Bill No. CS/HB 7003D

	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
1	Representative(s) Cannon and Saunders offered the following:
2	
3	Amendment (with title amendment)
4	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:
5	Section 1. Section 193.017, Florida Statutes, is amended
6	to read:
7	(Substantial rewording of section. See
8	s. 193.017, F.S., for present text.)
9	193.017 Assessment of structural improvements on land
10	owned by a community land trust and used to provide affordable
11	housing
12	(1) As used in this section, the term "community land
13	trust" means a nonprofit entity that is qualified as charitable
14	under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and has as one
15	of its purposes the acquisition of land to be held in perpetuity
16	for the primary purpose of providing affordable homeownership. 950257
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17	(2) A community land trust may convey structural
18	improvements located on specific parcels of such land that are
19	identified by a legal description contained in and subject to a
20	ground lease having a term of at least 99 years to natural
21	persons or families who meet the extremely-low, very-low, low,
22	and moderate income limits, as specified in s. 420.0004, or the
23	income limits for workforce housing, as defined in s.
24	420.5095(3). A community land trust shall retain a preemptive
25	option to purchase any structural improvements on the land at a
26	price determined by a formula specified in the ground lease,
27	which is designed to ensure that the structural improvements
28	remain affordable.
29	(3) In arriving at just valuation under s. 193.011, a
30	structural improvement that provides affordable housing on land
31	owned by a community land trust and subject to a 99-year or
32	longer ground lease shall be assessed using the following
33	<u>criteria:</u>
34	(a) The amount a willing purchaser would pay a willing
35	seller shall not exceed the amount determined by the formula in
36	the ground lease.
37	(b) If the ground lease and all amendments and supplements
38	thereto, or a memorandum documenting how such lease and
39	amendments or supplements restrict the price at which the
40	improvements may be sold, is recorded in the official public
41	records of the county in which the leased land is located, the
42	recorded lease and any amendments and supplements, or the
43	recorded memorandum, shall be deemed a land use regulation
44	during the term of the lease as amended or supplemented.
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45 Section 2. Section 196.1978, Florida Statutes, is amended 46 to read:

47 196.1978 Affordable housing property exemption.--Property used to provide affordable housing serving eligible persons as 48 49 defined by s. 159.603(7) and natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low, very-low, low, or moderate persons meeting 50 51 income limits specified in s. 420.0004 s. 420.0004(8), (10), 52 (11), and (15), which property is owned entirely by a nonprofit entity that which is a corporation not for profit, which is 53 54 qualified as charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal 55 Revenue Code, and which complies with Rev. Proc. 96-32, 1996-1 C.B. 717 or a limited partnership, the sole general partner of 56 which is a corporation not for profit, which is qualified as 57 charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and 58 which complies with Rev. Proc. 96-32, 1996-1 C.B. 717, shall be 59 considered property owned by an exempt entity and used for a 60 charitable purpose, and those portions of the affordable housing 61 property which provide housing to natural persons or families 62 that meet the extremely-low, very-low, low, or moderate income 63 limits specified individuals with incomes as defined in s. 64 65 420.0004 s. 420.0004(10) and (15) shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation to the extent authorized in s. 196.196. All 66 property identified in this section shall comply with the 67 criteria for determination of exempt status to be applied by 68 property appraisers on an annual basis as defined in s. 196.195. 69 70 The Legislature intends that any property owned by a limited 71 liability company or a limited partnership that which is 72 disregarded as an entity for federal income tax purposes 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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73	pursuant to Treasury Regulation 301.7701-3(b)(1)(ii) shall be
74	treated as owned by its sole member <u>or sole general partner</u> . <u>The</u>
75	exemption provided in this section also extends to land that is
76	owned by an exempt entity and that is subject to a 99-year or
77	longer ground lease for the purpose of providing affordable
78	homeownership.
79	Section 3. (1) The executive director of the Department
80	of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to
81	adopt emergency rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54(4),
82	Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing sections 1 and
83	2 of this act.
84	(2) The executive director of the Department of Revenue is
85	authorized, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt
86	emergency rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54(4), Florida
87	Statutes, for the purpose of implementing sections 4 through 18
88	of this act.
89	(3) In anticipation of implementing those portions of this
90	act which have not taken effect, the executive director of the
91	Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are
92	deemed met, to adopt emergency rules under ss. 120.536(1) and
93	120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of making necessary
94	changes and preparations so that forms, methods, and data
95	records, electronic or otherwise, are ready and in place if
96	those portions of this act that have not taken effect become
97	law.
98	(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, such
99	emergency rules shall remain in effect for 18 months after the
100	date of adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of
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101	procedures to adopt rules addressing the subject of the
102	emergency rules.
103	Section 4. Section 196.002, Florida Statutes, is amended
104	to read:
105	196.002 Legislative intentFor the purposes of
106	assessment roll recordkeeping and reporting <u>,</u> +
107	(1) The increase in the homestead exemption provided in s.
108	196.031(3)(d) shall be reported separately for those persons
109	entitled to exemption under s. 196.031(3)(a) or (b) and for
110	those persons entitled to exemption under s. 196.031(1) but not
111	under said paragraphs; and
112	(2) the exemptions authorized by each provision of this
113	chapter shall be reported separately for each category of
114	exemption in each such provision, both as to total value
115	exempted and as to the number of exemptions granted.
116	Section 5. Paragraphs (b), (c), (f), and (g) of subsection
117	(2) of section 193.114, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
118	193.114 Preparation of assessment rolls
119	(2) The department shall promulgate regulations and forms
120	for the preparation of the real property assessment roll to
121	reflect:
122	(b) The just value (using the factors set out in s.
123	193.011) of all property. The assessed value for school district
124	levies and for all other levies shall be separately listed.
125	(c) When property is wholly or partially exempt, a
126	categorization of such exemption. There shall be a separate
127	listing on the roll for exemptions pertaining to assessed value
128	for school district levies and for all other levies.
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129	(f) The millage levied on the property, including school
130	district levies and all other levies, to be listed separately.
131	(g) There shall be a separate listing on the roll for
132	taxable value for school district levies and for all other
133	levies. The tax, determined by multiplying the millages by the
134	taxable values for school district levies and for all other
135	<u>levies</u> value .
136	Section 6. Section 193.155, Florida Statutes, is amended
137	to read:
138	193.155 Homestead assessmentsHomestead property shall
139	be assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property
140	receiving the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall
141	be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year in which
142	the property receives the exemption, unless the provisions of
143	subsection (8) apply.
144	(1) Beginning in 1995, or the year following the year the
145	property receives homestead exemption, whichever is later, the
146	property shall be reassessed annually on January 1. Any change
147	resulting from such reassessment shall not exceed the lower of
148	the following:
149	(a) Three percent of the assessed value of the property
150	for the prior year; or
151	(b) The percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for
152	All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or
153	successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially
154	reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of
155	Labor Statistics.

