Florida Senate - 2008

By the Committees on Health Policy; Health Regulation; and Senator Saunders

587-07044-08

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to human immunodeficiency virus testing;
3	amending s. 381.004, F.S.; requiring that when consent
4	cannot be obtained within the time necessary to conduct an
5	HIV test on an individual and begin prophylactic treatment
6	of exposed medical personnel, the results of the HIV test
7	shall be documented only in the medical file of the
8	medical personnel and not in the medical file of the
9	patient unless he or she gives consent; authorizing
10	appropriate medical personnel under the supervision of a
11	licensed physician to make the decision to test under
12	these conditions; requiring those personnel to document
13	the significant exposure requiring the HIV testing without
14	valid consent in accordance with written protocol based on
15	the medical judgment of a licensed physician; providing an
16	effective date.
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18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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20	Section 1. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section
21	381.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
22	381.004 HIV testing
23	(3) HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TESTING; INFORMED CONSENT;
24	RESULTS; COUNSELING; CONFIDENTIALITY
25	(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a),
26	informed consent is not required:
27	1. When testing for sexually transmissible diseases is
28	required by state or federal law, or by rule including the
29	following situations:

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a. HIV testing pursuant to s. 796.08 of persons convictedof prostitution or of procuring another to commit prostitution.

b. HIV testing of inmates pursuant to s. 945.355 prior to
their release from prison by reason of parole, accumulation of
gain-time credits, or expiration of sentence.

35 c. Testing for HIV by a medical examiner in accordance with 36 s. 406.11.

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d. HIV testing of pregnant women pursuant to s. 384.31.

38 2. Those exceptions provided for blood, plasma, organs,
39 skin, semen, or other human tissue pursuant to s. 381.0041.

3. For the performance of an HIV-related test by licensed medical personnel in bona fide medical emergencies when the test results are necessary for medical diagnostic purposes to provide appropriate emergency care or treatment to the person being tested and the patient is unable to consent, as supported by documentation in the medical record. Notification of test results in accordance with paragraph (c) is required.

For the performance of an HIV-related test by licensed 47 4. medical personnel for medical diagnosis of acute illness where, 48 49 in the opinion of the attending physician, obtaining informed 50 consent would be detrimental to the patient, as supported by 51 documentation in the medical record, and the test results are 52 necessary for medical diagnostic purposes to provide appropriate 53 care or treatment to the person being tested. Notification of 54 test results in accordance with paragraph (c) is required if it 55 would not be detrimental to the patient. This subparagraph does 56 not authorize the routine testing of patients for HIV infection without informed consent. 57

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5. When HIV testing is performed as part of an autopsy for

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59 which consent was obtained pursuant to s. 872.04.

60 6. For the performance of an HIV test upon a defendant pursuant to the victim's request in a prosecution for any type of 61 62 sexual battery where a blood sample is taken from the defendant 63 voluntarily, pursuant to court order for any purpose, or pursuant to the provisions of s. 775.0877, s. 951.27, or s. 960.003; 64 65 however, the results of any HIV test performed shall be disclosed 66 solely to the victim and the defendant, except as provided in ss. 67 775.0877, 951.27, and 960.003.

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7. When an HIV test is mandated by court order.

8. For epidemiological research pursuant to s. 381.0032, for research consistent with institutional review boards created by 45 C.F.R. part 46, or for the performance of an HIV-related test for the purpose of research, if the testing is performed in a manner by which the identity of the test subject is not known and may not be retrieved by the researcher.

9. When human tissue is collected lawfully without the
consent of the donor for corneal removal as authorized by s.
765.5185 or enucleation of the eyes as authorized by s. 765.519.

