## Florida Senate - 2008

By Senator Saunders

37-03867-08

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public records; creating s. 893.056,
3	F.S.; exempting from public-records requirements
4	information and records reported to any agency that has
5	access to or operates the privacy-protected website
6	containing patients' medication histories; authorizing
7	certain persons and entities access to patient-identifying
8	information; providing guidelines for the use of such
9	information and penalties for violations; providing for
10	future legislative review and repeal; providing a finding
11	of public necessity; providing a contingent effective
12	date.
13	
14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
15	
16	Section 1. Section 893.056, Florida Statutes, is created to
17	read:
18	893.056 Public-records exemption for information and
19	records of a privacy-protected website containing patients'
20	medication histories
21	(1) Identifying information, including, but not limited to,
22	the name, address, phone number, insurance plan number, social
23	security number, or government-issued identification number,
24	provider number, Drug Enforcement Administration number, or any
25	other unique identifying number of a patient, patient's agent,
26	health care practitioner, pharmacist, pharmacist's agent, or
27	pharmacy, which is contained in records held by any agency, as
28	defined in s. 119.011, having access to or operating the privacy-
29	protected website for patients' medication histories pursuant to

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30 s. 893.055 is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 31 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 32 (2) Any agency, as defined in s. 119.011, which has access 33 to or operates the privacy-protected website for patients' 34 medication histories pursuant to s. 893.055 shall disclose such 35 confidential and exempt information to: 36 (a) The Agency for Health Care Administration when it has 37 initiated a review of specific identifiers of Medicaid fraud and 38 abuse. 39 (b) A criminal justice agency, as defined in s. 119.011, 40 which enforces the laws of this state or the United States 41 relating to controlled substances and which has initiated an 42 active investigation involving a specific violation of law. 43 (c) A practitioner as defined in s. 893.02, or an employee 44 of the practitioner who is acting on behalf of and at the 45 direction of the practitioner, who requests such information and 46 certifies that the information is necessary to provide medical 47 treatment to a current patient in accordance with s. 893.05. 48 (d) A pharmacist as defined in s. 465.003, or a pharmacy 49 intern or pharmacy technician who is acting on behalf of and at 50 the direction of the pharmacist, who requests such information 51 and certifies that the requested information will be used to 52 dispense controlled substances or prescription drugs to a current 53 patient in accordance with s. 893.04. 54 (e) A patient who is identified in the record upon a 55 written request for the purpose of verifying that information. 56 (3) Any agency that obtains such confidential and exempt 57 information pursuant to this section must maintain the confidential and exempt status of that information; however, the 58

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59 Agency for Health Care Administration or a criminal justice 60 agency that has lawful access to such information may disclose confidential and exempt information to a criminal justice agency 61 as part of an active investigation of a specific violation of 62 63 law. 64 (4) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates this 65 section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 66 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 67 This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset (5) 68 Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15, and shall stand repealed 69 on October 2, 2013, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 70 reenactment by the Legislature. 71 Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public 72 necessity that personal identifying information concerning a 73 patient, the medication history of a patient, a practitioner as 74 defined in s. 893.02, Florida Statutes, or a pharmacist as 75 defined in s. 465.003, Florida Statutes, which is contained in 76 records that are reported to an agency, as defined in s. 77 119.011(2), Florida Statutes, which has access to or operates the 78 privacy-protected website for patients' medication histories 79 pursuant to s. 893.055, Florida Statutes, be made confidential 80 and exempt from disclosure. Information concerning the 81 prescriptions that a patient has been prescribed is a private, 82 personal matter between the patient, the practitioner, and the 83 pharmacist. Nevertheless, reporting of prescriptions on a timely 84 and accurate basis by practitioners and pharmacists will ensure 85 the ability of the state to review and provide oversight of 86 prescribing and dispensing practices. Further, the reporting of 87 this information will facilitate investigations and prosecutions

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88 of violations of state drug laws by patients, practitioners, or 89 pharmacists, thereby increasing compliance with those laws. 90 However, if in the process the information that would identify a 91 patient is not made confidential and exempt from disclosure, any 92 person could inspect and copy the record and be aware of the 93 patient's prescriptions. The availability of such information to 94 the public would result in the invasion of the patient's privacy. 95 If the identity of the patient could be correlated with his or 96 her prescriptions, it would be possible for the public to become 97 aware of the diseases or other medical concerns for which a patient is being treated by his or her physician. This knowledge 98 99 could be used to embarrass or to humiliate a patient or to 100 discriminate against him or her. Requiring the reporting of prescribing information, while protecting a patient's personal 101 102 identifying information, will facilitate efforts to maintain 103 compliance with the state's drug laws and will facilitate the 104 sharing of information between health care practitioners, 105 pharmacies, and pharmacists, while maintaining and ensuring 106 patient privacy. Additionally, exempting from disclosure the 107 personal identifying information of practitioners will ensure 108 that an individual will not be able to "doctor-shop," that is, to 109 determine which practitioners prescribe the highest amounts of a 110 particular type of drug and to seek those practitioners out in 111 order to increase the likelihood of obtaining a particular 112 prescribed substance. Further, protecting personal identifying 113 information concerning pharmacists ensures that an individual 114 will not be able to identify which pharmacists dispense the 115 largest amounts of a particular substance and target that 116 pharmacy for robbery or burglary. Thus, the Legislature finds

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117 that personal identifying information concerning a patient, a 118 practitioner as defined in s. 893.02, Florida Statutes, or a 119 pharmacist as defined in s. 465.003, Florida Statutes, contained 120 in records that are maintained as provided in s. 893.055, Florida 121 Statutes, must be confidential and exempt from disclosure. 122 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008, if

Senate Bill \_\_\_\_, or similar legislation establishing a privacyprotected website containing patients' medication histories, is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes law.