A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to postelection audits; repealing s. 3 101.591, F.S., relating to audits of the voting system of any county; repealing s. 101.5911, F.S., relating to 4 rulemaking authority for procedures regarding audits of a 5 6 voting system; creating s. 101.592, F.S.; requiring that 7 the Secretary of State appoint an independent postelection 8 audit team each year; requiring that the Secretary of 9 State direct hand-to-eye counts of certain ballots; requiring that county election officials conduct such 10 counts; requiring that audits be conducted for certain 11 elections; authorizing the audit team to conduct audits of 12 certain elections at its discretion; requiring that the 13 number of audits conducted exceed a specified minimum; 14 requiring that each county canvassing board appoint a 15 postelection audit official from within the board's 16 membership; providing for the calculation of audit units; 17 providing for audits of records produced by electronic 18 19 voting machines that do not produce voter-verifiable paper records; defining the term "audit unit"; providing a 20 maximum number of ballots that may be included in a single 21 audit; providing for the storage and publication of 22 election results; providing for membership of the audit 23 24 team; excluding certain persons from serving as a member 25 of the audit team; requiring that each county, the audit 26 team, and the Secretary of State perform certain actions before commencing an audit; providing procedures and 27 requirements for audits; providing that another audit unit 28

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

may be selected for audit if the results of an initial audit are found to be unusable; requiring that an investigation be conducted of such unusable audits; requiring that the Secretary of State, county, audit team, and canvassing board take certain actions based on the results of each audit; requiring that the results of an audit be announced publicly and published; requiring that an announcement of audit results include certain information; requiring that the public be allowed to observe the audit process; creating s. 101.593, F.S.; requiring that the Department of state adopt rules to administer postelection audits; requiring that the audit team provide technical assistance in the preparation of rules related to audits; requiring that the department review rules for certain purposes; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. <u>Section 101.591</u>, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 8 of chapter 2007-30, Laws of Florida, is repealed.
- Section 2. <u>Section 101.5911</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
  - Section 3. Section 101.592, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
    - 101.592 Postelection audits.--
  - (1) Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, the Secretary of State shall appoint an independent postelection

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audit team each year. The Secretary of State shall direct random hand-to-eye counts of voter-verifiable paper ballots. Such counts shall be conducted by appropriate county election officials. Audits shall be conducted for each election held for a federal office, the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, a member of the Cabinet, a member of the Legislature, and for at least two additional statewide elections, referenda, or judicial-retention votes, which shall be randomly selected by software-independent means at a public meeting pursuant to subsection (5). Other statewide, county, or municipal elections, referenda, or judicial-retention votes may be audited at the audit team's discretion. In each county, the audit shall be conducted in at least 2 percent of the audit units in which each audited election appears on the ballot. Before each election, each county canvassing board shall appoint a postelection audit official who is a member of the county canvassing board as the county's official point of contact with the Secretary of State and the audit team throughout the postelection audit. To meet the requirements with respect to each audited contest pursuant to subsection (4), the Secretary of State shall direct each county to audit its pro rata share of the total number of randomly selected audit units as determined by the audit team. If any county's share of such selected audit units is calculated to be other than a whole number of audit units, such quantity shall be rounded up to the next greater whole number. Any audit units randomly selected for auditing from the entire population of audit units in a county may be used to audit any contest appearing on the ballot in such audit units.

(a) Cast-vote records produced by direct-recording electronic voting machines that do not produce voter-verifiable paper records shall be audited for purposes of this section by comparing the tallies of the cast-vote records to the tallies reflected in the printed results tape.

- (b) For purposes of this section, the term "audit unit" means the voter-verifiable paper ballots counted by a single piece of certified voting equipment used to tabulate votes, or a batch of such ballots collected and counted as prescribed pursuant to paragraph (4)(e). The maximum number of ballots in any single audit unit may not exceed 5,000. All electronic vote counts with respect to any audit unit which are used to determine the election results reported by the counties must be securely stored at the time they are produced and made available promptly for subsequent comparison to the hand-to-eye counts of the corresponding audit units selected for auditing. Vote counts shall also be reported by precinct pursuant to s. 101.573.
- (2) The membership of the audit team shall be at the discretion of the Secretary of State, but must consist of three persons, at least one of whom must have verifiable expertise in the field of statistics. At least one member must have verifiable expertise in the field of auditing. A person is ineligible to serve as a member of the audit team if he or she currently or has during the immediately preceding 2 years:
- (a) Served as an employee of, or reported to, the department;

(b) Served in any position on any political campaign or committee for any party, candidate, or issue that has appeared on any ballot in this state; or