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(2) If the assessed value of the property as calculated
under subsection (1) exceeds the just value, the assessed value
of the property shall be lowered to the just value of the
property.

160 (3) Except as provided in this subsection, property 161 assessed under this section shall be assessed at just value as 162 of January 1 of the year following a change of ownership. 163 Thereafter, the annual changes in the assessed value of the property are subject to the limitations in subsections (1) and 164 165 (2). For the purpose of this section, a change in ownership means any sale, foreclosure, or transfer of legal title or 166 167 beneficial title in equity to any person, except as provided in this subsection. There is no change of ownership if: 168

(a) Subsequent to the change or transfer, the same person
is entitled to the homestead exemption as was previously
entitled and:

172

1. The transfer of title is to correct an error;

The transfer is between legal and equitable title; or 173 2. The change or transfer is by means of an instrument in 174 3. which the owner is listed as both grantor and grantee of the 175 176 real property and one or more other individuals are additionally named as grantee. However, if any individual who is additionally 177 named as a grantee applies for a homestead exemption on the 178 property, the application shall be considered a change of 179 180 ownership;

(b) The transfer is between husband and wife, including atransfer to a surviving spouse or a transfer due to a

183 dissolution of marriage; 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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184 (c) The transfer occurs by operation of law under s.185 732.4015; or

(d) Upon the death of the owner, the transfer is between
the owner and another who is a permanent resident and is legally
or naturally dependent upon the owner.

(4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), changes,
additions, or improvements to homestead property shall be
assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the
changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.

193 Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all (b) or a portion of homestead property damaged or destroyed by 194 195 misfortune or calamity shall not increase the homestead property's assessed value when the square footage of the 196 197 homestead property as changed or improved does not exceed 110 percent of the square footage of the homestead property before 198 the damage or destruction. Additionally, the homestead 199 200 property's assessed value shall not increase if the total square footage of the homestead property as changed or improved does 201 not exceed 1,500 square feet. Changes, additions, or 202 improvements that do not cause the total to exceed 110 percent 203 204 of the total square footage of the homestead property before the damage or destruction or that do not cause the total to exceed 205 1,500 total square feet shall be reassessed as provided under 206 subsection (1). The homestead property's assessed value shall be 207 208 increased by the just value of that portion of the changed or 209 improved homestead property which is in excess of 110 percent of the square footage of the homestead property before the damage 210 211 or destruction or of that portion exceeding 1,500 square feet. 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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212 Homestead property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity which, after being changed or improved, has a square 213 214 footage of less than 100 percent of the homestead property's total square footage before the damage or destruction shall be 215 216 assessed pursuant to subsection (5). This paragraph applies to 217 changes, additions, or improvements commenced within 3 years after the January 1 following the damage or destruction of the 218 219 homestead.

(c) Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all
or a portion of real property that was damaged or destroyed by
misfortune or calamity shall be assessed upon substantial
completion as if such damage or destruction had not occurred and
in accordance with paragraph (b) if the owner of such property:

225 1. Was permanently residing on such property when the226 damage or destruction occurred;

227 2. Was not entitled to receive homestead exemption on such 228 property as of January 1 of that year; and

3. Applies for and receives homestead exemption on suchproperty the following year.

(d) Changes, additions, or improvements include
improvements made to common areas or other improvements made to
property other than to the homestead property by the owner or by
an owner association, which improvements directly benefit the
homestead property. Such changes, additions, or improvements
shall be assessed at just value, and the just value shall be
apportioned among the parcels benefiting from the improvement.

(5) When property is destroyed or removed and not replaced, the assessed value of the parcel shall be reduced by 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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240 the assessed value attributable to the destroyed or removed 241 property.

242 (6) Only property that receives a homestead exemption is 243 subject to this section. No portion of property that is assessed 244 solely on the basis of character or use pursuant to s. 193.461 or s. 193.501, or assessed pursuant to s. 193.505, is subject to 245 this section. When property is assessed under s. 193.461, s. 246 193.501, or s. 193.505 and contains a residence under the same 247 ownership, the portion of the property consisting of the 248 249 residence and curtilage must be assessed separately, pursuant to s. 193.011, for the assessment to be subject to the limitation 250 in this section. 251

(7) If a person received a homestead exemption limited to
that person's proportionate interest in real property, the
provisions of this section apply only to that interest.

255 For all levies other than school district levies, (8) 256 property assessed under this section shall be assessed at less than just value following a change in ownership when the person 257 258 who establishes a new homestead has received a homestead exemption as of January 1 of either of the 2 immediately 259 260 preceding years. A person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled to have the new homestead assessed 261 262 at less than just value only if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 2007. The assessed value of the newly 263 264 established homestead shall be determined as provided in this 265 subsection.

266 (a) If the just value of the new homestead as of January 1
267 is greater than or equal to the just value of the immediate
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268	prior homestead of the person establishing the new homestead as
269	of January 1 of the year in which the immediate prior homestead
270	was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be
271	the just value of the new homestead minus an amount equal to the
272	lesser of \$1 million or the difference between the just value
273	and the assessed value of the immediate prior homestead as of
274	January 1 of the year in which the immediate prior homestead was
275	abandoned. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as
276	provided in this section.
277	(b) If the just value of the new homestead as of January 1
278	is less than the just value of the immediate prior homestead as
279	of January 1 of the year in which the immediate prior homestead
280	was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be
281	equal to the just value of the new homestead divided by the just
282	value of the immediate prior homestead and multiplied by the
283	assessed value of the immediate prior homestead. However, if the
284	difference between the just value of the new homestead and the
285	assessed value of the new homestead calculated pursuant to this
286	paragraph is greater than \$1 million, the assessed value of the
287	new homestead shall be increased such that the difference
288	between the just value and the assessed value equals \$1 million.
289	Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this
290	section.
291	(c) If two or more persons, who have each received a
292	homestead exemption as of January 1 of either of the 2
293	immediately preceding years and who would otherwise be eligible
294	to have a new homestead property assessed under this subsection,
295	establish a single new homestead, the reduction in just value
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shall be limited to the reduction that could have resulted from 296 any one of the potentially eliqible prior homesteads, at the 297 298 owner's option. 299 (d) If two or more persons abandon their jointly owned 300 homestead property and one or more of such persons establish a new homestead that would otherwise be eligible for assessment 301 302 under this subsection, each person shall be entitled to a 303 reduction in just value for the new homestead in proportion to 304 his or her ownership interest in the abandoned homestead 305 property. There shall be no reduction in assessed value of any new homestead unless the prior homestead is reassessed under 306 subsection (3) or this subsection as of January 1 after the 307 308 abandonment occurs. 309 (e) In order to have his or her homestead property assessed under this subsection, a person must provide to the 310 property appraiser a copy of his or her notice of proposed 311 property taxes for an eligible prior homestead at the same time 312 he or she applies for the homestead exemption and must sign a 313 sworn statement, on a form prescribed by the department, 314 attesting to his or her entitlement to the assessment. 315 316 (f) The department shall require by rule that the required 317 documentation be submitted with the homestead exemption 318 application under the timeframes and processes set forth in 319 chapter 196 to the extent practicable, and that the filing of 320 the statement be supported by copies of such notices. 321 (9) (8) Erroneous assessments of homestead property assessed under this section may be corrected in the following 322 323 manner: 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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(a) If errors are made in arriving at any assessment under
this section due to a material mistake of fact concerning an
essential characteristic of the property, the just value and
assessed value must be recalculated for every such year,
including the year in which the mistake occurred.

