1

A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to expenses of motor vehicle crashes; creating s. 324.0221, F.S.; prohibiting an owner or 3 4 operator of a motor vehicle from recovering noneconomic 5 damages if proof of financial responsibility is not established; providing exceptions; amending s. 400.990, 6 F.S.; providing additional legislative findings; amending 7 8 s. 400.9905, F.S.; redefining the term "clinic" for 9 purposes of the Health Care Clinic Act to include certain 10 additional providers; excluding certain facilities owned 11 by publicly traded corporations; defining the term "specialty clinic"; including certain facilities owned by 12 publicly traded corporations excluded by the definition of 13 the term "clinic"; defining the terms "infusion therapy" 14 and "fraud"; amending s. 400.991, F.S.; requiring 15 specialty clinics to be subject to licensure requirements; 16 requiring additional persons to be subject to background 17 18 screening; revising certain requirements for applying for licensure as a health care clinic; creating additional 19 requirements for applying for licensure as a specialty 20 clinic; providing additional grounds under which an 21 applicant may be denied licensure due to a finding of 22 guilt for committing a felony; providing grounds for the 23 24 denial of specialty clinic licensure; amending s. 400.9925, F.S.; providing the agency with rulemaking 25 authority regarding specialty clinics; amending s. 26 27 400.993, F.S.; including specialty clinics within provisions regarding unlicensed clinics; amending s. 28

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29 400.9935, F.S.; including specialty clinics within 30 provisions regarding clinic responsibilities; revising the responsibilities of the medical director and the clinic 31 32 director; requiring clinic health care service providers to comply with the licensure laws and rules under which 33 they are licensed; providing for a certificate of 34 35 exemption from licensure as a clinic to expire within a specified period; providing for renewal of the certificate 36 37 of exemption; revising the application procedures for a 38 certificate of exemption; providing grounds for the 39 denial, withdrawal, or emergency suspension of a certificate of exemption by the Agency for Health Care 40 Administration; providing criminal penalties for an 41 applicant who submits fraudulent or material and 42 misleading information to the agency; requiring a 43 specialty clinic to file an audited report with the agency 44 45 no less frequently than annually; requiring a specialty 46 clinic to maintain compliance with specified provisions; requiring health care clinics and specialty clinics to 47 display signs containing certain information relating to 48 insurance fraud; authorizing compliance inspections by the 49 Division of Insurance Fraud; requiring clinics to allow 50 inspection access; amending s. 400.995, F.S.; granting the 51 52 agency authority to impose administrative penalties against a specialty clinic; creating s. 400.996, F.S.; 53 54 creating a process whereby the agency receives, documents, 55 and processes complaints about specialty clinics; requiring the agency to request that complaints regarding 56

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billing fraud by a specialty clinic be made by sworn 57 58 affidavit; requiring the agency to refer to the Office of Fiscal Integrity within the Department of Financial 59 60 Services any sworn affidavit asserting billing fraud by a specialty clinic; requiring the department to report 61 findings regarding billing fraud by a specialty clinic to 62 the agency; requiring the department to refer an 63 investigation to prosecutorial authorities and provide 64 65 investigative assistance under certain circumstances; 66 providing criminal penalties for submission of an 67 affidavit asserting billing fraud by a specialty clinic that is without any factual basis; allowing the department 68 to conduct unannounced reviews, investigations, analyses, 69 and audits to investigate complaints of billing fraud by a 70 specialty clinic; authorizing the department to enter upon 71 the premises of a specialty clinic and immediately secure 72 73 copies of certain documents; requiring a specialty clinic 74 to allow full and immediate access to the premises and records of the clinic to a department officer or employee 75 76 under specified provisions; providing that failure to 77 provide such access is a ground for emergency suspension of the license of the specialty clinic; permitting the 78 agency to assess a fee against a specialty clinic equal to 79 the cost of conducting a review, investigation, analysis, 80 or audit performed by the agency or the department; 81 providing that all investigators designated by the Chief 82 83 Financial Officer to perform specified duties are law enforcement officers of the state; amending s. 456.072, 84

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85 F.S.; providing that intentionally providing false 86 information in an application for a certificate of exemption from clinic licensure constitutes grounds for 87 88 which disciplinary action may be taken; providing appropriations; authorizing positions and a salary rate; 89 reviving and reenacting ss. 627.730, 627.731, 627.732, 90 627.733, 627.734, 627.736, 627.737, 627.739, 627.7401, 91 627.7403, and 627.7405, F.S., the Florida Motor Vehicle 92 93 No-Fault Law, notwithstanding the repeal of such law 94 provided in s. 19, chapter 2003-411, Laws of Florida; 95 providing legislative intent concerning the application of the act; requiring insurers to deliver revised notices of 96 premium and policy changes to certain policyholders; 97 requiring insurers to cancel the policy and return any 98 unearned premium if the insured fails to timely respond to 99 the notice; providing for calculating the amount of 100 101 unearned premium; providing that a person purchasing a 102 motor vehicle insurance policy without personal injury protection coverage is exempt from the requirement for 103 such coverage and is not subject to certain liability 104 105 provisions for a specified period; requiring that insurers provide notice of the requirement for personal injury 106 107 protection coverage or add an endorsement to the policy 108 providing such coverage; providing for the future repeal 109 of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730, 110 627.731, 627.732, 627.733, 627.734, 627.736, 627.737, 111 627.739, 627.7401, 627.7403, and 627.7405, F.S.; providing an effective date. 112

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113 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 114 115 Section 1. Section 324.0221, Florida Statutes, is created 116 117 to read: 324.0221 Proof of responsibility required to recover 118 119 noneconomic damages. -- In any action to recover damages arising out of the operation or use of a motor vehicle, a person may not 120 121 recover noneconomic damages to compensate for pain, suffering, 122 inconvenience, or other noneconomic loss or damages if the 123 person was the owner or operator of a vehicle involved in the 124 accident and cannot establish that he or she maintained proof of 125 financial responsibility at the time of the accident by one of 126 the methods specified in s. 324.031. However, this restriction 127 shall not apply to noneconomic damages recovered from a person 128 who intentionally caused, or who acted in a grossly negligent 129 manner in causing, the injury giving rise to the noneconomic 130 damages. Section 2. Section 400.990, Florida Statutes, is amended 131 132 to read: 133 400.990 Short title; legislative findings.--This part, consisting of ss. 400.990 400.995, may be 134 (1)cited as the "Health Care Clinic Act." 135 136 (2)The Legislature finds that the regulation of health 137 care clinics must be strengthened to prevent significant cost and harm to consumers. The purpose of this part is to provide 138 139 for the licensure, establishment, and enforcement of basic standards for health care clinics and to provide administrative 140

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141 oversight by the Agency for Health Care Administration.

142 (3) The Legislature further finds the additional
143 regulation of specialty health care clinics is necessary to
144 prevent significant fraudulent practices in the provision of
145 infusion therapy services in this state.

146 (4) The purpose of this part is to provide for the
147 licensure, establishment, and enforcement of basic standards for
148 health care clinics and to provide administrative oversight by
149 the Agency for Health Care Administration.

Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 400.9905, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (8), (9), and (10) are added to that section, to read:

153

400.9905 Definitions.--

(4) "Clinic" means an entity at which health care services
are provided to individuals and which tenders charges for
reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a
portable equipment provider. For purposes of this part, the term
does not include and the licensure requirements of this part do
not apply to:

160 Entities licensed or registered by the state under (a) 161 chapter 395; or entities licensed or registered by the state and providing only health care services within the scope of services 162 163 authorized under their respective licenses granted under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this 164 165 chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or 166 167 chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 168 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; or providers certified under 42

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169 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that 170 provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care 171 services or other health care services by licensed practitioners 172 solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

173 Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities (b) licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; or 174 entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or 175 registered by the state and providing only health care services 176 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their 177 178 respective licenses granted under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 179 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, 180 part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, chapter 651; end-stage renal 181 182 disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; or providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or 183 184 subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric 185 hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners 186 solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an 187 (C) entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 188 189 395; or entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an entity licensed or registered by the state and providing only 190 191 health care services within the scope of services authorized 192 pursuant to their respective licenses granted under ss. 383.30-193 383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 194 195 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 196 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 42

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197 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; or providers certified under 42 198 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that 199 provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care 200 services by licensed practitioners solely within a hospital 201 under chapter 395.

Entities that are under common ownership, directly or 202 (d) indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the state 203 pursuant to chapter 395; or entities that are under common 204 205 ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or 206 registered by the state and providing only health care services 207 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their respective licenses granted under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 208 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, 209 210 chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, 211 part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, 212 213 subpart U; or providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, 214 subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed 215 216 practitioners solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 217 395.

(e) An entity that is exempt from federal taxation under
26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) or (4), an employee stock ownership plan
under 26 U.S.C. s. 409 that has a board of trustees not less
than two-thirds of which are Florida-licensed health care
practitioners and provides only physical therapy services under
physician orders, any community college or university clinic,
and any entity owned or operated by the federal or state

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225 government, including agencies, subdivisions, or municipalities 226 thereof.

227 (f) A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or 228 corporation, or other legal entity that provides health care services by physicians and physician assistants licensed under 229 chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 230 466 physicians covered by s. 627.419, that is directly 231 supervised by one or more of such physicians or physician 232 233 assistants, and that is wholly owned by one or more of those 234 physicians or physician assistants or by a physician or 235 physician assistant and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of 236 that that physician or physician assistant.

A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or 237 (g) 238 corporation, or other legal entity that provides health care 239 services by licensed health care practitioners under chapter 240 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 241 462, chapter 463, chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 480, chapter 242 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, chapter 491, or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012, 243 244 which entities are wholly owned by one or more licensed health 245 care practitioners, or the licensed health care practitioners set forth in this paragraph and the spouse, parent, child, or 246 247 sibling of a licensed health care practitioner, so long as one of the owners who is a licensed health care practitioner is 248 249 supervising the health care services business activities and is legally responsible for the entity's compliance with all federal 250 251 and state laws. However, a health care services provided may not exceed the scope of the licensed owner's health care 252

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253 practitioner may not supervise services beyond the scope of the 254 practitioner's license, except that, for the purposes of this 255 part, a clinic owned by a licensee in s. 456.053(3)(b) that 256 provides only services authorized pursuant to s. 456.053(3)(b) 257 may be supervised by a licensee specified in s. 456.053(3)(b).

(h) Clinical facilities affiliated with an accredited
medical school at which training is provided for medical
students, residents, or fellows.

(i) Entities that provide only oncology or radiation
therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or
chapter 459 or entities that provide oncology or radiation
therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or
chapter 459 which are owned by a corporation whose shares are
publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange.

(j) Clinical facilities affiliated with a college of
chiropractic accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education
at which training is provided for chiropractic students.

(k) Entities that provide licensed practitioners to staff emergency departments or to deliver anesthesia services in facilities licensed under chapter 395 and that derive at least 90 percent of their gross annual revenues from the provision of such services. Entities claiming an exemption from licensure under this paragraph must provide documentation demonstrating compliance.

(1) Orthotic or prosthetic Clinical facilities that are a
publicly traded corporation or that are wholly owned, directly
or indirectly, by a publicly traded corporation. As used in this
paragraph, a publicly traded corporation is a corporation that

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issues securities traded on an exchange registered with the 281 282 United States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national 283 securities exchange. (8) "Specialty clinic" means a clinic, as defined in 284 285 subsection (4), and includes those entities exempt under that subsection that are not licensed as home health agencies that 286 provide infusion therapy services to treat conditions caused by 287 or related to HIV or AIDS to outpatients who remain less than 24 288 289 hours at the facility or to patients who receive such services where they reside. The term does not include: 290 291 (a) Entities licensed under part II or part III; 292 (b) Entities licensed under part IV that provide infusion 293 therapy to patients only in the home or residence of the 294 patient; or 295 (c) Entities licensed under chapter 395. 296 "Infusion therapy" includes, but is not limited to, (9) 297 the therapeutic infusion of substances into, or the injection of 298 substances through, the venous peripheral system, consisting of 299 activity that includes: observing, initiating, monitoring, 300 discontinuing, maintaining, regulating, adjusting, documenting, planning, intervening, and evaluating. This definition embraces 301 the administration of nutrition, antibiotic therapy, and fluid 302 303 and electrolyte repletion. (10) "Fraud" means deception or misrepresentation made by 304 305 a person or business entity with the intent that the deception will likely result in an unauthorized benefit to himself or 306 307 herself or another person. The term includes any act that 308 constitutes fraud under applicable federal or state law.

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309 Section 4. Section 400.991, Florida Statutes, is amended 310 to read:

311 400.991 License requirements; background screenings; 312 prohibitions.--

313 (1) (a) The requirements of part II of chapter 408 apply to the provision of services that require licensure pursuant to 314 this part and part II of chapter 408 and to entities licensed by 315 or applying for such licensure from the agency pursuant to this 316 part. A license issued by the agency is required in order to 317 operate a clinic or specialty clinic in this state. Each clinic 318 319 or specialty clinic location shall be licensed separately regardless of whether the clinic or specialty clinic is operated 320 under the same business name or management as another clinic. 321

(b) Each mobile clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u> must obtain a separate health care clinic license and must provide to the agency, at least quarterly, its projected street location to enable the agency to locate and inspect such clinic <u>or specialty</u> <u>clinic</u>. A portable equipment provider must obtain a health care clinic license for a single administrative office and is not required to submit quarterly projected street locations.

329 (2) The initial clinic license application shall be filed
 330 with the agency by all clinics, as defined in s. 400.9905, on or
 331 before July 1, 2004.

