A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to pretrial release programs; creating s. 907.043, F.S.; creating the "Citizens' Right-to-Know Act"; defining the terms "nonsecured release," "pretrial release program, " "register, " and "secured release"; requiring each pretrial release program to prepare a register displaying information relevant to the defendants released through such a program; requiring that a copy of the register be located at the office of the clerk of the circuit court in the county where the program is located and readily accessible to the public; specifying the contents of the register; requiring each pretrial release program to submit an annual report to the Office of the State Court Administrator and to the clerk of the circuit court by a specified date; specifying the content of the annual report; providing penalties for noncompliance by the pretrial release program; amending s. 903.011, F.S.; providing requirements for the form of bail or bond required for release from detention; amending s. 903.09, F.S.; providing that the requirements and conditions applicable to surety bonds apply to cash bond deposits; amending s. 903.286, F.S.; requiring that all cash bond forms prominently display a notice explaining that cash funds are subject to forfeiture and withholding by the clerk of the court for the payment of court fees, court costs, and criminal penalties on behalf of the criminal defendant regardless of who posted the funds; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 907.043, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

907.043 Pretrial release; citizens' right to know.--

- - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Nonsecured release" means the release of a defendant from pretrial custody when no secured surety or cash bond is required as a condition of the release.
- (b) "Pretrial release program" means an entity, public or private, that conducts investigations of pretrial detainees, makes pretrial release recommendations to a court, and electronically monitors and supervises pretrial defendants.
- (c) "Register" means a public record prepared by a pretrial release program which furnishes specified data and is readily available to the public at the office of the clerk of the circuit court.
- (d) "Secured release" means the release of a defendant from pretrial custody with a financial guarantee, such as cash or a surety bond, required as a condition of the release.
- (3) (a) Each pretrial release program must prepare a register displaying information that is relevant to the defendants released through such a program. A copy of the register must be located at the office of the clerk of the

circuit court in the county where the program is located and must be readily accessible to the public.

(b) The register must be updated weekly and display accurate data regarding the following information:

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- 1. The name, location, and funding source of the pretrial release program.
- 2. The number of defendants assessed and interviewed for pretrial release.
- 3. The number of indigent defendants assessed and interviewed for pretrial release.
- 4. The names and number of defendants accepted into the pretrial release program.
- 5. The names and number of indigent defendants accepted into the pretrial release program.
- 6. The charges filed against and the case numbers of defendants accepted into the pretrial release program.
- 7. The nature of any prior criminal conviction of a defendant accepted into the pretrial release program.
- 8. The court appearances required of defendants accepted into the pretrial release program.
- 9. The date of each defendant's failure to appear for a scheduled court appearance.
- 10. The number of warrants, if any, which have been issued for a defendant's arrest for failing to appear at a scheduled court appearance.
- 11. The number and type of program noncompliance infractions committed by a defendant in the pretrial release

program and whether the pretrial release program recommended that the court revoke the defendant's release.

- (4) (a) No later than March 31 of every year, each pretrial release program must submit an annual report for the previous calendar year to the Office of the State Court Administrator and to the clerk of the circuit court in the county where the pretrial release program is located. The annual report must be readily accessible to the public.
- (b) The annual report must contain, but need not be limited to:
- 1. The name, location, and funding sources of the pretrial release program, including the amount of public funds, if any, received by the pretrial release program.
- 2. The operating and capital budget of each pretrial release program receiving public funds.
- 3. The percentage of the total budget representing receipt of public funds.
- 4. The number of persons employed by the pretrial release program.
- 5. The number of defendants assessed and interviewed for pretrial release.
- 6. The number of defendants recommended for pretrial release.
- 7. The number of defendants for whom the pretrial release program recommended against nonsecured release.
- 8. The number of defendants granted nonsecured release after the pretrial release program recommended nonsecured release.

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9. The number of defendants assessed and interviewed for pretrial release who were declared indigent by the court.

10. The name and case number of each person granted nonsecured release who:

- a. Failed to attend a scheduled court appearance.
- b. Was issued a warrant for failing to appear.
- c. Was arrested for any offense while on release through the pretrial release program.
- 11. Any additional information deemed necessary by the chief judge of the circuit court of the county or the Office of the State Court Administrator to assess the performance and cost efficiency of the pretrial release program.
- (c) The annual report must disclose the percentage of the pretrial release program's budget which is allocated to assisting defendants obtain release through a nonpublicly funded program.
- (d) The amount of fees paid by defendants to the pretrial release program.
- (5) If the chief judge of the circuit court finds that the pretrial release program has not maintained the register or filed an annual report as required by this section, the chief judge shall:
- (a) For a first occurrence of noncompliance, require the pretrial release program to immediately prepare a written report explaining the noncompliance and what measures will be taken to bring the pretrial release program into compliance and the date by which the noncompliance will be cured.

(b) For a second or subsequent occurrence of
noncompliance, order the pretrial release program to show why it
should not be held in contempt for its continued noncompliance.
If the pretrial release program cannot justify the continued
noncompliance, the chief judge may order the program to reduce
its budget by 25 percent if it is a pretrial release program
receiving public funds and, if the pretrial release program is a
private entity, immediately cancel all pretrial release
contracts.

- Section 2. Section 903.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 903.011 "Bail" and "bond" defined; general terms.--
- $\underline{\mbox{(1)}}$ As used in this chapter, the terms "bail" and "bond" include any and all forms of pretrial release.
- (2) Any monetary or cash component of any form of pretrial release may be met by a surety bond.
- (3) Differing monetary amounts may not be set for cash, surety, or other forms of pretrial release.
- Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 903.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 903.09 Justification of sureties.--
- (2) A bond agent, as defined in s. 648.25(2), shall justify her or his suretyship by attaching a copy of the power of attorney issued by the company to the bond or by attaching to the bond United States currency, a United States postal money order, or a cashier's check in the amount of the bond; but the United States currency, United States postal money order, or cashier's check cannot be used to secure more than one bond.

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These requirements and conditions apply also to cash bond deposits. This section does not Nothing herein shall prohibit two or more qualified sureties from each posting any portion of a bond amount, and being liable for only that amount, so long as the total posted by all cosureties is equal to the amount of bond required.

Section 4. Section 903.286, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

903.286 Return of cash bond; requirement to withhold unpaid fines, fees, and court costs; cash bond forms.--

- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 903.31(2), the clerk of the court shall withhold from the return of a cash bond posted on behalf of a criminal defendant by a person other than a bail bond agent licensed pursuant to chapter 648 sufficient funds to pay any unpaid court fees, court costs, and criminal penalties. If In the event that sufficient funds are not available to pay all unpaid court fees, court costs, and criminal penalties, the clerk of the court shall immediately obtain payment from the defendant or enroll the defendant in a payment plan pursuant to s. 28.246.
- (2) All cash bond forms used in conjunction with the requirements of s. 903.09(2) must prominently display a notice explaining that all funds are subject to forfeiture and withholding by the clerk of the court for the payment of court fees, court costs, and criminal penalties on behalf of the criminal defendant regardless of who posted the funds.
 - Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.