(b) If changes, additions, or improvements are not assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after they were substantially completed, the property appraiser shall determine the just value for such changes, additions, or improvements for the year they were substantially completed. Assessments for subsequent years shall be corrected, applying this section if applicable.

(c) If back taxes are due pursuant to s. 193.092, the corrections made pursuant to this subsection shall be used to calculate such back taxes.

(10) (1) (1) If the property appraiser determines that for any 339 year or years within the prior 10 years a person who was not 340 341 entitled to the homestead property assessment limitation granted under this section was granted the homestead property assessment 342 limitation, the property appraiser making such determination 343 344 shall record in the public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any property owned by that person in the county, 345 and such property must be identified in the notice of tax lien. 346 Such property that is situated in this state is subject to the 347 unpaid taxes, plus a penalty of 50 percent of the unpaid taxes 348 349 for each year and 15 percent interest per annum. However, when a person entitled to exemption pursuant to s. 196.031 350

351 inadvertently receives the limitation pursuant to this section 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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following a change of ownership, the assessment of such property must be corrected as provided in paragraph <u>(9)(a)</u> (8)(a), and the person need not pay the unpaid taxes, penalties, or interest.

356 Section 7. Section 196.031, Florida Statutes, is amended 357 to read:

358

196.031 Exemption of homesteads.--

359 (1) (a) Every person who, on January 1, has the legal title or beneficial title in equity to real property in this state and 360 361 who resides thereon and in good faith makes the same his or her permanent residence, or the permanent residence of another or 362 363 others legally or naturally dependent upon such person, is entitled to an exemption from all taxation, except for 364 assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation 365 of \$25,000 \$5,000 on the residence and contiguous real property, 366 as defined in s. 6, Art. VII of the State Constitution. Such 367 title may be held by the entireties, jointly, or in common with 368 others, and the exemption may be apportioned among such of the 369 370 owners as shall reside thereon, as their respective interests 371 shall appear. If only one of the owners of an estate held by the 372 entireties or held jointly with the right of survivorship resides on the property, that owner is allowed an exemption of 373 up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 on the residence 374 375 and contiguous real property. However, no such exemption of more than \$25,000 \$5,000 is allowed to any one person or on any one 376 377 dwelling house, except that an exemption up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 \$5,000 may be allowed on each apartment or 378 379 mobile home occupied by a tenant-stockholder or member of a 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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380 cooperative corporation and on each condominium parcel occupied by its owner. Except for owners of an estate held by the 381 382 entireties or held jointly with the right of survivorship, the amount of the exemption may not exceed the proportionate 383 384 assessed valuation of all owners who reside on the property. Before such exemption may be granted, the deed or instrument 385 386 shall be recorded in the official records of the county in which 387 the property is located. The property appraiser may request the applicant to provide additional ownership documents to establish 388 389 title.

390 (b) Every person who qualifies to receive the exemption 391 provided in paragraph (a) and who does not receive the exemption provided in s. 196.098 is entitled to an additional exemption in 392 393 an amount equal to 40 percent of the median just value of 394 homesteads in the county in which the homestead is located in 395 the prior year. The additional exemption shall apply after the 396 first \$50,000 of just value of the homestead property. However, in any year, such person shall receive only the larger of the 397 398 exemption provided in this paragraph or the application of the cumulative assessment limitation calculated pursuant to s. 399 400 193.155. The exemption provided under this paragraph shall apply to all levies other than school district levies. 401

402 (2) As used in subsection (1), the term "cooperative 403 corporation" means a corporation, whether for profit or not for 404 profit, organized for the purpose of owning, maintaining, and 405 operating an apartment building or apartment buildings or a 406 mobile home park to be occupied by its stockholders or members; 407 and the term "tenant-stockholder or member" means an individual 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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who is entitled, solely by reason of his or her ownership of 408 stock or membership in a cooperative corporation, as evidenced 409 410 in the official records of the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the apartment building is 411 412 located, to occupy for dwelling purposes an apartment in a building owned by such corporation or to occupy for dwelling 413 414 purposes a mobile home which is on or a part of a cooperative unit. A corporation leasing land for a term of 98 years or more 415 for the purpose of maintaining and operating a cooperative 416 417 thereon shall be deemed the owner for purposes of this exemption. 418

(3) (a) The exemption provided in this section does For every person who is entitled to the exemption provided in subsection (1), who is a permanent resident of this state, and who is 65 years of age or older, the exemption is increased to \$10,000 of assessed valuation for taxes levied by governing bodies of counties, municipalities, and special districts.

425 (b) For every person who is entitled to the exemption 426 provided in subsection (1), who has been a permanent resident of 427 this state for the 5 consecutive years prior to claiming the 428 exemption under this subsection, and who qualifies for the exemption granted pursuant to s. 196.202 as a totally and 429 430 permanently disabled person, the exemption is increased to \$9,500 of assessed valuation for taxes levied by governing 431 bodies of counties, municipalities, and special districts. 432 433 (c) No homestead shall be exempted under both paragraphs (a) and (b). In no event shall the combined exemptions of s. 434 435 196.202 and paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) exceed \$10,000. 950257

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436 (d) For every person who is entitled to the exemption 437 provided in subsection (1) and who is a permanent resident of 438 this state, the exemption is increased to a total of \$25,000 of 439 assessed valuation for taxes levied by governing bodies of 440 school districts.

(e) For every person who is entitled to the exemption 441 442 provided in subsection (1) and who is a resident of this state, the exemption is increased to a total of \$25,000 of assessed 443 valuation for levies of taxing authorities other than school 444 445 districts. However, the increase provided in this paragraph shall not apply with respect to the assessment roll of a county 446 447 unless and until the roll of that county has been approved by the executive director pursuant to s. 193.1142. 448

449 (4) The property appraisers of the various counties shall each year compile a list of taxable property and its value 450 removed from the assessment rolls of each school district as a 451 452 result of the excess of exempt value above that amount allowed for nonschool levies as provided in subsections (1) and (3), as 453 454 well as a statement of the loss of tax revenue to each school district from levies other than the minimum financial effort 455 456 required pursuant to s. 1011.60(6), and shall deliver a copy 457 thereof to the Department of Revenue upon certification of the assessment roll to the tax collector. 458

459 <u>(4)(5)</u> The exemption provided in this section applies only 460 to those parcels classified and assessed as owner-occupied 461 residential property or only to the portion of property so 462 classified and assessed.