332 (2) (a) (3) The license application shall contain 333 information that includes, but need not be limited to, 334 information pertaining to the name, residence and business 335 address, phone number, social security number, and license 336 number of the medical or clinic director and of the licensed

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337 medical providers employed or under contract with the clinic. 338 (b) Any person or entity that has a pecuniary interest in 339 the clinic or specialty clinic who may or may not own stock or an equivalent interest in the clinic or specialty clinic, but 340 nonetheless has control over or the authority to approve, 341 directly or indirectly, clinic billing, policy, business 342 activities, or personnel decisions, including, but not limited 343 to, contracted or employed third-party billing persons or 344 345 entities, managers, and management companies, and persons and entities, directly or indirectly, that lend or give money of any 346 347 denomination or any thing of value exceeding an aggregate of \$5,000, for clinic use, with or without an expectation of a 348 return of the money or thing of value, and regardless of profit 349 350 motive, are subject to background screening requirements under 351 this part. 352 The agency may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) (C) 353 and 120.54 to administer this subsection. 354 (3) An application for a specialty clinic shall contain, 355 in addition to the information required in subsection (4): 356 (a) The correct business name of each business entity and 357 the full name of each individual holding any ownership interest 358 of 5 percent or more, or any pecuniary interest of \$5,000 or 359 more, in any legal entity that owns or operates any specialty clinic seeking licensure, whether such ownership or pecuniary 360 361 interest arose out of a contract, loan, gift, investment, inheritance, or any other source. Individual possession of an 362 363 ownership or pecuniary interest in any subject specialty clinic 364 includes, but is not limited to, a direct or indirect interest

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365 in: The business operation, equipment, or legend 366 1. 367 pharmaceuticals used in the clinic; The premises in which the clinic provides its services; 368 2. 369 or 3. Any legal entity that owns any such interest, directly 370 or indirectly, in the business operation of the clinic; the 371 372 equipment used in providing infusion therapy services at the 373 clinic; the legend pharmaceuticals used at the clinic; or the 374 premises in which the clinic provides its services. 375 (b) In the case of an incorporated business entity that holds any ownership interest of 5 percent or more, or any 376 377 pecuniary interest of \$5,000 or more, in the specialty clinic, 378 copies of the articles of incorporation and bylaws, and the 379 names and addresses of all officers and directors of the 380 corporation. 381 (C) On a form furnished by the agency, a sworn notarized 382 statement by each business entity and individual that holds any ownership interest of 5 percent or more, or any pecuniary 383 384 interest of \$5,000 or more, in the subject specialty clinic that 385 discloses the nature and degree of each such ownership or 386 pecuniary interest and that discloses the source of funds that 387 gave rise to each such ownership or pecuniary interest. 388 (d) On a form furnished by the agency, a sworn notarized 389 statement by each individual and business entity that holds any 390 ownership interest of 5 percent or more, or any pecuniary 391 interest of \$5,000 or more, in the subject specialty clinic that 392 discloses whether he or she has been an owner or part owner,

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393	individually or through any business entity, of any business
394	entity whose health care license has been revoked or suspended
395	in any jurisdiction.
396	(e) On a form furnished by the agency, an estimate of the
397	costs for establishing the specialty clinic and the source of
398	funds for payment of those costs and for sustaining the
399	operation of the clinic until its operation produces a positive
400	cash flow.
401	
402	For purposes of this subsection, the term "ownership or
403	pecuniary interest" does not include any individual whose
404	interest in a specialty clinic arises only out of his or her
405	interest in a lending company, insurance company, or banking
406	institution licensed by this state or any other state of the
407	United States; a company regularly trading on a national stock
408	exchange of the United States; or a governmental entity in the
409	United States.
410	(4) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter
411	408, the applicant must file with the application satisfactory
412	proof that the clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u> is in compliance with
413	this part and applicable rules, including:
414	(a) A listing of services to be provided either directly
415	by the applicant or through contractual arrangements with
416	existing providers;
417	(b) The number and discipline of each professional staff
418	member to be employed; and
419	(c) Proof of financial ability to operate as required
420	under s. 408.810(8). As an alternative to submitting proof of
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financial ability to operate as required under s. 408.810(8), the applicant may file a surety bond of at least \$500,000 which guarantees that the clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u> will act in full conformity with all legal requirements for operating a clinic <u>or</u> <u>specialty clinic</u>, payable to the agency. The agency may adopt rules to specify related requirements for such surety bond.

427 (5) Each applicant for licensure shall comply with the428 following requirements:

429 (a) As used in this subsection, the term "applicant" means 430 an individual individuals owning or controlling, directly or 431 indirectly, 5 percent or more of an interest in a clinic or an individual owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, any 432 interest in a specialty clinic; the medical or clinic director, 433 434 or a similarly titled person who is responsible for the day-today operation of the licensed clinic; the financial officer or 435 similarly titled individual who is responsible for the financial 436 437 operation of the clinic; and licensed health care practitioners 438 at the clinic.

Upon receipt of a completed, signed, and dated 439 (b) 440 application, the agency shall require background screening of 441 the applicant, in accordance with the level 2 standards for screening set forth in paragraph (d) chapter 435. Proof of 442 443 compliance with the level 2 background screening requirements of 444 paragraph (d) chapter 435 which has been submitted within the 445 previous 5 years in compliance with the any other health care licensure requirements of this part state is acceptable in 446 447 fulfillment of this paragraph. Applicants who own less than 10 percent of a health care clinic are not required to submit 448

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449 fingerprints under this section.

Each applicant must submit to the agency, with the 450 (C) 451 application, a description and explanation of any exclusions, permanent suspensions, or terminations of an applicant from the 452 453 Medicare or Medicaid programs. Proof of compliance with the requirements for disclosure of ownership and control interest 454 under the Medicaid or Medicare programs may be accepted in lieu 455 of this submission. The description and explanation may indicate 456 whether such exclusions, suspensions, or terminations were 457 458 voluntary or not voluntary on the part of the applicant. The 459 agency may deny or revoke licensure based on information 460 received under this paragraph.

A license may not be granted to a clinic or specialty 461 (d) 462 clinic if the applicant, or a person or entity identified in paragraph (3)(b), has been found guilty of, regardless of 463 464 adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or quilty 465 to, any offense prohibited under the level 2 standards for 466 screening set forth in chapter 435; any felony under chapter 467 400, chapter 408, chapter 409, chapter 440, chapter 624, chapter 468 626, chapter 627, chapter 812, chapter 817, chapter 831, chapter 469 837, chapter 838, chapter 895, or chapter 896; or any substantially comparable offense or crime of another state or of 470 the United States, if a felony in that jurisdiction, within the 471 past 10 years. Each person required to provide background 472 473 screening shall disclose to the agency any arrest for any crime for which any court disposition other than dismissal has been 474 475 made within the past 10 years. Failure to provide such 476 information shall be considered a material omission in the

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477 <u>application process</u>, or a violation of insurance fraud under s.
478 817.234, within the past 5 years. If the applicant has been
479 convicted of an offense prohibited under the level 2 standards
480 or insurance fraud in any jurisdiction, the applicant must show
481 that his or her civil rights have been restored prior to
482 submitting an application.

Each applicant that performs the technical component 483 (e) of magnetic resonance imaging, static radiographs, computed 484 485 tomography, or positron emission tomography, and also provides 486 the professional components of such services through an employee 487 or independent contractor, must provide to the agency, on a form provided by the agency, the name and address of the clinic, the 488 489 serial or operating number of each magnetic resonance imaging, 490 static radiograph, computed tomography, and positron emission 491 tomography machine, the name of the manufacturer of the machine, 492 and such other information as required by the agency to identify 493 the machine. The information must be provided to the agency upon 494 renewal of the clinic's licensure and within 30 days after a clinic begins using a machine for which it has not provided the 495 496 information to the agency.

497 (f) The agency shall deny or revoke a specialty clinic 498 license if an applicant has been found guilty of, regardless of 499 adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, 500 any felony involving dishonesty or making a false statement in 501 any jurisdiction within the preceding 10 years.

502 (g) The agency shall deny a specialty clinic license
 503 application when any business entity or individual possessing an
 504 ownership or pecuniary interest in the specialty clinic also

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505 possessed an ownership or pecuniary interest, individually or 506 through any business entity, in any health care facility whose 507 license was revoked in any jurisdiction during the pendency of 508 that interest.

509 The agency may not issue a specialty clinic license to (h) any applicant to whom the agency has sent notice that there is a 510 511 pending question as to whether one or more of the individuals 512 with an ownership of 5 percent or more or with a pecuniary 513 interest of \$5,000 or more in the clinic has a disqualifying 514 criminal record. The agency notice shall request the applicant 515 to submit any additional information necessary to resolve the 516 pending criminal background question within 21 days after 517 receipt of the notice. The agency shall deny a specialty clinic 518 license application when the applicant has failed to resolve a 519 criminal background screening issue pertaining to an individual 520 who is required to meet criminal background screening 521 requirements of this part, and the agency raised such background 522 screening issue by notice as set forth in this part.

523 Section 5. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 400.9925, 524 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

525

400.9925 Rulemaking authority; license fees.--

(1) The agency shall adopt rules necessary to administer
the clinic <u>and specialty clinic</u> administration, regulation, and
licensure program, including rules pursuant to this part and
part II of chapter 408, establishing the specific licensure
requirements, procedures, forms, and fees. It shall adopt rules
establishing a procedure for the biennial renewal of licenses.
The agency may issue initial licenses for less than the full 2-

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year period by charging a prorated licensure fee and specifying a different renewal date than would otherwise be required for biennial licensure. The rules shall specify the expiration dates of licenses, the process of tracking compliance with financial responsibility requirements, and any other conditions of renewal required by law or rule.

The agency shall adopt rules specifying limitations on 539 (2)the number of licensed clinics and specialty clinics and 540 licensees for which a medical director or a clinic director may 541 542 assume responsibility for purposes of this part. In determining 543 the quality of supervision a medical director or a clinic or specialty clinic director can provide, the agency shall consider 544 the number of clinic or specialty clinic employees, the clinic 545 546 or specialty clinic location, and the health care services 547 provided by the clinic or specialty clinic.

548 Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 400.993, Florida 549 Statutes, is amended to read:

550

400.993 Unlicensed clinics; reporting.--

(3) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408, any health care provider who is aware of the operation of an unlicensed clinic or specialty clinic shall report that facility to the agency. Failure to report a clinic or specialty <u>clinic</u> that the provider knows or has reasonable cause to suspect is unlicensed shall be reported to the provider's licensing board.

558 Section 7. Section 400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended 559 to read:

560 400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.--

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(1) Each clinic <u>and specialty clinic</u> shall appoint a
medical director or clinic director who shall agree in writing
to accept legal responsibility for the following activities on
behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinic
director shall:

(a) Have signs identifying the medical director or clinic
director posted in a conspicuous location within the clinic
readily visible to all patients.

(b) Ensure that all practitioners providing health care
services or supplies to patients maintain a current active and
unencumbered Florida license.

572 (c) Review any patient referral contracts or agreements573 executed by the clinic.

(d) Ensure that all health care practitioners at the
clinic have active appropriate certification or licensure for
the level of care being provided.

577 (e) Ensure that all health care practitioners at the 578 clinic provide health care services in accordance with the 579 requirements of subsection (5).

580 <u>(f)(e)</u> Serve as the clinic records owner as defined in s. 581 456.057.

582 <u>(g)(f)</u> Ensure compliance with the recordkeeping, office 583 surgery, and adverse incident reporting requirements of chapter 584 456, the respective practice acts, and rules adopted under this 585 part and part II of chapter 408.

586 <u>(h)(g)</u> Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to 587 ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon 588 discovery of an unlawful charge, the medical director or clinic

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589 director shall take immediate corrective action. If the clinic 590 performs only the technical component of magnetic resonance 591 imaging, static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission tomography, and provides the professional 592 593 interpretation of such services, in a fixed facility that is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of 594 Healthcare Organizations or the Accreditation Association for 595 596 Ambulatory Health Care, and the American College of Radiology; 597 and if, in the preceding quarter, the percentage of scans 598 performed by that clinic which was billed to all personal injury 599 protection insurance carriers was less than 15 percent, the chief financial officer of the clinic may, in a written 600 acknowledgment provided to the agency, assume the responsibility 601 for the conduct of the systematic reviews of clinic billings to 602 ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. 603

604 (i) (h) Not refer a patient to the clinic if the clinic 605 performs magnetic resonance imaging, static radiographs, 606 computed tomography, or positron emission tomography. The term 607 "refer a patient" means the referral of one or more patients of 608 the medical or clinical director or a member of the medical or 609 clinical director's group practice to the clinic for magnetic resonance imaging, static radiographs, computed tomography, or 610 611 positron emission tomography. A medical director who is found to violate this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, 612 613 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Serve in that capacity for no more than five health 614 (j)

615 <u>care clinics that have a cumulative total of no more than 200</u> 616 employees and persons under contract with the health care clinic

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617 at a given time. A medical or clinic director may not supervise 618 a health care clinic more than 200 miles away from any other 619 health care clinic supervised by the same medical or clinic 620 director. The agency may waive the limitations of this paragraph 621 upon a showing of good cause and a determination by the agency 622 that the medical director will be able to adequately perform the 623 requirements of this subsection.

(2) Any contract to serve as a medical director or a
clinic director entered into or renewed by a physician or a
licensed health care practitioner in violation of this part is
void as contrary to public policy. This subsection shall apply
to contracts entered into or renewed on or after March 1, 2004.

(3) All charges or reimbursement claims made by or on
behalf of a clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u> that is required to be
licensed under this part, but that is not so licensed, or that
is otherwise operating in violation of this part, are unlawful
charges, and therefore are noncompensable and unenforceable.

634 (4)In addition to the requirements of s. 408.812, any person establishing, operating, or managing an unlicensed clinic 635 636 or specialty clinic otherwise required to be licensed under this 637 part or part II of chapter 408, or any person who knowingly files a false or misleading license application or license 638 639 renewal application, or false or misleading information related 640 to such application or department rule, commits a felony of the 641 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 642

643(5) Each licensed person providing health care services to644an individual must comply with the licensure laws and rules

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645 <u>under which he or she is licensed to provide the services or as</u> 646 otherwise provided by law.

