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CHAMBER ACTION

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ı	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u> !
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2	<u>:</u>
3	Floor: 1/RE/RM .
4	10/29/2007 11:51 AM .
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11	Senators Haridopolos and Atwater moved the following Senate
12	amendment to House amendment (540255):
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14	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
15	Lines 5-568, delete those lines
16	
17	and insert:
18	That the following amendments to Sections 3, 4, and 6
19	of Article VII and the creation of Section 27 of Article XII
20	of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted
21	to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the
22	next general election or at an earlier special election
23	specifically authorized by law for that purpose:
24	ARTICLE VII
25	FINANCE AND TAXATION
26	SECTION 3. Taxes; exemptions
27	(a) All property owned by a municipality and used
28	exclusively by it for municipal or public purposes shall be
29	exempt from taxation. A municipality, owning property outside
30	the municipality, may be required by general law to make
31	payment to the taxing unit in which the property is

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located. Such portions of property as are used predominantly for educational, literary, scientific, religious or charitable purposes may be exempted by general law from taxation.

- (b) There shall be exempt from taxation, cumulatively, to every head of a family residing in this state, household goods and personal effects to the value fixed by general law, not less than one thousand dollars, and to every widow or widower or person who is blind or totally and permanently disabled, property to the value fixed by general law not less than five hundred dollars.
- (c) Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of 11 its respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this 12 subsection and general law, grant community and economic 13 development ad valorem tax exemptions to new businesses and 14 15 expansions of existing businesses, as defined by general law. 16 Such an exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county or municipality, and only after the electors of the 17 county or municipality voting on such question in a referendum 18 authorize the county or municipality to adopt such 19 ordinances. An exemption so granted shall apply to 20 21 improvements to real property made by or for the use of a new 22 business and improvements to real property related to the expansion of an existing business and shall also apply to 23 24 tangible personal property of such new business and tangible personal property related to the expansion of an existing 25 business. The amount or limits of the amount of such exemption 26 shall be specified by general law. The period of time for 27 28 which such exemption may be granted to a new business or 29 expansion of an existing business shall be determined by 30 general law. The authority to grant such exemption shall expire ten years from the date of approval by the electors of s0002De2c-26-j14 8:59 AM 10/29/07

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the county or municipality, and may be renewable by referendum as provided by general law.

- (d) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, there may be granted an ad valorem tax exemption to a renewable energy source device and to real property on which such device is installed and operated, to the value fixed by general law not to exceed the original cost of the device, and for the period of time fixed by general law not to exceed ten years.
- (e) Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of its respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this subsection and general law, grant historic preservation ad valorem tax exemptions to owners of historic properties. This exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county or municipality. The amount or limits of the amount of this exemption and the requirements for eligible properties must be specified by general law. The period of time for which this exemption may be granted to a property owner shall be determined by general law.
- (f) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, twenty-five thousand dollars of the assessed value of property subject to tangible personal property tax shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation.
- SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.--By general law regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:
- (a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

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- (b) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.
- (c) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided herein.
- (1) Assessments subject to this provision shall be changed annually on January 1st of each year; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed the lower of the following:
- a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year.
- b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
 - (2) No assessment shall exceed just value.
- (3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided herein.
- (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1st of the year following the establishment of the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That assessment shall only change as provided herein.

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(5)	Changes	s, additions	, reductions,	or improve	ements to		
homestead	property	shall be as	sessed as pro	vided for b	ЭУ		
general la	w; provid	ded, however	, after the a	djustment f	for any		
change, ad	dition, 1	reduction, or	r improvement	, the prope	erty		
shall be assessed as provided herein.							

- (6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the property shall be assessed as provided by general law.
- (7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any of the provisions of this amendment shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this amendment.
- (8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this Article as of January 1 of either of the two years immediately preceding the establishment of the new homestead is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead shall be determined as follows:
- 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the prior homestead as of

