issues.
L937	3. Quality control.
L938	(5) Upon delivery of its final report and recommendations,
L939	the task force is abolished.
L940	Section 37. The sum of \$2,525,000 is appropriated from the
L941	General Revenue Fund to the Department of Education for the
L942	2007-2008 fiscal year for purposes of implementing this act.
L943	Section 38. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
L944	act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2007.

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