647 (6)(5) Any licensed health care provider who violates this
 648 part is subject to discipline in accordance with this chapter
 649 and his or her respective practice act.

(7) (6) Any person or entity providing health care services 650 which is not a clinic or specialty clinic, as defined under s. 651 400.9905, may voluntarily apply for a certificate of exemption 652 653 from licensure under its exempt status. Other than certificates 654 of exemption granted pursuant to an exemption under s. 655 400.9905(4)(f), certificates of exemption shall expire in 2 656 years and may be renewed with the agency on a form that sets 657 forth its name or names and addresses, a statement of the 658 reasons why it cannot be defined as a clinic, and other 659 information deemed necessary by the agency. An exemption is not 660 transferable. The agency may charge an applicant for a 661 certificate of exemption in an amount equal to \$100 or the 662 actual cost of processing the certificate, whichever is less. The agency shall provide a form that requires the 663 (a) 664 name, address, a statement of the reasons why the applicant is 665 exempt from licensure as a health care clinic or specialty clinic, and any other information deemed necessary by the 666 667 agency. The signature on an application for a certificate of exemption must be notarized and signed by persons having 668 669 knowledge of the truth of its contents. An exemption is not 670 transferable and is valid only for the reasons, location, 671 persons, and entity set forth on the application form. A person 672 or entity claiming an exemption under this part or issued a

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673 current certificate of exemption must be exempt from the 674 licensing provisions of this part at all times, or such claim or 675 certificate shall be invalid from the date that such person or 676 entity is not exempt. 677 The agency shall charge an applicant a fee of \$100 for (b) a certificate of exemption to cover the cost of processing the 678 certificate or the actual cost of processing the certificate, 679 680 whichever is less. 681 (c) An application for the renewal of a certificate of 682 exemption must be submitted to the agency prior to the 683 expiration of the certificate of exemption. The agency may investigate any applicant, person, or entity claiming an 684 685 exemption for purposes of determining compliance when a 686 certificate of exemption is sought. Authorized personnel of the agency shall have access to the premises of any 687 688 certificateholder, applicant, or specialty clinic, other than a 689 person or entity who is exempt pursuant to s. 400.9905(4)(f), 690 for the sole purpose of determining compliance with an exemption 691 under this part. The agency shall have access to all billings 692 and records indicated in s. 400.9915(2) or in agency rules. The agency may deny or withdraw a certificate of exemption when a 693 694 person or entity does not qualify under this part. 695 (d) A certificate of exemption is considered withdrawn when the agency determines that an exempt status cannot be 696 697 confirmed. The provisions applicable to the unlicensed operation 698 of a health care clinic or specialty clinic apply to any health 699 care provider that self-determines or claims an exemption or 700 that is issued a certificate of exemption if, in fact, such

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701 clinic does not meet the exemption claimed. 702 (e) Any person or entity that submits an application for a 703 certificate of exemption that contains fraudulent or material 704 and misleading information commits a felony of the third degree, 705 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 706 (f) A response to a request in writing for additional 707 information or clarification must be filed with the agency no later than 21 days after receipt of the request or the 708 709 application shall be denied. 710 (g) The agency shall grant or deny an application for a certificate of exemption in accordance with s. 120.60(1). 711 (h) A person or entity that qualifies as a health care 712 713 clinic or specialty clinic and has been denied a certificate of 714 exemption must file an initial application and pay the fee. A 715 certificate of exemption is valid only when issued and current. 716 The agency shall issue an emergency order of (i) 717 suspension of a certificate of exemption when the agency finds 718 that the applicant has provided false or misleading material 719 information or omitted any material fact from the application 720 for a certificate of exemption which is permitted or required by this part or has submitted false or misleading information to 721 722 the agency when self-determining an exempt status and materially 723 misleading the agency as to such status. (8) (7) (a) Each clinic engaged in magnetic resonance 724 725 imaging services must be accredited by the Joint Commission on 726 Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the American College 727 of Radiology, or the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory

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Health Care, within 1 year after licensure. However, a clinic

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729 may request a single, 6-month extension if it provides evidence 730 to the agency establishing that, for good cause shown, such 731 clinic can not be accredited within 1 year after licensure, and 732 that such accreditation will be completed within the 6-month 733 extension. After obtaining accreditation as required by this 734 subsection, each such clinic must maintain accreditation as a 735 condition of renewal of its license.

(b) The agency may deny the application or revoke the
license of any entity formed for the purpose of avoiding
compliance with the accreditation provisions of this subsection
and whose principals were previously principals of an entity
that was unable to meet the accreditation requirements within
the specified timeframes. The agency may adopt rules as to the
accreditation of magnetic resonance imaging clinics.

(9) (8) The agency shall give full faith and credit
pertaining to any past variance and waiver granted to a magnetic
resonance imaging clinic from rule 64-2002, Florida
Administrative Code, by the Department of Health, until
September 2004. After that date, such clinic must request a
variance and waiver from the agency under s. 120.542.

749 (10) (1) (1) In addition to the requirements of part II of 750 chapter 408, the clinic shall display a sign in a conspicuous 751 location within the clinic readily visible to all patients indicating that, pursuant to s. 626.9892, the Department of 752 753 Financial Services may pay rewards of up to \$25,000 to persons 754 providing information leading to the arrest and conviction of 755 persons committing crimes investigated by the Division of 756 Insurance Fraud arising from violations of s. 440.105, s.

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624.15, s. 626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234. An authorized 757 employee of the Division of Insurance Fraud may make unannounced 758 759 inspections of a clinic licensed under this part as necessary to 760 determine whether the clinic is in compliance with this 761 subsection. A licensed clinic shall allow full and complete access to the premises to such authorized employee of the 762 763 division who makes an inspection to determine compliance with this subsection. 764

765 (11) Every licensed specialty clinic shall file with the 766 agency, upon forms to be furnished by the agency, no less 767 frequently than annually, including concurrently with the filing 768 of any change of ownership application, an audited report 769 showing the following information:

(a) The number of patients served by the specialty clinic
 (a) The number of patients served by the specialty clinic
 (b) Total specialty clinic operating expenses.

(c) Gross patient charges by payor category, including
 Medicare, Medicaid, county indigent programs, any other
 governmental programs, private insurance, self-paying patients,
 nonpaying patients, and other payees.

778 (d) The cost of operation of the specialty clinic during 779 the previous 12-month period, excluding any partial month during 780 which time the report was prepared.

(e) Unless the specialty clinic can demonstrate that the
 clinic already has furnished the required information regarding
 a particular subject individual, the full name of any individual
 who became an owner or became possessed of any pecuniary

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785 <u>interest in the subject clinic since the last report to the</u> 786 <u>agency, along with the disclosure of the information required by</u> 787 <u>s. 400.991(5) as to such individual.</u>

788 (f) A current statement of the source of funds for payment 789 of the costs of establishing the specialty clinic and for 790 sustaining the operation of the specialty clinic until its 791 operation produces a positive cash flow.

792 Every licensee of a specialty clinic has a continuing (12) 793 obligation to comply with this part and to report to the agency 794 a change of circumstance related to the clinic's continuing 795 compliance with this part. Such a change of circumstance includes, but is not limited to, any change in the ownership of 796 797 the specialty clinic, the addition of any individual or business 798 entity possessing a pecuniary interest in the specialty clinic, 799 the employment of any individual as a member of the specialty 800 clinic's staff who would be required to undergo a criminal 801 background screening if such individual had been an employee at 802 the time of the initial licensure, and any change in the medical 803 or clinic director. The specialty clinic shall furnish the 804 information required about such an individual under this 805 subsection and s. 400.991 within 30 days of the occurrence of 806 the change of circumstance. 807 The clinic or specialty clinic shall display a (13)(a) 808 sign in a conspicuous location within the clinic readily visible 809 to all patients indicating that, pursuant to s. 626.9892, the 810 Department of Financial Services may pay rewards of up to 811 \$25,000 to persons providing information leading to the arrest

and conviction of persons committing crimes investigated by the

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813 Division of Insurance Fraud arising from violations of s. 814 440.105, s. 624.15, s. 626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234. 815 (b) An authorized employee of the Division of Insurance 816 Fraud may make an unannounced inspection of a clinic or 817 specialty clinic licensed under this part when necessary to determine whether the clinic is in compliance with this 818 subsection, and the clinic shall allow the division's authorized 819 employee full and complete access to the clinic's premises for 820 821 that purpose. 822 Section 8. Section 400.995, Florida Statutes, is amended 823 to read: 824 400.995 Agency administrative penalties .--In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 825 (1)826 408, the agency may deny the application for a license renewal, revoke and suspend the license, and impose administrative fines 827 828 of up to \$5,000 per violation for violations of the requirements 829 of this part or rules of the agency. In determining if a penalty 830 is to be imposed and in fixing the amount of the fine, the agency shall consider the following factors: 831 832 The gravity of the violation, including the (a) 833 probability that death or serious physical or emotional harm to a patient will result or has resulted, the severity of the 834 835 action or potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable laws or rules were violated. 836 Actions taken by the owner, medical director, or 837 (b) clinic director to correct violations. 838 839 (C) Any previous violations. 840 (d) The financial benefit to the clinic or specialty Page 30 of 86 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

841 clinic of committing or continuing the violation.

842 (2) Each day of continuing violation after the date fixed
843 for termination of the violation, as ordered by the agency,
844 constitutes an additional, separate, and distinct violation.

845 Any action taken to correct a violation shall be (3) documented in writing by the owner, medical director, or clinic 846 director of the clinic or specialty clinic and verified through 847 followup visits by agency personnel. The agency may impose a 848 fine and, in the case of an owner-operated clinic or specialty 849 850 clinic, revoke or deny a clinic's license when a clinic medical 851 director or clinic director knowingly misrepresents actions taken to correct a violation. 852

(4) Any licensed clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u> whose owner,
medical director, or clinic director concurrently operates an
unlicensed clinic shall be subject to an administrative fine of
\$5,000 per day.

(5) Any clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u> whose owner fails to
apply for a change-of-ownership license in accordance with <u>part</u>
<u>II of chapter 408</u> s. 400.992 and operates the clinic <u>or</u>
<u>specialty clinic</u> under the new ownership is subject to a fine of
\$5,000.

(6) The agency, as an alternative to or in conjunction
with an administrative action against a clinic <u>or specialty</u>
<u>clinic</u> for violations of this part and adopted rules, shall make
a reasonable attempt to discuss each violation and recommended
corrective action with the owner, medical director, or clinic
director of the clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u>, prior to written
notification. The agency, instead of fixing a period within

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which the clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u> shall enter into compliance with standards, may request a plan of corrective action from the clinic <u>or specialty clinic</u> which demonstrates a good faith effort to remedy each violation by a specific date, subject to the approval of the agency.

874 Section 9. Section 400.996, Florida Statutes, is created 875 to read:

876 <u>400.996</u> Specialty clinics; complaints; audits; 877 <u>referrals.--</u>

878 (1) The agency shall receive, document, and process
879 complaints about specialty clinics. Upon receipt of any
880 complaint that asserts the existence of facts evidencing
881 possible billing fraud by a specialty clinic or by any employee
882 of a specialty clinic, the agency shall request the complainant
883 to make such assertions by sworn affidavit.

Upon receipt of any sworn affidavit that asserts the
 existence of facts evidencing possible billing fraud by a
 specialty clinic or any of its employees, the agency shall refer
 the complaint to the Office of Fiscal Integrity within the
 Department of Financial Services.

889 The Department of Financial Services shall report (3) 890 findings to the agency for any appropriate licensure action. 891 Such report shall include a statement of facts as determined by the Department of Financial Services to exist, specifically with 892 893 regard to the possible violations of licensure requirements. If, 894 during an investigation, the department has reason to believe 895 that any criminal law of this state has or may have been 896 violated, the department shall refer such investigation to

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897 appropriate prosecutorial agencies and shall provide 898 investigative assistance to those agencies as required. 899 The investigating authority and the agency shall (4) cooperate with each other with respect to preparing a record and 900 901 sharing information from which the agency may determine if any 902 action for sanctions under this part by the agency is warranted. 903 (5) Any person submitting a sworn complaint that initiates 904 a complaint investigation pursuant to this section, which sworn 905 complaint is determined to be totally without any factual basis 906 to support the assertions made in the complaint that facts 907 existed evidencing possible fraudulent practices by a specialty clinic or any of its employees, commits a misdemeanor of the 908 909 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 910 775.083. 911 The Office of Fiscal Integrity within the Department (6) 912 of Financial Services shall conduct unannounced reviews, 913 investigations, analyses, and audits to investigate complaints 914 and, as necessary, to determine whether specialty clinic billings are fraudulent or unlawful. The Department of Financial 915 916 Services is expressly authorized to enter upon the premises of 917 the clinic during regular business hours and demand and immediately secure copies of billing and other records of the 918 919 clinic that will enable the Department of Financial Services to investigate complaints or determine whether specialty clinic 920 921 billings are fraudulent or unlawful. 922 (7) A licensed specialty clinic shall allow full, 923 complete, and immediate access to the premises and to billing 924 records or information to any such officer or employee who Page 33 of 86

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925 conducts a review, investigation, analysis, or audit to 926 determine compliance with this part and with applicable rules. Failure to allow full, complete, and immediate access to the 927 premises and to billing records or information to any 928 929 representative of the agency or Department of Financial Services 930 who attempts to conduct a review, investigation, analysis, or audit to determine compliance with this part constitutes a 931 ground for emergency suspension of the license by the agency 932 pursuant to s. 120.60(6). 933 (8) In addition to any administrative fines imposed, the 934 935 agency may assess a fee equal to the cost of conducting any review, investigation, analysis, or audit performed by the 936 937 agency or the department. 938 (9) All investigators designated by the Chief Financial 939 Officer to perform duties under this part and who are certified 940 under s. 943.1395 are law enforcement officers of the state. 941 Such investigators have the authority to conduct criminal investigations, bear arms, make arrests, and apply for, serve, 942 and execute search warrants, arrest warrants, capias, and other 943 944 process throughout the state pertaining to fraud investigations 945 under this section. Section 10. Paragraph (ii) is added to subsection (1) of 946 947 section 456.072, Florida Statutes, to read: 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.--948 949 (1)The following acts shall constitute grounds for which 950 the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be 951 taken: (ii) Intentionally providing false information on an 952 Page 34 of 86

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953 <u>application for a certificate of exemption from clinic licensure</u> 954 under part X of chapter 400.

