2007 House Joint Resolution 1 2 A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Sections 2, 3 4, and 6 and the creation of Section 19 of Article VII and the creation of Section 27 of Article XII of the State 4 Constitution to provide for an alternative methodology for 5 changing assessments of homestead property, rate for 6 7 taxing homestead property, and homestead exemption, provide for transitional assessments of homestead 8 9 property, and provide an effective date. 10 11 Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 12 That the following amendment to Sections 2, 4, and 6 and 13 the creation of Section 19 of Article VII and the creation of 14 15 Section 27 of Article XII of the State Constitution are agreed 16 to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for 17 approval or rejection at the next general election or at an 18 earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that 19 purpose: 20 ARTICLE VII 21 FINANCE AND TAXATION SECTION 2. Taxes; rate.--Except as provided in Section 19 22 of this Article, all ad valorem taxation shall be at a uniform 23 rate within each taxing unit, except the taxes on intangible 24 25 personal property may be at different rates but shall never exceed two mills on the dollar of assessed value; provided, as 26 27 to any obligations secured by mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien on real estate wherever located, an intangible tax of not 28 Page 1 of 11

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29 more than two mills on the dollar may be levied by law to be in 30 lieu of all other intangible assessments on such obligations.

31 SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.--By general law 32 regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just 33 valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:

(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge
to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for
noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general
law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(b) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

(c) Except as provided in Section 19 of this Article, all
persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of
this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value
as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this
amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided herein.

47 (1) Assessments subject to this provision shall be changed
48 annually on January 1st of each year; but those changes in
49 assessments shall not exceed the lower of the following:

a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prioryear.

52 b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all 53 urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or 54 successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially 55 reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of 56 Labor Statistics.

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(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general
law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of
January 1 of the following year. Thereafter, the homestead shall
be assessed as provided herein.

(4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value
as of January 1st of the year following the establishment of the
homestead. That assessment shall only change as provided herein.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general
law; provided, however, after the adjustment for any change,
addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be
assessed as provided herein.

(6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, theproperty shall be assessed as provided by general law.

(7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any of the provisions of this amendment shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this amendment.

The legislature may, by general law, for assessment 77 (d) purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow 78 79 counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of 80 81 character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The 82 83 requirements for eligible properties must be specified by general law. 84

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85 A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, (e) 86 provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead 87 property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of 88 that property which results from the construction or 89 reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents 90 or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse 91 if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the 92 living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a 93 94 reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:

95 (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from96 construction or reconstruction of the property.

97 (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the98 property as improved.

99

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions. --

100 Every person who has the legal or equitable title to (a) 101 real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 102 owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, 103 shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for 104 special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of five thousand 105 dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner 106 prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or 107 equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership 108 109 representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 110 111 ninety-eight years.

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(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

Except as provided in Section 19 of this Article, by 119 (C)general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the 120 121 exemption shall be increased to a total of twenty-five thousand dollars of the assessed value of the real estate for each school 122 district levy. By general law and subject to conditions 123 specified therein, the exemption for all other levies may be 124 increased up to an amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars of 125 the assessed value of the real estate if the owner has attained 126 127 age sixty-five or is totally and permanently disabled and if the 128 owner is not entitled to the exemption provided in subsection 129 (d).

Except as provided in Section 19 of this Article, by 130 (d) 131 general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the 132 exemption shall be increased to a total of the following amounts of assessed value of real estate for each levy other than those 133 134 of school districts: fifteen thousand dollars with respect to 1980 assessments; twenty thousand dollars with respect to 1981 135 136 assessments; twenty-five thousand dollars with respect to assessments for 1982 and each year thereafter. However, such 137 138 increase shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the 139

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provisions of <u>Section</u> section 4 of this Article by a state agency designated by general law. This subsection shall stand repealed on the effective date of any amendment to <u>Section</u> section 4 of this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at a specified percentage of its just value.

(e) By general law and subject to conditions specified
therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are
permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax
levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and
amount established by general law.