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463 (5) (6) A person who is receiving or claiming the benefit 464 of an ad valorem tax exemption or a tax credit in another state where permanent residency is required as a basis for the 465 granting of that ad valorem tax exemption or tax credit is not 466 467 entitled to the homestead exemption provided by this section. 468 This subsection does not apply to a person who has the legal or 469 equitable title to real estate in Florida and maintains thereon the permanent residence of another legally or naturally 470 dependent upon the owner. 471

472 (6) (7) When homestead property is damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity and the property is uninhabitable on 473 474 January 1 after the damage or destruction occurs, the homestead exemption may be granted if the property is otherwise gualified 475 476 and if the property owner notifies the property appraiser that he or she intends to repair or rebuild the property and live in 477 the property as his or her primary residence after the property 478 is repaired or rebuilt and does not claim a homestead exemption 479 on any other property or otherwise violate this section. Failure 480 by the property owner to commence the repair or rebuilding of 481 the homestead property within 3 years after January 1 following 482 483 the property's damage or destruction constitutes abandonment of the property as a homestead. 484

485 Section 8. Section 196.098, Florida Statutes, is created 486 to read:

487

196.098 Exemption for low-income seniors.--

488(1) Any person who has attained age 65 and whose household489income does not exceed \$23,604 is also entitled to an additional

490 <u>exemption in an amount equal to 100 percent of the median just</u> 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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491	value of homesteads for the county in which the homestead is
492	located in the prior year. However, in any year, such person
493	shall receive only the larger of the exemption provided in this
494	subsection or the application of the cumulative assessment
495	limitation calculated pursuant to s. 193.155. The exemption
496	provided under this subsection shall apply to all levies other
497	than school district levies.
498	(2) As used in this section, the term "low-income senior"
499	means a permanent resident of this state who has attained 65
500	years of age and whose household income does not exceed \$23,604.
501	Submission of an affidavit that the person claiming the
502	exemption under subsection (1) is a permanent resident of this
503	state is prima facie proof of such residence. For purposes of
504	this section, the term "household income" means the gross income
505	of all persons residing in or upon the homestead for the prior
506	year. For purposes of this section, the term "gross income"
507	includes United States Department of Veterans Affairs benefits
508	and any social security benefits paid to the person.
509	(3) The maximum income limitation provided in this section
510	shall be adjusted annually on January 1, beginning January 1,
511	2008, by the percentage change in the average cost-of-living
512	index in the period January 1 through December 31 of the
513	immediate prior year compared with the same period for the year
514	prior to that. The index is the average of the monthly consumer
515	price index figures for the stated 12-month period, relative to
516	the United States as a whole, issued by the United States
517	Department of Labor.

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518	(4) The department shall require by rule that the taxpayer
519	annually submit to the property appraiser a sworn return of age
520	and gross income pursuant to subsection (2). The department
521	shall require that the filing of such return be accompanied by
522	proof of age, copies of federal income tax returns for the prior
523	year, wage and earning statements (W-2 forms), and other
524	documents the department deems necessary for each member of the
525	household. The taxpayer's return shall attest to the accuracy of
526	such copies. The department shall prescribe and furnish a form
527	to be used for this purpose, which shall include spaces for a
528	separate listing of United States Department of Veterans Affairs
529	benefits and social security benefits.
530	(5) Any person who receives the exemption provided by this
531	section is not entitled to receive the exemption provided under
532	s. 196.031(1)(b).
533	Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
534	196.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
535	196.161 Homestead exemptions; lien imposed on property of
536	person claiming exemption although not a permanent resident
537	(1)(a) When the estate of any person is being probated or
538	administered in another state under an allegation that such
539	person was a resident of that state and the estate of such
540	person contains real property situate in this state upon which
541	homestead exemption has been allowed pursuant to this chapter ${f s}.$
542	196.031 for any year or years within 10 years immediately prior
543	to the death of the deceased, then within 3 years after the
544	death of such person the property appraiser of the county where
545	the real property is located shall, upon knowledge of such fact, 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM Page 20 of 44

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record a notice of tax lien against the property among the 546 public records of that county, and the property shall be subject 547 548 to the payment of all taxes exempt thereunder, a penalty of 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for each year, plus 15 percent 549 550 interest per year, unless the circuit court having jurisdiction 551 over the ancillary administration in this state determines that 552 the decedent was a permanent resident of this state during the 553 year or years an exemption was allowed, whereupon the lien shall 554 not be filed or, if filed, shall be canceled of record by the 555 property appraiser of the county where the real estate is 556 located.

557 Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 197.252, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 558

559 197.252 Homestead tax deferral.--

(2)

560

If the applicant is 65 years of age or older entitled (b) 561 562 to claim the increased exemption by reason of age and residency as provided in s. 196.031(3)(a), approval of the application 563 564 shall defer that portion of the ad valorem taxes plus non-ad valorem assessments which exceeds 3 percent of the applicant's 565 566 household income for the prior calendar year. If any applicant's 567 household income for the prior calendar year is less than 568 \$10,000, or is less than the amount of the household income designated for the additional homestead exemption pursuant to s. 569 570 196.075, and the applicant is 65 years of age or older, approval 571 of the application shall defer the ad valorem taxes plus non-ad 572 valorem assessments in their entirety.

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573 Section 11. Section 196.183, Florida Statutes, is created 574 to read:

575

196.183 Exemption for tangible personal property.--

576 (1) Each tangible personal property tax return is eligible 577 for an exemption from ad valorem taxation of up to \$25,000 of assessed value. A single return must be filed for each site in 578 579 the county where the owner of tangible personal property transacts business. Owners of freestanding property placed at 580 multiple sites, other than sites where the owner transacts 581 582 business, must file a single return, including all such property 583 located in the county. Freestanding property placed at multiple sites includes vending and amusement machines, LP/propane tanks, 584 utility and cable company property, billboards, leased 585 equipment, and similar property that is not customarily located 586 in the offices, stores, or plants of the owner, but is placed 587 throughout the county. Railroads, private carriers, and other 588 589 companies assessed pursuant to s. 193.085 shall be allowed one \$25,000 exemption for each county to which the value of their 590 591 property is allocated.