955 For the 2007-2008 fiscal year, the sums of Section 11. 956 \$510,276 in recurring funds and \$111,455 in nonrecurring funds 957 are appropriated from the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund of the Department of Financial Services to the Division of Insurance 958 959 Fraud within the department for the purpose of providing a new 960 fraud unit within the division consisting of six sworn law 961 enforcement officers, one nonsworn investigator, one crime analyst, and one clerical position. A total of nine full-time 962 963 equivalent positions and associated salary rate of 381,500 are 964 authorized. This appropriation is for the purposes provided in 965 s. 626.989, Florida Statutes.

966 Section 12. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida 967 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, 968 section 627.730, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to 969 read:

970 627.730 Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law.--Sections
971 627.730-627.7405 may be cited and known as the "Florida Motor
972 Vehicle No-Fault Law."

973 Section 13. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida 974 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, 975 section 627.731, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to 976 read:

977 627.731 Purpose.--The purpose of ss. 627.730-627.7405 is
978 to provide for medical, surgical, funeral, and disability
979 insurance benefits without regard to fault, and to require motor
980 vehicle insurance securing such benefits, for motor vehicles

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981 required to be registered in this state and, with respect to 982 motor vehicle accidents, a limitation on the right to claim 983 damages for pain, suffering, mental anguish, and inconvenience.

984 Section 14. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida 985 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, 986 section 627.732, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to 987 read:

988 627.732 Definitions.--As used in ss. 627.730-627.7405, the 989 term:

990 (1)"Broker" means any person not possessing a license 991 under chapter 395, chapter 400, chapter 429, chapter 458, 992 chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or chapter 641 who charges or receives compensation for any use of medical 993 994 equipment and is not the 100-percent owner or the 100-percent 995 lessee of such equipment. For purposes of this section, such 996 owner or lessee may be an individual, a corporation, a 997 partnership, or any other entity and any of its 100-percent-998 owned affiliates and subsidiaries. For purposes of this subsection, the term "lessee" means a long-term lessee under a 999 1000 capital or operating lease, but does not include a part-time 1001 lessee. The term "broker" does not include a hospital or physician management company whose medical equipment is 1002 1003 ancillary to the practices managed, a debt collection agency, or 1004 an entity that has contracted with the insurer to obtain a 1005 discounted rate for such services; nor does the term include a 1006 management company that has contracted to provide general 1007 management services for a licensed physician or health care 1008 facility and whose compensation is not materially affected by

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1009 the usage or frequency of usage of medical equipment or an 1010 entity that is 100-percent owned by one or more hospitals or 1011 physicians. The term "broker" does not include a person or 1012 entity that certifies, upon request of an insurer, that:

1013 1014 (a) It is a clinic licensed under ss. 400.990-400.995;(b) It is a 100-percent owner of medical equipment; and

The owner's only part-time lease of medical equipment 1015 (C) for personal injury protection patients is on a temporary basis 1016 1017 not to exceed 30 days in a 12-month period, and such lease is 1018 solely for the purposes of necessary repair or maintenance of 1019 the 100-percent-owned medical equipment or pending the arrival and installation of the newly purchased or a replacement for the 1020 100-percent-owned medical equipment, or for patients for whom, 1021 1022 because of physical size or claustrophobia, it is determined by 1023 the medical director or clinical director to be medically necessary that the test be performed in medical equipment that 1024 1025 is open-style. The leased medical equipment cannot be used by 1026 patients who are not patients of the registered clinic for medical treatment of services. Any person or entity making a 1027 1028 false certification under this subsection commits insurance 1029 fraud as defined in s. 817.234. However, the 30-day period provided in this paragraph may be extended for an additional 60 1030 days as applicable to magnetic resonance imaging equipment if 1031 1032 the owner certifies that the extension otherwise complies with 1033 this paragraph.

1034 (2) "Medically necessary" refers to a medical service or1035 supply that a prudent physician would provide for the purpose of

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1036 preventing, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease, 1037 or symptom in a manner that is:

1038 (a) In accordance with generally accepted standards of 1039 medical practice;

1040 (b) Clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency,1041 extent, site, and duration; and

1042 (c) Not primarily for the convenience of the patient,1043 physician, or other health care provider.

1044 (3) "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle with 1045 four or more wheels which is of a type both designed and 1046 required to be licensed for use on the highways of this state 1047 and any trailer or semitrailer designed for use with such 1048 vehicle and includes:

(a) A "private passenger motor vehicle," which is any
motor vehicle which is a sedan, station wagon, or jeep-type
vehicle and, if not used primarily for occupational,
professional, or business purposes, a motor vehicle of the
pickup, panel, van, camper, or motor home type.

1054(b) A "commercial motor vehicle," which is any motor1055vehicle which is not a private passenger motor vehicle.

1057 The term "motor vehicle" does not include a mobile home or any 1058 motor vehicle which is used in mass transit, other than public 1059 school transportation, and designed to transport more than five 1060 passengers exclusive of the operator of the motor vehicle and 1061 which is owned by a municipality, a transit authority, or a 1062 political subdivision of the state.

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1063 (4) "Named insured" means a person, usually the owner of a 1064 vehicle, identified in a policy by name as the insured under the 1065 policy.

1066 (5) "Owner" means a person who holds the legal title to a 1067 motor vehicle; or, in the event a motor vehicle is the subject 1068 of a security agreement or lease with an option to purchase with 1069 the debtor or lessee having the right to possession, then the 1070 debtor or lessee shall be deemed the owner for the purposes of 1071 ss. 627.730-627.7405.

1072 (6) "Relative residing in the same household" means a
1073 relative of any degree by blood or by marriage who usually makes
1074 her or his home in the same family unit, whether or not
1075 temporarily living elsewhere.

1076 (7) "Certify" means to swear or attest to being true or1077 represented in writing.

1078 (8) "Immediate personal supervision," as it relates to the 1079 performance of medical services by nonphysicians not in a 1080 hospital, means that an individual licensed to perform the medical service or provide the medical supplies must be present 1081 1082 within the confines of the physical structure where the medical 1083 services are performed or where the medical supplies are provided such that the licensed individual can respond 1084 1085 immediately to any emergencies if needed.

1086 (9) "Incident," with respect to services considered as
1087 incident to a physician's professional service, for a physician
1088 licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter
1089 461, if not furnished in a hospital, means such services must be

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1090 an integral, even if incidental, part of a covered physician's
1091 service.

(10) "Knowingly" means that a person, with respect to information, has actual knowledge of the information; acts in deliberate ignorance of the truth or falsity of the information; or acts in reckless disregard of the information, and proof of specific intent to defraud is not required.

1097 (11) "Lawful" or "lawfully" means in substantial 1098 compliance with all relevant applicable criminal, civil, and 1099 administrative requirements of state and federal law related to 1100 the provision of medical services or treatment.

1101 (12) "Hospital" means a facility that, at the time 1102 services or treatment were rendered, was licensed under chapter 1103 395.

1104 (13) "Properly completed" means providing truthful, 1105 substantially complete, and substantially accurate responses as 1106 to all material elements to each applicable request for 1107 information or statement by a means that may lawfully be 1108 provided and that complies with this section, or as agreed by 1109 the parties.

(14) "Upcoding" means an action that submits a billing code that would result in payment greater in amount than would be paid using a billing code that accurately describes the services performed. The term does not include an otherwise lawful bill by a magnetic resonance imaging facility, which globally combines both technical and professional components, if the amount of the global bill is not more than the components if

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1117 billed separately; however, payment of such a bill constitutes
1118 payment in full for all components of such service.

(15) "Unbundling" means an action that submits a billing code that is properly billed under one billing code, but that has been separated into two or more billing codes, and would result in payment greater in amount than would be paid using one billing code.

Section 15. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, section 627.733, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to read:

1128

627.733 Required security .--

(1) (a) Every owner or registrant of a motor vehicle, other than a motor vehicle used as a school bus as defined in s. 1006.25 or limousine, required to be registered and licensed in this state shall maintain security as required by subsection (3) in effect continuously throughout the registration or licensing period.

(b) Every owner or registrant of a motor vehicle used as a taxicab shall not be governed by paragraph (1)(a) but shall maintain security as required under s. 324.032(1), and s. 627.737 shall not apply to any motor vehicle used as a taxicab.

(2) Every nonresident owner or registrant of a motor vehicle which, whether operated or not, has been physically present within this state for more than 90 days during the preceding 365 days shall thereafter maintain security as defined by subsection (3) in effect continuously throughout the period such motor vehicle remains within this state.

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(3) Such security shall be provided:

(a) By an insurance policy delivered or issued for
delivery in this state by an authorized or eligible motor
vehicle liability insurer which provides the benefits and
exemptions contained in ss. 627.730-627.7405. Any policy of
insurance represented or sold as providing the security required
hereunder shall be deemed to provide insurance for the payment
of the required benefits; or

(b) By any other method authorized by s. 324.031(2), (3), or (4) and approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles as affording security equivalent to that afforded by a policy of insurance or by self-insuring as authorized by s. 768.28(16). The person filing such security shall have all of the obligations and rights of an insurer under ss. 627.730-627.7405.

(4) An owner of a motor vehicle with respect to which security is required by this section who fails to have such security in effect at the time of an accident shall have no immunity from tort liability, but shall be personally liable for the payment of benefits under s. 627.736. With respect to such benefits, such an owner shall have all of the rights and obligations of an insurer under ss. 627.730-627.7405.

(5) In addition to other persons who are not required to provide required security as required under this section and s. 324.022, the owner or registrant of a motor vehicle is exempt from such requirements if she or he is a member of the United States Armed Forces and is called to or on active duty outside the United States in an emergency situation. The exemption

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1173 provided by this subsection applies only as long as the member 1174 of the armed forces is on such active duty outside the United 1175 States and applies only while the vehicle covered by the 1176 security required by this section and s. 324.022 is not operated by any person. Upon receipt of a written request by the insured 1177 to whom the exemption provided in this subsection applies, the 1178 insurer shall cancel the coverages and return any unearned 1179 premium or suspend the security required by this section and s. 1180 1181 324.022. Notwithstanding subsection (6), the Department of 1182 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may not suspend the 1183 registration or operator's license of any owner or registrant of a motor vehicle during the time she or he qualifies for an 1184 exemption under this subsection. Any owner or registrant of a 1185 1186 motor vehicle who qualifies for an exemption under this subsection shall immediately notify the department prior to and 1187 at the end of the expiration of the exemption. 1188

(6) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall suspend, after due notice and an opportunity to be heard, the registration and driver's license of any owner or registrant of a motor vehicle with respect to which security is required under this section and s. 324.022:

(a) Upon its records showing that the owner or registrant
of such motor vehicle did not have in full force and effect when
required security complying with the terms of this section; or

(b) Upon notification by the insurer to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, in a form approved by the department, of cancellation or termination of the required security.

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1201 (7)Any operator or owner whose driver's license or 1202 registration has been suspended pursuant to this section or s. 316.646 may effect its reinstatement upon compliance with the 1203 1204 requirements of this section and upon payment to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of a nonrefundable 1205 reinstatement fee of \$150 for the first reinstatement. Such 1206 reinstatement fee shall be \$250 for the second reinstatement and 1207 \$500 for each subsequent reinstatement during the 3 years 1208 1209 following the first reinstatement. Any person reinstating her or 1210 his insurance under this subsection must also secure 1211 noncancelable coverage as described in ss. 324.021(8), 324.023, and 627.7275(2) and present to the appropriate person proof that 1212 1213 the coverage is in force on a form promulgated by the Department 1214 of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, such proof to be 1215 maintained for 2 years. If the person does not have a second reinstatement within 3 years after her or his initial 1216 1217 reinstatement, the reinstatement fee shall be \$150 for the first 1218 reinstatement after that 3-year period. In the event that a person's license and registration are suspended pursuant to this 1219 section or s. 316.646, only one reinstatement fee shall be paid 1220 1221 to reinstate the license and the registration. All fees shall be collected by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 1222 at the time of reinstatement. The Department of Highway Safety 1223 1224 and Motor Vehicles shall issue proper receipts for such fees and 1225 shall promptly deposit those fees in the Highway Safety 1226 Operating Trust Fund. One-third of the fee collected under this 1227 subsection shall be distributed from the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund to the local government entity or state 1228

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agency which employed the law enforcement officer who seizes a license plate pursuant to s. 324.201. Such funds may be used by the local government entity or state agency for any authorized purpose.

Section 16. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, section 627.734, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to read:

1237 627.734 Proof of security; security requirements;1238 penalties.--

(1) The provisions of chapter 324 which pertain to the
method of giving and maintaining proof of financial
responsibility and which govern and define a motor vehicle
liability policy shall apply to filing and maintaining proof of
security required by ss. 627.730-627.7405.