78 10. For the performance of an HIV test upon an individual 79 who comes into contact with medical personnel in such a way that 80 a significant exposure has occurred during the course of 81 employment or within the scope of practice and where a blood 82 sample is available that was taken from that individual 83 voluntarily by medical personnel for other purposes. The term 84 "medical personnel" includes a licensed or certified health care 85 professional; an employee of a health care professional or health 86 care facility; employees of a laboratory licensed under chapter 87 483; personnel of a blood bank or plasma center; a medical

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88 student or other student who is receiving training as a health 89 care professional at a health care facility; and a paramedic or 90 emergency medical technician certified by the department to 91 perform life-support procedures under s. 401.23.

92 Prior to performance of an HIV test on a voluntarily a. 93 obtained blood sample, the individual from whom the blood was 94 obtained shall be requested to consent to the performance of the 95 test and to the release of the results. If consent cannot be 96 obtained within the time necessary to perform the HIV test and 97 begin prophylactic treatment of the exposed medical personnel, The individual's refusal to consent and all information 98 99 concerning the performance of an HIV test and any HIV test result 100 shall be documented only in the medical personnel's record unless the individual gives written consent to entering this information 101 102 on the individual's medical record.

103 b. Reasonable attempts to locate the individual and to 104 obtain consent shall be made, and all attempts must be 105 documented. If the individual cannot be found or is incapable of 106 providing consent, an HIV test may be conducted on the available 107 blood sample. If the individual does not voluntarily consent to 108 the performance of an HIV test, the individual shall be informed 109 that an HIV test will be performed, and counseling shall be 110 furnished as provided in this section. However, HIV testing shall 111 be conducted only after appropriate medical personnel under the 112 supervision of a licensed physician documents, in the medical 113 record of the medical personnel, that there has been a 114 significant exposure and that, in accordance with the written 115 protocols based on the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on HIV postexposure prophylaxis and in the 116

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117 physician's medical judgment, the information is medically 118 necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical 119 personnel.

120 c. Costs of any HIV test of a blood sample performed with 121 or without the consent of the individual, as provided in this 122 subparagraph, shall be borne by the medical personnel or the 123 employer of the medical personnel. However, costs of testing or 124 treatment not directly related to the initial HIV tests or costs 125 of subsequent testing or treatment may not be borne by the 126 medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel.

d. In order to utilize the provisions of this subparagraph, the medical personnel must either be tested for HIV pursuant to this section or provide the results of an HIV test taken within 6 months prior to the significant exposure if such test results are negative.

e. A person who receives the results of an HIV test
pursuant to this subparagraph shall maintain the confidentiality
of the information received and of the persons tested. Such
confidential information is exempt from s. 119.07(1).

136 f. If the source of the exposure will not voluntarily 137 submit to HIV testing and a blood sample is not available, the 138 medical personnel or the employer of such person acting on behalf 139 of the employee may seek a court order directing the source of 140 the exposure to submit to HIV testing. A sworn statement by a 141 physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 that a 142 significant exposure has occurred and that, in the physician's 143 medical judgment, testing is medically necessary to determine the 144 course of treatment constitutes probable cause for the issuance of an order by the court. The results of the test shall be 145

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146 released to the source of the exposure and to the person who 147 experienced the exposure.

148 11. For the performance of an HIV test upon an individual who comes into contact with medical personnel in such a way that 149 150 a significant exposure has occurred during the course of 151 employment or within the scope of practice of the medical 152 personnel while the medical personnel provides emergency medical 153 treatment to the individual; or notwithstanding s. 384.287, an 154 individual who comes into contact with nonmedical personnel in 155 such a way that a significant exposure has occurred while the 156 nonmedical personnel provides emergency medical assistance during a medical emergency. For the purposes of this subparagraph, a 157 158 medical emergency means an emergency medical condition outside of 159 a hospital or health care facility that provides physician care. 160 The test may be performed only during the course of treatment for 161 the medical emergency.