(2) The requirement that an annual tangible personal 592 593 property tax return pursuant to s. 193.052 be filed for 594 taxpayers owning taxable property the value of which, as listed 595 on the return, does not exceed the exemption provided in this 596 section is waived. In order to qualify for this waiver, a taxpayer must file an initial return on which the exemption is 597 taken. If, in subsequent years, the taxpayer owns taxable 598 property the value of which, as listed on the return, exceeds 599 600 the exemption, the taxpayer is obligated to file a return. The 950257

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601	taxpayer may again qualify for the waiver only after filing a
602	return on which the value as listed on the return does not
603	exceed the exemption. A return filed or required to be filed
604	shall be considered an application filed or required to be filed
605	for the exemption under this section.
606	(3) The exemption provided in this section does not apply
607	in any year a taxpayer fails to file a return that is not waived
608	pursuant to subsection (2). Any taxpayer who received a waiver
609	pursuant to subsection (2) and who owns taxable property the
610	value of which, as listed on the return, exceeds the exemption
611	in a subsequent year and who fails to file a return with the
612	property appraiser is subject to the penalty contained in s.
613	193.072(1)(a) calculated without the benefit of the exemption
614	pursuant to this section. Any taxpayer claiming more exemptions
615	than allowed pursuant to subsection (1) is subject to the taxes
616	exempted as a result of wrongfully claiming the additional
617	exemptions plus 15 percent interest per annum and a penalty of
618	50 percent of the taxes exempted.
619	(4) The exemption provided in this section does not apply
620	to a mobile home that is presumed to be tangible personal
621	property pursuant to s. 193.075(2).
622	Section 12. Section 193.803, Florida Statutes, is created
623	to read:
624	193.803 Assessment of eligible rental property used for
625	workforce and affordable housing; classification
626	(1) Upon the property owner's application on a form
627	prescribed by the Department of Revenue, the property appraiser
628	shall annually classify for assessment purposes, with respect to
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629	all levies other than school district levies, all eligible
630	property used for workforce rental housing or affordable rental
631	housing. Eligibility shall be as provided in this section.
632	(2) A property owner whose eligible property is denied
633	classification as workforce rental housing or affordable rental
634	housing by the property appraiser may appeal to the value
635	adjustment board. The property appraiser shall notify the
636	property owner in writing of the denial of the workforce rental
637	housing or affordable rental housing classification on or before
638	July 1 of the year for which the application was filed. The
639	written notification must advise the property owner of his or
640	her right to appeal the denial of classification to the value
641	adjustment board and must contain the deadline for filing an
642	appeal. The property appraiser shall have available at his or
643	her office a list, by parcel and property owner, of all
644	applications for classification received, and the list must
645	identify whether or not the classification requested was
646	granted.
647	(3)(a) Eligible property may not be classified as
648	workforce rental housing or affordable rental housing unless an
649	application is filed on or before March 1 of each year. Before
650	approving a classification, the property appraiser may require
651	the property owner to furnish such information as may reasonably
652	be required to establish that the property was actually used as
653	required by this section. Failure by a property owner to apply
654	for classification of eligible property as workforce rental
655	housing or affordable rental housing by March 1 constitutes a 1-
656	year waiver of the privilege granted under this section for
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657	workforce rental housing assessment or affordable rental housing
658	assessment. However, a property owner who is qualified to
659	receive a workforce rental housing classification or an
660	affordable rental housing classification but who fails to file
661	an application by March 1, may file an application for the
662	classification, and may file, under s. 194.011(3), a petition
663	with the value adjustment board requesting that the
664	classification be granted. The petition may be filed at any time
665	during the taxable year on or before the 25th day following the
666	mailing of the assessment notice by the property appraiser as
667	required under s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding the provisions of
668	s. 194.013, the applicant must pay a nonrefundable fee of \$15
669	upon filing the petition. Upon review of the petition, if the
670	person is qualified to receive the classification and
671	demonstrates particular extenuating circumstances judged by the
672	property appraiser or the value adjustment board to warrant
673	granting the classification, the property appraiser or the value
674	adjustment board may grant the classification. An owner of
675	property classified as workforce rental housing or affordable
676	rental housing in the previous tax year whose ownership or use
677	has not changed may reapply on a short form prescribed by the
678	department. A county may, at the request of the property
679	appraiser and by a majority vote of its governing body, waive
680	the requirement that an annual application or statement be made
681	for the renewal of the classification of property within the
682	county as workforce rental housing or affordable rental housing
683	after an initial classification is granted by the property
684	appraiser. Such waiver may be revoked by a majority vote of the 950257
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685	governing body of the county. Notwithstanding such waiver, an
686	application must be refiled when any property granted the
687	classification is sold or otherwise disposed of, when the
688	ownership changes in any manner, when the applicant ceases to
689	use the property as workforce rental housing or affordable
690	rental housing, or when the status of the owner changes so as to
691	change the classified status of the property.
692	(b) For purposes of granting a workforce rental housing or
693	affordable rental housing classification for January 1, 2008,
694	only, the term "extenuating circumstances" as used in paragraph
695	(a) includes the failure of the property owner to return the
696	application for classification by March 1, 2008.
697	(4) The following types of property are eligible to be
698	classified by a property appraiser as workforce rental housing
699	or affordable rental housing property, and shall be assessed
700	based upon their character and use and as further described in
701	this section:
702	(a) Property that is funded and rent restricted by the
703	United States Department of Housing and Urban Development under
704	s. 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 and that provides
705	affordable housing for eligible persons as defined by s. 159.603
706	or the elderly, extremely-low-income persons, or very-low-income
707	persons as specified in s. 420.0004.
708	(b) Rental property for multifamily housing, commercial
709	fishing workers and farmworkers, families, persons who are
710	homeless, or the elderly that is funded and rent restricted by
711	the Florida Housing Finance Corporation under s. 420.5087, s.
712	<u>420.5089, s. 420.509, or s. 420.5095, the State Housing</u>
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713	Initiatives Partnership Program under s. 420.9072, s. 420.9075,
714	or s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. s. 42;
715	the HOME Investment Partnership Program under the Cranston-
716	Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 12741 et
717	seq.; or the Federal Home Loan Bank's Affordable Housing Program
718	established pursuant to the Financial Institutions Reform,
719	Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989, Pub. L. No. 101-73.
720	(c) Multifamily residential rental property of 10 or more
721	units that is certified by the local public housing agency as
722	having 100 percent of its units used to provide affordable
723	housing for extremely-low-income persons, very-low-income
724	persons, low-income persons, or moderate-income persons as
725	specified in s. 420.0004 and that is subject to a land use
726	agreement or other agreement that is recorded in the official
727	records of the county in which the property is located and which
728	recorded agreement restricts the use of the property to
729	affordable housing for a period of at least 20 years.
730	(5) The property appraiser shall remove from the
731	classification of workforce rental housing or affordable rental
732	housing any properties for which the classified use has been
733	abandoned or discontinued, the property has been diverted to
734	another use, or the participation in and eligibility for the
735	programs specified in this section has been terminated. Such
736	removed property shall be assessed at just value under s.
737	<u>193.011.</u>
738	(6) In years in which the proper application for
739	classification as workforce rental housing or affordable rental
740	housing has been made and granted, the assessment of such
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741	property shall be based upon its use as workforce rental housing
742	or affordable rental housing and by applying the following
743	methodologies, subject to the provisions of subsection (7):
744	(a) Property used for workforce rental housing or
745	affordable rental housing as described in subsection (4) shall
746	be assessed under the income approach using the actual net
747	operating income.
748	(b) Property used for workforce rental housing and
749	affordable rental housing that has received low-income housing
750	tax credits from the Florida Housing Finance Corporation under
751	s. 420.5099 shall be assessed under the income approach using
752	the actual net operating income and the following applies:
753	1. The tax credits granted and the financing generated by
754	the tax credits may not be considered as income.
755	2. The actual rental income from rent-restricted units in
756	such property shall be used by the property appraiser.
757	3. Any costs paid with the tax credits and costs paid with
758	the proceeds from additional financing under chapter 420 may not
759	be included as income.
760	(7) By April 1 of each year, the property owner must
761	provide the property appraiser with a return on a form and in a
762	manner prescribed by the Department of Revenue, which includes a
763	rent roll and an income and expense statement for the preceding
764	year. After a review of the rent roll and the income and expense
765	statement, the property appraiser may request additional
766	information from the property owner as may be reasonably
767	required to consider the methodologies in subsection (6).
768	Failure to timely provide the property appraiser with the
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769	requested information, including failure to meet any extension
770	that may be granted for the submission of information, shall
771	result in an estimated assessment based on the best available
772	information instead of an assessment based on the methodologies
773	provided in subsection (6). Such assessment shall be deemed to
774	be prima facie correct and may be included on the tax roll, and
775	taxes may be extended on the tax roll in the same manner as for
776	all other taxes.
777	(8) It is the duty of the owner of any property used for
778	workforce rental housing or affordable rental housing that has
779	been granted the classification for assessment under this
780	section who is not required to file an annual application or
781	statement to notify the property appraiser promptly whenever the
782	use of the property, or the status or condition of the owner,
783	changes so as to change the classified status of the property.
784	If any property owner fails to so notify the property appraiser
785	and the property appraiser determines that for any year within
786	the prior 10 years the owner was not entitled to receive such
787	classification, the owner of the property is subject to the
788	taxes otherwise due and owing as a result of such failure plus
789	15 percent interest per annum and a penalty of 50 percent of the
790	additional taxes owed. It is the duty of the property appraiser
791	making such determination to record in the public records of the
792	county in which the rental property is located a notice of tax
793	lien against any property owned by that person or entity in the
794	county, and such property must be identified in the notice of
795	tax lien. Such property is subject to the payment of all taxes
796	and penalties. Such lien, when filed, attaches to any property
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797	identified in the notice of tax lien owned by the person or
798	entity that illegally or improperly received the classification.
799	If such person or entity no longer owns property in that county
800	but owns property in another county or counties in the state,
801	the property appraiser shall record in such other county or
802	counties a notice of tax lien identifying the property owned by
803	such person or entity in such county or counties, which becomes
804	a lien against the identified property.
805	Section 13. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of
806	section 192.0105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
807	192.0105 Taxpayer rightsThere is created a Florida
808	Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments to
809	guarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the
810	taxpayers of this state are adequately safeguarded and protected
811	during tax levy, assessment, collection, and enforcement
812	processes administered under the revenue laws of this state. The
813	Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but
814	comprehensive statements that summarize the rights and
815	obligations of the property appraisers, tax collectors, clerks
816	of the court, local governing boards, the Department of Revenue,
817	and taxpayers. Additional rights afforded to payors of taxes and
818	assessments imposed under the revenue laws of this state are
819	provided in s. 213.015. The rights afforded taxpayers to assure
820	that their privacy and property are safeguarded and protected
821	during tax levy, assessment, and collection are available only
822	insofar as they are implemented in other parts of the Florida
823	Statutes or rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so