1244

(2) Any person who:

(a) Gives information required in a report or otherwise as
provided for in ss. 627.730-627.7405, knowing or having reason
to believe that such information is false;

1248 (b) Forges or, without authority, signs any evidence of1249 proof of security; or

(c) Files, or offers for filing, any such evidence of
proof, knowing or having reason to believe that it is forged or
signed without authority,

1253

1254 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 1255 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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Section 17. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, section 627.736, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to read:

1260 627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits;1261 exclusions; priority; claims.--

REQUIRED BENEFITS. -- Every insurance policy complying 1262 (1)with the security requirements of s. 627.733 shall provide 1263 1264 personal injury protection to the named insured, relatives 1265 residing in the same household, persons operating the insured 1266 motor vehicle, passengers in such motor vehicle, and other persons struck by such motor vehicle and suffering bodily injury 1267 while not an occupant of a self-propelled vehicle, subject to 1268 1269 the provisions of subsection (2) and paragraph (4)(d), to a 1270 limit of \$10,000 for loss sustained by any such person as a 1271 result of bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death arising out 1272 of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle as 1273 follows:

1274 Medical benefits. -- Eighty percent of all reasonable (a) 1275 expenses for medically necessary medical, surgical, X-ray, 1276 dental, and rehabilitative services, including prosthetic devices, and medically necessary ambulance, hospital, and 1277 nursing services. Such benefits shall also include necessary 1278 1279 remedial treatment and services recognized and permitted under 1280 the laws of the state for an injured person who relies upon 1281 spiritual means through prayer alone for healing, in accordance 1282 with his or her religious beliefs; however, this sentence does

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1283 not affect the determination of what other services or 1284 procedures are medically necessary.

Disability benefits. -- Sixty percent of any loss of 1285 (b) gross income and loss of earning capacity per individual from 1286 inability to work proximately caused by the injury sustained by 1287 the injured person, plus all expenses reasonably incurred in 1288 obtaining from others ordinary and necessary services in lieu of 1289 those that, but for the injury, the injured person would have 1290 1291 performed without income for the benefit of his or her 1292 household. All disability benefits payable under this provision 1293 shall be paid not less than every 2 weeks.

(c) Death benefits.--Death benefits of \$5,000 per
individual. The insurer may pay such benefits to the executor or
administrator of the deceased, to any of the deceased's
relatives by blood or legal adoption or connection by marriage,
or to any person appearing to the insurer to be equitably
entitled thereto.

Only insurers writing motor vehicle liability insurance in this 1301 1302 state may provide the required benefits of this section, and no 1303 such insurer shall require the purchase of any other motor vehicle coverage other than the purchase of property damage 1304 liability coverage as required by s. 627.7275 as a condition for 1305 1306 providing such required benefits. Insurers may not require that 1307 property damage liability insurance in an amount greater than \$10,000 be purchased in conjunction with personal injury 1308 1309 protection. Such insurers shall make benefits and required property damage liability insurance coverage available through 1310

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normal marketing channels. Any insurer writing motor vehicle 1311 1312 liability insurance in this state who fails to comply with such availability requirement as a general business practice shall be 1313 deemed to have violated part IX of chapter 626, and such 1314 violation shall constitute an unfair method of competition or an 1315 unfair or deceptive act or practice involving the business of 1316 insurance; and any such insurer committing such violation shall 1317 be subject to the penalties afforded in such part, as well as 1318 1319 those which may be afforded elsewhere in the insurance code.

1320 (2) AUTHORIZED EXCLUSIONS.--Any insurer may exclude1321 benefits:

(a) For injury sustained by the named insured and
relatives residing in the same household while occupying another
motor vehicle owned by the named insured and not insured under
the policy or for injury sustained by any person operating the
insured motor vehicle without the express or implied consent of
the insured.

(b) To any injured person, if such person's conduct
contributed to his or her injury under any of the following
circumstances:

1331 1332 Causing injury to himself or herself intentionally; or
 Being injured while committing a felony.

1333

Whenever an insured is charged with conduct as set forth in subparagraph 2., the 30-day payment provision of paragraph (4) (b) shall be held in abeyance, and the insurer shall withhold payment of any personal injury protection benefits pending the outcome of the case at the trial level. If the charge is nolle

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1339 prossed or dismissed or the insured is acquitted, the 30-day 1340 payment provision shall run from the date the insurer is 1341 notified of such action.

INSURED'S RIGHTS TO RECOVERY OF SPECIAL DAMAGES IN 1342 (3)1343 TORT CLAIMS. -- No insurer shall have a lien on any recovery in tort by judgment, settlement, or otherwise for personal injury 1344 protection benefits, whether suit has been filed or settlement 1345 has been reached without suit. An injured party who is entitled 1346 1347 to bring suit under the provisions of ss. 627.730-627.7405, or 1348 his or her legal representative, shall have no right to recover 1349 any damages for which personal injury protection benefits are paid or payable. The plaintiff may prove all of his or her 1350 special damages notwithstanding this limitation, but if special 1351 1352 damages are introduced in evidence, the trier of facts, whether 1353 judge or jury, shall not award damages for personal injury protection benefits paid or payable. In all cases in which a 1354 1355 jury is required to fix damages, the court shall instruct the 1356 jury that the plaintiff shall not recover such special damages for personal injury protection benefits paid or payable. 1357

1358 BENEFITS; WHEN DUE.--Benefits due from an insurer (4)1359 under ss. 627.730-627.7405 shall be primary, except that benefits received under any workers' compensation law shall be 1360 credited against the benefits provided by subsection (1) and 1361 1362 shall be due and payable as loss accrues, upon receipt of 1363 reasonable proof of such loss and the amount of expenses and loss incurred which are covered by the policy issued under ss. 1364 1365 627.730-627.7405. When the Agency for Health Care Administration provides, pays, or becomes liable for medical assistance under 1366

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1367 the Medicaid program related to injury, sickness, disease, or 1368 death arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a 1369 motor vehicle, benefits under ss. 627.730-627.7405 shall be 1370 subject to the provisions of the Medicaid program.

(a) An insurer may require written notice to be given as
soon as practicable after an accident involving a motor vehicle
with respect to which the policy affords the security required
by ss. 627.730-627.7405.

1375 Personal injury protection insurance benefits paid (b) 1376 pursuant to this section shall be overdue if not paid within 30 1377 days after the insurer is furnished written notice of the fact of a covered loss and of the amount of same. If such written 1378 notice is not furnished to the insurer as to the entire claim, 1379 1380 any partial amount supported by written notice is overdue if not 1381 paid within 30 days after such written notice is furnished to the insurer. Any part or all of the remainder of the claim that 1382 1383 is subsequently supported by written notice is overdue if not 1384 paid within 30 days after such written notice is furnished to 1385 the insurer. When an insurer pays only a portion of a claim or 1386 rejects a claim, the insurer shall provide at the time of the 1387 partial payment or rejection an itemized specification of each item that the insurer had reduced, omitted, or declined to pay 1388 and any information that the insurer desires the claimant to 1389 1390 consider related to the medical necessity of the denied 1391 treatment or to explain the reasonableness of the reduced charge, provided that this shall not limit the introduction of 1392 1393 evidence at trial; and the insurer shall include the name and address of the person to whom the claimant should respond and a 1394

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1395 claim number to be referenced in future correspondence. However, 1396 notwithstanding the fact that written notice has been furnished to the insurer, any payment shall not be deemed overdue when the 1397 1398 insurer has reasonable proof to establish that the insurer is not responsible for the payment. For the purpose of calculating 1399 the extent to which any benefits are overdue, payment shall be 1400 treated as being made on the date a draft or other valid 1401 instrument which is equivalent to payment was placed in the 1402 1403 United States mail in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope 1404 or, if not so posted, on the date of delivery. This paragraph 1405 does not preclude or limit the ability of the insurer to assert that the claim was unrelated, was not medically necessary, or 1406 1407 was unreasonable or that the amount of the charge was in excess 1408 of that permitted under, or in violation of, subsection (5). Such assertion by the insurer may be made at any time, including 1409 after payment of the claim or after the 30-day time period for 1410 1411 payment set forth in this paragraph.

(c) All overdue payments shall bear simple interest at the rate established under s. 55.03 or the rate established in the insurance contract, whichever is greater, for the year in which the payment became overdue, calculated from the date the insurer was furnished with written notice of the amount of covered loss. Interest shall be due at the time payment of the overdue claim is made.

1419 (d) The insurer of the owner of a motor vehicle shall pay1420 personal injury protection benefits for:

1421 1. Accidental bodily injury sustained in this state by the 1422 owner while occupying a motor vehicle, or while not an occupant

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1423 of a self-propelled vehicle if the injury is caused by physical 1424 contact with a motor vehicle.

1425 2. Accidental bodily injury sustained outside this state, 1426 but within the United States of America or its territories or 1427 possessions or Canada, by the owner while occupying the owner's 1428 motor vehicle.

Accidental bodily injury sustained by a relative of the owner residing in the same household, under the circumstances described in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., provided the relative at the time of the accident is domiciled in the owner's household and is not himself or herself the owner of a motor vehicle with respect to which security is required under ss. 627.730-627.7405.

4. Accidental bodily injury sustained in this state by any
other person while occupying the owner's motor vehicle or, if a
resident of this state, while not an occupant of a selfpropelled vehicle, if the injury is caused by physical contact
with such motor vehicle, provided the injured person is not
himself or herself:

1442a. The owner of a motor vehicle with respect to which1443security is required under ss. 627.730-627.7405; or

1444b. Entitled to personal injury benefits from the insurer1445of the owner or owners of such a motor vehicle.

(e) If two or more insurers are liable to pay personal
injury protection benefits for the same injury to any one
person, the maximum payable shall be as specified in subsection
(1), and any insurer paying the benefits shall be entitled to
recover from each of the other insurers an equitable pro rata

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1451 share of the benefits paid and expenses incurred in processing 1452 the claim.

(f) It is a violation of the insurance code for an insurer to fail to timely provide benefits as required by this section with such frequency as to constitute a general business practice.

Benefits shall not be due or payable to or on the 1457 (q) behalf of an insured person if that person has committed, by a 1458 1459 material act or omission, any insurance fraud relating to 1460 personal injury protection coverage under his or her policy, if 1461 the fraud is admitted to in a sworn statement by the insured or if it is established in a court of competent jurisdiction. Any 1462 insurance fraud shall void all coverage arising from the claim 1463 1464 related to such fraud under the personal injury protection 1465 coverage of the insured person who committed the fraud, irrespective of whether a portion of the insured person's claim 1466 1467 may be legitimate, and any benefits paid prior to the discovery 1468 of the insured person's insurance fraud shall be recoverable by the insurer from the person who committed insurance fraud in 1469 their entirety. The prevailing party is entitled to its costs 1470 and attorney's fees in any action in which it prevails in an 1471 insurer's action to enforce its right of recovery under this 1472 1473 paragraph.

1474

(5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS. --

(a) Any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or
institution lawfully rendering treatment to an injured person
for a bodily injury covered by personal injury protection
insurance may charge the insurer and injured party only a

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1479 reasonable amount pursuant to this section for the services and 1480 supplies rendered, and the insurer providing such coverage may 1481 pay for such charges directly to such person or institution lawfully rendering such treatment, if the insured receiving such 1482 treatment or his or her guardian has countersigned the properly 1483 completed invoice, bill, or claim form approved by the office 1484 upon which such charges are to be paid for as having actually 1485 been rendered, to the best knowledge of the insured or his or 1486 1487 her quardian. In no event, however, may such a charge be in 1488 excess of the amount the person or institution customarily 1489 charges for like services or supplies. With respect to a determination of whether a charge for a particular service, 1490 treatment, or otherwise is reasonable, consideration may be 1491 1492 given to evidence of usual and customary charges and payments accepted by the provider involved in the dispute, and 1493 1494 reimbursement levels in the community and various federal and 1495 state medical fee schedules applicable to automobile and other 1496 insurance coverages, and other information relevant to the 1497 reasonableness of the reimbursement for the service, treatment, 1498 or supply.

1499 (b)1. An insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim 1500 or charges:

a. Made by a broker or by a person making a claim onbehalf of a broker;

1503 b. For any service or treatment that was not lawful at the 1504 time rendered;

1505 c. To any person who knowingly submits a false or 1506 misleading statement relating to the claim or charges;

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1507 1508 d. With respect to a bill or statement that does not substantially meet the applicable requirements of paragraph (d);

1509 e. For any treatment or service that is upcoded, or that 1510 is unbundled when such treatment or services should be bundled, 1511 in accordance with paragraph (d). To facilitate prompt payment of lawful services, an insurer may change codes that it 1512 determines to have been improperly or incorrectly upcoded or 1513 unbundled, and may make payment based on the changed codes, 1514 without affecting the right of the provider to dispute the 1515 1516 change by the insurer, provided that before doing so, the 1517 insurer must contact the health care provider and discuss the reasons for the insurer's change and the health care provider's 1518 1519 reason for the coding, or make a reasonable good faith effort to 1520 do so, as documented in the insurer's file; and

1521 f. For medical services or treatment billed by a physician 1522 and not provided in a hospital unless such services are rendered 1523 by the physician or are incident to his or her professional 1524 services and are included on the physician's bill, including 1525 documentation verifying that the physician is responsible for 1526 the medical services that were rendered and billed.

1527 2. Charges for medically necessary cephalic thermograms, 1528 peripheral thermograms, spinal ultrasounds, extremity 1529 ultrasounds, video fluoroscopy, and surface electromyography 1530 shall not exceed the maximum reimbursement allowance for such 1531 procedures as set forth in the applicable fee schedule or other 1532 payment methodology established pursuant to s. 440.13.