162 An individual who is capable of providing consent shall a. 163 be requested to consent to an HIV test prior to the testing. If consent cannot be obtained within the time necessary to perform 164 165 the HIV test and begin prophylactic treatment of the exposed 166 medical personnel and nonmedical personnel, The individual's 167 refusal to consent, and all information concerning the 168 performance of an HIV test and its result, shall be documented 169 only in the medical personnel's or nonmedical personnel's record 170 unless the individual gives written consent to entering this information on the individual's medical record. 171

b. HIV testing shall be conducted only after <u>appropriate</u>
 <u>medical personnel under the supervision of</u> a licensed physician
 documents, in the medical record of the medical personnel or

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175 nonmedical personnel, that there has been a significant exposure 176 and that, in <u>accordance with the written protocols based on the</u> 177 <u>National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on</u> 178 <u>HIV postexposure prophylaxis and in</u> the physician's medical 179 judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the 180 course of treatment for the medical personnel or nonmedical 181 personnel.

182 c. Costs of any HIV test performed with or without the 183 consent of the individual, as provided in this subparagraph, 184 shall be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the 185 medical personnel or nonmedical personnel. However, costs of 186 testing or treatment not directly related to the initial HIV 187 tests or costs of subsequent testing or treatment may not be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical 188 189 personnel or nonmedical personnel.

d. In order to utilize the provisions of this subparagraph,
the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel shall be tested for
HIV pursuant to this section or shall provide the results of an
HIV test taken within 6 months prior to the significant exposure
if such test results are negative.

e. A person who receives the results of an HIV test
pursuant to this subparagraph shall maintain the confidentiality
of the information received and of the persons tested. Such
confidential information is exempt from s. 119.07(1).

199 f. If the source of the exposure will not voluntarily 200 submit to HIV testing and a blood sample was not obtained during 201 treatment for the medical emergency, the medical personnel, the 202 employer of the medical personnel acting on behalf of the 203 employee, or the nonmedical personnel may seek a court order

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204 directing the source of the exposure to submit to HIV testing. A 205 sworn statement by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or 206 chapter 459 that a significant exposure has occurred and that, in 207 the physician's medical judgment, testing is medically necessary 208 to determine the course of treatment constitutes probable cause 209 for the issuance of an order by the court. The results of the 210 test shall be released to the source of the exposure and to the 211 person who experienced the exposure.

212 12. For the performance of an HIV test by the medical 213 examiner or attending physician upon an individual who expired or 214 could not be resuscitated while receiving emergency medical 215 assistance or care and who was the source of a significant 216 exposure to medical or nonmedical personnel providing such 217 assistance or care.

218 a. HIV testing may be conducted only after appropriate 219 medical personnel under the supervision of a licensed physician 220 documents in the medical record of the medical personnel or 221 nonmedical personnel that there has been a significant exposure 222 and that, in accordance with the written protocols based on the 223 National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines on 224 HIV post-exposure prophylaxis and in the physician's medical 225 judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the 226 course of treatment for the medical personnel or nonmedical 227 personnel.

b. Costs of any HIV test performed under this subparagraph
may not be charged to the deceased or to the family of the
deceased person.

c. For the provisions of this subparagraph to beapplicable, the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel must be

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233 tested for HIV under this section or must provide the results of 234 an HIV test taken within 6 months before the significant exposure 235 if such test results are negative.

d. A person who receives the results of an HIV testpursuant to this subparagraph shall comply with paragraph (e).

238 13. For the performance of an HIV-related test medically 239 indicated by licensed medical personnel for medical diagnosis of 240 a hospitalized infant as necessary to provide appropriate care 241 and treatment of the infant when, after a reasonable attempt, a 242 parent cannot be contacted to provide consent. The medical 243 records of the infant shall reflect the reason consent of the 244 parent was not initially obtained. Test results shall be provided 245 to the parent when the parent is located.

246 14. For the performance of HIV testing conducted to monitor 247 the clinical progress of a patient previously diagnosed to be HIV 248 positive.

15. For the performance of repeated HIV testing conductedto monitor possible conversion from a significant exposure.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.