1	January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was					
2	abandoned. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as					
3	provided herein.					
4	2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than					
5	the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the					
6	year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed					
7	value of the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of					
8	the new homestead divided by the just value of the prior					
9	homestead and multiplied by the assessed value of the prior					
10	homestead. However, if the difference between the just value					
11	of the new homestead and the assessed value of the new					
12	homestead calculated pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is					
13	greater than \$500,000, the assessed value of the new homestead					
14	shall be increased so that the difference between the just					
15	value and the assessed value equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the					
16	homestead shall be assessed as provided herein.					
17	b. By general law and subject to conditions specified					
18	therein, the Legislature shall provide for application of this					
19	paragraph to property owned by more than one person.					
20	(d) The legislature may, by general law, for					
21	assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this					
22	subsection, allow counties and municipalities to authorize by					
23	ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the					
24	basis of character or use. Such character or use assessment					
25	shall apply only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance.					
26	The requirements for eligible properties must be specified by					
27	general law.					
28	(e) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general					
29	law, provide for a reduction in the assessed value of					
30	homestead property to the extent of any increase in the					
31	assessed value of that property which results from the					
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construction or reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing living quarters for one or more natural or 2 adoptive grandparents or parents of the owner of the property 3 or of the owner's spouse if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the living quarters are provided is 62 5 years of age or older. Such a reduction may not exceed the 7 lesser of the following:

- (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from construction or reconstruction of the property.
- (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the property as improved.
- (f) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (c) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.
 - (2) No assessment shall exceed just value.
- (3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general 30 law; however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as 8:59 AM 10/29/07

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	1	provided	in	this	subsection.
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- (g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (c) and (f) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.
 - (2) No assessment shall exceed just value.
- (3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.--

(a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except $8:59 \text{ AM} \quad 10/29/07$ $8:59 \text{ AM} \quad 10/29/07$

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assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand dollars and up to seventy-five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a 10 corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 11 ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to 12 13 be in compliance with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is repealed 14 15 on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which 16 provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

(c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the exemption shall be increased to a total of twenty-five thousand dollars of the assessed value of the real estate for each school district levy. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the exemption for all other levies may be increased up to an amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars of the assessed value of the real estate

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if the owner has attained age sixty-five or is totally and permanently disabled and if the owner is not entitled to the exemption provided in subsection (d).

therein, the exemption shall be increased to a total of the following amounts of assessed value of real estate for each levy other than those of school districts: fifteen thousand dollars with respect to 1980 assessments; twenty thousand dollars with respect to 1981 assessments; twenty-five thousand dollars with respect to assessments; twenty-five thousand dollars with respect to assessments for 1982 and each year thereafter. However, such increase shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This subsection shall stand repealed on the effective date of any amendment to section 4 which provides for the assessment of homestead property at a specified percentage of its just value.

(c)(e) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.

(d)(f) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner and who has attained age sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general 10 8:59 AM 10/29/07 50002De2c-26-j14

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law, does not exceed twenty thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant this 2 additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this 3 subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of 5 the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living. (e)(g) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is 8 partially or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed 11 on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the

13 this state at the time of entering the military service of the

disability was combat related, the veteran was a resident of

United States, and the veteran was honorably discharged upon 14

15 separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, 16

service-connected disability as determined by the United

States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the 18

19 discount granted by this subsection, an applicant must submit

20 to the county property appraiser, by March 1, proof of

residency at the time of entering military service, an 21

22 official letter from the United States Department of Veterans

Affairs stating the percentage of the veteran's 23

2.4 service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably

identifies the disability as combat related, and a copy of the 25

veteran's honorable discharge. If the property appraiser 26

denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must notify 27

the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and

29 the veteran may reapply. The Legislature may, by general law,

waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years.

This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is

1	self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.						
2	ARTICLE XII						
3	SCHEDULE						
4	SECTION 27. Property tax exemptions and limitations on						
5	property tax assessments The amendments to Sections 3, 4,						
6	and 6 of Article VII, providing a \$25,000 exemption for						
7	tangible personal property, providing an additional \$25,000						
8	homestead exemption, authorizing transfer of the accrued						
9	benefit from the limitations on the assessment of homestead						
10	property, and this section, if submitted to the electors of						
11	this state for approval or rejection at a special election						
12	authorized by law to be held on January 29, 2008, shall take						
13	effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate						
14	retroactively to January 1, 2008, or, if submitted to the						
15	electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next						
16	general election, shall take effect January 1 of the year						
17	following such general election. The amendments to Section 4						
18	of Article VII creating subsections (f) and (q) of that						
19	section, creating a limitation on annual assessment increases						
20	for specified real property, shall take effect upon approval						
21	of the electors and shall first limit assessments beginning						
22	January 1, 2009, if approved at a special election held on						
23	January 29, 2008, or shall first limit assessments beginning						
24	January 1, 2010, if approved at the general election held in						
25	November of 2008. Subsections (f) and (g) of Section 4 of						
26	Article VII are repealed effective January 1, 2019; however,						
27	the legislature shall by joint resolution propose an amendment						
28	abrogating the repeal of subsections (f) and (g), which shall						
29	be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or						
30	rejection at the general election of 2018 and, if approved,						
31	shall take effect January 1, 2019.						
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I		BE	IT	FURTHER	RESOLVED	that	the	following	statement	be
	placed	on	the	ballot:	:					

CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION

ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 3, 4, AND 6

ARTICLE XII, SECTION 27

PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS; LIMITATIONS ON PROPERTY TAX
ASSESSMENTS.—This revision proposes changes to the State
Constitution relating to property taxation. With respect to
homestead property, this revision: (1) increases the homestead
exemption for levies other than school district levies and (2)
provides for the transfer of Save-Our-Homes benefits. With
respect to nonhomestead property, this revision (3) provides a
\$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property and (4)
provides for limitations on assessment increases for specified
real property that is not homestead property for levies other
than school district levies.

In more detail, this revision:

- (1) Increases the homestead exemption by exempting the assessed value greater than \$50,000 and up to \$75,000. This exemption does not apply to school district levies.
- (2) Provides for the transfer of accumulated
 Save-Our-Homes benefits. Homestead property owners will be
 able to transfer their Save-Our-Homes benefit to a new
 homestead within 1 year and not more than 2 years after
 relinquishing their previous homestead; except, if this
 revision is approved by the electors in January of 2008 and if
 the new homestead is established on January 1, 2008, the
 previous homestead must have been relinquished in 2007. If the
 new homestead has a higher just value than the old one, the
 accumulated benefit can be transferred; if the new homestead
 has a lower just value, the amount of benefit transferred will
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be reduced. The transferred benefit may not exceed \$500,000. This provision applies to all tax levies.

- (3) Authorizes an exemption from property taxes of \$25,000 of assessed value of tangible personal property. This provision applies to all tax levies.
- (4) Limits the assessment increase for specified real property that is not entitled to the homestead exemption to 10 percent each year. Property will be assessed at just value following an improvement, as defined by general law, and may be assessed at just value following a change of ownership or control if provided by general law. This limitation does not apply to school district levies. This limitation is repealed effective January 1, 2019, unless renewed by a vote of the electors in the general election held in 2018.

Further, this revision:

- a. Repeals obsolete language on the homestead exemption when it was less than \$25,000 and did not apply uniformly to property taxes levied by all local governments.
- b. Provides for homestead exemptions to be repealed if a future constitutional amendment provides for assessment of homesteads "at less than just value" rather than as currently provided "at a specified percentage" of just value.
- c. Schedules the changes to take effect upon approval by the electors and operate retroactively to January 1, 2008, if approved in a special election held on January 29, 2008, or to take effect January 1, 2009, if approved in the general election held in November of 2008. The limitation on annual assessment increases for specified real property shall first apply to the 2009 tax roll if this revision is approved in a special election held on January 29, 2008, or shall first apply to the 2010 tax roll if this revision is approved in the 14 source approved in the 14 source 2010 tax roll if this revision is approved in the 2010 tax roll if this revision is approved in the 2010 tax roll if this revision is approved in the 14 source 2010 tax roll if this revision is approved in the 2010 tax

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general election held in November of 2008. 2 3 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 4 5 And the title is amended as follows: 6 Lines 573-591, delete those lines 7 8 and insert: 9 Senate Joint Resolution A joint resolution proposing amendments to 10 Sections 3, 4, and 6 of Article VII and the 11 creation of Section 27 of Article XII of the 12 State Constitution, to require an exemption 13 from ad valorem taxation for tangible personal 14 15 property, to provide for the transfer of the accrued benefit from the limitation on the 16 assessed value of homestead property, to create 17 a limitation on annual assessment increases for 18 specified real property, to increase the 19 homestead exemption, and to provide an 20 21 effective date if such amendments are adopted. 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 15