1533 3. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal 1534 injury protection insurance insurer and insured for medically

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1535 necessary nerve conduction testing when done in conjunction with 1536 a needle electromyography procedure and both are performed and 1537 billed solely by a physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 1538 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 who is also certified by the American Board of Electrodiagnostic Medicine or by a board 1539 recognized by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the 1540 American Osteopathic Association or who holds diplomate status 1541 with the American Chiropractic Neurology Board or its 1542 1543 predecessors shall not exceed 200 percent of the allowable 1544 amount under the participating physician fee schedule of 1545 Medicare Part B for year 2001, for the area in which the treatment was rendered, adjusted annually on August 1 to reflect 1546 1547 the prior calendar year's changes in the annual Medical Care 1548 Item of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers in the 1549 South Region as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor. 1550

4. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal injury protection insurance insurer and insured for medically necessary nerve conduction testing that does not meet the requirements of subparagraph 3. shall not exceed the applicable fee schedule or other payment methodology established pursuant to s. 440.13.

1557 5. Allowable amounts that may be charged to a personal 1558 injury protection insurance insurer and insured for magnetic 1559 resonance imaging services shall not exceed 175 percent of the 1560 allowable amount under the participating physician fee schedule 1561 of Medicare Part B for year 2001, for the area in which the 1562 treatment was rendered, adjusted annually on August 1 to reflect

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1563 the prior calendar year's changes in the annual Medical Care 1564 Item of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers in the 1565 South Region as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of 1566 the United States Department of Labor for the 12-month period ending June 30 of that year, except that allowable amounts that 1567 may be charged to a personal injury protection insurance insurer 1568 and insured for magnetic resonance imaging services provided in 1569 facilities accredited by the Accreditation Association for 1570 1571 Ambulatory Health Care, the American College of Radiology, or 1572 the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare 1573 Organizations shall not exceed 200 percent of the allowable amount under the participating physician fee schedule of 1574 Medicare Part B for year 2001, for the area in which the 1575 1576 treatment was rendered, adjusted annually on August 1 to reflect 1577 the prior calendar year's changes in the annual Medical Care 1578 Item of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers in the 1579 South Region as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of 1580 the United States Department of Labor for the 12-month period ending June 30 of that year. This paragraph does not apply to 1581 1582 charges for magnetic resonance imaging services and nerve 1583 conduction testing for inpatients and emergency services and care as defined in chapter 395 rendered by facilities licensed 1584 under chapter 395. 1585

1586 6. The Department of Health, in consultation with the
1587 appropriate professional licensing boards, shall adopt, by rule,
1588 a list of diagnostic tests deemed not to be medically necessary
1589 for use in the treatment of persons sustaining bodily injury
1590 covered by personal injury protection benefits under this

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1591 section. The initial list shall be adopted by January 1, 2004, 1592 and shall be revised from time to time as determined by the 1593 Department of Health, in consultation with the respective 1594 professional licensing boards. Inclusion of a test on the list of invalid diagnostic tests shall be based on lack of 1595 demonstrated medical value and a level of general acceptance by 1596 the relevant provider community and shall not be dependent for 1597 results entirely upon subjective patient response. 1598 1599 Notwithstanding its inclusion on a fee schedule in this 1600 subsection, an insurer or insured is not required to pay any 1601 charges or reimburse claims for any invalid diagnostic test as determined by the Department of Health. 1602

1603 With respect to any treatment or service, other than (c)1. 1604 medical services billed by a hospital or other provider for 1605 emergency services as defined in s. 395.002 or inpatient 1606 services rendered at a hospital-owned facility, the statement of 1607 charges must be furnished to the insurer by the provider and may 1608 not include, and the insurer is not required to pay, charges for 1609 treatment or services rendered more than 35 days before the 1610 postmark date of the statement, except for past due amounts 1611 previously billed on a timely basis under this paragraph, and except that, if the provider submits to the insurer a notice of 1612 initiation of treatment within 21 days after its first 1613 1614 examination or treatment of the claimant, the statement may 1615 include charges for treatment or services rendered up to, but 1616 not more than, 75 days before the postmark date of the 1617 statement. The injured party is not liable for, and the provider shall not bill the injured party for, charges that are unpaid 1618

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1619 because of the provider's failure to comply with this paragraph.
1620 Any agreement requiring the injured person or insured to pay for
1621 such charges is unenforceable.

1622 2. If, however, the insured fails to furnish the provider with the correct name and address of the insured's personal 1623 injury protection insurer, the provider has 35 days from the 1624 date the provider obtains the correct information to furnish the 1625 insurer with a statement of the charges. The insurer is not 1626 1627 required to pay for such charges unless the provider includes 1628 with the statement documentary evidence that was provided by the 1629 insured during the 35-day period demonstrating that the provider reasonably relied on erroneous information from the insured and 1630 either: 1631

1632

a. A denial letter from the incorrect insurer; or

b. Proof of mailing, which may include an affidavit under
penalty of perjury, reflecting timely mailing to the incorrect
address or insurer.

1636 3. For emergency services and care as defined in s. 1637 395.002 rendered in a hospital emergency department or for transport and treatment rendered by an ambulance provider 1638 1639 licensed pursuant to part III of chapter 401, the provider is not required to furnish the statement of charges within the time 1640 periods established by this paragraph; and the insurer shall not 1641 1642 be considered to have been furnished with notice of the amount 1643 of covered loss for purposes of paragraph (4)(b) until it receives a statement complying with paragraph (d), or copy 1644 1645 thereof, which specifically identifies the place of service to be a hospital emergency department or an ambulance in accordance 1646

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with billing standards recognized by the Health Care FinanceAdministration.

1649 4. Each notice of insured's rights under s. 627.7401 must
1650 include the following statement in type no smaller than 12
1651 points:

1653 BILLING REQUIREMENTS. -- Florida Statutes provide that with respect to any treatment or services, other than certain 1654 1655 hospital and emergency services, the statement of charges 1656 furnished to the insurer by the provider may not include, and 1657 the insurer and the injured party are not required to pay, charges for treatment or services rendered more than 35 days 1658 1659 before the postmark date of the statement, except for past due 1660 amounts previously billed on a timely basis, and except that, if 1661 the provider submits to the insurer a notice of initiation of 1662 treatment within 21 days after its first examination or 1663 treatment of the claimant, the statement may include charges for 1664 treatment or services rendered up to, but not more than, 75 days 1665 before the postmark date of the statement.

1666 All statements and bills for medical services rendered (d) 1667 by any physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or institution shall be submitted to the insurer on a properly 1668 completed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) 1500 1669 1670 form, UB 92 forms, or any other standard form approved by the 1671 office or adopted by the commission for purposes of this 1672 paragraph. All billings for such services rendered by providers 1673 shall, to the extent applicable, follow the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or Healthcare Correct Procedural 1674

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1675 Coding System (HCPCS), or ICD-9 in effect for the year in which 1676 services are rendered and comply with the Centers for Medicare 1677 and Medicaid Services (CMS) 1500 form instructions and the American Medical Association Current Procedural Terminology 1678 (CPT) Editorial Panel and Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding 1679 System (HCPCS). All providers other than hospitals shall include 1680 on the applicable claim form the professional license number of 1681 the provider in the line or space provided for "Signature of 1682 1683 Physician or Supplier, Including Degrees or Credentials." In 1684 determining compliance with applicable CPT and HCPCS coding, 1685 guidance shall be provided by the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) or the Healthcare Correct Procedural Coding 1686 1687 System (HCPCS) in effect for the year in which services were 1688 rendered, the Office of the Inspector General (OIG), Physicians 1689 Compliance Guidelines, and other authoritative treatises 1690 designated by rule by the Agency for Health Care Administration. 1691 No statement of medical services may include charges for medical 1692 services of a person or entity that performed such services without possessing the valid licenses required to perform such 1693 1694 services. For purposes of paragraph (4)(b), an insurer shall not 1695 be considered to have been furnished with notice of the amount of covered loss or medical bills due unless the statements or 1696 1697 bills comply with this paragraph, and unless the statements or 1698 bills are properly completed in their entirety as to all 1699 material provisions, with all relevant information being 1700 provided therein.

1701 (e)1. At the initial treatment or service provided, each1702 physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or other medical

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1703 institution providing medical services upon which a claim for 1704 personal injury protection benefits is based shall require an 1705 insured person, or his or her guardian, to execute a disclosure 1706 and acknowledgment form, which reflects at a minimum that:

a. The insured, or his or her guardian, must countersign
the form attesting to the fact that the services set forth
therein were actually rendered;

b. The insured, or his or her guardian, has both the right and affirmative duty to confirm that the services were actually rendered;

1713c. The insured, or his or her guardian, was not solicited1714by any person to seek any services from the medical provider;

d. That the physician, other licensed professional,
clinic, or other medical institution rendering services for
which payment is being claimed explained the services to the
insured or his or her guardian; and

e. If the insured notifies the insurer in writing of a
billing error, the insured may be entitled to a certain
percentage of a reduction in the amounts paid by the insured's
motor vehicle insurer.

2. The physician, other licensed professional, clinic, or other medical institution rendering services for which payment is being claimed has the affirmative duty to explain the services rendered to the insured, or his or her guardian, so that the insured, or his or her guardian, countersigns the form with informed consent.

1729 3. Countersignature by the insured, or his or her1730 guardian, is not required for the reading of diagnostic tests or

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1731 other services that are of such a nature that they are not1732 required to be performed in the presence of the insured.

1733 4. The licensed medical professional rendering treatment
1734 for which payment is being claimed must sign, by his or her own
1735 hand, the form complying with this paragraph.

1736 5. The original completed disclosure and acknowledgment
1737 form shall be furnished to the insurer pursuant to paragraph
1738 (4) (b) and may not be electronically furnished.

1739 6. This disclosure and acknowledgment form is not required
1740 for services billed by a provider for emergency services as
1741 defined in s. 395.002, for emergency services and care as
1742 defined in s. 395.002 rendered in a hospital emergency
1743 department, or for transport and treatment rendered by an
1744 ambulance provider licensed pursuant to part III of chapter 401.

1745 7. The Financial Services Commission shall adopt, by rule, 1746 a standard disclosure and acknowledgment form that shall be used 1747 to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph, effective 90 days 1748 after such form is adopted and becomes final. The commission 1749 shall adopt a proposed rule by October 1, 2003. Until the rule 1750 is final, the provider may use a form of its own which otherwise 1751 complies with the requirements of this paragraph.

1752 8. As used in this paragraph, "countersigned" means a 1753 second or verifying signature, as on a previously signed 1754 document, and is not satisfied by the statement "signature on 1755 file" or any similar statement.

1756 9. The requirements of this paragraph apply only with
1757 respect to the initial treatment or service of the insured by a
1758 provider. For subsequent treatments or service, the provider

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must maintain a patient log signed by the patient, in chronological order by date of service, that is consistent with the services being rendered to the patient as claimed. The requirements of this subparagraph for maintaining a patient log signed by the patient may be met by a hospital that maintains medical records as required by s. 395.3025 and applicable rules and makes such records available to the insurer upon request.

Upon written notification by any person, an insurer 1766 (f) 1767 shall investigate any claim of improper billing by a physician 1768 or other medical provider. The insurer shall determine if the 1769 insured was properly billed for only those services and 1770 treatments that the insured actually received. If the insurer determines that the insured has been improperly billed, the 1771 1772 insurer shall notify the insured, the person making the written 1773 notification and the provider of its findings and shall reduce the amount of payment to the provider by the amount determined 1774 1775 to be improperly billed. If a reduction is made due to such 1776 written notification by any person, the insurer shall pay to the person 20 percent of the amount of the reduction, up to \$500. If 1777 1778 the provider is arrested due to the improper billing, then the 1779 insurer shall pay to the person 40 percent of the amount of the 1780 reduction, up to \$500.

(g) An insurer may not systematically downcode with the intent to deny reimbursement otherwise due. Such action constitutes a material misrepresentation under s. 626.9541(1)(i)2.

1785 (6) DISCOVERY OF FACTS ABOUT AN INJURED PERSON; 1786 DISPUTES.--

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(a) Every employer shall, if a request is made by an
insurer providing personal injury protection benefits under ss.
627.730-627.7405 against whom a claim has been made, furnish
forthwith, in a form approved by the office, a sworn statement
of the earnings, since the time of the bodily injury and for a
reasonable period before the injury, of the person upon whose
injury the claim is based.

Every physician, hospital, clinic, or other medical 1794 (b) 1795 institution providing, before or after bodily injury upon which 1796 a claim for personal injury protection insurance benefits is 1797 based, any products, services, or accommodations in relation to that or any other injury, or in relation to a condition claimed 1798 to be connected with that or any other injury, shall, if 1799 1800 requested to do so by the insurer against whom the claim has been made, furnish forthwith a written report of the history, 1801 condition, treatment, dates, and costs of such treatment of the 1802 1803 injured person and why the items identified by the insurer were 1804 reasonable in amount and medically necessary, together with a sworn statement that the treatment or services rendered were 1805 1806 reasonable and necessary with respect to the bodily injury 1807 sustained and identifying which portion of the expenses for such treatment or services was incurred as a result of such bodily 1808 injury, and produce forthwith, and permit the inspection and 1809 copying of, his or her or its records regarding such history, 1810 condition, treatment, dates, and costs of treatment; provided 1811 that this shall not limit the introduction of evidence at trial. 1812 1813 Such sworn statement shall read as follows: "Under penalty of perjury, I declare that I have read the foregoing, and the facts 1814

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1815 alleged are true, to the best of my knowledge and belief." No cause of action for violation of the physician-patient privilege 1816 1817 or invasion of the right of privacy shall be permitted against any physician, hospital, clinic, or other medical institution 1818 1819 complying with the provisions of this section. The person requesting such records and such sworn statement shall pay all 1820 reasonable costs connected therewith. If an insurer makes a 1821 written request for documentation or information under this 1822 1823 paragraph within 30 days after having received notice of the 1824 amount of a covered loss under paragraph (4)(a), the amount or 1825 the partial amount which is the subject of the insurer's inquiry shall become overdue if the insurer does not pay in accordance 1826 with paragraph (4)(b) or within 10 days after the insurer's 1827 1828 receipt of the requested documentation or information, whichever 1829 occurs later. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "receipt" includes, but is not limited to, inspection and copying pursuant 1830 1831 to this paragraph. Any insurer that requests documentation or 1832 information pertaining to reasonableness of charges or medical necessity under this paragraph without a reasonable basis for 1833 1834 such requests as a general business practice is engaging in an 1835 unfair trade practice under the insurance code.