- (c) Served as an officer or employee of, or provided any goods or services to, any entity that designs, manufactures, or services any voting systems or parts thereof used in this state.
- (3) Before commencing the audit procedures pursuant to subsection (4):
- (a) Each county shall forward to the Secretary of State a report of its ballot accounting performed in the election on a standard form prepared for this purpose.
- 1. The report must include a summary and detailed information regarding the results of the ballot accounting, including all outstanding discrepancies and investigations related thereto, and the reasons for all outstanding discrepancies, if known.
- 2. Ballot accounting reports shall account for all used, unused, spoiled, provisional, and absentee ballots and for all paper ballot stock prepared for use in the election, including election-day, absentee, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots.
- (b) The Secretary of State and the audit team shall review the county ballot accounting reports to determine if the number of ballots cast accurately reflects voter turnout.
- (c) The Secretary of State, based on the recommendation of a majority of the audit team, may order additional audits, pursuant to paragraph (4)(g), or other investigations based upon the review of county ballot accounting reports.

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(4) The Secretary of State, based on the recommendation of a majority of the audit team and pursuant to subsection (1), shall require county election officials to conduct an audit of the results of an election in accordance with the following procedures:

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- (a) Any procedure designed or adopted by the Secretary of State shall be implemented to ensure with at least 99 percent statistical power that for each federal, gubernatorial, or other audited statewide contest, a 100 percent manual recount of the voter-verifiable paper ballots would not alter the electoral outcome as reported by the audit. For all state legislative races, and for county and municipal elections held in 100 or more election precincts, any procedure designed or adopted by the Secretary of State shall be implemented to ensure with at least 90 percent statistical power that a 100 percent manual recount of the voter-verifiable paper ballots would not alter the electoral outcome as reported by the audit. Such procedures designed, adopted, or implemented by the Secretary of State to achieve statistical power shall be based upon scientifically reasonable assumptions with respect to each audited election, including, but not limited to, the possibility that within any audit unit up to 20 percent of the total votes cast may have been counted for a candidate or ballot position other than the one intended by the voters, and that the number of votes cast per audit unit varies.
- (b) Any procedure designed, adopted, or implemented by the Secretary of State for each county and municipal contest held in fewer than 100 election precincts, but more than a single

election precinct, shall be conducted in at least two audit units.

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- (C) Within a reasonable period of time after the final vote count of an election has been tabulated and announced, the Secretary of State, based on the recommendation of a majority of the audit team, shall determine the number of audit units in the state, separated by county, in which audits shall be conducted pursuant to this section, and inform each county canvassing board using a standard form. Such information shall be posted on the Secretary of State's website immediately after it is delivered to the county canvassing boards. Within 48 hours after receiving direction from the Secretary of State, each county canvassing board shall conduct a public meeting for the purpose of selecting audit units to be audited according to the Secretary of State's direction. The meeting shall be noticed at least 24 hours in advance on that county's website and at each election office and the main county government building in that county. An audit shall commence within 24 hours after each county's random selection of audit units.
- (d) With respect to votes cast at the polling place or early voting site on or before the date of an election other than an election conducted by provisional ballot, the Secretary of State shall direct a hand-to-eye count of the voter-verifiable paper ballots of the selected audit units used at such polling places or early voting sites and compare those counts with the electronic counts of such votes produced and retained pursuant to paragraph (1)(b).

(e) With respect to the votes cast other than at the polling place or early voting site on or before the date of an election, or any other votes counted electronically before, on, or after the date of an election, including overseas ballots, the Secretary of State shall direct a hand-to-eye count of the voter-verifiable paper ballots as follows:

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- 1. If the number of such ballots to be counted on a single certified piece of voting equipment does not exceed the maximum audit unit size as prescribed in paragraph (1)(b), the county supervisor of elections shall cause such votes to be audited in the manner prescribed in paragraph (d).
- If the number of such ballots to be counted on a single certified piece of voting equipment exceeds the maximum audit unit size prescribed in paragraph (1)(b), the county supervisor of elections shall divide the ballots into batches to be used as audit units as described in paragraph (1)(b) before each election. Each batch shall contain approximately the average number of ballots cast in the audit units residing at the polling places within the county, but need not be associated with any particular election precinct or polling place. The number of ballots in the final batch may be fewer than the average number, but may not be fewer than 10 ballots. Overseas ballots arriving after election day shall be included in the audit units if they are counted electronically. As the ballots comprising each batch are counted electronically, each batch shall be assigned a unique identification number. Immediately after counting the ballots comprising each batch, a cumulative summary vote tally report containing the batch's unique

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identification number, the vote totals of the batch, and, if necessary, all previously counted batches in the election, shall be produced and retained as prescribed in paragraph (1)(b). The reports are subject to the same secure chain of custody as the ballots comprising the batches and shall be used by the county canvassing board to determine the electronic vote tally for each batch. The audit team shall compare the sum of the vote tallies of all the reports to the official results announced by the county, investigate any discrepancies, and report any unresolved discrepancies, including the reasons for such discrepancies, if known. The canvassing board shall promptly report to the audit team its total number of audit units once known. The audit team shall include all the audit units from each county in the random selection process and if an audit unit is selected, such unit shall be audited in the same manner provided in paragraph (d) for audit units residing at polling places. However, during such audits, the hand-to-eye counts shall be compared to the electronic vote tallies derived from the batch reports.

