A bill to be entitled

An act relating to parole for adolescent offenders; providing a short title; amending s. 947.16, F.S.; providing that a child younger than a specified age who is sentenced to life or more than 10 years in prison is eligible for parole if the child has been incarcerated for a minimum period and has not previously been adjudicated for certain offenses; requiring an initial eligibility interview to determine whether the adolescent offender has been sufficiently rehabilitated for parole; providing criteria to determine sufficient rehabilitation; providing that the child be incarcerated in an adolescent offender facility; providing that, if the child is not granted parole by a specified age, the child must be transferred from the adolescent offender facility to an appropriate adult facility; providing for retroactive application; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Children in Prison Rehabilitation Act of 2008."

Section 2. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (1) of section 947.16, Florida Statutes, subsections (2) through (6) are renumbered as subsections (3) through (7), respectively, and a new subsection (2) is added to that section, to read:

947.16 Eligibility for parole; initial parole interviews; powers and duties of commission; adolescent offender eligibility.--

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(1) Every person who has been convicted of a felony or who has been convicted of one or more misdemeanors and whose sentence or cumulative sentences total 12 months or more, who is confined in execution of the judgment of the court, and whose record during confinement or while under supervision is good, shall, unless otherwise provided by law, be eligible for interview for parole consideration of her or his cumulative sentence structure as follows:

- (f)1. An adolescent offender is an offender who was under 16 years of age at the time the criminal act was committed, was sentenced to life, or to a single or cumulative term of imprisonment of 10 years or more, and has served 8 years of the sentence. An adolescent offender may be eligible for parole as provided in this paragraph. An adolescent offender is ineligible under this subsection if she or he, before the current offense, which is one or more crimes committed by the child within a 1-month period of time or for which sentences run concurrent to each other, pled nolo contendere to or was convicted of any violation of:
- <u>a. Section 784.041, entitled "Felony battery; domestic</u>
 battery by strangulation";
 - b. Section 784.045, entitled "Aggravated battery";
- c. Section 784.07, entitled "Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences";

d. Section 784.08, entitled "Assault or battery on persons 65 years of age or older; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentence";

- e. Section 790.07, entitled "Persons engaged in criminal
 offense, having weapons";
 - f. Section 794.011, entitled "Sexual battery";

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- g. Section 827.03, entitled "Abuse, aggravated abuse, and neglect of a child; penalties"; or
 - h. Section 828.12, entitled "Cruelty to animals."
- 2. Before an adolescent offender may be granted parole under this paragraph, she or he must have an initial eligibility interview to determine whether she or he has been sufficiently rehabilitated while in the custody of the department to justify granting parole. In order to determine if the adolescent offender has been sufficiently rehabilitated, the hearing examiner must consider whether:
- a. The adolescent offender was a principal to the criminal offense or an accomplice to the offense, a relatively minor participant in the criminal offense, or acted under extreme duress or domination of another person.
- b. The offense was an isolated incident for which the adolescent offender has shown remorse.
- c. The adolescent offender's age, maturity, and psychological development at the time of the offense affected her or his behavior.
- d. The adolescent offender, while in the custody of the department, has aided inmates suffering from catastrophic or

terminal medical, mental, or physical conditions or has prevented risk or injury to staff, citizens, or other inmates.

<u>e.</u> The adolescent offender has successfully completed educational and self-rehabilitation programs.

- <u>f. The adolescent offender has received no disciplinary</u> reports for a period of at least 2 years.
- g. The adolescent offender was a victim of sexual, physical, or emotional abuse.
- h. The wishes of the victim or the opinions of the victim's next of kin have been taken into consideration.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in chapter 958, an adolescent offender must be serving the sentence in a facility designated for adolescent offenders. If an adolescent offender has not been granted parole by the time she or he reaches 25 years of age, the adolescent offender must be transferred from the adolescent offender facility to an appropriate adult facility.
- Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law and shall apply retroactively.