(c) In the event of any dispute regarding an insurer's
right to discovery of facts under this section, the insurer may
petition a court of competent jurisdiction to enter an order
permitting such discovery. The order may be made only on motion
for good cause shown and upon notice to all persons having an
interest, and it shall specify the time, place, manner,
conditions, and scope of the discovery. Such court may, in order

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1843 to protect against annoyance, embarrassment, or oppression, as 1844 justice requires, enter an order refusing discovery or 1845 specifying conditions of discovery and may order payments of 1846 costs and expenses of the proceeding, including reasonable fees 1847 for the appearance of attorneys at the proceedings, as justice 1848 requires.

(d) The injured person shall be furnished, upon request, a
copy of all information obtained by the insurer under the
provisions of this section, and shall pay a reasonable charge,
if required by the insurer.

(e) Notice to an insurer of the existence of a claim shallnot be unreasonably withheld by an insured.

1855 (7) MENTAL AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF INJURED PERSON; 1856 REPORTS.--

1857 Whenever the mental or physical condition of an (a) injured person covered by personal injury protection is material 1858 1859 to any claim that has been or may be made for past or future 1860 personal injury protection insurance benefits, such person shall, upon the request of an insurer, submit to mental or 1861 1862 physical examination by a physician or physicians. The costs of 1863 any examinations requested by an insurer shall be borne entirely by the insurer. Such examination shall be conducted within the 1864 municipality where the insured is receiving treatment, or in a 1865 1866 location reasonably accessible to the insured, which, for 1867 purposes of this paragraph, means any location within the municipality in which the insured resides, or any location 1868 1869 within 10 miles by road of the insured's residence, provided 1870 such location is within the county in which the insured resides.

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1871 If the examination is to be conducted in a location reasonably 1872 accessible to the insured, and if there is no qualified 1873 physician to conduct the examination in a location reasonably 1874 accessible to the insured, then such examination shall be 1875 conducted in an area of the closest proximity to the insured's residence. Personal protection insurers are authorized to 1876 1877 include reasonable provisions in personal injury protection insurance policies for mental and physical examination of those 1878 1879 claiming personal injury protection insurance benefits. An 1880 insurer may not withdraw payment of a treating physician without 1881 the consent of the injured person covered by the personal injury protection, unless the insurer first obtains a valid report by a 1882 1883 Florida physician licensed under the same chapter as the 1884 treating physician whose treatment authorization is sought to be 1885 withdrawn, stating that treatment was not reasonable, related, or necessary. A valid report is one that is prepared and signed 1886 1887 by the physician examining the injured person or reviewing the 1888 treatment records of the injured person and is factually 1889 supported by the examination and treatment records if reviewed 1890 and that has not been modified by anyone other than the 1891 physician. The physician preparing the report must be in active practice, unless the physician is physically disabled. Active 1892 practice means that during the 3 years immediately preceding the 1893 1894 date of the physical examination or review of the treatment 1895 records the physician must have devoted professional time to the 1896 active clinical practice of evaluation, diagnosis, or treatment 1897 of medical conditions or to the instruction of students in an accredited health professional school or accredited residency 1898

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1899 program or a clinical research program that is affiliated with 1900 an accredited health professional school or teaching hospital or 1901 accredited residency program. The physician preparing a report 1902 at the request of an insurer and physicians rendering expert opinions on behalf of persons claiming medical benefits for 1903 personal injury protection, or on behalf of an insured through 1904 an attorney or another entity, shall maintain, for at least 3 1905 years, copies of all examination reports as medical records and 1906 1907 shall maintain, for at least 3 years, records of all payments 1908 for the examinations and reports. Neither an insurer nor any 1909 person acting at the direction of or on behalf of an insurer may materially change an opinion in a report prepared under this 1910 paragraph or direct the physician preparing the report to change 1911 1912 such opinion. The denial of a payment as the result of such a changed opinion constitutes a material misrepresentation under 1913 s. 626.9541(1)(i)2.; however, this provision does not preclude 1914 1915 the insurer from calling to the attention of the physician 1916 errors of fact in the report based upon information in the claim file. 1917

1918 (b) If requested by the person examined, a party causing 1919 an examination to be made shall deliver to him or her a copy of every written report concerning the examination rendered by an 1920 examining physician, at least one of which reports must set out 1921 1922 the examining physician's findings and conclusions in detail. 1923 After such request and delivery, the party causing the examination to be made is entitled, upon request, to receive 1924 1925 from the person examined every written report available to him or her or his or her representative concerning any examination, 1926

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1927 previously or thereafter made, of the same mental or physical 1928 condition. By requesting and obtaining a report of the 1929 examination so ordered, or by taking the deposition of the 1930 examiner, the person examined waives any privilege he or she may have, in relation to the claim for benefits, regarding the 1931 testimony of every other person who has examined, or may 1932 thereafter examine, him or her in respect to the same mental or 1933 physical condition. If a person unreasonably refuses to submit 1934 1935 to an examination, the personal injury protection carrier is no 1936 longer liable for subsequent personal injury protection 1937 benefits.

(8) APPLICABILITY OF PROVISION REGULATING ATTORNEY'S
FEES.--With respect to any dispute under the provisions of ss.
627.730-627.7405 between the insured and the insurer, or between
an assignee of an insured's rights and the insurer, the
provisions of s. 627.428 shall apply, except as provided in
subsection (11).

1944 (9) (a) Each insurer which has issued a policy providing personal injury protection benefits shall report the renewal, 1945 1946 cancellation, or nonrenewal thereof to the Department of Highway 1947 Safety and Motor Vehicles within 45 days from the effective date of the renewal, cancellation, or nonrenewal. Upon the issuance 1948 of a policy providing personal injury protection benefits to a 1949 named insured not previously insured by the insurer thereof 1950 1951 during that calendar year, the insurer shall report the issuance of the new policy to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 1952 1953 Vehicles within 30 days. The report shall be in such form and format and contain such information as may be required by the 1954

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1955 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles which shall 1956 include a format compatible with the data processing 1957 capabilities of said department, and the Department of Highway 1958 Safety and Motor Vehicles is authorized to adopt rules necessary with respect thereto. Failure by an insurer to file proper 1959 reports with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 1960 as required by this subsection or rules adopted with respect to 1961 the requirements of this subsection constitutes a violation of 1962 1963 the Florida Insurance Code. Reports of cancellations and policy 1964 renewals and reports of the issuance of new policies received by 1965 the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). 1966 These records are to be used for enforcement and regulatory 1967 1968 purposes only, including the generation by the department of 1969 data regarding compliance by owners of motor vehicles with 1970 financial responsibility coverage requirements. In addition, the 1971 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall release, 1972 upon a written request by a person involved in a motor vehicle accident, by the person's attorney, or by a representative of 1973 1974 the person's motor vehicle insurer, the name of the insurance 1975 company and the policy number for the policy covering the vehicle named by the requesting party. The written request must 1976 1977 include a copy of the appropriate accident form as provided in 1978 s. 316.065, s. 316.066, or s. 316.068.

(b) Every insurer with respect to each insurance policy
providing personal injury protection benefits shall notify the
named insured or in the case of a commercial fleet policy, the
first named insured in writing that any cancellation or

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1983 nonrenewal of the policy will be reported by the insurer to the 1984 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. The notice 1985 shall also inform the named insured that failure to maintain 1986 personal injury protection and property damage liability insurance on a motor vehicle when required by law may result in 1987 the loss of registration and driving privileges in this state, 1988 and the notice shall inform the named insured of the amount of 1989 the reinstatement fees required by s. 627.733(7). This notice is 1990 1991 for informational purposes only, and no civil liability shall 1992 attach to an insurer due to failure to provide this notice.

1993 (10)An insurer may negotiate and enter into contracts with licensed health care providers for the benefits described 1994 in this section, referred to in this section as "preferred 1995 1996 providers," which shall include health care providers licensed under chapters 458, 459, 460, 461, and 463. The insurer may 1997 provide an option to an insured to use a preferred provider at 1998 1999 the time of purchase of the policy for personal injury 2000 protection benefits, if the requirements of this subsection are 2001 met. If the insured elects to use a provider who is not a 2002 preferred provider, whether the insured purchased a preferred 2003 provider policy or a nonpreferred provider policy, the medical benefits provided by the insurer shall be as required by this 2004 2005 section. If the insured elects to use a provider who is a 2006 preferred provider, the insurer may pay medical benefits in 2007 excess of the benefits required by this section and may waive or 2008 lower the amount of any deductible that applies to such medical 2009 benefits. If the insurer offers a preferred provider policy to a policyholder or applicant, it must also offer a nonpreferred 2010

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2011 provider policy. The insurer shall provide each policyholder 2012 with a current roster of preferred providers in the county in 2013 which the insured resides at the time of purchase of such 2014 policy, and shall make such list available for public inspection 2015 during regular business hours at the principal office of the 2016 insurer within the state.

2017

(11) DEMAND LETTER.--

(a) As a condition precedent to filing any action for benefits under this section, the insurer must be provided with written notice of an intent to initiate litigation. Such notice may not be sent until the claim is overdue, including any additional time the insurer has to pay the claim pursuant to paragraph (4)(b).

(b) The notice required shall state that it is a "demand2025 letter under s. 627.736(11)" and shall state with specificity:

2026 1. The name of the insured upon which such benefits are
2027 being sought, including a copy of the assignment giving rights
2028 to the claimant if the claimant is not the insured.

2029 2. The claim number or policy number upon which such claim2030 was originally submitted to the insurer.

2031 To the extent applicable, the name of any medical 3. provider who rendered to an insured the treatment, services, 2032 2033 accommodations, or supplies that form the basis of such claim; 2034 and an itemized statement specifying each exact amount, the date of treatment, service, or accommodation, and the type of benefit 2035 claimed to be due. A completed form satisfying the requirements 2036 2037 of paragraph (5)(d) or the lost-wage statement previously submitted may be used as the itemized statement. To the extent 2038

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2039 that the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of payment 2040 under paragraph (7)(a) for future treatment not yet rendered, 2041 the claimant shall attach a copy of the insurer's notice 2042 withdrawing such payment and an itemized statement of the type, 2043 frequency, and duration of future treatment claimed to be 2044 reasonable and medically necessary.

Each notice required by this subsection must be 2045 (C)delivered to the insurer by United States certified or 2046 2047 registered mail, return receipt requested. Such postal costs 2048 shall be reimbursed by the insurer if so requested by the 2049 claimant in the notice, when the insurer pays the claim. Such notice must be sent to the person and address specified by the 2050 insurer for the purposes of receiving notices under this 2051 2052 subsection. Each licensed insurer, whether domestic, foreign, or 2053 alien, shall file with the office designation of the name and 2054 address of the person to whom notices pursuant to this 2055 subsection shall be sent which the office shall make available 2056 on its Internet website. The name and address on file with the 2057 office pursuant to s. 624.422 shall be deemed the authorized 2058 representative to accept notice pursuant to this subsection in 2059 the event no other designation has been made.

(d) If, within 15 days after receipt of notice by the insurer, the overdue claim specified in the notice is paid by the insurer together with applicable interest and a penalty of 10 percent of the overdue amount paid by the insurer, subject to a maximum penalty of \$250, no action may be brought against the insurer. If the demand involves an insurer's withdrawal of payment under paragraph (7) (a) for future treatment not yet

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2067 rendered, no action may be brought against the insurer if, 2068 within 15 days after its receipt of the notice, the insurer 2069 mails to the person filing the notice a written statement of the 2070 insurer's agreement to pay for such treatment in accordance with the notice and to pay a penalty of 10 percent, subject to a 2071 maximum penalty of \$250, when it pays for such future treatment 2072 in accordance with the requirements of this section. To the 2073 extent the insurer determines not to pay any amount demanded, 2074 2075 the penalty shall not be payable in any subsequent action. For 2076 purposes of this subsection, payment or the insurer's agreement 2077 shall be treated as being made on the date a draft or other valid instrument that is equivalent to payment, or the insurer's 2078 written statement of agreement, is placed in the United States 2079 2080 mail in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope, or if not so 2081 posted, on the date of delivery. The insurer shall not be obligated to pay any attorney's fees if the insurer pays the 2082 2083 claim or mails its agreement to pay for future treatment within 2084 the time prescribed by this subsection.

(e) The applicable statute of limitation for an action
under this section shall be tolled for a period of 15 business
days by the mailing of the notice required by this subsection.

(f) Any insurer making a general business practice of not paying valid claims until receipt of the notice required by this subsection is engaging in an unfair trade practice under the insurance code.

2092 (12) CIVIL ACTION FOR INSURANCE FRAUD.--An insurer shall
2093 have a cause of action against any person convicted of, or who,
2094 regardless of adjudication of guilt, pleads guilty or nolo

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2095 contendere to insurance fraud under s. 817.234, patient 2096 brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054, 2097 associated with a claim for personal injury protection benefits 2098 in accordance with this section. An insurer prevailing in an 2099 action brought under this subsection may recover compensatory, consequential, and punitive damages subject to the requirements 2100 2101 and limitations of part II of chapter 768, and attorney's fees and costs incurred in litigating a cause of action against any 2102 2103 person convicted of, or who, regardless of adjudication of 2104 guilt, pleads guilty or nolo contendere to insurance fraud under 2105 s. 817.234, patient brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054, associated with a claim for personal injury 2106 2107 protection benefits in accordance with this section.