The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or 150 (f) municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies 151 and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an 152 additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding fifty thousand 153 dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to 154 155 real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 156 owner and who has attained age sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed twenty 157 thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and 158 159 municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the 160 limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the 161 162 periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living. 163

(g) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially
or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from
the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead
property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was

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168 combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the 169 time of entering the military service of the United States, and 170 the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from 171 military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to 172 the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected 173 disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this 174 subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property 175 appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of 176 177 entering military service, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of 178 the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence 179 that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and 180 a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property 181 appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must 182 183 notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, 184 and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature may, by general 185 law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent 186 years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is 187 self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation. 188 SECTION 19. Alternative homestead property assessment; 189 taxation; exemption; future revision limitation.--190 All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under (a) this section shall have their homestead assessed at just value 191 192 as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this section. This assessment shall be changed each year by the 193 194 percentage change in the market value of the property from the 195 prior year, provided that, any increase in the assessment shall

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196 not exceed the lower of three percent (3%) of the assessment for 197 the prior year or the percent change in the Consumer Price Index 198 for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, 199 or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as 200 initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, 201 Bureau of Labor Statistics. Under this section, homestead property shall be taxed 202 (b) at the rate of one and one-half percent (1.5%) of the just value 203 204 of the property. 205 (c) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to 206 real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 207 owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, 208 shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for 209 special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of the median 210 value of single-family homes for the prior year in the county in 211 which the homestead is located. The owner of a homestead who is 212 65 years of age or older and whose income does not exceed 80 213 percent of the median family income for the county shall be 214 entitled to an additional exemption equal to the amount of the 215 exemption provided in this subsection. 216 The provisions of this section shall apply only to the (d) 217 owner of homestead property and the homestead if the owner makes 218 an irrevocable election to have this section apply instead of Sections 2, 4, and 6 of this Article. 219 220 By general law, the legislature shall provide (e) 221 regulations to implement and enforce this section. 222 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of Article XI, any 223 revision to the provisions of this section may be made only by

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224 initiative filed as provided in Section 3 of Article XI and 225 submitted to the voters in a general election. 226 ARTICLE XII 227 SCHEDULE 228 SECTION 27. Transitional assessments of homestead 229 property; effective date. --Each person entitled to a homestead exemption under 230 (a) Section 6 of Article VII on the effective date of this section 231 232 shall continue to have the person's current homestead assessed 233 under Section 4(c) of Article VII until the person makes an 234 irrevocable election to have the person's homestead assessed under Section 19 of Article VII. After an irrevocable election 235 236 is made, the homestead will continue to be assessed under 237 Section 4(c) of Article VII until December 31 of the year in which the election is made and thereafter may not be assessed 238 239 under Section 4(c) of Article VII. Beginning January 1 of the year following such election, the homestead shall be assessed 240 241 and taxed as provided by Section 19 of Article VII. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature 242 243 shall provide procedures for persons to make the election. 244 The amendments to Sections 2, 4, and 6 and the (b) 245 creation of Section 19 of Article VII, providing an alternative 246 methodology for changing assessments of homestead property, 247 taxing homestead property at 1.5 percent of just value, and 248 providing a homestead exemption equal to the median value of 249 single-family homes in the county in which the homestead is 250 located and a double homestead exemption for low-income property 251 owners 65 years of age or older, and limiting revisions to a

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252 citizen's initiative, and this section, providing for 253 transitional assessments of homestead property, if submitted to 254 the electors of this state for approval or rejection at a 255 special election authorized by law to be held in 2008, shall 256 take effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate 257 retroactively to January 1, 2008, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next 258 general election, shall take effect January 1 of the year 259 260 following such general election. 261 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be 262 placed on the ballot: CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 263 264 ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 2, 4, 6, 19 ARTICLE XII, SECTION 27 265 ALTERNATIVE HOMESTEAD PROPERTY ASSESSMENT, TAXATION, 266 267 EXEMPTION. -- Proposing changes to the State Constitution relating to ad valorem taxation as follows: 268 269 1.a. Provides for changing the assessment of homestead 270 property each year by the percentage change in the market value 271 of the property from the prior year and limiting increases in assessments to the lower of 3 percent or the percentage change 272 in the Consumer Price Index. 273 274 Provides for taxing homestead property at 1.5 percent b. of the just value of the property. 275 276 с. Provides for a homestead exemption equal to the median 277 value of single-family homes in the county in which the 278 homestead is located and a double exemption for homestead owners

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279 65 years of age or older with an income not exceeding 80 percent280 of the median family income for the county.

281 2. Preserves the existing assessment, taxation, and 282 exemption of homestead property but provides for an irrevocable 283 election by the homestead owner to apply the provisions of the 284 amendments to the homestead property.

285 3. Limits revising the provisions of the amendment to286 citizen's initiative.

4. Schedules the changes to take effect upon approval by the voters and operate retroactively to January 1, 2008, if approved in a special election held in 2008, or to take effect January 1, 2009, if approved in the general election held in November of 2008.

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