(f) The selection of the audit units to be audited shall be made using a uniform distribution in which all audit units in which an audited election is held have an equal chance of being selected. Selection of audit units for county and municipal elections held in fewer than 100 election precincts and state legislative elections may be made randomly using a nonuniform distribution to be determined by the Secretary of State, based on the recommendation of a majority of the audit team. In every 10th polling place in which an audit unit is selected pursuant to paragraph (d), one direct-recording electronic voting machine

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Shall be audited in accordance with paragraph (1)(a).

Notwithstanding the requirements set forth in this paragraph, the audit team may initiate, direct, or conduct an audit of any audit unit not randomly selected for auditing for which a majority of the audit team determines, from the unaudited election results, a review of ballot accounting, past election results, or other data, that there is a substantial possibility that a complete hand-to-eye count or review of ballot accounting would alter the outcome of one or more contests.

If the Secretary of State, based on a recommendation of a majority of the audit team, determines that any of the hand-to-eye counts conducted under this section indicates a substantial possibility that a complete hand-to-eye count would alter the outcome of any contest in the state, the Secretary of State shall direct hand-to-eye counts pursuant to this section in such additional audit units as he or she considers appropriate to resolve any such possibility. Notwithstanding any requirements to the contrary, additional hand-to-eye counts shall be conducted if in the initial audit conducted pursuant to this section any discrepancy or discrepancies attributable to the electronic counting system could alter the vote share of any candidate or ballot contest by one-tenth of 1 percent or more of the hand-counted votes in the sample. Under such circumstances, the audit of the election shall use the same number of audit units as the initial audit and shall be conducted under the same procedures used to conduct the initial audit. However, if the initial audit comprises more than one-half the total number of audit units in the election, such audit shall be a full hand-to-

eye count of the remaining unaudited election precincts and audit units. Further hand-to-eye counts shall be conducted if any discrepancy or discrepancies attributable to the electronic counting system detected by the initial or subsequent escalated audit indicates a substantial possibility that a complete hand-to-eye recount would alter the outcome of the audited election. Discrepancies resulting from marginally marked ballots accepted by the county canvassing board pursuant to s. 102.166(4) may not be considered when making the determination of whether the voting system has met the standard of acceptable performance for any audit unit. If the Secretary of State directs the county to perform a subsequent escalated audit, the county canvassing board shall conduct such audit within 48 hours after receiving such direction.

- (h) If the voter-verifiable paper ballots in any audit unit are found to be unusable for an audit for any reason whatsoever, another audit unit used in the same election shall be selected at random by the county canvassing board to replace the original audit unit in the audit sample. All such selections shall be made randomly at a public meeting pursuant to subsection (5). An investigation to determine the reason the voter-verifiable paper ballots were compromised and unusable shall be conducted immediately, and the results of the investigation shall be made public upon completion.
- (i) As soon as practicable after the completion of an audit conducted pursuant to this section, but no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 7th day after the date of certification of the election by the county canvassing board, the Secretary of State,

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based on approval of a majority of the audit team, shall announce publicly and publish the results of the audit and include in the announcement a comparison of the results of the election in the audit units as determined by the postelection audit and the final vote count in the county as announced by the county canvassing boards, including:

- 1. A list, by audit unit, of any discrepancies between the county's unofficial results and the postelection audit results;
- 2. The initial vote count and any subsequent manual counts of the voter-verifiable paper ballots;
  - 3. Explanations for such discrepancies, if any; and
- 4. Tallies of all overvotes, undervotes, or their equivalents, blank ballots, spoiled ballots, and cancellations recorded on the voter-verifiable paper record.
- (5) Each public meeting and all ballot counting conducted in the performance of postelection audits pursuant to this section shall be conducted in a manner allowing public observation of the entire process. If space is limited, the canvassing board may comply with this subsection through use of live audio and video equipment or other means providing for public observation of the entire process.
- Section 4. Section 101.593, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 101.593 Rulemaking authority for postelection audit procedures.--
  - (1) The Department of State shall adopt rules to administer the provisions of s. 101.592, including the standard forms required to administer postelection audits.

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(2)	Th	ıe	audit	team	appo	oint	ed by	y the	Secre	etary	of St	ate	
pursuant	to	s.	101.5	592 s	hall	pro	vide	techi	nical	assis	stance	e in	the
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- (3) The department shall review rules as necessary for the purpose of addressing new procedures in law, new voting systems and methods, new statistical formulae, new sample selection methods, improvements revealed by previous audits, and other methods to improve efficacy of such procedures.
  - Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.