2108 MINIMUM BENEFIT COVERAGE. -- If the Financial Services (13)2109 Commission determines that the cost savings under personal injury protection insurance benefits paid by insurers have been 2110 2111 realized due to the provisions of this act, prior legislative 2112 reforms, or other factors, the commission may increase the minimum \$10,000 benefit coverage requirement. In establishing 2113 2114 the amount of such increase, the commission must determine that 2115 the additional premium for such coverage is approximately equal to the premium cost savings that have been realized for the 2116 2117 personal injury protection coverage with limits of \$10,000.

(14) FRAUD ADVISORY NOTICE.--Upon receiving notice of a claim under this section, an insurer shall provide a notice to the insured or to a person for whom a claim for reimbursement for diagnosis or treatment of injuries has been filed, advising that:

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(a) Pursuant to s. 626.9892, the Department of Financial
Services may pay rewards of up to \$25,000 to persons providing
information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons
committing crimes investigated by the Division of Insurance
Fraud arising from violations of s. 440.105, s. 624.15, s.
626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234.

(b) Solicitation of a person injured in a motor vehicle crash for purposes of filing personal injury protection or tort claims could be a violation of s. 817.234, s. 817.505, or the rules regulating The Florida Bar and should be immediately reported to the Division of Insurance Fraud if such conduct has taken place.

2135 Section 18. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida 2136 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, 2137 section 627.737, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to 2138 read:

2139 627.737 Tort exemption; limitation on right to damages; 2140 punitive damages.--

Every owner, registrant, operator, or occupant of a 2141 (1)2142 motor vehicle with respect to which security has been provided 2143 as required by ss. 627.730-627.7405, and every person or organization legally responsible for her or his acts or 2144 omissions, is hereby exempted from tort liability for damages 2145 2146 because of bodily injury, sickness, or disease arising out of 2147 the ownership, operation, maintenance, or use of such motor vehicle in this state to the extent that the benefits described 2148 2149 in s. 627.736(1) are payable for such injury, or would be payable but for any exclusion authorized by ss. 627.730-2150

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2151 627.7405, under any insurance policy or other method of security 2152 complying with the requirements of s. 627.733, or by an owner 2153 personally liable under s. 627.733 for the payment of such 2154 benefits, unless a person is entitled to maintain an action for 2155 pain, suffering, mental anguish, and inconvenience for such 2156 injury under the provisions of subsection (2).

In any action of tort brought against the owner, 2157 (2)registrant, operator, or occupant of a motor vehicle with 2158 2159 respect to which security has been provided as required by ss. 2160 627.730-627.7405, or against any person or organization legally 2161 responsible for her or his acts or omissions, a plaintiff may recover damages in tort for pain, suffering, mental anguish, and 2162 inconvenience because of bodily injury, sickness, or disease 2163 arising out of the ownership, maintenance, operation, or use of 2164 2165 such motor vehicle only in the event that the injury or disease consists in whole or in part of: 2166

(a) Significant and permanent loss of an important bodilyfunction.

(b) Permanent injury within a reasonable degree of medicalprobability, other than scarring or disfigurement.

2171

2172

(c) Significant and permanent scarring or disfigurement.

(d) Death.

(3) When a defendant, in a proceeding brought pursuant to ss. 627.730-627.7405, questions whether the plaintiff has met the requirements of subsection (2), then the defendant may file an appropriate motion with the court, and the court shall, on a one-time basis only, 30 days before the date set for the trial or the pretrial hearing, whichever is first, by examining the

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2179 pleadings and the evidence before it, ascertain whether the 2180 plaintiff will be able to submit some evidence that the 2181 plaintiff will meet the requirements of subsection (2). If the 2182 court finds that the plaintiff will not be able to submit such 2183 evidence, then the court shall dismiss the plaintiff's claim 2184 without prejudice.

(4) In any action brought against an automobile liability insurer for damages in excess of its policy limits, no claim for punitive damages shall be allowed.

2188 Section 19. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida 2189 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, 2190 section 627.739, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to 2191 read:

2192 627.739 Personal injury protection; optional limitations; 2193 deductibles.--

(1) The named insured may elect a deductible or modified coverage or combination thereof to apply to the named insured alone or to the named insured and dependent relatives residing in the same household, but may not elect a deductible or modified coverage to apply to any other person covered under the policy.

(2) Insurers shall offer to each applicant and to each
policyholder, upon the renewal of an existing policy,
deductibles, in amounts of \$250, \$500, and \$1,000. The
deductible amount must be applied to 100 percent of the expenses
and losses described in s. 627.736. After the deductible is met,
each insured is eligible to receive up to \$10,000 in total
benefits described in s. 627.736(1). However, this subsection

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2207 shall not be applied to reduce the amount of any benefits 2208 received in accordance with s. 627.736(1)(c).

(3) Insurers shall offer coverage wherein, at the election of the named insured, the benefits for loss of gross income and loss of earning capacity described in s. 627.736(1)(b) shall be excluded.

(4) The named insured shall not be prevented from electing a deductible under subsection (2) and modified coverage under subsection (3). Each election made by the named insured under this section shall result in an appropriate reduction of premium associated with that election.

(5) All such offers shall be made in clear and unambiguous 2218 language at the time the initial application is taken and prior 2219 2220 to each annual renewal and shall indicate that a premium 2221 reduction will result from each election. At the option of the insurer, the requirements of the preceding sentence are met by 2222 2223 using forms of notice approved by the office, or by providing 2224 the following notice in 10-point type in the insurer's application for initial issuance of a policy of motor vehicle 2225 2226 insurance and the insurer's annual notice of renewal premium: 2227

For personal injury protection insurance, the named insured may elect a deductible and to exclude coverage for loss of gross income and loss of earning capacity ("lost wages"). These elections apply to the named insured alone, or to the named insured and all dependent resident relatives. A premium reduction will result from these elections. The named insured is hereby advised not to elect the lost wage exclusion if the named

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insured or dependent resident relatives are employed, since lostwages will not be payable in the event of an accident.

2237 Section 20. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida 2238 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, 2239 section 627.7401, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to 2240 read:

2241

627.7401 Notification of insured's rights.--

(1) The commission, by rule, shall adopt a form for the notification of insureds of their right to receive personal injury protection benefits under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law. Such notice shall include:

A description of the benefits provided by personal 2246 (a) injury protection, including, but not limited to, the specific 2247 2248 types of services for which medical benefits are paid, 2249 disability benefits, death benefits, significant exclusions from and limitations on personal injury protection benefits, when 2250 payments are due, how benefits are coordinated with other 2251 2252 insurance benefits that the insured may have, penalties and 2253 interest that may be imposed on insurers for failure to make 2254 timely payments of benefits, and rights of parties regarding 2255 disputes as to benefits.

2256

(b) An advisory informing insureds that:

1. Pursuant to s. 626.9892, the Department of Financial Services may pay rewards of up to \$25,000 to persons providing information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons committing crimes investigated by the Division of Insurance Fraud arising from violations of s. 440.105, s. 624.15, s. 2262 626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234.

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2263 2. Pursuant to s. 627.736(5)(e)1., if the insured notifies 2264 the insurer of a billing error, the insured may be entitled to a 2265 certain percentage of a reduction in the amount paid by the 2266 insured's motor vehicle insurer.

(c) A notice that solicitation of a person injured in a motor vehicle crash for purposes of filing personal injury protection or tort claims could be a violation of s. 817.234, s 817.505, or the rules regulating The Florida Bar and should be immediately reported to the Division of Insurance Fraud if such conduct has taken place.

2273 Each insurer issuing a policy in this state providing (2)personal injury protection benefits must mail or deliver the 2274 notice as specified in subsection (1) to an insured within 21 2275 2276 days after receiving from the insured notice of an automobile 2277 accident or claim involving personal injury to an insured who is covered under the policy. The office may allow an insurer 2278 2279 additional time to provide the notice specified in subsection 2280 (1) not to exceed 30 days, upon a showing by the insurer that an 2281 emergency justifies an extension of time.

(3) The notice required by this section does not alter or modify the terms of the insurance contract or other requirements of this act.

2285 Section 21. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida 2286 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, 2287 section 627.7403, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to 2288 read:

2289 627.7403 Mandatory joinder of derivative claim.--In any 2290 action brought pursuant to the provisions of s. 627.737 claiming

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2291 personal injuries, all claims arising out of the plaintiff's 2292 injuries, including all derivative claims, shall be brought 2293 together, unless good cause is shown why such claims should be 2294 brought separately.

2295 Section 22. Notwithstanding the repeal of the Florida 2296 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which occurred on October 1, 2007, 2297 section 627.7405, Florida Statutes, is revived and reenacted to 2298 read:

2299 627.7405 Insurers' right of reimbursement. --2300 Notwithstanding any other provisions of ss. 627.730-627.7405, 2301 any insurer providing personal injury protection benefits on a private passenger motor vehicle shall have, to the extent of any 2302 2303 personal injury protection benefits paid to any person as a 2304 benefit arising out of such private passenger motor vehicle 2305 insurance, a right of reimbursement against the owner or the insurer of the owner of a commercial motor vehicle, if the 2306 2307 benefits paid result from such person having been an occupant of 2308 the commercial motor vehicle or having been struck by the 2309 commercial motor vehicle while not an occupant of any self-2310 propelled vehicle.

Section 23. 2311 This act revives and reenacts the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, which expired by operation of law on 2312 October 1, 2007. This act is intended to be remedial and 2313 2314 curative in nature. Therefore, the Florida Motor Vehicle No-2315 Fault Law shall continue to be codified as ss. 627.730-627.7405, Florida Statutes, notwithstanding the repeal of those sections 2316 2317 contained in s. 19, chapter 2003-411, Laws of Florida. (1) The Legislature intends that the 2318 Section 24.

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2319 provisions of this act reviving and reenacting the Florida Motor 2320 <u>Vehicle No-Fault Law apply to policies issued on or after the</u> 2321 effective date of this act.

2322 (2)Each insurer that issued coverage for a motor vehicle 2323 that is subject to the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law shall, within 30 days after the effective date of this act, mail or 2324 2325 deliver a revised notice of the premium and policy changes to each policyholder whose policy has an effective date on or after 2326 2327 the effective date of this act and who was previously issued a 2328 motor vehicle insurance policy or sent a renewal notice based on the assumption that the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law would 2329 be repealed on October 1, 2007. For a renewal policy, the 2330 2331 coverage must provide the same limits of personal injury 2332 protection coverage, the same deductible from personal injury 2333 protection coverage, and the same limits of medical payments coverage as provided in the prior policy, unless the 2334 policyholder elects different limits that are available. The 2335 2336 effective date of the revised policy or renewal shall be the 2337 same as the effective date specified in the prior notice. The 2338 revised notice of premium and coverage changes are exempt from 2339 the requirements of ss. 627.7277, 627.728, and 627.7282, Florida 2340 Statutes. The policyholder has a period of 30 days, or a longer 2341 period if specified by the insurer, following receipt of the 2342 revised notice within which to pay any additional amount of 2343 premium due and thereby maintain the policy in force as specified in this section. Alternatively, the policyholder may 2344 2345 cancel the policy within this time period and obtain a refund of the unearned premium. If the policyholder fails to timely 2346

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2347	respond to the notice, the insurer must cancel the policy and						
2348	return any unearned premium to the insured. The date on which						
2349	the policy will be canceled shall be stated in the notice and						
2350	may not be less than 35 days after the date of the notice. The						
2351	amount of unearned premium due to the policyholder shall be						
2352	calculated on a pro rata basis. The failure of an insurer to						
2353	timely mail or deliver a revised notice as required by this						
2354	subsection does not affect the other requirements of this						
2355	section.						
2356	(3) The Legislature recognizes that some persons have been						
2357	issued a motor vehicle insurance policy effective on or after						
2358	October 1, 2007, and before the effective date of this act,						
2359	which does not include personal injury protection, based upon						
2360	the expected repeal of the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law on						
2361	October 1, 2007, pursuant to s. 19, chapter 2003-411, Laws of						
2362	Florida. Any such person:						
2363	(a) May continue to own and operate a motor vehicle in						
2364	this state without being subject to any sanction for failing to						
2365	maintain personal injury protection coverage if that person						
2366	continues to meet statutory requirements relating to property						
2367	damage liability coverage and obtains personal injury protection						
2368	coverage that takes effect no later than December 1, 2007.						
2369	(b) Is not subject to the provisions of s. 627.737,						
2370	Florida Statutes, relating to the exemption from tort liability						
2371	with respect to injuries sustained by the person in a motor						
2372	vehicle crash occurring while the policy without personal injury						
2373	protection coverage is in effect but not later than November 30,						
2374	2007. This paragraph also applies during such period to any						
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2375 person who would have been covered under a personal injury 2376 protection policy if such a policy had been maintained on such 2377 motor vehicle. 2378 (4) Each insurer shall, by October 31, 2007, provide 2379 written notification to each insured referred to in subsection 2380 (3) informing the insured that he or she must obtain personal 2381 injury protection coverage that takes effect no later than 2382 December 1, 2007. Such notice must include the premium for such 2383 coverage and the premium credit, if any, which will be provided for other coverage, such as bodily injury liability coverage or 2384 uninsured motorist coverage. Alternatively, the insurer may add 2385 an endorsement to the policy to provide personal injury 2386 2387 protection coverage as required by law, effective no later than 2388 December 1, 2007, without requiring any additional payment from 2389 the insured and shall provide written notification to the 2390 insured of such endorsement by October 31, 2007. 2391 Section 25. Effective January 1, 2009, sections 627.730, <u>627.731, 627.732, 627.7</u>33, 627.734, 627.736, 627.737, 627.739, 2392 627.7401, 627.7403, and 627.7405, Florida Statutes, constituting 2393 2394 the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, are repealed, unless 2395 reviewed and reenacted by the Legislature before that date. 2396 Section 26. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 2397 law.

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