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824 guaranteed to state taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the 825 departmental rules include:

826

(2) THE RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS.--

827 The right to petition the value adjustment board over (b) 828 objections to assessments, denial of exemption, denial of agricultural classification, denial of historic classification, 829 830 denial of high-water recharge classification, denial of workforce rental housing or affordable rental housing 831 832 classification, disapproval of tax deferral, and any penalties 833 on deferred taxes imposed for incorrect information willfully filed. Payment of estimated taxes does not preclude the right of 834 835 the taxpayer to challenge his or her assessment (see ss. 194.011(3), 196.011(6) and (9)(a), 196.151, 196.193(1)(c) and 836 837 (5), 193.461(2), 193.503(7), 193.625(2), 193.803(2), 197.253(2), 197.301(2), and 197.2301(11)). 838

(c) The right to file a petition for exemption, or agricultural classification, or workforce rental housing or affordable rental housing classification with the value adjustment board when an application deadline is missed, upon demonstration of particular extenuating circumstances for filing late (see ss. 193.461(3)(a), 193.803(3)(a), and 196.011(1), (7), (8), and (9)(d)).

846 Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 193.052, Florida 847 Statutes, is amended to read:

848

193.052 Preparation and serving of returns.--

849 (2) No return shall be required for real property the 850 ownership of which is reflected in instruments recorded in the 851 public records of the county in which the property is located, 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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852 unless otherwise required in this title. In order for land to be considered for agricultural classification under s. 193.461, or 853 854 high-water recharge classification under s. 193.625, or workforce rental housing or affordable rental housing 855 classification under s. 193.803, an application for 856 857 classification must be filed on or before March 1 of each year 858 with the property appraiser of the county in which the land is 859 located, except as provided in s. 193.461(3)(a). The application 860 must state that the lands on January 1 of that year were used 861 primarily for bona fide commercial agricultural or high-water recharge purposes or for workforce rental housing or affordable 862 rental housing classified under s. 193.803. 863

864 Section 15. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 865 194.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

866

194.011 Assessment notice; objections to assessments.--

(3) A petition to the value adjustment board must be in
substantially the form prescribed by the department.
Notwithstanding s. 195.022, a county officer may not refuse to
accept a form provided by the department for this purpose if the
taxpayer chooses to use it. A petition to the value adjustment
board shall describe the property by parcel number and shall be
filed as follows:

(d) The petition may be filed, as to valuation issues, at
any time during the taxable year on or before the 25th day
following the mailing of notice by the property appraiser as
provided in subsection (1). With respect to an issue involving
the denial of an exemption, an agricultural or high-water
recharge classification application, an application for

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880 classification as historic property used for commercial or certain nonprofit purposes, an application for classification as 881 882 workforce rental housing or affordable rental housing, or a 883 deferral, the petition must be filed at any time during the 884 taxable year on or before the 30th day following the mailing of 885 the notice by the property appraiser under s. 193.461, s. 886 193.503, s. 193.625, s. 193.803, or s. 196.193 or notice by the tax collector under s. 197.253. 887 Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 195.073, Florida 888 889 Statutes, is amended to read:

890 195.073 Classification of property.--All items required by 891 law to be on the assessment rolls must receive a classification 892 based upon the use of the property. The department shall 893 promulgate uniform definitions for all classifications. The 894 department may designate other subclassifications of property. 895 No assessment roll may be approved by the department which does 896 not show proper classifications.

897 (1) Real property must be classified according to the898 assessment basis of the land into the following classes:

899 (a) Residential, subclassified into categories, one
900 category for homestead property and one for nonhomestead
901 property:

- 902 1. Single family.
- 903 2. Mobile homes.
- 3. Multifamily.
- 905 4. Condominiums.

906 5. Cooperatives.

907 6. Retirement homes.

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936 2. Residential property that consists of two or more937 primary living units.

3. Agricultural, high-water recharge, historic property
used for commercial or certain nonprofit purposes, <u>workforce</u>
<u>rental housing and affordable rental housing property</u>, and other
use-valued property.

942 4. Vacant lots.

943

944

5. Nonagricultural acreage and other undeveloped parcels.

6. Improved commercial and industrial property.

7. Taxable institutional or governmental, utility, locally
assessed railroad, oil, gas and mineral land, subsurface rights,
and other real property.

948

949 When one of the above classes constituted less than 5 percent of the total assessed value of all real property in a county on the 950 951 previous assessment roll, the department may combine it with one 952 or more other classes of real property for purposes of assessment ratio studies or use the weighted average of the 953 954 other classes for purposes of calculating the level of assessment for all real property in a county. The department 955 956 shall also publish such results for any subclassifications of 957 the classes or assessment rolls it may have chosen to study.

958 Section 18. Section 200.186, Florida Statutes, is created 959 to read:

960 <u>200.186 Maximum millage rates for the 2008-2009 fiscal</u> 961 <u>year.--</u>

962 (1) In the 2008-2009 fiscal year, a county, municipal 963 service taxing units of that county, and special districts 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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964	dependent to that county; a municipality and special districts
965	dependent to that municipality; and an independent special
966	district may levy a maximum millage rate that is determined as
967	follows:
968	(a) The maximum millage rate shall be the rolled-back rate
969	calculated pursuant to s. 200.065 and adjusted for growth in per
970	capita Florida personal income, except that:
971	1. Ad valorem tax revenue levied in the 2007-2008 fiscal
972	year, as used in the calculation of the rolled-back rate, shall
973	be reduced by any tax revenue resulting from a millage rate in
974	excess of the maximum rate that could have been levied by a
975	majority vote as provided in s. 200.185; and
976	2. The taxable value within the jurisdiction of each
977	taxing authority, as used in the calculation of the rolled-back
978	rate, shall be increased by the amount necessary to offset any
979	reduction in taxable value occurring as a result of the
980	amendments to the State Constitution contained in SJR 2-D or HJR
981	7001D providing an additional homestead tax exemption, providing
982	tax relief for low-income seniors, providing portability of the
983	Save-Our-Homes differential, and providing an exemption from ad
984	valorem taxation for tangible personal property. The maximum
985	millage rate applicable to a county authorized to levy a county
986	public hospital surtax under s. 212.055 shall exclude the
987	revenues required to be contributed to the county public general
988	hospital for the purposes of making the maximum millage rate
989	calculation, but shall be added back to the maximum millage rate
990	allowed after the roll back has been applied.

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991	(b) If approved by a two-thirds vote of the governing
992	body, a rate may be levied in excess of the rate calculated
993	pursuant to paragraph (a) if the excess is not more than 67
994	percent of the difference between the rolled-back rate
995	calculated pursuant to s. 200.065, and the rate calculated in
996	paragraph (a).
997	(c) A rate may be levied in excess of the millage rate
998	allowed in paragraph (b) if the rate is approved by a unanimous
999	vote of the governing body or by a three-fourths vote if the
1000	governing body has nine or more members or if approved by a
1001	referendum of the voters.
1002	(2) Any county or municipality that is in violation of
1003	this section shall forfeit the distribution of the local
1004	government half-cent sales tax revenues during the 12 months
1005	following a determination of noncompliance by the Department of
1006	Revenue, subject to the conditions provided in ss. 200.065 and
1007	218.63.
1008	(3) The millage rate of a county or municipality,
1009	municipal service taxing unit of that county, and any special
1010	district dependent to that county or municipality may exceed the
1011	maximum millage rate calculated pursuant to this section if the
1012	total county ad valorem taxes levied or total municipal ad
1013	valorem taxes levied, as defined in s. 200.001, do not exceed
1014	the maximum total county ad valorem taxes levied or maximum
1015	total municipal ad valorem taxes levied, as defined in s.
1016	200.001, respectively. Total ad valorem taxes levied may exceed
1017	the maximum calculated pursuant to this section as a result of
1018	an increase in taxable value above that certified in s.
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1019	200.065(1) if such increase is less than the percentage amounts
1020	contained in s. 200.065(6); however, if such increase in taxable
1021	value exceeds the percentage amounts contained in s. 200.065(6),
1022	millage rates subject to this section must be reduced so that
1023	total taxes levied do not exceed the maximum. Any unit of
1024	government operating under a home rule charter adopted pursuant
1025	to ss. 10, 11, and 24, Art. VIII of the State Constitution of
1026	1885, as preserved by s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the State
1027	Constitution of 1968, which is granted the authority in the
1028	State Constitution to exercise all the powers conferred now or
1029	hereafter by general law upon municipalities and which exercises
1030	such powers in the unincorporated area shall be recognized as a
1031	municipality under this section.
1032	(4) If the amendments to the State Constitution contained
1033	in SJR 2-D or HJR 7001D revising the homestead tax exemption and
1034	providing an exemption from ad valorem taxation for tangible
1035	personal property, are approved by a vote of the electors, this
1036	section shall supersede the provisions of s. 200.185(5).
1037	Section 19. The Department of Revenue shall report by
1038	March 1, 2008, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of
1039	the House of Representatives the results of the implementation
1040	of chapter 2007-321, Laws of Florida. The report must include
1041	the millage rates adopted by municipalities, counties, and
1042	independent special districts compared to prior year millage
1043	rates, rolled-back rates, and majority-vote rates as established
1044	by s. 200.185, Florida Statutes. The department shall report on
1045	those local governments that were not in compliance with the
1046	requirements of s. 200.185, Florida Statutes. The department
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1047	shall provide the emergency rules adopted pursuant to s. 9 of
1048	chapter 2007-321, Laws of Florida. The department shall report
1049	on issues that arose in the implementation of chapter 2007-321,
1050	Laws of Florida, which may need to be addressed. It is the
1051	intent of the Legislature that the information reported to the
1052	department should be sufficient to allow the performance of the
1053	oversight functions outlined in chapters 195 and 200, Florida
1054	Statutes, for the local government budget and millage adoption
1055	process and the tax roll submittal and approval process. The
1056	department shall identify any improvements in the information
1057	required to be provided by local governments, property
1058	appraisers, and tax collectors. The department shall include in
1059	the report recommendations of the Revenue Estimating Conference
1060	for information from local governments, property appraisers, and
1061	tax collectors which would improve the ability to forecast
1062	revenues or estimate impacts of proposed changes to the property
1063	tax system. The department shall identify any additional
1064	resources necessary to efficiently and effectively administer
1065	the oversight functions outlined in chapters 195 and 200,
1066	Florida Statutes.

1067 Section 20. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 1068 act, this act shall take effect January 1, 2008, sections 4 through 18 of this act shall take effect only upon the effective 1069 1070 date of amendments to the State Constitution contained in Senate Joint Resolution 2-D or House Joint Resolution 7001D revising 1071 1072 the homestead tax exemption and providing an exemption from ad valorem taxation for tangible personal property and property 1073 1074 used for workforce and affordable rental housing, and sections 4 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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1075 through 18 of this act shall apply retroactively to the 2008 tax roll if the amendments to the State Constitution contained in 1076 1077 Senate Joint Resolution 2-D or House Joint Resolution 7001D are approved in a special election held on January 29, 2008, or 1078 1079 shall apply to the 2009 tax roll if the amendments to the State Constitution contained in Senate Joint Resolution 2-D or House 1080 1081 Joint Resolution 7001D are approved in the general election held in November of 2008. 1082 1083 1084 1085 TITLE AMENDMENT 1086 Remove the entire title and insert: A bill to be entitled 1087 1088 An act relating to ad valorem taxation; amending s. 1089 193.017, F.S.; deleting provisions providing for the assessment of property receiving the low-income housing 1090 tax credit; providing for the assessment of structural 1091 improvements on land owned by a community land trust and 1092 1093 used to provide affordable housing; defining the term "community land trust"; providing for the conveyance of 1094 1095 structural improvements, subject to certain conditions; specifying the criteria to be used in arriving at just 1096 valuation of a structural improvement; amending s. 1097 196.1978, F.S., relating to the affordable housing 1098 property exemption; conforming provisions to changes made 1099 1100 by the act; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing for application and renewal 1101 1102 thereof; amending s. 196.002, F.S.; revising certain 950257

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1103	reporting requirements for the property appraiser in order
1104	to conform to changes made by the act; amending s.
1105	193.114, F.S.; requiring separate listing of school
1106	district levies and all other levies on assessment rolls;
1107	amending s. 193.155, F.S.; providing for the assessment of
1108	homestead property following a change in ownership based
1109	on the just value of the prior homestead; providing for
1110	determining the just value of the new homestead; providing
1111	for assessing a homestead established by two or more
1112	persons who held prior homestead property; providing
1113	requirements for applying for such an assessment;
1114	requiring that the Department of Revenue provide by rule
1115	for documenting entitlement to the assessment; amending s.
1116	196.031, F.S.; increasing the amount of the exemption
1117	provided for homestead property; providing for an
1118	additional exemption for levies other than school district
1119	levies; deleting obsolete provisions; deleting a
1120	requirement that property appraisers compile information
1121	concerning the loss of certain tax revenues and submit a
1122	copy to the Department of Revenue; creating s. 196.098,
1123	F.S.; providing an alternative homestead exemption for
1124	low-income seniors; providing for eligibility and a
1125	limitation on income; providing for an annual adjustment
1126	in the income limitations; requiring the department to
1127	provide for verifying age and income by rule; providing a
1128	limitation on receiving more than one exemption; amending
1129	s. 196.161, F.S.; revising an application reference
1130	relating to liens on property of nonresident persons
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1131 claiming homestead exemption; amending s. 197.252, F.S., relating to the homestead tax deferral; conforming 1132 1133 provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 196.183, F.S.; exempting each tangible personal property 1134 1135 tax return from a specified amount of assessed value; limiting a single business operation within a county to 1136 1137 one exemption; providing a procedure for waiving the 1138 requirement to file an annual tangible personal property tax return if the taxpayer is entitled to the exemption; 1139 1140 providing penalties for failure to file a return as required or to claim more exemptions than allowed; 1141 1142 providing that the exemption does not apply to certain mobile homes; creating s. 193.803, F.S.; providing for the 1143 1144 assessment of rental property used for workforce housing or affordable housing; authorizing a property owner to 1145 appeal a denial of eligibility to the value adjustment 1146 1147 board; requiring that a property owner file an application for such classification with the property appraiser or 1148 file a petition with the value adjustment board; providing 1149 a fee for filing a petition; providing for reapplication 1150 1151 to be made on a short form provided by the Department of Revenue; defining the term "extenuating circumstances" for 1152 purposes of granting a classification for January 1, 2008; 1153 specifying the types of property that are eligible to be 1154 1155 classified as workforce rental housing or affordable 1156 rental housing; providing for the assessment of property receiving the low-income housing tax credit; requiring 1157 that property be removed from such classification if its 1158 950257

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1159 use or program eligibility changes; providing the methodologies for assessing workforce rental housing and 1160 1161 affordable rental housing; requiring that the property 1162 owner annually provide a rent roll and income and expense 1163 statement to the property appraiser for the preceding year; authorizing the property appraiser to base the 1164 1165 assessment on the best available information if the 1166 property owner fails to provide the rent roll and 1167 statement; providing for a tax lien to be filed against 1168 property that is misclassified as workforce rental housing or affordable rental housing within a specified period; 1169 1170 amending ss. 192.0105, 193.052, 194.011, 195.073, and 195.096, F.S., relating to taxpayer rights, the 1171 1172 preparation and serving of returns, assessments involving 1173 agricultural lands, assessment notices and objections, the classification of property, and the review of assessment 1174 1175 rolls; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 200.186, F.S.; specifying a formula for 1176 1177 counties, municipalities, municipal service taxing units, dependent districts, and independent districts to 1178 1179 determine a maximum millage rate for the 2008-2009 fiscal year; providing that a taxing authority in violation of 1180 such provision forfeits its local government half-cent 1181 sales tax revenues; providing certain exceptions to the 1182 1183 limitations on millage rates; providing an exception for 1184 calculating the rolled-back rate for certain counties; providing that certain units of government are recognized 1185 1186 as municipalities; requiring the Department of Revenue to 950257 10/20/2007 7:21:09 PM

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1187	report to the Legislature the results of implementing ch.
1188	2007-321, Laws of Florida, relating to ad valorem
1189	taxation; requiring that the department report those
1190	governments that are not in compliance with requirements
1191	limiting certain millage rates; providing legislative
1192	intent with respect to the information reported to the
1193	department; requiring the department to report certain
1194	recommendations of the Revenue Estimating Conference and
1195	identify needed additional resources; providing that
1196	certain provisions of the act apply retroactively;
1197	providing effective dates, one of which is contingent.